PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, SOUTH BRANCH CHICAGO RIVER BRIDGE I&M Canal National Heritage Corridor Crossing Chicago River (South Branch), East of Canal Street Chicago Cook County Illinois HAER No. IL-112 16-CHIG, 152-

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Engineering Record National Park Service Department of the Interior P.O. Box 37127 Washington, D.C. 20013-7127

HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD

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- NOTE: Photographs taken by Jet Lowe, HAER photographer, 1987
- IL-112-1 GENERAL VIEW OF LIFT BRIDGE FROM 18TH STREET BRIDGE, LOOKING SOUTHWEST.
- IL-112-2 VIEW OF NORTH TOWER, COUNTERWEIGHT, AND BRIDGE TENDER'S HOUSE, FROM SOUTH SIDE OF THE RIVER LOOKING NORTH.
- IL-112-3 VIEW OF MOVEABLE SPAN IN LIFT POSITION, FROM SOUTH SIDE OF RIVER LOOKING NORTHEAST.
- IL-112-4 GENERAL VIEW OF SOUTH TOWER AND COUNTERWEIGHT; THIS VIEW SHOWS A FREIGHT TRAIN CROSSING THE SPAN. LOOKING NORTH.
- IL-112-5 VIEW OF SOUTH TOWER AND COUNTERWEIGHT, LOOKING WEST.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, SOUTH BRANCH CHICAGO RIVER BRIDGE I&M Canal National Heritage Corridor

HAER No. IL-112

Location:

I & M Canal National Heritage Corridor Crossing the South Branch of the Chicago

River, east of Canal Street Chicago, Cook County, Illinois

UTM: 16 E.447160 N.4633600

Quad: Englewood

Date of Construction:

1915

Designing Engineers:

Waddell and Harrington

Builder:

Pennsylvania Steel Company

Present Owner:

Amtrak

Present Use:

Railroad bridge

Significance:

Originally built as part of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, this Waddell and Harrington vertical lift span is the only one of its kind across the Chicago River. Upon its completion in 1915, it had the heaviest (1,500 ton) main span of any vertical lift bridge in

the United States.

Project Information:

The Illinois and Michigan Canal was designated a National Heritage Corridor in 1984. The following year HABS/HAER embarked on an extensive inventory and documentation project of the 100 milelong corridor. Field work for this project was concluded in 1988. Final editing of the documentation was

completed in 1992.

Historians:

Frances Alexander, Gray Fitzsimons, and John Nicolay, 1986; Carolyn Brucken,

1992.

This bridge was designed for the Pennsylvania Railroad by Waddell and Harrington, a consulting engineering firm that specialized in vertical lift spans. (James A. L. Waddell held a number of patents for his vertical lift bridge design.) The Pennsylvania Steel Company of Steelton, Pennsylvania, a steel-making concern in which the Pennsylvania Railroad had heavily invested, fabricated the Chicago River span. After the two lift towers were erected, the 1,500 ton main lift span was placed in the elevated position 130' above the water. Timber falsework was used to erect the bridge in the open position. Engineers chose this approach for constructing the bridge because of the need to keep the existing center-pier swing-span in operation until the new bridge was completed. Upon its completion in 1915, the new movable bridge had the heaviest (1,500 ton) main span of any vertical lift bridge in the United States. The double-tracked bridge has a main span of 272'-10" and consists of a Pratt through truss with riveted, gusset-plate connections. The lift towers rest on concrete piers. (Towers measure 195'-0" in height.) No longer in use, though still in existence, the original bridge tender's cabin is located on the upper chord of the lift span; it has corrugated metal siding and a gable roof. The currently used bridge tenders' cabin is a two-story brick building located twenty feet southeast of the south lift tower. Amtrak now uses and maintains the bridge. Of the many moveable bridges across the Chicago River this is the only one that employs the Waddell and Harrington vertical lift span.

SOURCES:

W. J. Howard, "Erection of A Cable Lift Bridge," <u>Engineering</u> News, v. 70 (September 11, 1913): 500-501.

"Modern Drawbridges Attain Great Weights and Spans," <u>Engineering News-Record</u>, v. 80 (May 2, 1918): 860.

"Replacing A Swing Bridge With A Vertical Lift Structure,"
Railway Age Gazette, v. 57 (August 21, 1914): 353-354.

W. L. Smith and W. W. Priest, "The Design and Erection of the Pennsylvania Lift Bridge No. 458 Over the South Branch of the Chicago River," <u>Journal of the Western Society of Engineers</u>, v. 20 (May 1915): 478-500.

"Special Conditions Govern Selection of Lift Bridge and Methods of Erection," Engineering Record, v. 71 (May 15, 1915): 611-613.

"The Cable Lift Drawbridge," <u>Engineering News</u>, v. 72 (August 6, 1914): 291.

ADDENDUM TO:
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, SOUTH BRANCH CHICAGO RIVER BRIDGE,
ILLINOIS & MICHIGAN CANAL NATIONAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR
Illinois & Michigan Canel National Heritage Corridor
Chicago Bridges Recording Project
Spenning South Branch of Chicago River Bridge, east of Canal Street
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Cook County
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PHOTOGRAPHS

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SOUTH BRANCH CHICAGO RIVER BRIDGE

(Illinois & Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor)

Chicago Bridges Recording Project

Crossing South Branch of Chicago River Bridge, east of Canal Street

Chicago

Cook County Illinois

IL-112-I to IL-112-5 were previously transmitted to the Library of Congress in 1992.

Jet Lowe, photographer, summer 1999.

- IL-112-6 LOOKING WEST SOUTHWEST, 18th STREET BRIDGE AT RIGHT,
 PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BRIDGE IN MIDDLE, CHICAGO TRANSIT
 AUTHORITY ORANGE LINE AT LEFT.
- IL-112-7 LOOKING WEST, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BRIDGE IN MIDDLE GROUND, CTA ORANGE LINE IN FOREGROUND, DAN RYAN EXPRESSWAY IN BACKGROUND.
- IL-112-8 LOOKING NORTHEAST TOWARD LOOP, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BRIDGE IN BOTTOM CENTER OF FRAME.
- IL-112-9 LOOKING EAST NORTHEAST, CANAL STREET BRIDGE IN FOREGROUND, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BRIDGE IN MIDGROUND.