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Annual report

Chicago (III.). Dept. of Public Works

5

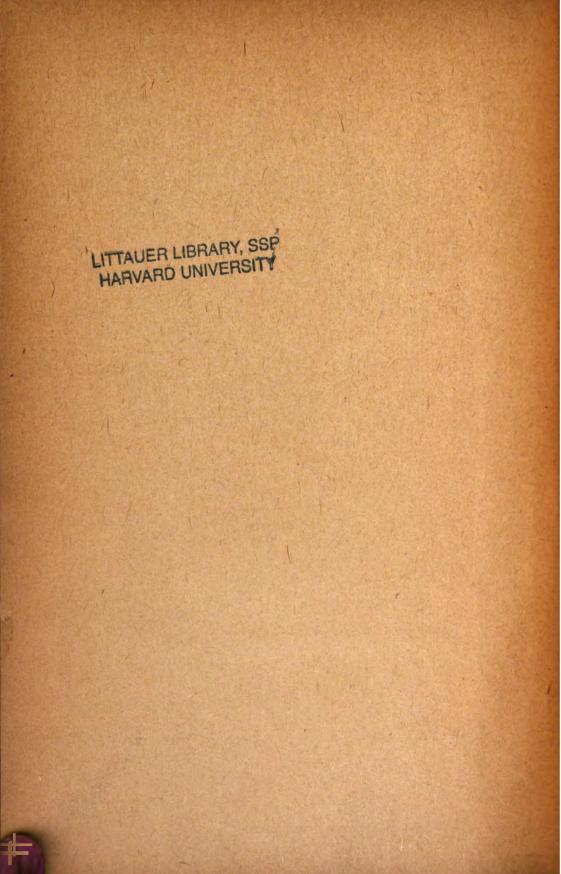


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Forty-Fourth Annual Report

OF THE

Department of Public Works

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1919

TO THE
HONORABLE, THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL
OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO

Ill Toc 13.5.15



THE CITY COUNCIL

WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON, Mayor JAMES T. IGOE, City Clerk

ALDERMEN 1919-1920

1st Ward— John J. Coughlin Michael Kenna

2nd Ward— Robert R. Jackson Louis B. Anderson

3rd Ward— U. S. Schwartz John H. Passmore

4th Ward— John A. Richert Timothy A. Hogan

5th Ward— Robert J. Mulcahy Jos. B. McDonough

6th Ward— Chas. S. Eaton Alex. A. McCormick

7th Ward— Guy Guernsey Wm. R. Fetzer

8th Ward— Martin S. Furman Ross A. Woodhull

9th Ward— Sheldon W. Govier Guy Madderom

10th Ward— James McNichols Frank Klaus

11th Ward— Herman Krumdick E. F. Cullerton

12th Ward— Joseph I. Novak Anton J. Cermak 13th Ward— John G. Horne Samuel O. Shaffer

14th Ward— Joseph H. Smith Geo. M. Maypole

15th Ward— Oscar H. Olsen Edward J. Kaindl

16th Ward— John A. Piotrowski Stanley H. Kunz

17th Ward— S. S. Walkowiak Stanley Adamkiewicz

18th Ward—
Maurice F. Kavanaugh
John J. Touhy

19th Ward— James B. Bowler John Powers

20th Ward— Matt. Franz Henry L. Fick

21st Ward— Earl J. Walker Dorsey Crowe

22nd Ward— John H. Bauler Math. Hibbeler

23rd Ward— Walter P. Steffen Thos. O. Wallace

24th Ward— John Haderlein James Dorney 25th Ward— Frank J. Link Henry D. Capitain

26th Ward— George Pretzel William F. Lipps

27th Ward— Oliver L. Watson Edward R. Armitage

28th Ward— Max Adamowski Clayton F. Smith

29th Ward— Thomas F. Byrne James F. Kovarik

30th Ward— Wm. R. O'Toole John Burns

31st Ward— Terence F. Moran Scott M. Hogan

32nd Ward— John H. Lyle Albert J. Fisher

33rd Ward— Albert O. Anderson John P. Garner

34th Ward— John Toman Jos. O. Kostner

35th Ward— Thos. J. Lynch John S. Clark

PAST COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS

WATER BOARD

1851-54—John B. Turner, Prest., Horatio G. Loomis, Alson S. Sherman. 1854-56—James H. Woodworth, Prest., John C. Haines, George W. Dole. 1856-58—Geo. W. Dole, Prest., Orrington Lunt, John C. Haines. 1858-60—Geo. W. Dole, Prest., Orrington Lunt, Noah Sturtevant. 1860-61—Orrington Lunt, Prest., Edward Hamilton, Benjamin Carpenter.

SEWAGE BOARD

1855-59—Wm. B. Ogden, Prest., James D. Webster, Sylvester Lind. 1859-61—James D. Webster, Prest., Sylvester Lind, Philip Conley.

Water and Sewerage Boards merged May 6, 1861, into

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS

1861-63—Benjamin Carpenter, Prest., John G. Gindele, Frederick Lets.

1863-65—Francis C. Sherman, Mayor, ex-officio member of the Board.

1863-67—John G. Gindele, Prest., Frederick Lets, Orrin J. Rose.

1865-69—Wm. Gooding and Roswell B. Mason, members of the Board in matters pertaining to the cleansing of the river.

1867-69-Aug. H. Burley, Prest., Wm. H. Carter, John McArthur.

1869-71-John McArthur, Prest., Wm. H. Carter, Redmond Prindiville.

1869-71—Wm. Gooding and Edward B. Talcott, members of the Board in matters pertaining to the cleansing of the river.

1871-73-Wm. H. Carter, Prest., Jas. K. Thompson. Redmond Prindiville.

1873-76—Redmond Prindiville, Prest., Louis Wahl, Jas. K. Thompson.

Board of Public Works abolished September 18, 1876, and on the same date there was established by the City Council

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

1876-78-Monroe Heath, Mayor, Acting Commissioner.

January 7 to May 18, 1879—E. S. Chesbrough.

May 19, 1879, to October 18, 1881—Charles S. Waller.

October 19, 1881, to February 4, 1882—Carter H. Harrison, Mayor, Acting Commissioner.

February 4, 1882, to January 31, 1886—Dewitt C. Cregier.

February 1, 1886, to June 28, 1886—Carter H. Harrison, Mayor, Acting Commissioner.

June 28, 1886, to April 11, 1887—W. H. Purdy.

April 12, 1887, to April 15, 1889—George B. Swift.

April 16, 1889, to April 27, 1891-W. H. Purdy. April 28, 1891, to December 24, 1892—J. Frank Aldrich. December 24, 1892, to April 25, 1893—E. Louis Kuhns, Acting Commissioner. April 25, 1893, to November 21, 1894—Hiram J. Jones. November 21, 1894, to November 28, 1894—John A. Moody, Acting Commissioner. November 28, 1894, to April 8, 1895—John McCarthy. April 8, 1895, to July 20, 1896—William D. Kent. July 20, 1896, to April 15, 1897—Joseph Downey. April 16, 1897, to May 21, 1901—L. E. McGann. May 21, 1901, to May 24, 1905-F. W. Blocki. May 24, 1905, to March 1, 1906—Jos. M. Patterson. March 1, 1906, to April 15, 1907-Wm. L. O'Connell. April 16, 1907, to May 9, 1910—John J. Hanberg. May 9, 1910, to April 17, 1911—B. J. Mullaney. April 18, 1911, to April 26, 1915—L. E. McGann. April 26, 1915, to December 21, 1916—W. R. Moorhouse. December 21, 1916, to November 4, 1918—Frank I. Bennett. November 5, 1918, to December 31, 1919—Chas. R. Francis.

DEPARTMENT of PUBLIC WORKS CITY OF CHICAGO

CHAS. R. FRANCIS
Commissioner of Public Works

WILLIAM BURKHARDT
Deputy Commissioner of Public Works

JOHN A. KLEINE Chief Clerk, Department of Public Works

> CHARLES W. HIBBARD Head Accountant

> > FRANK MURPHY Contract Clerk

Bureau of Engineering	January 1 to July 31, 1919
	P. S. COMBS, Acting City Engineer August 1 to October 1, 1919
	P. S. COMBS, City Engineer October 2 to December 31, 1919
Bureau of Water	W. J. McCOURT, Superintendent
Bureau of Rivers and Harbors	JAMES J. McCOMB, Harbor Master
Bureau of Streets	FELIX S. MITCHELL, Superintendent January 1 to November 11, 1919 P. Q. ROHM, Acting Superintendent November 12 to November 23, 1919 THOS. H. BYRNE, Superintendent November 24 to December 31, 1919
Bureau of Waste Disposal	LAWRENCE F. KING, General Foreman in Chage
Underground Service Systems	JOHN E. CLEARY, Sec. and Engineer
Municipal Pier	HUGO KRAUSE, Superintendent
Bureau of Parks, Playgrounds and Bathing Beaches	WALTER WRIGHT, Secretary
Bureau of Sewers	GEO. E. McGRATH, Superintendent
Bureau of Maps and Plats	JOHN D. RILEY, Superintendent
Bureau of Compensation	H. V. McGURREN, Superintendent
Bureau of Architecture and City Hall	C. W. KALLAL, City Architect

COMMISSIONER'S REPORT

OFFICE OF

The COMMISSIONER of PUBLIC WORKS, City Hall

March 1, 1920.

The Honorable, the Mayor and City Council. Gentlemen:

As required by ordinance, I have the honor to submit herewith the Forty-fourth Annual Report of the Department of Public Works, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1919.

DEPARTMENT EXPENDITURES.

The total expenditures from authorized appropriations of the Department of Public Works for the year 1919 aggregated the sum of \$17,388,084.90, accounted for as follows:

Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total
Corporate fund\$8,032,651.86	\$ 938,110.31	\$8,970,762.17
Bridge bond fund	1,273,364.19	1,273,364.19
Water fund 5,430,035.84	1,713,922,70	7,143,958.54
\$13,462,687.70	\$3,925,397.20	\$17,388,084.90

In addition to the total expenditures above indicated, expenditures aggregating \$850,393.93 were certified during the year 1919 on construction contracts executed by the Department of Public Works for work done chargeable to authorized appropriations of other departments, as follows: Department of Health, \$157,898.19; Department of Fire, \$22,176.50; Department of Police, \$16,155.06; Department of Gas and Electricity, \$15,187.00; Cook County School for Boys, \$27,739.09.

CONTRACTS.

One hundred eighty-four contracts, aggregating the estimated sum of \$3,650,923.01, were entered into during the year 1919, summarized as follows:

117 Contracts for Supplies	
26 Contracts for Equipment	
184 Contracts, totaling	\$3,650,923.01
HEALTH DEPARTMENT.	
3 Contracts for Work	\$13,719.00
5 Contracts for Equipment	

\$20,840.75

POLICE	DEPA	RTMENT.
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POLICE DEPARTMENT.	
1 Contract for Work	\$ 484.00
2 Contracts for Equipment	3,244.43
	\$3,728.43
FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
1 Contract for Equipment	\$850.00
DEPARTMENT OF GAS AND ELECTRICITY.	
6 Contracts for Work	\$33,878.00
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.	
117 Contracts for Supplies	\$2,040,399.20
31 Contracts for Work	. 1,443,827.55
18 Contracts for Equipment	107,399.98
	\$3,591,625.83

WATER SYSTEM.

The following comparative statement of ordinary revenue and ordinary expense of the water works system shows an excess of ordinary revenue over ordinary expense for the year 1919 of \$3,153,491.89:

Comparative Statement of Ordinary Revenue and Ordinary Expense of Water System for 1918 and 1919.

Ordinary Revenue.

	1918	1919
Assessed rates collections	\$3,425,869.64	\$3,428,962.93
Metered rates collections		4,303,025.01
Miscellaneous revenue		275,863.80
Total	\$7,625,142.14	\$8,007,851.74
Ordinary Expe	nse.	
Operation of Water Works	\$3,260,038.00	\$3,201,399.88
Repairs and Renewals	1,336,271.26	1,642,734.26
Interest on Certificates and Judgments	25,631.89	10,226.21
Total	\$4,621,941.15	\$4,854,359.85
Excess of Ordinary Revenue over Ordinary	li-	
nary Expense		\$3,158,491.89
NOTE: This item includes expense and 1918, and \$748,475.60 for the year 1919, for set		

The expenditures for additions, extensions and betterments of the water works system during the year 1918 aggregated the sum of \$2,-173,344.92, and for the year 1919 the sum of \$1,713,922.70, making a total expenditure for the two years of \$3,887,267.62.

ised by appropriations made by the City Council.

WATER WORKS.

The quantity of water pumped amounted to an average of 714,451,000 gallons per day, or 267 gallons per capita, as compared to 251 gallons per capita in 1918.

Bills amounting to \$2,632,435.00 were rendered by the Construction Division for work done during the year.

The principal work done by the Construction Division during 1919 consisted of the following:

The building of all of the caissons, except a few at Clark street, for the new Roosevelt Road Viaduct, at a cost of about \$400,000.00;

Commencement of the construction of the Western Avenue Tunnel, which will supply the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station, and which will be 6½ miles long and twelve feet in diameter, and will cost about \$4,500,000.00;

The construction of a landing platform for the Wilson Avenue Crib; The installation, on short notice and at great speed, of a new 650 h. p. boiler in the Lake View Pumping Station, at a cost of about \$80,000.00;

The construction of pump pit, in running sand, at the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station.

Water Meters: 2,603 new water meters were installed, and 284 permanent removals made. The total number of meters in service December 31, 1919, was 27,532. The net cost of maintenance amounted to \$3.42 per meter.

Assessment and Collection of Water Rates: The gross collections of the Bureau of Water during the year 1919, including special deposits, amounted to \$7,915,008.62, an increase of \$417,561.39 over the year 1918.

218,647 inspections and reports were made by field assessors, and 265,613 meter readings and reports were made by rate takers during the year.

The American Express Company and the Adams Express Company, under the control of the American Railway Express Company, collected 202,181 water bills, aggregating the sum of \$1,057,677.92, an increase of \$14,896.90 over the amount collected in 1918.

BRIDGES AND VIADUCTS.

Fifty movable and twenty-six fixed bridges are owned and maintained by the city, and forty-eight viaducts, owned by various railroad companies, are inspected by the department.

Monroe street bridge, under construction by the Union Station Company under the direction of the Department of Public Works, was completed early in the year. This bridge, with its east approach, cost approximately \$520,000. It is a trunnion bascule bridge, with a span of 165 feet, providing a roadway thirty-six feet wide, carrying street cars, with two sidewalks ten feet wide each.

Lawrence avenue bridge was completed in 1919. This is a fixed bridge sixty-five feet wide, providing a roadway thirty-eight feet in width, with two sidewalks each about thirteen feet wide.

Work was started on fixed bridges at Kimball avenue, Addison street and Lawndale avenue. Construction was delayed about two months on account of labor difficulties.

Work on bridges at Franklin-Orleans street and Wells street was in progress during the year, although difficulties with labor and material retarded the work greatly.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

The registered tonnage of vessels entering and leaving the port amounted to 12,298,717, which was 1,328,154 tons less than in 1918.

Dredging inspectors supervised the dumping of 920 scow loads, or 502,235 cubic yards, of material into the lake during the year.

The operation of bridges, which is under the jurisdiction of this bureau, necessitated the employment of 252 bridge tenders.

STREETS.

Garbage and Miscellaneous Wastes: 81,427 tons of pure garbage were collected by the Bureau of Streets and delivered to the Municipal Reduction Plant, at 39th and Iron streets, by boat from the loading stations at Chicago avenue and Oakley avenue, and by direct haul by teams, as well as 1,558 tons of pure garbage collected and delivered by private scavengers, of which last amount 786 tons were delivered to the loading stations and transported from there to the Municipal Reduction Plant by boat. The collection and delivery of garbage cost the city \$459,778.08 for the year, or \$5.64 per ton (\$.172 per capita).

Refuse Collected: 1,628,562 cubic yards, or 353,219 loads of ashes and refuse were collected and hauled to city dumps at a total cost of \$1,525,390.02, or \$.93 per cubic yard (\$.52 per capita).

Street Cleaning: 2,667,411,502 square yards of streets were cleaned by hand (block and gang system), necessitating the removal of 364,157 cubic yards, or 95,421 loads of street dirt, at a cost of \$1,346,287.13, or \$.504 per 1,000 square yards (\$.50 per capita).

Flushing: 3,485,184 square yards of streets were cleaned by horse-drawn flushers in the first ward, at a cost of \$796.00. This necessitated the use of 1,739,500 gallons of water.

Cleaned by Auto Flushers: 151,188,021 square yards of streets were cleaned by auto flushers, at a cost of \$19,901.00, necessitating the use of 47,287,950 gallons of water.

Alleys Cleaned: 86,536,674 square yards of alleys were cleaned, at a cost of \$49,322.86.

Snow Removal: 70,078 cubic yards, or 14,017 loads of snow were removed from 13,588,196 square yards of streets in the first ward downtown district, at a cost of \$54,092.26, or \$.77 per cubic yard. Also 51,588 cubic yards, or 9,402 loads of snow were removed from 7,943,892 square yards of main thoroughfares in other parts of the city, at a cost of \$34,350.23, or \$.66 per cubic yard.

Weeds were cut from 4,003,641 square yards of ground in various parts of the city, at a cost of \$4,701.29.

Ditches Opened: 47,700 feet of ditches were opened and cleaned, at a cost of \$570.00.

The sum of \$12,413.48 was spent for emergency repairs on unimproved streets in various parts of the city, including sidewalks, sidewalk intersections, etc.

29,370 permits for street openings, use of streets, etc., were issued during the year, as well as 158 permits for the moving of houses. Work done under these permits is inspected by city forces.

Street Repairs: The sum of \$1,063,621.71 was expended by the Bureau of Streets from the Vehicle Tax Fund for repair and maintenance of streets.

The yardage of street repairs on various classes of pavement was as follows: Asphalt, 151,029; brick, 43,130; creosoted block, 9,865; granite block, 54,268; macadam, 345,246.

In addition to this street repair work 7,027,000 square yards of street pavement were oiled, and 35,460 square yards of streets were resurfaced with asphaltic concrete.

MUNICIPAL REDUCTION PLANT.

The total amount of raw garbage received at the Municipal Reduction Plant aggregated 82,816 tons, with the resultant production of 3,393,360 pounds of garbage grease and 14,623.89 tons of garbage tankage. The revenue from the sale of products aggregated the sum of \$321,586.15. The expense of operation of the plant amounted to \$548,687.54.

SUBSTRUCTURE SURVEYS.

The work of platting the locations of utility sub-structures and other underground obstructions has been continued. Records of sixty acres of the downtown district are now complete, comprising the location and platting of 130 lineal miles of sub-structures, such as gas mains, water mains, telephone conduits, electric conduits, telegraph conduits, etc.

PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS AND BATHING BEACHES.

Sixty-eight small parks and seventy-two playgrounds were operated to provide the maximum recreation and enjoyment for both children and adults during the year. Three new playgrounds were established in school yards at the Cooper, Resin Orr and Whittier Schools.

The bathing beaches and swimming pools were patronized to a greater extent than ever before. The attendance at the four bathing beaches was 692,377, the natatoriums 429,694 and the protected street ends 621,149, a total of 1,743,220.

William Hale Thompson playground, immediately north of Clarendon Beach, was completed during the year, and immediately became very popular.

The shore protection at 76th Street Beach was completed and has not only stopped the erosion, but has added considerable beach property to the frontage between 76th and 78th streets.

A new bathing beach was established in Rogers Park during the summer by the taking over of and refitting the old Rogers Park Pumping Station at the foot of Kenilworth avenue.

MUNICIPAL MARKET.

The city received \$4,037.50 in revenue from rent of stalls, and expended \$4,951.16 for operation of the market, leaving a loss of \$913.66 for the year.

SEWERS.

\$466,614.99 was expended by the Bureau of Sewers during the year 1919, of which \$247,695.97 was for cleaning, and \$107,554.39 for repairs.

6,198,500 lineal feet of sewers were cleaned by flushing, at a cost of \$39,495.96, or \$.64 per 100 feet.

556,300 lineal feet of sewers were cleaned by scraping, at a cost of \$60,566.24, or \$10.89 per 100 feet.

11,719 catch basins were cleaned by hand, at a cost of \$40,435.02, or \$3.45 per catch basin.

32,461 catch basins were cleaned by the Auto Eductors, at a cost of \$63,683.37, or \$1.96 per catch basin.

There are now seven Auto Eductors in use—one for each sewer cleaning district. Cleaning by hand cost \$3.45 per catch basin, while cleaning by the machine cost only \$1.96 per catch basin.

MAPS AND PLATS.

The area of Chicago is 199.372 square miles.

The work of surveying railroad property was continued, \$22,177.85 having been expended on this work during the year. When the various surveys are completed it is estimated that the city will be able to reclaim considerable property or obtain its value from the railroads.

COMPENSATION.

The annual revenue for the year 1919 was \$396,614.34. 3,118 permits were issued during the year, 1,970 of which were for merchandising stands, 769 for automatic weighing machines and the balance miscellaneous permits of various kinds.

MUNICIPAL PIER.

It is estimated that over four million persons visited the pier during the year. Concerts, entertainments by the Drama League, patriotic meetings, etc., were held in the Auditorium.

The revenue derived amounted to \$186,607.10, from which \$6,061.05 was refunded. \$26,975.26 was derived from refreshment and dancing concessions, \$6,060.82 from docking permits and \$145,092.13 as rental for space.

ARCHITECTURE.

The Bureau of Architecture prepared plans and specifications and supervised the work of construction on sixteen projects, on which twenty-four contracts were awarded, amounting to the sum of \$79,999.32.

In addition to this, plans and specifications were prepared for work amounting to approximately \$283,772.72. Contracts for this work will be let in the near future.

Included in the foregoing are the following: Addition to Chicago Avenue Pumping Station, including pump room and transformer room, and stone fence, with shelter, estimated at \$150,000; equipment for Ward Building No. 2 of the Contagious Disease Hospital, amounting to \$63,772.72; Fire Engine House, with handball court, at 744 West 35th street, estimated at \$70,000.00; Southwest Electrical Substation, at 10227 South Halsted street, estimated at \$30,000.00.

\$15,000.00 was expended during the year in painting elevator shafts and various offices in the City Hall.

Labor troubles and difficulty in obtaining materials, as well as excessive costs, hampered the work of the department greatly, and caused the postponement of a considerable amount of work.

The reports of the various bureaus of the department present the work for the year in detail.

Yours very respectfully,

CHAS. R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works.

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

HON. CHARLES R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:-

Herewith I submit the annual report of the operation of the Bureau of Engineering, Department of Public Works, for the year ending December 31, 1919.

In accordance with the customary procedure, I wish to present, preceding the divisional reports, a summarized statement of our activities as the City Engineer's personal report.

In order to do this intelligently, I am calling attention to the points of interest and importance as taken from the divisional reports, and in addition certain activities carried out through the medium of the City Engineer's general office force.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES.

The year 1919 being one in which both the labor and material markets were in a very unsettled condition, many activities that should have been carried out and completed were necessarily curtailed or abandoned for more propitious times. In addition, the fact is to be borne in mind that both the Corporate and the Water Funds are at the present time inadequate, since they are practically based upon conditions and requirements that applied to the city of Chicago as of several years ago.

INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTS.

The most important investigation made during the year 1919 under my personal direction was the preparation of the comprehensive plan for the improvement and reconstruction of the city water works of Chicago. This report is made a part of the annual report of this Bureau, and is hereto attached. It is my opinion that the data contained therein and the plan outlined should be followed as closely as possible in all future developments of the city's water works, since they represent the study and expert opinion of all branches of the Bureau of Engineering, properly co-ordinated so as to form a comprehensive whole. No further discussion will be made here on this plan since it is entirely complete in itself.

CHANGES IN ORGANIZATION IN THE BUREAU.

During 1919 I re-organized the Bureau so that all the work of the various divisions would be properly co-ordinated with each other, and I have endeavored to eliminate all over-lapping of functions. Incidentally, it was found necessary to establish the position of Engineer of Contracts, which has paid for itself many times over through the medium of securing a wider field of competition for bids, better prices, and more business-like methods of doing business with outside concerns. In fact, it is estimated that the establishment of this position made it possible for us to save ninety-eight thousand dollars, and we would have been able to have saved more on other items had this position been established earlier.

REPORTS BY DIVISIONS.

Construction Division.

The report of the Construction Division is hereto attached. It will be noted that the items of greatest interest are as follows:

1st—The construction of all caissons for the new Roosevelt Road Viaduct, which work was finally made possible to start on because of the fact that through your efforts and the work of the writer we finally overcame all objections of outside parties concerned in the Roosevelt Road Bridge which had been made for a number of years because of the time required to get all parties concerned together upon a common footing and iron out the conflicting causes of delay. This bridge is, without question, one of the most difficult engineering feats attempted, i. e., the construction of such a wide viaduct made of reinforced concrete cantilever beam construction, with the necessity of maintaining traffic in all directions, both vehicular, foot passenger, street cars, and all railroads underneath same, and, since there are forty-six tracks under this structure, upon which switching is continually going on, and through passenger and freight trains traveling thereon, the enginering magnitude of this work becomes readily apparent.

2nd—Active work was started in the construction of the Western Avenue Tunnel, which is to supply the new William Hale Thompson Pumping Station, which will be the largest pumping station in the world so far as capacity is concerned. Ground was broken for the starting of this tunnel on November 7, 1919, by Mayor William Hale Thompson, at 73rd and Wood Streets. Further details of this work will be found in the report of the Construction Division.

3rd—The successful construction of the monolithic landing platform at the Wilson Avenue Crib, which work was carried on under very adverse conditions, is a recognized feat of engineering.

4th—The installation of the new 650 H. P. boiler at Lake View Pumping Station was made in record time, and the plans completed for the removal of the balance of the old boilers and the installation of the new boilers at this station, which work will bring this station into A-1 condition.

5th—The revising of the plans for the additional electric units for the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station, whereby, instead of removing the old Holly pumps, an addition has been built to this station with a very large pump pit which was built in running sand fifteen feet below the ground water line and directly connected with the old buildings, will make possible the installation of two additional units in 1920 in the old Holly room, which will greatly increase the capacity of this station.

6th—The start of the work of electrification of the 68th Street Pumping Station was very well advanced toward the latter part of the year.

The work of the Construction Division during the year 1919 amounted to \$2,682,435.50.

Water Pipe Extension Division.

Owing to the curtailment of building and paving activities, the extensions made in the distributing system were not as great as in some previous years, although showing an increase over 1918. 48.14 miles of mains were laid; 815 new hydrants established, and 519 new valves installed. Repair and maintenance work on the system was carried on with a reduced force.

Operating Division.

The one thing that I can say of interest in regard to the Operating Division is that all operating engineers of the city service employed at the major pumping stations of the city are to be thoroughly complimented on the fact that they have been able to continue supplying as much of the public demand for water as they have, considering the condition which so much of the equipment at the various pumping stations is in at the present time due to lack of funds to provide for proper rehabilitation, for the elimination of necessity of overloading units, and for reserve units.

Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant.

Due to the conditions under which this plant has been operated in the past, a serious state of affairs faced the writer when he took charge of this Bureau, it being a question, practically, whether we should shut down the shops and consider the attempt to operate a centralized shop as a failure, or to re-organize the shops so as to put them on a self-sustaining business-like basis.

The writer conducted an investigation of conditions existing and came to the conclusion that the shops could be made self-sustaining, and with this as a start he has endeavored to re-organize the shops so that they will operate efficiently and in a business-like manner.

One of the first steps taken in the re-organization of the shops was the placing of a competent executive in complete charge of the shops, warehouse and garage, who made a careful study of the plant as suggested, and has executed the same with many valuable suggestions and additions, and today we believe we will have one of the most complete municipal shops in the world, providing all recommended improvements are made.

I also secured the consolidation of the two capital accounts, formerly designated as the "Water Works Suspense Stock Account" and the "Municipal Shops Capital Account" under one capital account designated as the "Municipal Material and Service Capital Account" for the purpose of expediting the accounting and improving the financial condition of both capital accounts.

Furthermore, the new basis of charging off the overhead or burden cost as established in the 1920 appropriation bill will, without question, simplify the former methods of charging for the work done.

Designing Division.

Due to the lack of appropriations for designing preliminary plans for our contemplated extensions, the Designing Division has carried out only the regular routine work of the year, lending valuable assistance, however, in the work of the Comprehensive Plan for Chicago's Improved Water System, and I would recommend that a more liberal appropriation be made for the use of this capital account so as to enable this Bureau to make research studies and investigations and preliminary plans for contemplated improvements and developments in the water system.

Water Meter Sheps.

In regard to this division I would call your attention to the fact that the city was unable to install several thousand meters due to the lack of appropriations for meter connections. I would, therefore, urge an additional appropriation for this purpose.

Testing Division.

This division has proven itself highly efficient, rendering valuable service not only to this Bureau and various other bureaus and departments of the city, but also to the Board of Education and other branches of the City Government, and, although their findings have in several cases been contested, after a careful research by the contesting parties they have concurred in the findings of the Testing Division. I consider that their efficient and conscientious work has saved to the city many thousands of dollars during the year.

Bridge Division.

A careful study of this report, which is given in detail, will impress the reader with the magnitude of the city's bridge problems and the unsettled condition of the labor and material markets has added to their many difficulties. This Division under the Engineer of Bridges has well under way a very comprehensive study of the question of replacing the present movable bridges with fixed bridges. The investigation, although it is being carried on without any appropriation for such studies and is not complete, shows to date that the city would save millions of dollars by replacing its movable bridges with fixed bridges because of the change in navigation.

In conclusion I call to your attention the many items of interest in the various reports, that have been planned and started during this year, which I feel sure will greatly improve the operations of this Bureau during 1920 and the coming years.

Yours truly,

P. S. COMBS, City Engineer.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

Chicago Improved Water System 1920-1955 Cost and Building Program

Prepared under the direction of P. S. COMBS, City Engineer.

Approved by

CHAS. R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works. WM. BURKHARDT,
Deputy Commissioner of Public Works.

COMPREHENSIVE STUDIES AND PLANS.

It is an accepted fact that a plan is a most necessary part of any undertaking and that a detailed and comprehensive study must precede the plan. The bigger the undertaking, the more important are these two items.

In constructing a bridge, a piece of machinery or a building, the first step is the requirements or duties that it is to perform. These are naturally determined by the analysis of research along lines similar to the undertaking, and upon intelligent forecast as to future requirements of the structure.

If, for instance, a building is to be built to the ultimate height of ten stories, but due to present conditions but five stories are required, it is only economy and good business to build the foundations and the first five stories of this building of sufficient size and strength to carry the other five stories that are to be added later. The constructing of one five-story building, wrecking it, and then erecting a ten-story building in a matter of a few years would be considered an utter folly.

A water system for a city of the size of Chicago is a far greater project than the construction of any building or bridge, and the principal steps or governing factors in its construction are primarily the same as those in any other structural undertaking, but, being many times larger, requires more detailed and minute study of, first, all the requirements and loads that are apt to fall as a demand upon the system, and, second, the units that will best take care of these requirements, the location of the different units as regards economical operation, service to the water consumer, and the investment of dollars and cents, not as an original investment, but as a total, taking into consideration original cost, interest and depreciation and operation.

In an undertaking of the magnitude of the Chicago water system, a complete comprehensive study and plan are absolutely essential, so that at all times those who are entrusted with the building up of this great system may look ahead as far as possible and as accurately as good engineering and careful analysis will permit into the future demands, so that all work may be done with an ultimate object in view.

As time goes on, this plan would be corrected and extended to cover one co-ordinated system for the entire city.

Until very recently, a comprehensive plan of Chicago's future water system was not in existence. Several attempts had been made to make one, but, due to lack of funds to secure the proper data and compile the same, plans were never altogether completed. Those who had this work in hand made the most out of the limited data available, but with incomplete facts were naturally unable to submit a complete and proper plan of the system.

This lack of pre-planning is apparent in many parts of our present water system.

Our tunnels are so laid out that in case of accident to almost any one of the cribs, a very large portion of the city would be without water.

The pumping stations are equipped with only sufficient units to supply their own individual districts. In case of any breakdown in a unit, in most cases the district will suffer. In the case of crippling a complete station, the surrounding stations are not of sufficient capacity to take over its load.

This is true also largely in the underground system.

This method of building without due regard to the future means duplicating work in the near future and a patch-work system with little or no flexibility, each part being solely dependent for its source of supply on one unit of the system in place of all of the system available.

Each step in a comprehensive plan covering any number of years should be audited and checked before the actual work is done, and intelligent changes in minor details will naturally be made. A plan is not accepted as final, but as a guide. Therefore, if it is practical, as each step is completed, the entire system when finished will of necessity meet all requirements.

BASIS OF STUDY.

In the study of Chicago's improved water system, each square mile of the city (there being some 200 in number) was taken as a unit and first considered alone. Data were gathered as to population and water consumption from the year 1890 up to the present date.

A curve was then plotted on these figures which showed the past requirements of each square mile. The curve was then extended up to the year 1940 in order to arrive at the requirements for the future.

The divisional engineers of the Water Pipe Extension Division made a personal survey of each square mile, recording the area devoted to domestic and industrial uses, parks and railroads, and the areas unimproved.

The rate of growth of both the industrial and domestic requirements in each square mile was taken into consideration along with the general trend of improvements to or from the district, and an ultimate conclusion from all of this data was drawn, to arrive at ultimate and intermediate requirements for that area.

From these figures the total requirements of the city were found, and, as far as population was concerned, they agreed very closely with the findings of other organizations and investigations.

Throughout this preliminary work, the unit of 300 gallons per capita of maximum consumption was used, this being slightly under present maximum requirements. The average daily consumption was figured at 240 gallons per

capita at the present time, gradually decreasing to 160 gallons per capita in 1940, and maintaining that figure thereafter.

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION.

There are two branches to this subject:

(First) Maximum per capita consumption. On this figure the system must be built. It is readily understood that there are times in the day in any system when the demand is greatly in excess of the average. This occurs every day. There are also days in the year when the demand is greatly in excess of the average day, such as very warm or very cold days. The system, as far as capacity is concerned, must be built to meet these maximum requirements and to give service when the greatest load period occurs.

(Second) Average daily per capita consumption is naturally much lower, as it is the mean average of all pumpage for the day or the year, as the case may be. This figure has nothing whatsoever to do with the capacity of the system, but is the governing factor on cost of operation.

The maximum load is governed entirely by the characteristics of the city and the climate, and in the case of Chicago it can be changed very little.

The average load is controlled by the use and leakage of water, and can be lowered by stopping leaks both below and above ground and by educating the consumer to use but not abuse the water system.

Don't confuse these two figures.

In case we are successful in lowering the average per capita requirements in Chicago, the effect will be to lower our annual cost of operation. If we are fortunate enough to lower the maximum demand, it will not affect the plan in its total, but simply postpone some of the steps in the building program.

Should any such occasion arise, it will be seen from time to time, and proper corrections made, but in no way can any future saving affect our present requirements.

It must be remembered that to effect such a saving it takes years, and in the meantime the demand is growing, and present requirements must be taken care of.

PUMPING STATION DISTRICTS.

From the data secured, as stated before, a district was laid out for each pumping station to supply. In locating the boundaries for these districts, due consideration was given to the present location of the pumping station, the equipment in the station, the possibilities of enlargement without undue cost, present mains supplied by the station, additional expenditures necessary, economy of operation and upkeep, and service to the consumer.

After these districts were so laid out, it was found a large portion in the southwest part of the city could not now or in the future be supplied from existing pumping stations in an economical manner; nor even by sacrificing cost of operation could adequate service be given in this district.

It was concluded, therefore, to build one new station in the neighborhood of 47th Street and Western Avenue to supply this district at present, and in the future another station in the neighborhood of 73rd Street and Central Park Avenue.

PRESENT AND IMMEDIATE NEEDS.

A survey of the city shows many districts that are without water service at the peak load times, and some with very poor service at all times. This is

a condition that has been in existence for some time, and is steadily growing worse.

As an example: During the year 1919 had we given service to the water consumer we would have needed 200 million gallons per day more pumping capacity than we had, counting all reserves.

The work set forth in the following pages to be done in 1920 and 1921 is work that is absolutely essential to relieve this shortage, and to replace elements of the system that have outlived their usefulness, the work being done, however, as a part of the total ultimate plan.

In the first two or three years of this work, there are a few places where economy will have to be sacrificed for the sake of service, but, once the water system is in practical condition, economy and service will go hand in hand.

In order to give service to the consumer on the third floors, it is necessary to maintain a pressure of 25 pounds at the curb. In our present system we find, from a detailed check of the pressures in different districts of the city, that under average conditions there are quite a number of sections that are supplied with this pressure. There are a great many, however, where the pressure is below 20 pounds; some districts are practically always below 15 pounds, and there are still others that are practically always below 10 pounds. These being pressures under average loads, when the maximum load comes, these pressures, of course, all drop anywhere from 3 to 8 pounds, as the case may be, so that in many districts water cannot be obtained above the second floor, and at some time during the day not even on the first floor.

This pressure condition is a subject that every city official has had ample cause to be acquainted with, and its existence cannot be denied.

The following plan will eliminate this condition entirely, and give sufficient service to everybody. The items of rehabilitation set forth in this plan, such as the replacement of minor equipment, building changes, etc., were arrived at by a committee, made up of the heads of all divisions interested in this branch of the work and the chief operating engineers of the pumping stations who went to each station and recorded the time and service and, by personal observation and records, the condition of each piece of machinery in each station, and its probable future life. On the findings and recommendations of this committee all replacements are based.

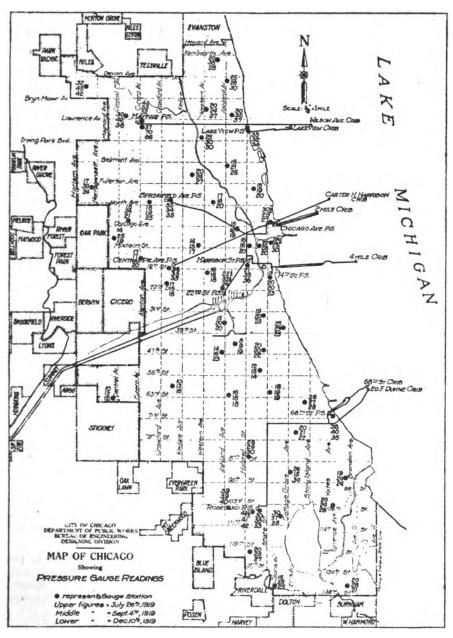
MAYFAIR PUMPING STATION.

This station supplies the district in the extreme northwest part of the city, and is one of the newest stations, being completed in 1918. It is equipped with five vertical triple expansion pumping units, three being of 25 million gallons per day capacity low pressure, and two of 17½ million gallons per day capacity high pressure, making a total of 110 million gallons per day total capacity for the station. There are foundations already installed for two additional pumps.

This station, being thoroughly modern and in good condition, is able to give good service to the territory it supplies.

There is needed in this station, however, during the year 1920 three new boiler feed pumps, new pitometers, coal storage improvements, new chlorine equipment, and funds to complete current work, as set up in the 1920 budget.

Due to the condition of Central Park Avenue and Springfield Avenue Pumping Stations, as will be taken up later, it will be necessary, now and during the construction period at these two stations, to carry temporarily part of their



load through the Mayfair Pumping Station. In order to accomplish this it is intended to install one new 60 million gallon per day turbine driven centrifugal pump at the Mayfair station, and isolate a line from this pump to carry the western part of the districts of Springfield Avenue and Central Park Avenue Pumping Stations. This pump would be in operation until construction at

these two stations is completed, and is absolutely essential, as the Wilson Avenue tunnel has an excess of water that can be used, while the full capacity of these two stations is required at all times, and it would be impossible to make any change in them without seriously affecting the service in their district without this outside help.

During the period of 1925 to 1930 the maximum requirements of this district will be in the neighborhood of 142 million gallons per 24 hours. Therefore, it is contemplated in about 1925 to remove this turbine driven centrifugal pump to one of the other stations and to install in its place a 40 million gallon per day vertical triple expansion pump. This would give this station a capacity of 133 million gallons per day plus 17 million gallons per day reserve.

This equipment would then carry the station through until 1940 to 1955, when the maximum requirements of the district would be 170 million gallons per day. At that time another 40 million gallon per day triple expansion pump should be installed, making the capacity of the station 165 million gallons per day plus 25 million gallons reserve.

It is estimated that this program would cost \$625,000.00, \$200,000.00 of which would be expended in 1920. The station would then be in condition to give service at all times and have sufficient reserve to assist the neighboring districts in case of accident.

Yearly expenditures:

1920	.\$200,000
1925	. 175,000
1940	
Total	.\$625,000

LAKE VIEW PUMPING STATION.

This station supplies the extreme northeast section of the city, and is comparatively new, the last unit being completed in 1915. It is equipped with four vertical triple expansion pumping units of 25 million gallons per day capacity each, making a total of 100 million gallons per day for the station.

Since the completion of the station the five Sederholm type boilers installed have never been given a certificate to operate by the City Boiler Inspector, and have been a source of considerable trouble, recently several of their number being condemned and sealed by the Boiler Inspection Department.

During the year 1919 one Edgemoor Boiler, consigned to Springfield Avenue Pumping Station, was installed in this station. This boiler is now carrying the full load of the station. Request has been made for additional boilers to take the place of the three remaining Sederholm type boilers.

This work is of extreme importance, as, should anything happen to the present Edgemoor boiler, the station would be completely closed down, with an utter impossibility of supplying water to all of this district from the surrounding stations. As it is, it will take considerable time to install the new boilers, and a very serious condition exists in the meantime.

Together with this work, new boiler feed pumps are needed and new chlorine equipment, this work all to be done during the year 1920.

This station is located on the lake shore, and is pumping water in three directions only, which is not an economical plan.

The station is not equipped with a switch track from any railroad. Therefore, all ashes must be hauled from the station by team or truck and all coal

hauled in, which means an extra expense on every ton of coal used of over \$1.00.

As this district is a growing one and in the future will need considerably more water, and, as it would be impractical to increase the capacity of this station to take care of these growing demands in the face of conditions as mentioned, we can operate this station up to about the year 1934 with its present capacity, at which time the requirements of the district would increase to approximately 126 million gallons per day maximum load.

It is planned, therefore, to build a new station located in the center of the district on the railroad. This station is estimated to cost complete \$2,200,000.

Construction would be started in 1931 and completed in 1933. The building would be equipped with two 650 H. P. boilers and two 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pumps.

In 1934, or as soon as this station was in operation, work would be started on removing the boilers and pumping equipment from the present station to the new station.

On the completion of this work the station would have a capacity of 180 million gallons per day plus 60 million gallons per day reserve, the requirements of the district in 1935 to 1940 being 180 million gallons per day maximum load.

In 1940 to 1955 the requirements of the district would increase to approximately 204 million gallons per day, and in 1950 an additional 60 million gallons turbine-driven centrifugal pump would be added, making the capacity of the station 240 million gallons per day plus 60 million gallons reserve.

This complete program is estimated to cost \$2,448,000, \$248,000 of which would be spent in 1920. The station under this plan would at all times be capable of taking care of the full load in its own district, and have sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident in neighboring districts.

Yearly program of expenditures:

1920		-		2248 000
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1940	• • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100,000
	T-4-1			00 449 000

SPRINGFIELD AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

This station and its equipment are twenty years old. It is equipped with four vertical triple expansion pumping units that have quite outlived their usefulness, three of them being of 20 million gallons per day capacity and one of 40 million gallons per day. It is further equipped with one turbine-driven centrifugal pump of 25 million gallons capacity, which is very uneconomical in operation.

The three 20 million gallon pumps are built for 120 foot head and the 40 million gallon pump for 110 foot head, while Mayfair Station is equipped with units of a great deal higher head capacity.

This inequality has been the cause of considerable trouble in this station, and necessitates considerable manipulation of the valves in the distributing system in order to keep these units in operation. They are not of sufficient head to supply the district that this station must supply, with good service.

Further, the steam ends of all four of these pumps are in very bad condition, the cylinders being cracked, and due to insufficient strength in some of the working parts continual breakage occurs. The pumps cannot be depended upon either for service or stability. Therefore, immediate complete rehabilitation of this station is essential.

It is planned during the year 1920 to install one new 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pump, complete the work on the boiler plant, install new chlorine equipment and make some necessary repairs to the building.

Work will be started in the dismantling of the present vertical pumping units, and in their place the installation of the three vertical triple expansion pumps from the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station.

During the year 1921 the work of removing these three pumps will be completed, also three new boiler feed pumps will be installed.

Upon the completion of this work the station would have a capacity of 110 million gallons per day plus 50 million gallons per day reserve, counting the present installed centrifugal.

During the construction period the station would operate at about 75 million gallons per day, the balance of the district being taken care of by Mayfair Pumping Station.

In 1923 it is planned to repair the front of the building where it is settled.

In 1930 to 1935 the maximum requirements of this district would be approximately 117 million gallons per day. Therefore, in 1930 one new 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal and one new boiler would be installed, making the capacity of the station 135 million gallons per day plus 85 million gallons reserve.

In 1940 to 1955 the maximum requirements of the district would be further increased to approximately 194 million gallons per day.

Therefore, in 1940 one new 50 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pump would be installed, bringing the total capacity of the station to 195 million gallons per day plus 75 million gallons reserve, considering the present turbine-driven centrifugal as part of the reserve.

All of the work set forth in the above is estimated to cost \$694,300, of which \$258,000 would be expended in 1920.

By the end of 1921 this station would be in good shape, and at that time and thereafter be of sufficient capacity to take care of the maximum load in this district with sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident in the neighboring districts.

Yearly program of expenditures:

1920		٠.																						 										. :	\$258,000
1921																								 											156,800
																																			20,000
																																			160,000
1940	• • •	٠.	•	٠	•	٠.	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	 	• •	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	• •	•	100,000
т	'otal	_													_	_				_				 		_		_	_						\$694.800

CENTRAL PARK AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

The equipment in this station is of the same type and capacity and in the same condition as noted for the Springfield Avenue Pumping Station.

Complete rehabilitation of this station is therefore essential.

During the year 1920 it is planned to install new chlorine equipment, new ash handling equipment, new coal crusher and soot blower, and two new sump pumps, and to make some necessary alterations in the building in order to accommodate new office and store room.

Work would be started during this year on the removal of the four vertical pumping units, and in their place the installation of two 60 million gallon per day centrifugal pumps. This work would be completed during the year 1921, and in that year a new double steam header system installed in the boiler room.

During this construction period the station would operate at about 75 million gallons capacity, the balance of this district being carried by the Mayfair Pumping Station.

Upon the completion of this work the capacity of the station would be 120 million gallons per day plus 25 million gallons per day reserve, and in 1925 to 1930 the requirements of the station will be approximately 121 million gallons per day maximum.

In 1923 three new boiler feed pumps will be required to replace the present pumps, and in 1925 considerable rehabilitation work will be necessary in the outside coal storage equipment.

In 1930 to 1935 the maximum requirements of this district will have increased to approximately 132 million gallons per day. Therefore, in 1930 it is planned to install two new 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugals and one new boiler.

During the period 1940 to 1955 the maximum requirements of this station will be approximately 170 million gallons per day. The capacity of the station will be 180 million gallons per day plus 85 million gallons reserve, counting the present turbine-driven centrifugal pump.

It is estimated that this work in total would cost \$580,900, of which \$144,-600 would be expended in 1920.

After 1923 when the first step in the rehabilitation program would be completed the station would be in good operating condition, and at that time and thereafter of sufficient capacity to take care of the maximum load in its district with sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident in neighboring districts.

Yearly program of expenditures:

																•	•							
\$144,600												٠.											20	19
158,000	٠.								٠.			٠.											21	19
6,800	٠.				٠.																		23	19
12,000	٠.																						25	19
260,000		•					٠.																30	19
\$580 Q00																			1	•	4	T,		

CHICAGO AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

This is the first pumping station built in the city, and, though its location is not as desirable as it might be, due to the fact that it is located in the extreme east side of the district that it supplies and that it is without any railroad facilities, it is considered desirable to maintain this station at its present location, as it is a wonderful piece of architecture and a land mark that Chicago is proud of, and the major portion of the demand on this station, being located in the "Loop" district, is comparatively close to the station.

It was found some little time ago that additional capacity was required, and the installation of two new electrical pumping units was started.

Due to the smoke nuisance and the undesirability of a large coal storage in this neighborhood and the expense involved in hauling coal and ashes, it is planned to completely electrify this station, removing, as stated before, the steam units to the Springfield Avenue Pumping Station.

During the year 1920 it is planned to install new chlorine equipment, complete the work now under way on building, and tunnel changes, new pump room and two new pumps, and to install two new 60 million gallons per day motor-driven centrifugals to take the place of the present steam units. This would give the station a capacity in electrical units of 150 million gallons per day plus 60 million gallons reserve. The requirements of this district would be approximately 152 million gallons per day maximum.

In 1921 the above work would be completed, and boilers and balance of steam units removed from the building.

In 1930 to 1935 the requirements of the district around this station would be increased to approximately 207 million gallons maximum. It is therefore planned in 1930 to add one 50 million gallons per day motor-driven centrifugal pump, which would bring the capacity of the station up to 210 million gallons per day plus 50 million gallons reserve.

The total cost of this work is estimated at \$555,000, of which \$390,000 would be expended in 1920.

After the first construction period is completed the station will have an available capacity to supply all demands made by its district, and sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident to any neighboring districts.

This station will furnish the major portion of water to the "Loop" district.

Yearly program of expenditures:

.\$890,000 . 115,000 . 50,000	٠.				 				 			٠.		 ٠.					1	92	18
.\$555,000																					••

22nd STREET, 14th STREET AND HARRISON STREET PUMPING STATIONS.

The districts for these three stations will be considered as one district, for the reason that after very careful analysis of conditions and requirements it became evident that the best plan would be to build one station to take the place of the three.

At 14th Street Pumping Station, all pumping units are in comparatively good condition, but the boiler plant is in need of complete rehabilitation. In order to maintain service in the district, the capacity of this station should be increased 100 million gallons per day in the very near future. In order to make this increase, it will be necessary to make considerable building changes, build new stack and foundation for same, change the boiler room and put in a new pump pit, make tunnel changes and add a new wet well. In addition to this, there would be needed new boilers and coal handling equipment and the added pumping equipment. This work would cost approximately \$725,000, and still leave the present pumping equipment to be replaced at a later date. Further, the station is without track facilities, and all 'coal must be hauled in at an added expense.

22nd Street Pumping Station, in order to maintain service in the district, would also require an increase of 50 million gallons capacity per day in the very near future. The discharge system would require complete rebuilding on

or before 1925. This work is estimated to cost \$150,000, and should the station remain in operation, it would be further necessary to replace all but two of the present pumping units in the near future, as they are not to be depended on with any degree of safety.

Harrison Street Pumping Station has quite outlived its usefulness, is expensive to operate, and is of small capacity, and, as there is no practical possibility of increasing the capacity, it is deemed best to abandon this station in the near future, in any event.

In view of the foregoing facts, it was planned, therefore, to build a new station located in the neighborhood of Halsted Street and the River, which would be the center of demand for this district.

This station would have 240 million gallons capacity per day, with 120 million gallons per day reserve, equipment to be 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugals. Estimated cost for buildings and equipment \$2,550,000 to be expended:

1921		500,000

1924	***************************************	550,000

Work would be started on the construction of this plant in 1921 and completed in 1924, at which time the other three stations would be abandoned.

The following statement will show a comparison of cost between the two plans:

Estimate of Cost for New Station.

Buildings	\$1.500.000
Machinery and equipment	1.050.000
Necessary tunnels and shafts	
Ground	178,250
Necessary added feeder mains	1,277,600
	
Total	\$4,590,850

Against this amount will be charged the following items as a partial offset:

Omission of future improvements necessary at 22nd Street
Pumping Station\$150,000
Omission of future improvements necessary at 14th Street
Pumping Station 725,000
Omission of feeder main extension necessary at 22nd Street
Pumping Station 284,600
Omission of feeder main extension necessary at 14th Street
Pumping Station 488,700
Property and salvage made available from the three stations when abandoned (appraised value from annual report)—
14th Street Pumping Station 502,000
22nd Street Pumping Station 448,000
Harrison Street Pumping Station 269,000

Total	1	\$2,817,800
	This would leave a difference of	. \$1,778,550

that the one station would cost in present investment over and above the plan of operating the three stations.

There would, however, be a difference in cost of operation per million foot gallons between the three stations and the one station of 2.66 cents, which would amount to a saving in the annual cost of operation of approximately \$170,000 per year in favor of the new station. This saving would retire the

difference in investment in approximately ten years, and, of course, be a continued saving thereafter.

As this district has now very nearly reached its maximum requirements, it is estimated there will be no further increase in the capacity of the station.

The large reserve figured for this station is planned as a standby service for the "Loop" district in case of any accident to the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station. The equipment planned would furnish the best service to the district on the most economical basis, and would be much more efficient and less expensive than the present method of supplying water to this district.

During the time this new station is building, or until the end of 1924, it will be necessary to operate these three stations. Therefore, request has been made for \$36,500 to be expended on the 14th Street Pumping Station for new engine for generator set, chlorine equipment and fish screens.

For the 22nd Street Station, request has been made for \$80,000 to complete work already started, remove steam units, install new heating system, new check valves and new chlorine equipment, this work all to be done in 1920 in order to put these two stations in proper condition to operate until the new station is ready.

A great deal of time and study has been devoted to this district in order to arrive at these conclusions, and the merit of the plan of supplying the whole district from one station cannot be questioned.

68th STREET PUMPING STATION.

This station was acquired through the annexation of the Village of Hyde Park, and has been the source of a great deal of trouble and worry to the Bureau of Engineering for many years past.

The station up to a short time ago was equipped with two horizontal compound pumping units and four turbine-driven centrifugal pumping units. Nos. 1 and 2 of the turbine-driven pumps have never given satisfactory service since their installation. Nos. 4 and 5 are not satisfactory nor dependable, and Nos. 6 and 7 have been in service for approximately twenty years, and have practically outlived their usefulness.

In view of these conditions, we have planned (and the work is now under way) for the complete electrification of this station. Pump No. 1 is now temporarily equipped with a motor drive, and No. 3 is a new motor-driven centrifugal. It is intended to replace the turbine drive on pump No. 2 with a motor, and to install in the place of pumps Nos. 4 and 5 one 45 million gallons per day motor-driven centrifugal.

As soon as this work is completed, all steam units and equipment will be removed from the station with the exception of what necessary equipment is required for the heating system.

This work is all to be done during the year 1920 at an estimated cost of \$274,000.

In 1930 to 1935, the maximum requirements for this station will be approximately 187 million gallons per day. Therefore, in 1931, it is planned to add two 50 million gallons per day motor-driven centrifugals, bringing the total capacity of the station up to 200 million gallons per day plus 50 million gallons reserve.

In 1940 to 1955, the maximum requirements will be further increased to approximately 228 million gallons per day. Therefore, in 1940, an addditional

50 million gallons per day motor-driven centrifugal would be added, bringing the total capacity of the station up to 250 millon gallons per day plus 50 million gallons reserve.

All of the work set forth in the above is estimated to cost \$424,000, of which \$274,000 is to be spent in 1920, \$100,000 in 1921, and \$50,000 in 1922.

At the end of 1920, under this plan, this station will be in good operating condition, and at that time and thereafter be of sufficient capacity to take care of the maximum load in this district, with sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident in neighboring districts.

While this station is located on the lake shore, and therefore pumping water in three directions only, it was found advisable not to move it to the center of its district as was planned at Lake View. This decision was due to the fact that the underground system is laid out in such a manner as to preclude securing any appreciable benefit from the use of the present system, and to install an entirely new one could not be justified in this case.

BOSELAND PUMPING STATION.

This station is one of the newer stations, is strictly modern, and has given very good service from the standpoint of operation.

However, the district that this station has been forced to supply has made it impossible to deliver good service, as Roseland Station is now supplying water to a territory approximately 85 square miles in area, and forcing water over ten miles distant from the station. This condition will not allow even reasonably good service to be maintained in a large part of the district, as the haul is so long and friction losses so great that the pressure is far below normal by the time the water reaches its destination.

Under the new plans, it is intended, as soon as 68th Street Pumping Station's capacity has been increased, to supply a large portion of the eastern side of the Roseland Pumping Station's district from the 68th Street Station. This will allow Roseland Station to deliver more water to the north and west.

This will be a temporary expedient to give service in the district now supplied by Roseland Station for the next few years. It will be an improvement over present conditions as to service.

As soon as the new William Hale Thompson Pumping Station is in operation, Roseland Pumping Station's territory will be greatly diminished, leaving only that portion generally south of 79th Street to be supplied.

During the year 1920 it is intended to install new stokers, new soot boilers, new chlorine equipment, coal storage improvements and to make repairs and alterations to engine No. 3, at a total estimated cost of \$69,000.

In 1930 to 1935 the maximum requirements of the district then allotted to Roseland Pumping Station will be approximately 102 million gallons per day. As the station is of 100 million gallons capacity, it is intended, therefore, in 1929, to install one 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal, with necessary building changes and pit.

In 1940 to 1955, a further increase in maximum requirements is estimated at 143 million gallons per day, at which time the capacity of the station, with the equipment as planned, would be 135 million gallons per day plus 25 million gallons reserve.

The total estimated cost of this work is \$199,000, of which \$69,000 would be expended in 1920, and \$130,000 in 1929.

At the end of 1923, or when the new William Hale Thompson Pumping Station is completed, this station will not only give good service but be able to do so on a more economical operation cost, as the district to be supplied will be much smaller than at present. It will have at all times sufficient capacity to take care of the maximum load in this district, with sufficient reserve to assist in case of accident to neighboring districts.

WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON PUMPING STATION.

A site for this station was purchased some time ago at 61st Street and Western Avenue, but, as has been shown by several reports on file in the City Engineer's office, it is not the proper location for this station from the standpoint of either service or economy in operation.

It was and is recommended, therefore, that a site be purchased at 47th Street and Western Avenue. While this site will require a greater original investment than the site at 61st Street and Western Avenue, the difference in the annual cost of operation and maintenance will amount to over \$82,000 a year in favor of the 47th Street site. This saving will retire the difference in the cost of the two sites, including the station, real estate, tunnels, mains, etc., in approximately four years.

This large saving in the cost of maintenance and operation is due to the fact that the major portion of the water pumped by this station would be used in the northeast section of the district. It is, therefore, only good engineering to place the source of supply as near the center of demand as possible.

The center of demand is now located a little bit to the east and north of the site selected. The drift of the growth, as shown by analysis, is in a westerly direction, and would center around 47th Street and Western Avenue.

This station is to be 300 million gallons capacity plus 40 million gallons reserve. The total cost is estimated to be \$3,735,000.

Construction is to be started in 1920, during which year it is planned to expend \$500,000. Work is to be completed and the station put in operation the latter part of 1923.

In 1925 to 1930, the maximum requirements of this district will be approximately 193 million gallons per day. The station when finished would be completed up to the point of 195 million gallons capacity per day plus 25 million gallons reserve.

In 1930 it is planned to complete the station by adding two 60 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugals and two boilers. This would complete the station as originally planned, with a sufficient capacity to take care of the maximum load in this district at all times, and with reserve enough to assist in case of accident to neighboring districts.

Vearly	program	٥f	evnen	ditures.

1920		- 		\$ 500,000
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1890	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •		820,000
	Total			\$3,785,000

SOUTHWEST PUMPING STATION.

This station would be located in the neighborhood of 73rd Street and Central Park Avenue, and would supply a part of the district now supplied by

Roseland Pumping Station, which will later be taken over in part by the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station as a temporary proposition.

It is estimated that the growth of this district will be such that in 1930 to 1935 the maximum requirements will be in the neighborhood of 83 million gallons per day.

It is planned, therefore, to start construction work on this station in 1927, to be completed in the latter part of 1929, at which time the station will be equipped with two 30 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pumps.

In 1932 an additional 50 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pump would be added, together with one new boiler, making the capacity of the station at that time 80 million gallons per day plus 30 million gallons reserve.

In 1940 to 1955 the maximum requirements of this district will be further increased to approximately 140 million gallons per day.

Therefore, in 1940, it is planned to add another 50 million gallons per day turbine-driven centrifugal pump and another boiler, making the total capacity of the station 130 million gallons per day plus 30 million gallons reserve.

The total estimated cost of this work is \$1,050,000, to be expended:

1927	 00,000
1940	 65.000

RECAPITULATION

Pumping Station Expenditures

Pumping Station	A	В	Total
William Hale Thompson.	\$ 3,735,000		\$ 3,735,000
Chicago Avenue		\$ 20,000	555,000
Springfield Avenue	260,000	434,300	694,300
Central Park Avenue	260,000	320,900	580,900
Lake View	2,200,000	248,000	2,448,000
Mayfair	525,000	100,000	625,000
Roseland	130,000	69,000	199,000
Southwest		******	1,050,000
68th Street		230,000	424,000
Town			2,550,000
22nd Street		80,000	80,000
14th Street		36,500	36,500
Totals	\$11,439,000	\$1,538,700	\$12,977,700

Column "A" includes necessary new work according to plan as outlined.

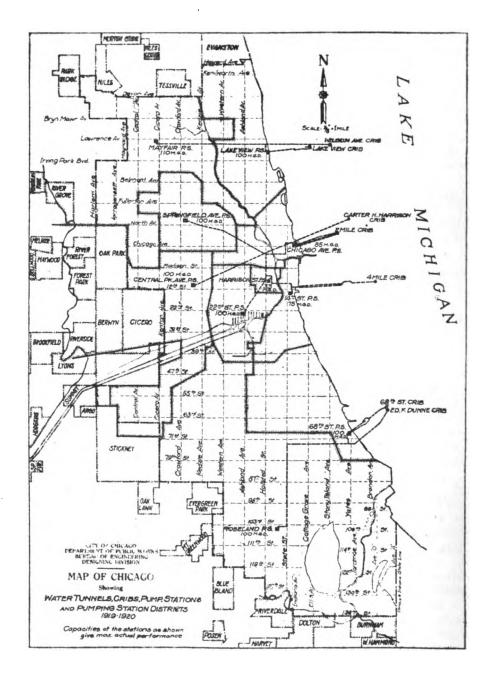
Column "B" is for rehabilitation and replacements.

The above figures are for a program of reconstruction up to and including 1940.

The total estimate for the period up to 1950 in a round figure of \$500,000 per year to be expended on pumping station work, is shown from 1941 to 1950, which would be in addition to the above.

On the following sheets indicated as "A" and "A1" a tabulation of maximum requirements, capacity and reserve for each pumping station is shown, together with the totals for the entire city.

The figures designated as "unit reserve" are the total of units as a whole. The figure "total reserve" is the total reserve in absolute million gallons over and above the requirements. The per cent of the maximum requirements is also noted.



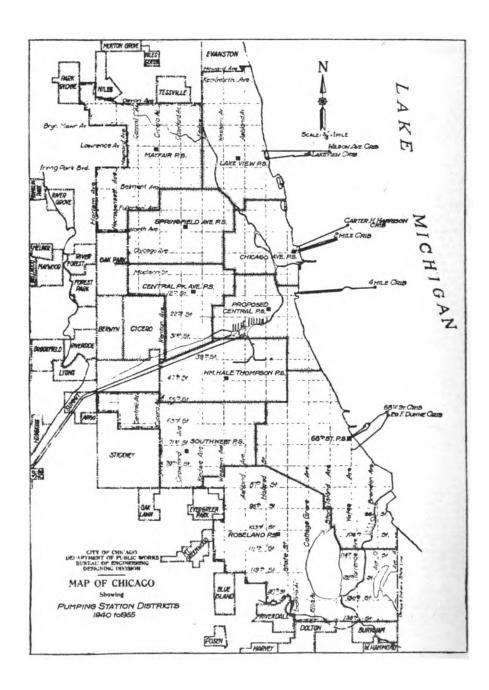
PUMPING STATION REQUIREMENTS Capacity and Reserve 1920 to 1955

	1	1919-19	20		1920-1	925	1	925-193	0
Station	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.
Lake View	103 75	120 85	25	98 107	95 110	25 60	103 142	95 133	25 17
Springfield Avenue	90 96	85 97	40 40	71 87	110 120	50 25	104 121	110 120	50 25
Chicago Avenue	110	99	::::::	152	150	60	163 193	150 195	60 25
22nd Street	326	100 32	32 32	274	100 32 100	32 32	::::::		:::::
14th StreetSouthwest	135	100	24	208	210		50 163	60 165	45
Roseland	137	100		112	100		75 240	75 240	25 120
Totals	1072	928	193	1109	1127	284	1354	1343	392
D-4-1 T				302 25			381 25		
Per cent Total Reserve				27			28		

NOTE—All reserves shown in 1919 not available—highest recorded 948.

PUMPING STATION REQUIREMENTS Capacity and Reserve 1920 to 1955

	1	930-193	5	1	935-194	0	1	940-195	5
Station	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.	M.G. Req.	M.G. Cap.	M.G. Res.
Lake View	158	180	60	180	180	60	204	240	60
Mayfair	126	133	17	140	133	17	170	165	25
Springfield Avenue	117	135	85	171	195	25	194	195	75
Central Park Avenue	132	180	85	158	180	85	170	180	85
Chicago Avenue	207	210	50	203	210	50	211	210	50
W. H. Thompson	237	255	85	290	280	60	325	315	25
Southwest	83	80	30	110	110		141	130	30
68th Street	187	200	50	193	200	50	228	250	50
Roseland	102	100	60	122	135	25	143	135	25
Town	227	240	120	232	240	120	245	240	120
Totals	1576	1713	642	1799	1863	485	2031	2060	545
Total Reserve	779			549			574		
Per cent Unit Reserve	40			27			27		
Per cent Total Reserve	49			31			29		



CRIBS AND TUNNELS.

Chicago has now seven cribs or intakes in Lake Michigan, the condition of which is as follows:

TWO MILE CRIB.

This crib just east of the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station was built in 1867, and is connected with the shore by two seven-foot tunnels and one five-foot tunnel. In this crib the intake to the north seven-foot tunnel is partly obstructed by rock filling, and the gates in the intake are too high, cutting down the flow to the five and seven-foot south tunnels.

The condition of the crib at the present time is very serious, in that the protection to the crib has been undermined, and there is danger in case of severe storms of losing the entire crib. We are, therefore, taking the precaution of making what we believe to be the necessary repairs to this crib to protect it through this winter. It is the plan, however, and appropriation has been made, to connect these three tunnels through a lake shaft to a future tunnel, as will be taken up later. This would then allow the city to abandon the Two Mile Crib.

FOUR MILE CRIB.

This crib was built in 1891, and is connected to the shore by an eight-foot tunnel. Due to the location of this crib and certain lake currents from South Chicago, the water from this crib and tunnel for a number of years has been polluted with all manner of debris, such as cinders, small pieces of wood, leather, etc., which in turn have lodged in the valves of the pumps at the 14th Street Pumping Station, causing great loss to the city through slippage. Some pieces have passed through the pump and caused considerable trouble in the meters as far north as Randolph Street.

It is planned, at the 14th Street Pumping Station, to install a large screen in the wet well that will overcome this difficulty.

When this crib was built, due to an error, its full capacity was cut down by placing of the apron or protection platform over the two south ports. It is intended, however, to keep this crib in operation under the general plan.

HYDE PARK CRIB.

This crib is located east of the 68th Street Pumping Station, and was built in 1896. It is connected to the shore by a seven-foot diameter tunnel.

This crib has just undergone extensive repairs, the most important of which is the rebuilding of the protection platform which was found quite necessary in view of the fact that the timber and piles were in a very dilapidated and dangerous condition. This work completed gives the crib an up-to-date protection of reinforced concrete, which has been so installed as to make this and its twin, the Edward F. Dunne Crib, the feature cribs of the city. The platform has not only been put in condition to protect the crib but also provided with light stanchions and chain railings and a moat through which small launches can pass into the inner basin. This crib in the future will be the crib to which visitors to the city will be taken.

EDWARD F. DUNNE CRIB.

Connected with the Hyde Park Crib there is what is known as the Edward F. Dunne Crib, built in 1912. It is connected to the shore by a 14-foot diameter tunnel.

This crib, though comparatively new, was found to be in very bad condition. The outer and inner walls of the crib had been poorly constructed, and had deteriorated in a dangerous manner. These errors have likewise been corrected.

LAKE VIEW CRIB.

This crib was built in 1896, and connected to the shore by a seven-foot diameter tunnel, but the same has been abandoned, or, rather, out of service, due to the fact that in October of 1918, an attempt was made to connect the lake shaft of this crib with the new Wilson Avenue tunnel, but because of some mishap the effort failed, and the Lake View Pumping Station had to be supplied with water from the Wilson Avenue tunnel through a short branch to that station.

It is planned to complete this connection during 1920, and then remove the present Lake View Crib.

CARTER H. HARRISON CRIB.

This crib was built in 1900 and was connected to the shore by a ten-foot diameter tunnel. Both tunnel and crib are in A-1 condition.

WILSON AVENUE CRIB.

This crib was started in 1915. Construction will be completed during 1920.

A great deal of difficulty has been encountered in the construction work of this crib, but was finally overcome and the work is now nearing completion.

There is a thirteen-foot diameter tunnel from this crib to the shore.

Briefly, a review of the crib and lake tunnel situation brings out the fact that we have one (the Lake View Crib) that is out of service; that the Two and Four Mile Cribs, through errors in construction, are unable to run at the capacity intended, and that the Carter H. Harrison, Wilson Avenue, Hyde Park and Edward F. Dunne Cribs are in good condition and can be depended upon.

LAND TUNNELS.

WILSON AVENUE TUNNEL.

This tunnel, twelve feet in diameter, supplies the Mayfair Pumping Station, from where it runs to shore connection from the Wilson Avenue Crib.

SOUTHWEST LAND TUNNEL.

This tunnel is now furnishing a part of the water to 68th Street Pumping Station and all of the water to Roseland Pumping Station. It is nine feet in diameter from Roseland Station north to 73rd Street, and twelve feet in diameter from this point to the connection with the lake drift from the Edward F. Dunne Crib.

Although this tunnel was carried to a point at State and 73rd Streets twelve-foot diameter, it was then reduced in size to nine-foot diameter, from that point west for a distance of 714 feet, the gate to this nine-foot tunnel being but six feet. It is intended to correct this condition and extend the tunnel twelve feet in diameter to the new William Hale Thompson Pumping Station.

BLUE ISLAND AVENUE TUNNEL.

This tunnel was built in 1911, eight feet in diameter and runs from the 22nd Street Pumping Station, connecting at the lake shore with the three tunnels

from the Two Mile Crib. It was intended that this tunnel should add to the supply of the Harrison Street and 14th Street Pumping Stations, but it was located at an elevation so high that, if the gate at the shaft of the connecting tunnel is opened, the supply to 22nd Street Station is dangerously reduced.

POLK STREET TUNNEL.

This tunnel, seven feet in diameter, was built in 1907, and runs from the 14th Street Pumping Station to the Harrison Street Pumping Station, with a connection to the Blue Island Avenue tunnel and the shore end of the tunnel from the Four Mile Crib.

As has been stated before, due to error in the Four Mile Crib, the full capacity of this tunnel is not available.

NORTHWEST LAND TUNNEL.

The tunnels now supplying the Springfield Avenue and Central Park Avenue Pumping Stations were built in 1900 and are eight feet in diameter. They run east in the form of a Y, coming together in Halsted Street near Ohio Street. From there they are connected in one tunnel with the shore end of the tunnel from the Carter H. Harrison Crib.

These two tunnels will be of insufficient capacity to supply the two stations. Further, they are constructed under private property, and should be abandoned at the earliest possible date, due both to their insufficient capacity and to the danger of maintaining tunnels under private property, which has been demonstrated in the past.

REMARKS.

These tunnels, as will be noted from the plat, comprise three separate and distinct systems. The north and south systems are each capable of delivering more water than is now being used, but the central system is not of sufficient capacity to meet present demands. These three systems being so isolated, an accident in any one of them means the crippling of practically one-third of Chicago's water system, with absolutely no chance to give assistance from either of the other two systems.

NEW TUNNELS.

From the study of the tunnel system it is found necessary and advisable to construct one new lake crib and the following lake and land tunnels:

78rd STREET EXTENSION TO SOUTHWEST LAND TUNNEL.

This tunnel would be twelve feet in diameter, connecting with the present gate shaft in the Southwest Land Tunnel, running due west to Western Avenue, where a gate shaft would be installed for future connections.

This tunnel is estimated to cost complete \$1,620,000, of which \$440,000 will be expended in 1920 to construct the working shaft and 4,000 feet of tunnel, all work on this section to be completed in the year 1923.

Yearly program of expenditures:

1921 1922	 • • • • • •	 		670,000 400,000
			_	

WESTERN AVENUE EXTENSION TO SOUTHWEST LAND TUNNEL

This tunnel will be twelve feet in diameter, connecting with the 73rd Street Extension at 73rd Street and Western Avenue and running north under Western Avenue to approximately 47th Street. There a gate shaft will be installed for future connections, as well as necessary shafts for the William Hale Thompson pumping station.

The total work on this section is estimated to cost \$1,790,000, of which \$340,000 will be expended in 1920 to construct the working shaft and 3,000 feet of tunnel, the work to be completed in the year 1923, at which time the water could be turned into these tunnels.

It is contemplated to supply the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station through these tunnels up to the year 1930, when a further connection would be made to this tunnel from the north, as by that time the capacity of the Southwest Land Tunnel will be needed to supply the three stations to the south.

Yearly program of expenditures:

1920 1921 1922 1928	• • •			• •	• •	• •	•		• •	 •	•	 	:	• •	:		• •	80 60	0,0 0,0	00 00
	Tot	-1															21	.79	0.0	<u>_</u>

SOUTHWEST STATION TUNNEL

This tunnel, ten feet in diameter, would run from the proposed Southwest Pumping Station to the gate shaft at 73rd Street and Western Avenue. Work on this section would start in 1927, to be completed in 1929. The total estimated cost of this tunnel is \$600,000.

Just beyond the Southwest Station a gate shaft would be installed in this tunnel for future connections, which would allow the building of a station to the south or west of this point in the future and connection of the same to this tunnel system.

Yearly program of expenditures:

1927		 	\$110.000
1929		 	210,600
	Total	 	\$600,000

MIDLAND LAKE AND LAND TUNNEL.

It is planned to place the new William Hale Thompson Crib alongside of the Carter H. Harrison Crib. This will not only allow the two cribs to be operated by one force of men, but is found desirable due to the fact that experience has proven that the cribs north of the river furnish better water and are troubled less by contamination and refuse than those south of the river.

It is planned to start construction on this crib in 1920, to be completed in 1923. The total estimated cost is \$700,000, of which \$200,000 would be expended in 1920, \$100,000 in 1921, \$200,000 in 1922, and \$200,000 in 1923.

From this crib it is planned to drive a 20-foot diameter tunnel west to a short shaft in the neighborhood of Chicago Avenue, where connections would be made to the four existing tunnels. From there a 20-foot diameter tunnel would run to Western Avenue.

In the year 1922 it is planned to put down a working shaft at the Two Mile Crib and start driving the tunnel to the new William Hale Thompson Crib. Work on this section would be completed in the year 1923, at which time connections would be made with the three tunnels to the Two Mile Crib, thereby taking that crib out of service and allowing the water to come in through the new crib.

During that year a shaft would be sunk at the shore, and work would be started driving this tunnel east and west from that point.

Work would be continued until 1928, when this section of the tunnel would be completed, and all connections made. Water could then be turned into this tunnel.

It is intended to install a spur and gate shaft to this tunnel at Halsted Street for future connection to the new station in the neighborhood of Halsted Street and the river.

Yearly expenditures for this work would be as follows:

1922														 						\$		58	0.0	00
1923														 							1,	81	0,0	00
1924														 						:	2,	16	0.0	00
1925																					1.	46	0.0	00
1926									Ĺ					 								84	9.	60
1928																								
																				_	_	_	_	_
•	Γot	,																		•	e	45	0	e۸

WESTERN AVENUE SECTION OF MIDLAND TUNNEL.

This tunnel will be worked from a shaft in the neighborhood of Chicago and Western Avenues, from which point it will be sixteen feet in diameter, to Fillmore Street, with a gate shaft for future extension to the south. On Fillmore Street a twelve-foot diameter tunnel from Western Avenue to the Central Park Avenue Pumping Station with shaft to the station and gate shaft for future connection will be worked. Going north from the working shaft at Chicago and Western Avenues there will be a fourteen-foot diameter tunnel to Bloomingdale Road, where there will be a gate shaft for future connection. West from this point there will be a ten-foot diameter tunnel from Western Avenue to Springfield Avenue Pumping Station, with shaft to the station.

The gate shaft at Central Park Avenue Pumping Station is placed there so that, if in the future a pumping station is built to the west of the city, connection can be made to the tunnel system at this point.

There are also a gate shaft and spur furnished for the same purpose at the shaft at Chicago and Western Avenues.

This will give four points at which our tunnel system could be tapped, viz., Mayfair Pumping Station, Chicago and Western Avenues, Central Park Avenue Pumping Station and the Southwest Pumping Station.

While it is planned under this general system to take care of all the existing towns now bordering on the limits of Chicago and in general the territory that is partially settled and now outside of the city limits, there undoubtedly will come a time not so far in the future when these parts will become so thickly settled that, regardless of whether they are in or outside of the corporate limits of the city, they will need modern pumping stations to take care of their water

supply, as our present pumping stations could not be counted on from a standpoint of economy to deliver water this excessive distance in any large quantity. At this time these shafts will come into use and prove a considerable saving in making a connection, as well as eliminating any chance of disrupting, even though temporarily, the water system. There will be a sufficient capacity in this tunnel system to take care of approximately 600 million gallons per day at these outside stations without overloading the system.

The work on this Western Avenue Section of the Midland Tunnel would be started in 1923 and finished in 1928, at which time the water would be turned in and the tunnel placed in service.

The expenditures for this work would be as follows:

1928		 	 	\$20,000
1924		 	 	1,048,000
1925		 	 	840,000
1926		 	 	814,000
1927		 	 	482,800
1928		 	 	275,000
	Total	 	 	3,779,800

WESTERN AVENUE TUNNEL, SOUTH SECTION.

This tunnel would be fourteen feet in diameter, running from the gate shaft at Fillmore Street and Western Avenue to the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station. This section of tunnel would be necessary to carry sufficient water to the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station, as by 1930 to 1935 the bulk of the capacity of the Southwest Land Tunnel will be required for the three stations to the south. This will then allow the water for the William Hale Thompson Pumping Station to come in from the William Hale Thompson Crib.

This work would be started in 1927 and completed in 1930, expenditures to be as follows:

1927 .	 520,000
1928 .	 960,000
1929 .	 960,000
1980 .	 216,000

WESTERN AVENUE TUNNEL, NORTH SECTION.

This tunnel would be twelve feet in diameter, running from a gate shaft at Western and Wilson Avenues, to the gate shaft at Western Avenue and Bloomingdale Road. This tunnel would make a slight difference in wet well elevations at the stations in this neighborhood, but is designed primarily as insurance.

In case of accident to the Wilson Avenue Crib, without this tunnel in, the north section of the city would be without water. With this tunnel in, however, a complete connection is made between all the tunnels and all the cribs, so that no matter what happens to any one of our cribs the load can be shifted and carried by another part of the system.

TUNNEL TO PROPOSED NEW STATION.

This tunnel would be twelve feet in diameter and would connect with the present Polk Street and Blue Island Avenue tunnels, from where it would run to the new station.

Work would be started on this tunnel in 1923 and completed in 1924, with an expenditure of \$170,000 in 1923, and \$420,000 in 1924, or a total of \$590,000.

LAKE VIEW TUNNEL.

This tunnel would be ten feet in diameter, with connections to present Lake View shore shaft, from where it would run to the proposed new location of the Lake View Pumping Station.

Work would be started on this tunnel in 1933, with an expenditure that year of \$180,000, and completed in 1934, with an expenditure of \$300,000, making a total expenditure of \$480,000.

WILSON AVENUE CRIB.

As was stated before, this crib is still under course of construction. Request was made in the 1920 budget for \$180,000 to take care of present obligations and to complete the work, together with the removal of spoil, tunnel connection at Lake View Crib, and the removal of Lake View Crib.

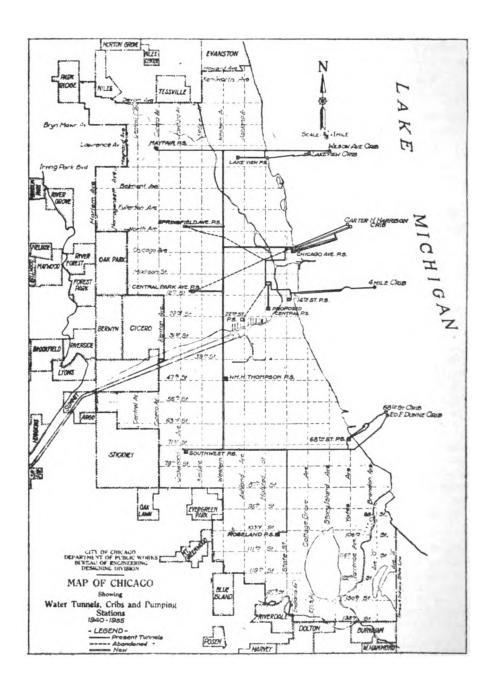
This whole tunnel system when completed will not only be very flexible but will be of sufficient capacity to materially raise the wet well elevation in all of the pumping stations. This would be especially true in the earlier years of this program. As time went on and the demand grew heavier, this difference would naturally become smaller, but would still make a vast difference in the cost of operation of the whole system.

To give an example of just what this means: If we are enabled to raise the wet well elevation in all of the pumping stations one foot at a time when we are pumping on an average of 1,000 million gallons per day, it would make a saving in the annual cost of operation, based on our most economically operated station, of \$18,250. This will be an item of importance, as the tunnel plans as outlined will make a difference in the wet well elevations of from two to ten feet.

It would be possible to cramp the size of these tunnels and still be able to operate. However, the saving would be very short-lived, as an increase in the annual cost of operation would be felt immediately, and it would be a matter of only a few years until further lake and land tunnels were necessary.

The fallacy of building too small is shown in our present system and is largely responsible for the large amount of new building and enlarging that must be done now and in the near future.

The tunnel system as laid out will supply all reasonable demands of the city and of the territory that was taken outside of the city limits in these figures up to the maximum possible growth of the territory. Any further tunnel work than in this outline would be necessary only under the condition that the city would annex a great deal of territory to the extreme north or south.



Beyond that, the system is sufficient for all needs that can arise in the territory considered.

FEEDER MAINS.

This subject is too big to cover in detail in this kind of a report beyond the expenditures planned. However, a complete plan of the city has been made by the Water Pipe Extension Division, showing all proposed new feeder mains to be laid up to and including 1940, and the following figures are based on estimates made from these maps:

Water Pipe Extension.

		Estimated for
000,000	\$1,0	1920
000,000		1921
000,000		1922
750,000		1923
750,000		1924
750,000	5	1925
\$5,250,000		
826,800	\$ 6	1926
826,800	8	1927
826,800	8	1928
826,800	8	1929
826,800		1930
\$4,184,000		
825,800		1981
826,800	8	1982
826,800		1988
826,800		1984
826,800	8	1935
\$4,184,000		
826,800		1986
826,800	8	1937
826,800	8	1938
826,800	8	1989
826,800	8	1940
\$4,184,00 0		

In laying out this work, the Water Pipe Extension Division has endeavored to use every available part of the present system, and such additions as have been made were not recommended until a thorough study was made of each section. In many cases there were several plans submitted from which they drew their conclusions.

The system when completed will be thoroughly flexible and of sufficient size and capacity to eliminate all undue friction loss. It will be capable, in case of accident either to mains or to one of the pumping stations, by a little manipulation of values, of obtaining service in any part of the city regardless of these accidents.

Year	Pumping Stations	Tunnels	Cribs and Miscl.	Water Pipe Extension	Totals
920	\$ 2,200,100	\$ 780,000	\$439,000	\$ 1,000,000	8 4.419.100
921		1.470.000	100.000	1.000.000	4,499,300
922		1.530.000	200,000	1.000.000	3.980.000
923	2.191.300	1,960,000	200,000	750.000	5.101.300
24	550,000	3.628.000		750,000	4.928.000
25	187,000	2,300,000		750,000	3.237,000
26		1,663,600	I	826,800	2,490,400
27	200,000	1.112.800	1	826,800	2,139,600
28		1,665,000	1	826,800	2.691.800
29		1.170.000	1	826,800	2,451,800
30		216,000		826,800	1.832.800
31			1	826,800	1.426.800
32	660,000		1	826,800	1.486.800
33	850,000	180,000	1	826,800	1.856,800
34	250,000	300.000	1	826,800	1.376.800
35				826,800	826,800
36		1	1	826,800	826,800
37		1		826,800	826,800
38		1	1	826,800	826,800
939		1	1	826,800	826,800
340		1	1	826,800	1.491.800
41			l	500,000	1.000.000
42	500,000			500,000	1.000.000
	500,000	1	1	500,000	1,000,000
	500,000			500,000	1.000.000
40	500,000	440.000		500,000	1.440.000
44	200,000	800,000	l	500,000	1,800,000
46 47		655,000		500,000	1.655.000
	#00,000	000,000	l·····	500,000	1,000,000
		1	·····	500,000	1,000,000
49					1,000,000
50	500,000	·····	[· · · · · · · · · · ·]	500,000	1,000,000
Totals	\$17,977,700	\$19,870,400	\$939,000	\$22,652,000	\$61,439,100

BUILDING PROGRAM REHABILITATION

Items of \$500,000 per year for 1941 to 1950 under heading of "Pumping Stations" and "Water Pipe Extension" are general estimates only to cover expenditures in arriving at financial program, and are considered ample as far as can be seen at this time to take care of extraordinary construction work at that time.

CHLORINATION OF WATER SUPPLY.

The importance and necessity of chlorinating the city water supply is so apparent that it needs no explanation in this report.

The enviable position that Chicago now holds, that is, the healthiest large city in the world, and with the lowest death rate from water-borne diseases, is due to the chlorination of the water supply.

In order to maintain this standard, the system must be put on a better operating basis. An investigation conducted recently by the City Engineer brought out the facts that the present system had the following shortcomings:

First—There are several systems installed which give no standardization to our mode of operation or upkeep.

Second—Under the present methods it is not properly diffused and mixed with the water, so that portions of the water are overtreated and some portions not treated at all.

Third—Most of the apparatus are not automatic in operation, and, therefore, require constant observation, and they are naturally subject to irregularities of supply caused by the human element in the operation.

Fourth—The method of introducing chlorine in the wet well as now practiced has proven unreliable, due to the fact that the fish absorb a great quantity of the gas, and the water is, therefore, undertreated.

Fifth—Most of the apparatus now installed are not graduated or marked sufficiently to give any accuracy in feed. Therefore, the whole responsibility for feeding the proper amount of gas rests with the operator.

Due to these facts, the City Enginer instigated an investigation of chlorine equipment both in this city and in many other cities, appointing a committee to conduct a research in this subject, their report and recommendation now being on file in the City Engineer's office.

As there were no funds for the purpose of improving the chlorinating system, nothing could be done upon the findings of this committee.

However, the Wallace & Tiernan Company volunteered to furnish, at their own expense, a complete set of equipment, conforming to the recommendations of the above mentioned committee, to be installed at the Mayfair Pumping Station, work on the same now being under way. This equipment is guaranteed by the Wallace & Tiernan Company to eliminate the undesirable features as set forth above, and is furnished without obligation on the part of the city unless it fulfills this guarantee, at which time the Commissioner of Public Works would recommend its purchase.

It is for these reasons that the City Engineer has included certain sums for chlorine equipment in his 1920 estimates for each station.

Due to the fact, however, that we had no definite figure on which to base an estimate at the time the budget was prepared, it was decided to include a flat sum of \$20,000 for each station for rehabilitation of the chlorine plant as necessary.

Since then, however, we have secured more definite figures, and we can now adjust them as follows:

Station	To be expended in 1920	To be expended in 1921
Mayfair		
Lake View	• • • • • • •	\$ 10,000
Chicago Avenue	15,000	
Springfield Avenue	5,000	10,000
Central Park Avenue	5,000	10,000
Harrison Street		10,000
14th Street		10,000
22nd Street	10,000	5,000
Roseland		15,000
68th Street		20,000

It is understood, of course, that none of this money will be expended unless the Mayfair installation proves entirely satisfactory.

FINANCE.

On the page headed "Water Fund Program" will be found a tabulation of expenditures and revenue from the Water Fund for the years 1920 to 1950 inclusive.

In compiling these figures the rehabilitation and new construction work were set down as noted in the foregoing report.

The items under ordinary expense include all items that are now chargeable under present practices to the Water Fund.

The increases in population and growth of the city, together with the yearly pumpage in million gallons, were figured from the data as noted in the early part of this report, and the percentage of increase shown by these figures was used as a basis of figuring future expenditures in those departments affected by this growth.

All estimates are based on present day prices.

As will be noted in the items under "Revenue" an increase of \$350,000 per year until 1940, and \$300,000 per year thereafter is used. This is considerably less than the average increase in revenue for the last few years, and is a very conservative estimate in that under the general plan it is intended to slightly increase and continue with our metering program until in approximately 1940 sixty per cent of the service will be metered.

This does not embrace a plan of universal metering, but simply a continuation of past practices, with selective metering for those who willfully waste the water, and sufficient funds to supply the meters applied for under ordinary conditions.

Due to the fact that the system is not capable of meeting the maximum demands, there will be considerable work necessary in the first few years in order to catch up.

It will be necessary, starting in the year 1921, to borrow money in order to carry on this work. A loan for this purpose would have to be floated each year until 1928, by which time we would have borrowed approximately \$15,000,000. In 1929 retirement of these loans could be started, until in 1935 all outstanding loans would be paid up, and a surplus acquired of approximately \$3,000,000. From this time on, this surplus would continue to expand.

METERING AND WATER WASTE ELIMINATION.

Request was made in the 1920 budget for \$200,000 to be expended in the elimination of water waste. If this amount is approved, it will be used to stop the underground leaks in the mains in districts where they are now known to exist. Leakage or willful waste when found on the consumer's premises would be eliminated by notifying the owner to correct the condition, and upon his failure to do so meter would be applied under authority of the city ordinance. This work would be carried on by districts, and the sections in which it is known that the most waste exists would be the first to receive attention.

Should this work show a saving, as it undoubtedly will, the program would be extended throughout the years to come until the entire system had been checked up and repaired and placed in good condition.

WATER FUND PROGRAM From 1920 to 1950

ale of Lands } —can start retiring loans from surplus	Ð
Expense includes nothing for Shops (Expense includes \$2,000,000 from Sale of Lands) (Expense includes interest on loans OU Expense includes interest on loans	All loans retired—surplus fund started Estimated surplus \$103,022,978
Revenue Including Salvage \$ 11,950,000 9,050,000 9,400,000 9,750,000 10,750,000 10,450,000 11,150,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 12,550,000 12,550,000	13,600,000 14,300,000 14,650,000 15,000,000 15,550,000 15,550,000 16,250,000 16,250,000 17,150,000 17,750,000 18,050,000 18,050,000 18,050,000
Total 11,755,100 11,755,100 11,745,716 13,228,692 13,228,692 13,228,692 11,746,147 11,098,184 10,726,063 11,047,016 11,047,016 10,367,628 11,047,016 10,367,628 11,047,016 10,367,628 10,367,628 10,367,628 10,427,016 10,47,016	8,885,300 8,892,300 8,987,500 8,987,000 9,281,200 9,471,200 9,471,300 9,471,300 9,471,000 10,417,00
New Con- struction 1,94,000 2,990,000 2,475,000 4,178,000 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,312,800 1,005,00	665,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 1,300,000 1,155,000 1,155,000 500,000 500,000 500,000
Rehabili- tation \$ 2,425,100 1,0314,300 1,030,000 776,300 776,300 776,300 776,300 778,300 826,800 826,	828,800 828,800 828,800 828,800 820,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000 800,000
Ordinary 7,742,000 7,747,716 7,774,716 8,187,392 8,867,104 8,567,734 8,567,104 8,567,104 8,567,104 8,567,104 8,567,104 8,671,104 8,671,104 8,671,104	9835 8,028,500 9836 8,065,400 9837 8,106,500 1938 8,116,500 1940 8,121,200 1941 8,251,200 1943 8,410,300 1944 8,472,800 1945 8,647,000 1946 8,640 1946 8,640 1946 8,769,000 1946 8,769,000 1948 8,410 1950 8,907,000
Year 1920 1922 1924 1925 1926 1926 1920 1930 1931 1931 1931	1935 1937 1938 1938 1940 1941 1944 1946 1946 1960 1960

NOTE: Revenue estimated to increase at an average rate of \$350,000 per annum until 1940 with City 60 per cent metered and at \$300,000 until 1950.

All figures are not Engineering, Department of Public Works, Feb. 7th, 1920.

All figures based on data supplied by:

I. J. Vershuis, Engineer of Water Pripe Extension Division;

J. J. Vershuis, Engineer of Water Works Construction, Construction Division;

Frank J. McDonugh, Assistant Engineer, Operating Division;

Frank J. McDonugh, Assistant Mechanical Engineer, Operating Division;

Frank J. McDonugh, Assistant Mechanical Engineer, Operating Division;

F. B. All, Chife Clerk, Accounting Division:

W. J. McCourt, Superintendent of Water, Bureau of Water;

Col. H. A. Allen, Mechanical Engineer in Charge.

An amount for this work in the future is figured as a part of the Water Fund program.

If this work is carried on properly and meets with the degree of success contemplated for it, the average per capita consumption for Chicago will be gradually decreased, as stated before, from 240 gallons to approximately 160 gallons per capita in the future.

This work will also have an effect upon our building program, as, if we are successful in eliminating the major portion of this waste, it will tend to slightly cut down the maximum load per capita. This will in all probability postpone some of the steps contemplated in the building program to a later date.

ENLARGING PUMPING STATION DISTRICTS.

The question may arise as to the enlarging of some of the districts to areas other than those planned.

There are two answers to this question, viz., operation and service. Under subject "Service" it is a great deal more difficult to supply pressure to the consumer if the water must be delivered an excessive distance before it gets to him.

There are many elements of operation, construction and characteristics of the system that make it uneconomical to attempt to supply sufficient pressure at the outskirts of the district where the district is too large. For every mile added to a district approximately eleven feet more head must be carried at the pumping station, which means added cost of operation.

As an example, to show what this means to the annual operating cost, if a given district were supplied by a pumping station pumping 100 million gallons per day, the annual cost of operation would be A. If, however, that district were increased so that the water must be pumped one mile farther from the station without increasing the requirements upon the station the annual cost of operation would be A + \$21,000 per year, or, in other words, \$21,000 per year for pumping 100 million gallons per day one mile extra distance. This is an item that must be considered in planning a system if service and economy in operation to a practical extent are to be maintained.

COMPARISONS WITH OTHER CITIES.

The mistake has been made of comparing Chicago's water system, maximum and per capita demands, etc., with those of other cities. This cannot be done with any degree of fairness to the subject unless very careful analysis and comparisons are made. The characteristics and different elements that go to make up each city must be considered, as these vary just as greatly as do the characteristics of a human being.

Questionnaires were sent out some time ago to 28 of the largest cities in the United States, the answers to which brought out the fact that, while New York City has an average per capita consumption of 110 gallons per day, it is supplying 15.3 people from each tap, and Chicago, with 240 gallons per capita, is supply 9.5 people per tap. It is only natural that where the point of supply is made more handy to the consumer he will use more water.

In the city of Petrograd, Russia, when they had a population of two million inhabitants, there was one pumping station of 80 million gallons per day capacity. This meant that the majority of the people went to the public tap

and carried the water into their homes in pails. When they wished a drink they used one glassful of water, or one basin full of water to wash with, while when you go to the faucet to get a drink several gallons will run away to furnish you that one glass of water, and to wash your hands you will turn on the faucet and let it run until you are through.

Therefore, the more modern and up-to-date a city is, naturally the more water it will use.

Another item is the industrial use of water, in which no two cities are alike. A large portion of Chicago's water goes to this use.

Climatic conditions and the people who make up the city also have their effect upon the load placed on the system.

Therefore, if you wish to arrive at a true figure on what the average consumption should be, don't try to make a comparison with a city that has altogether a different make-up, but investigate your own city and the conditions that control the demand. This has been done in conjunction with this study in Chicago, and a most careful analysis without prejudice will substantiate the figures set forth in this report.

REMARKS.

In the study and plan as outlined herein every effort has been put forth to combine efficiency, economical operation and upkeep, service and investment in a consistent manner, considering every element that it was possible to foresee and giving due weight to the same before a decision was arrived at.

The different steps in the program are placed in a sequence that would best serve the requirements as foreseen.

Each element was criticized and viewed from all sides, and a decision was arrived at without prejudice to any part, but based solely upon intelligent judgment and foresight and the practices of good engineering.

The plan as outlined in the first few years of the program must be carried out as set forth in order to give service to the consumer and relieve the dangerous conditions that now exist.

The plan as a whole is submitted not as an ironbound program that must be followed out, but as a guide that may be followed in total or in part, with such alterations as may be foreseen from time to time, so that the system from this time on may be planned and built in a practical and intelligent manner, with a view to one co-ordinated. flexible system in the entire city of Chicago and the several districts bordering on its margins.

Yours very truly,

P. S. COMBS, City Engineer.

DIVISION OF CONTRACTS

CHARLES F. HEALEY Engineer of Contracts.

This Division, a new one, created in the early part of 1919, under authority of the City Council, became operative on March 15th.

All of the contracts and specifications for the Bureau of Engineering have been handled by the Engineer of Contracts, in addition to such contracts and specifications as were sent to the Bureau of Engineering by the Commissioner of Public Works from other Bureaus.

The total amount of contracts handled from March 15th to December 31st inclusive is shown in the following tabulation:

General Description	Number	Amount
Station Equipment	25	\$ 99,400
Bridge Division	24	1,410,800
Coal	20	1,072,400
Council Orders	10	56,300
General Commodities	68	1,119,200
Services	4	46,150
Total	151	\$3,803,750

In handling this amount of work, the records will show that in various items, such as valves, shut-off boxes, sand and gravel, storage coal, cranes purchased from the Emergency Fleet Corporation, the extension of the lumber contract and other items involving small amounts, the total saving by this Division in the nine and one-half months of its existence is approximately \$98,500.

The saving effected in this Division, account of having one man handle all matters pertaining to contracts, instead of a man in each division, was considerable and amply justified the creation of the office.

The specifications as they are sent out have been considerably revised in line with a policy to make them less rigid, allowing the city to take advantage of stock production by contracts and doing away with the necessity of contractors bidding on special material for which, eventually, the city was compelled to pay.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION

JAMES J. VERSLUIS Engineer of Water Works Construction

JOHN S. DEAN
Assistant Engineer of Water Works Construction

MARSHALL BOULEVARD MUNICIPAL PLANT.

The work done at the Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant by the Construction Division during 1919 consisted of making minor additions to and changes in the building and equipment, the principal items being changes in foundry toilet facilities, machine shop heating and ventilating systems, fire and elevator doors in machine, foundry and pattern shops, placing additional pavement at the loading platform of meter shop, the installation of new equipment in the chemical laboratories and the construction of temporary brick testing laboratory.

Bridewell Power House.

Work done by the Construction Division consisted of the starting of changes in the turbine-driven generator units, alterations in steam piping, the installation of locomotive type air compressor and piping, the building of air ducts for cooling electric generators and the completion of ash-handling system, including elevator and storage bins.

The switch track to the power house was moved and extended to permit dumping ashes from the bins directly into cars.

Leaks in the utility tunnel leading to the Municipal Contagious Disease Hospital were repaired.

The total cost of all construction work at both the Municipal Plant and Bridewell Power House during 1919 amounted to \$47,421.82.

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The construction work at the Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant and Bridewell Power House during 1919 was in local charge of Mr. William H. Dean, assistant engineer, until March 4th, when Mr. A. G. Anderson, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

CHICAGO AVENUE TUNNEL CONNECTION.

The proposed installation of two 40 million gallon centrifugal pumps at the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station necessitated an addition to the tunnel system, consisting of a 12-foot gate and screen shaft designated as shaft N, about 90 feet of 7-foot tunnel connecting shaft N with the 5-foot suction shafts in the new pump room, and a 7-foot tunnel connection between shaft N and old shaft D.

This work, which was started in 1918, was resumed February 17, 1919.

The work done during 1919 has consisted of increasing by 12 feet the depth of shaft N, placing the fish screen guides and 8-foot gate in shaft N, completing the 7-foot tunnel connection between shafts N and D, completing

the 7-foot tunnel connection to suction shafts in new pump room, reinforcing brick lining of shaft D by addition of a 12-inch concrete inner lining, reducing diameter of shaft from 10 to 8 feet, enlarging in shaft D the eye of 5-foot tunnel between shafts D and G to 7 feet, and installation at the enlarged eye of the gate formerly over 7-foot tunnel leading from shaft D to shaft C.

In order to accomplish the above work, it was necessary to isolate and unwater the sections of tunnels and the shafts affected by the operations.

This required the closing at the crib of gates of the two 7-foot tunnels from the Two Mile Crib, also closing of gates in shore shafts B and No. 1 of the Blue Island Avenue Tunnel.

By means of motor-driven pumps placed in shafts D, A and C, the water was removed and the tunnel and shaft changes made without difficulty.

In addition to closing the tunnel gates, brick bulkheads (4 feet thick) were built, one near shaft A in the 5-foot tunnel, connecting shafts A, B and C, and the other in the same tunnel at the east of junction with shaft C.

Shaft N was deepened 12 feet in order to obtain better ground for the 7-foot tunnel between shafts D and N.

The 5-foot tunnel eye in shaft D was enlarged to 7 feet in order to permit, at some future date, the enlargement to 7 feet of the 5-foot tunnel connection between shafts D and H.

The unwatering of the tunnel was started on June 7th and on July 30th the work had been completed, all construction equipment removed and tunnels again filled and in service.

The total cost of the work done during 1919, which was performed by city day labor, amounted to \$37,140.38.

The work in connection with the construction of the Chicago Avenue Tunnel Connection was in local charge of Mr. E. P. Scott, assistant engineer.

WESTERN AVENUE TUNNEL.

The work contemplated consists of a 12-foot diameter concrete lined tunnel extending west from 73rd Street and State Street to 73rd Street and Western Avenue and from that point north to the site of the new William Hale Thompson Pumping Station.

The tunnel is to be driven through solid rock at a depth of about 150 feet below street level.

The tunnel is to be driven from two working shafts, one at 73rd and Wood Streets, designated as the Wood Street Shaft, and the other at 61st Street and Western Avenue, designated as the 61st Street Shaft.

The Wood Street Shaft will take care of the section of tunnel from 73rd Street and State Street to 73rd Street and Western Avenue; the 61st Street Shaft will be the working shaft for the section from 73rd Street and Western Avenue north to the site of the new station.

Wood Street Shaft.

This shaft is located at the southeast corner of 78rd and Wood Streets, the buildings for the plant being put upon vacant property belonging to the city, bounded by Wood Street, Hermitage Avenue, 78rd Street and 74th Street.

The work outlined for this section of the Western Avenue Tunnel includes the sinking of a 15-foot shaft to a depth of 150 feet below the street level.

Plant.

Construction work on the plant was started August 15, 1919, and was continued throughout the balance of the year.

The buildings comprise a machinery house, cement shed, office, stock room and work shop (the two latter being merged into one building) and a small portable steel house on the Hermitage Avenue side of the property, used for storing various tools and materials.

The machinery house is a two-story frame building, 105 feet by 31 feet, immediately south of the shaft, its long side fronting Wood Street.

A board fence, 7 feet high, has been put up to enclose the portion of the property set apart for the plant.

The erection of a headhouse over the site of the shaft was started August 27th. It is 50 feet 6 inches high, the four legs being 10 inches by 10 inches. Oregon fir 48 feet by 3 inches long, with a spread of 22 feet between centers at the bottom and 9 feet on top.

A timber trestle, 30 feet high and 16 feet wide on top, has been erected and extends from the headhouse to a point about 200 feet south of 73rd Street, near the center of the lot. It is to be used for the disposal of rock excavated from the tunnel.

Shaft

Mayor Thompson formally broke ground for the new shaft on November 7, 1919.

Started excavation for the shaft on November 10th, completing the same to solid rock a distance of 43½ feet below the crown of the street pavement on November 24th. Diameter of excavation, 17 feet 4 inches.

The Ground Encountered was as Follows:

One foot of loam, 6 feet of yellow clay, 2.6 feet of mixed yellow and blue clay, 8 feet of medium stiff blue clay, 10 feet of stiff blue clay, 9 feet of hard blue clay, 2.5 feet of hard blue clay and small boulders, 3.7 feet of large boulders bedded in hardpan. Struck solid rock at elevation —18.8.

With the exception of a little seepage from the end of an old sewer broken off near the top of the shaft no water was encountered throughout the excavation of the shaft above solid rock.

Started the concrete lining for this portion of the shaft on November 25th, completing same in three days.

Both excavating and concreting were carried on during the day shift only.

As the 14-inch concrete lining progressed upward in the shaft, the 2-inch by 6-inch maple caisson lagging, the caisson rings and the nine-sided 10-inch by 10-inch timber rings put in for additional security were removed to elevation +12.8. Above this point the lagging and iron rings were left in place, as they were needed to keep the ground from caving in, it having been dug up on several occasions for the removal of sewer, gas and water mains which crossed the site of the excavation for the shaft. Within this lagging the concrete lining for the shaft is 12 inches thick.

The ground around the top of the shaft was covered with a bed of concrete to make the grade there a little higher than the street to keep out storm water.

Started excavation in rock on December 22nd and by December 31st elevation —72.8 had been reached.

The cost of the construction work done during the year 1919, which was performed by city day labor, amounted to \$62,793.58.

The work at the Wood Street Shaft of the Western Avenue Tunnel was in local charge of Mr. E. P. Scott, assistant enginer.

61st Street Shaft.

The work contemplated at this location includes the sinking and lining with concrete of a 15-foot shaft at the northeast corner of 61st Street and Western Avenue.

Construction work was started on December 1st, and the work done during 1919 has consisted of building the foundations for office and blacksmith shop and the ordering and storing of practically all lumber and concrete material necessary for construction of all the buildings.

The construction work at the 61st Street Shaft of the Western Avenue Tunnel was in local charge of Mr. Paul Lippert, assistant engineer.

The cost of the work done during 1919, which was performed by city day labor, amounted to \$8,135.47.

WILSON AVENUE CRIB.

Work in connection with the completion of this crib was resumed on June 2nd.

The principal work done during the season consisted of building the dock or landing platform. Construction of this dock had been previously attempted by the original contractor, but the work was destroyed by storm. This enhanced considerably the difficulties of construction, the site of the work being littered with old concrete and wood piles which interfered greatly with driving new piling.

The dock as built consists of about 1,320 cubic yards of concrete encased in a shell of interlocking steel sheet piling. This is reinforced by wooden foundation piles and for construction purposes the steel sheeting was braced with timbering and cables. The timbering was removed after the concrete was brought to the water line, the cables remaining as reinforcing.

Concrete for this job was mixed in a one-yard mixer located on a scow. The mixer was fed from bins by gravity and discharged into a tower bucket. The tower bucket in turn discharged into a fixed hopper feeding a tremie pipe system. This system was built up on the timber bracing of the dock.

The dock was completed October 2nd, and it was then possible to proceed with the interior masonry work, which was difficult before because of lack of storage space and landing facilities.

During the remainder of the year the steel light and bell tower was erected, the steel in connection with the fish screens was finished, the concrete slab of the roof was poured, about one-fourth of the second floor of concrete was built, the steel work was painted and about 45 per cent of the interior brick work was completed. The permanent heating boiler is placed and temporary living quarters have been provided so that construction work can be continued during the winter months.

Expenditures for the year of 1919 amounted to \$108,060.23.

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The construction work at the Wilson Avenue Crib was in local charge of Mr. William H. Dean, assistant engineer, until March 4th, when Mr. A. G. Anderson, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

TWO MILE CRIB.

The breakwater of this crib, consisting of rock-filled timber cribbing is old and, because of the failure of parts of the under water timbering, was in danger of complete failure, with consequent damage to the crib itself.

Repairs of a temporary nature were made by reinforcing the cribbing and repairs to the decking. A complete new deck of 3-inch by 10-inch pine planking resting on 6-inch by 6-inch sills was laid on the east side of the crib.

The timbering used in repairs was all salvaged from the 68th Street crib breakwater.

The work done during the year was performed by city day labor and cost \$5,044.99.

The work was in local charge of Mr. A. G. Anderson, assistant engineer.

68th STREET AND EDWARD F. DUNNE CRIBS.

The work done by the Construction Division in 1919 at the 68th Street and Edward F. Dunne Cribs consisted of repairs to breakwater of the 68th Street Crib and repairing parapet wall of the Edward F. Dunne Crib.

Breakwater, 68th Street Crib.

The old breakwater consisted of timber cribbing on wood piles with rubble stone fill, decked with 3-inch to 10-inch lumber, which had been destroyed by storms. A portion of decking on south side of crib had been previously replaced by a concrete slab.

The reconstruction consisted of replacing old decking with an 18-inch reinforced concrete slab arched from concrete side walls extending to elevation —1.0.

This work necessitated the removal of old decking, replacing top timbers of the old cribbing, handling of approximately 1,000 cu. yds. of rubble stone, placing 46.2 tons of reinforcing steel and 1,780 cu. yds. of concrete. An opening, 11 feet wide, extending to elevation —5.0, was provided in southwest section of breakwater to permit entrance of a small boat and also as an outlet for ice and surplus water from the lagoon. Work on this opening was stopped by bad weather.

Parapet Wall of Edward F. Dunne Crib.

The repairs to parapet wall consisted of cutting out concrete which had cracked and was disintegrating and replacing same with new concrete bonded in with dovetail joints. Practically all of the concrete stairs were cut out and replaced.

Total cost of work done during 1919, which was performed by city day labor, amounted to \$42,261.43.

The work done at the 68th Street and Edward F. Dunne Cribs was in local charge of Mr. A. G. Anderson, assistant engineer.

NORTH MICHIGAN AVENUE WATER PIPE TUNNEL.

This tunnel, which provides a passage for a 24-inch water main under the Chicago River at North Michigan Avenue, is 6 feet in diamter with an 8-foot diameter shaft at each end. Both shafts and tunnel are brick lined. The elevation of top of tunnel eye is —48.79 at north shaft and —60.57 at south shaft.

Both shafts for this tunnel interfered with the construction of the new Michigan Boulevard bridge and in driving piling for the north abutment cofferdam of bridge a pile had been driven through the tunnel lining, causing the tunnel to be filled to a depth of several feet with soft clay.

The work done in 1919 by the Construction Division consisted of pumping out the tunnel, removing the clay, scraping and cleaning the 24-inch water main and altering the top of north shaft to clear the bridge construction work. The oak pile, which had penetrated the tunnel lining was cut off behind the face of the lining and the opening filled with concrete.

The cost of the work done during 1919 amounted to \$4,618.68 and was performed by city day labor.

The construction work was in local charge of Mr. E. P. Scott, assistant engineer, until February 11th. The work after that date was in local charge of Mr. Paul Lippert, assistant engineer.

POLK STREET SHAFT.

The 8-foot shaft in Canal Street, immediately south of Polk Street, that was built and used as a working shaft during the construction of the Polk Street tunnel, was found to be directly under live tracks that will be used in connection with the new union passenger station.

The shaft served no useful purpose and, as it would be practically inaccessible, it was decided to abandon it.

The brick work was cut down from the original elevation of +21.0 to +4.0, a steel bulkhead was set in the eye of the 8-foot tunnel at elevation approximately -50.0, then an 8-inch tremie was lowered, the shaft filled with natural cement concrete to about six feet over the eye of the tunnel, and the remainder filled to the surface with sand.

The original scheme was to lower the shaft to correct grade and place a new cover on same, the charges for this work to be paid for by the Chicago Union Station Co.

The costs of placing new cover to grade was accordingly charged to the Chicago Union Station Co., and the remainder to the city, which have been distributed as follows:

Placing new cover at grade, charged to Chicago Union Station Co........... \$ 877.12 Placing bulkhead, concreting and filling shaft, charged to city............. 1,784.39

The construction work at the Polk Street Shaft was in local charge of Mr. Paul Lippert, assistant engineer.

CENTRAL PARK AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

The construction of the boiler house, described in previous reports and which was started in 1915, was completed in 1919.

The work done during the year consisted of completing piping changes, raising sump pump turbine to boiler room floor level, plastering store room, painting all interior work in boiler room, covering steam piping, cleaning up grounds, etc.

The cost of work done during the year amounted to \$11,082.14.

Work was started on an elevated switch track in yard east of station for use of locomotive crane in handling storage coal. The track is laid on timber trestle on concrete bents. The work is completed except for laying of steel rails.

The cost of this work to date is \$8,846.96.

The work at the Central Park Avenue Pumping Station was in local charge of Mr. John S. Dean, assistant engineer, until August 8th, when Mr. Louis S. Knorr, acting assistant engineer, assumed charge.

22nd STREET PUMPING STATION.

A description of the construction work contemplated at this station was submitted in the report for the year 1918.

The work done by the Construction Division during the year 1919 has consisted of -

Removal of discharge piping of old pumps.

Removal of masonry to permit erection of new discharge piping.

Building of anchors and piers for new discharge piping.

Pumping out and cleaning out north wet well.

Setting strainers on bottoms of new pump suctions in wet wells.

Building new maple floor with yellow pine joists and sills over north wet well.

Concrete floor in north pump pit.

Installation of 18-inch air ducts in floor of north pump pit from each pump to south wall.

Removal of steam sump pumps in north and south pump pits.

Erection of four motor-driven centrifugal sump pumps, two in each pump pit, with automatic priming devices.

Erection of hand-operated crane in north pump pit at basement floor level.

Building concrete platform from crane runway to high-tension vaults.

Hauling away old stone, brick, concrete and rubbish.

Pumping out north and south pump pits and cleaning up after flood, Feb. 12, 1919.

Raising basement window sills for flood protection.

Grading off yard after flood damage.

Building door in north wall of engine room, with I-beam and column for traveling hoist for loading and unloading transformers.

Building brick surge well 30 inches above basement floor around wet wells. Installation of two new controllers for centrifugal pumps.

Making of necessary switchboard changes and electrical connections for operation of new and old pumping units.

Drying out and testing motors damaged by water February 12th.

Installation of lighting system.

Moving back old transformers and installation of new bus bars.

Installation of lighting transformers and panels, heaters and Sanitary District

On February 12, 1919, both pump pits were flooded by a break in a 30-inch water main outside the station. Water nearly covered the motors on the four electrical pumping units, the two old ones, and the two new pumps about to be put in service. This necessitated drying out of motors and electrical equipment at considerable expense.

To avoid damage from future breaks the basement window sills on north and east sides of station were concreted up two feet above the ground outside, sewer manholes were raised two feet and two-foot concrete stile built in front of the outside door of bath house.

The new pumps were started in February, 1919, the west pump first pumping water on February 19th and the east one on February 25th. They were turned over to the Operating Division on February 27, 1919.

In order to take care of surge in wet wells a brick wall 30 inches high was built around the wet wells in basement.

To facilitate the loading and unloading of transformers on auto trucks a door was built in the north wall of the engine room and a chain hoist installed to travel on a beam through the top of the door.

The total cost of above work for 1919, exclusive of contract work, amounted to \$36,857.30.

The United Engineering Co.'s contract for pumping machinery is completed.

Henry Newgard & Co.'s contract for electrical connections has been completed.

The Sullivan Machinery Co.'s contract for air compressor was completed.

* *

The construction work at the 22nd Street Pumping Station was in local charge of Mr. John S. Dean, assistant engineer, until August 8th, when Mr. F. A. Smith, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

LAKE VIEW PUMPING STATION.

Owing to the dangerous condition of the Sederholm boilers, for which the Boiler Inspection Department refused to issue a certificate for operation, the Nos. 4 and 5 boilers were cut up with an oxy-acetylene torch and removed and a new 650 H. P. Edge Moor water tube boiler, with Sanford Riley stoker, installed.

The work, which was started on August 27th, consisted not only of cutting up the boilers proper but also of removal of steel lagged brick settings, concrete ash pits, construction of new ash pit and boiler setting and considerable remodeling of steel floor framing, galleries and bunker columns. New breeching connection was made, new piping connections made, including Diamond soot blowers, and steam turbine-driven forced draft fan installed with suitable air ducts to air chamber under stoker.

The new boiler was placed in service on December 27th.

The cost of the above work, exclusive of cost of boiler, stoker and accessories, amounted to \$25,270.39.

The construction work done at the Lake View Pumping Station was in local charge of Mr. L. S. Knorr, acting assistant engineer.

Boiler Room. 68th STREET PUMPING STATION.

The construction work involved in the raising of boilers Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, installation of feed water heaters, feed pumps and piping, started in 1918, was completed in 1919.

The work done in 1919 consisted of-

Removing old brick settings and stokers of boilers Nos. 3 and 4.

Raising boilers Nos. 3 and 4 a distance of three feet, with the necessary structural steel changes.

Installation of Continental chain grate stokers under Nos. 3 and 4 boilers, including rearrangement of stoker drive shafting.

Building of brick settings of Nos. 3 and 4 boilers and covering tops of Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 boilers with sheet steel.

New concrete floor in front of boilers.

Completion of piping connections to feed pumps, feed water heaters and boilers, including installation of feed water regulators.

Installing new stoker drives and rearranging stoker drive shafting for Nos. 5, 6 and 7 boilers.

Covering feed water heaters and all piping with non-conducting covering. Building of spiral stairway up to gallery over boilers.

Engine Room.

On May 19, 1919, work was started on the installation of two new 40-million gallon electrically driven centrifugal pumps, with bank of six transformers, line room, switchboard, oil switch vaults, etc. It was necessary to install only one pump at a time on account of the capacity of the station. The south pump, No. 3, was installed and started pumping water on November 3, 1919. It was operated until December 7th. At that time pump was shut down, impeller removed, found to be in bad condition, and replaced with impeller from the other pump furnished for the north end of station. The No. 3 pump was started again December 12th and run continuously.

To take care of surge in the wet wells a reinforced concrete overflow with cross-sectional area of nine square feet was built from No. 3 wet well to the curb on Oglesby Avenue, discharging at elevation +9.0. A similar overflow was built at the corner of 68th Street and Yates Avenue from shaft No. 9. The tops of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 wet wells were raised five feet above engine room floor.

The installation of chlorine booth and chlorinating apparatus started in 1918 and was completed in 1919.

The installation of the new 40 million gallon pump included—

Removal of old tile and concrete floor, masonry piers and old concrete footings to permit construction of new pump foundations.

Removal of old suction piping from No. 3 well and rebuilding of well around suction strainer elbow.

Building of foundation for pump and motor and placing of new cement floor around unit after erection.

Necessary structural steel changes and placing of new reinforced concrete floor around No. 3 pump pit.

Hauling new pumps, motors, piping, etc., from Chicago Avenue Pumping Station. Erection of new pump, motor, strainer and piping, with necessary concrete anchors and piers for discharge piping.

Installation of line room equipment, switchboard, control board transformers and all electrical connections required for No. 3 pump and necessary switchboard connections for future No. 4 pump.

Construction of line room of 12-inch hollow tile, plastered on both sides, with reinforced concrete roof.

Cutting new doorway between engine and boiler rooms to permit removal of transformers.

Construction of concrete oil switch vaults.

The cost of all work done during the year 1919 amounted to \$94,347.67.

* * *

The construction work at the 68th Street Pumping Station was in local charge of Mr. John S. Dean, assistant engineer, until August 8th. Mr. F. A. Smith, assistant engineer, was then placed in charge and continued in this capacity until December 8th, when Mr. M. S. Ralls, acting assistant engineer, assumed charge.

SPRINGFIELD AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

The construction work at the Springfield Avenue Pumping Station consists of the practical reconstruction of the boiler house and equipment, including raising roof of boiler house, new boiler room basement and boiler foundations, three new 650 H. P. boilers complete with accessories, remodeling of coal-handling machinery, installation of new ash-handling machinery, feed water heaters, new power piping, etc.

The work done during 1919 has consisted of—

Removal of old Scotch Marine boilers and furnaces Nos. 8 to 8 inclusive. Removal of old boiler breeching, piping and boiler foundations for the above boilers. Excavating for and building new concrete sump in basement of boiler house Excavating for and building concrete foundations for new boilers Nos. 2 and 3,

and basement underneath same. Placing new reinforced concrete floors in boiler room.

Installation of new lighting system in boiler room.

Installation of new power piping.

Covering new breeching and new power piping with non-conducting covering. Structural steel changes, such as new steel bunker columns, floor beams, galleries, etc. Complete erection of new No. 2 boiler, stoker, etc., including brick boiler setting. Installation of drainage system for boiler room floors.

On January 3rd the new No. 1 boiler was placed in service.
On July 24th the new No. 2 boiler was placed in service.

The total cost of the work done during 1919, exclusive of contract work, amounted to \$69,323.01.

Contract Work.

The Edge Moor Iron Co. has practically completed its contract for furnishing and erecting boilers and superheaters.

William A. Pope under a contract for furnishing and delivering power piping material is completed, except for a few closer pieces.

Stephens-Adamson Mfg. Co. completed its contract for furnishing and erecting ash-handling machinery.

Sanford-Riley Stoker Co., Ltd., has completed, except the testing, its work under a contract for stokers.

Ralph H. Simpson Co. completed contract for steel and glass partitions around fan engines.

The work at this station was in local charge of Mr. John S. Dean, assistant engineer, until August 8th, when Mr. Louis S. Knorr, acting assistant engineer, assumed charge.

CHICAGO AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

The work at this station includes the construction of a new building adjoining the present building on the east and facing on Pearson Street. This building addition will house new pump room and transformer room with basement for storage purposes underneath transformer room. In addition to this main building addition there will be several changes in the existing structure, such as remodeling old Holly boiler room into machine shop, steamfitters' shop, toilet room and storage rooms, the moving of old wagon scale and the building of new scale house and stone fence along Chicago Avenue frontage. The architecture of the new building will conform to the present building and construction will be of Joliet limestone for the same reason.

The equipment to be installed in the new building will consist of two 40 millon gallon electric-driven centrifugal pumps, with necessary electrical accessories, such as switchboard, transformers, etc.

The actual construction work was started on March 14, 1919, and the following work was carried out during the year:

Day Labor.

New foundation for wagon scale was built and wagon scale moved to new location.

The remodeling of interior of old Holly boiler room into shops, toilet rooms and storage rooms was started, the work done consisting of completion of

machine shop and steamfitters' shop, tile partition for toilet room and roughing in plumbing for same, completion of storage rooms, cutting all new door and window openings, erection of new roof trusses, etc.

The machine shop equipment was moved and installed in new shop.

About 75 per cent of the new brick and concrete driveway was completed. Foundations for new fence along Chicago Avenue were completed.

Excavation for and placing of concrete for new pump pit and all building foundations were completed.

Two concrete suction shafts 5 feet in diameter were built, connecting with the new 7-foot diameter tunnel built in 1918.

The construction of new pump pit required the use of sheet steel piling. The site of the pit was first excavated to elevation +7.0 or the level of basement floor. Lackawanna steel piling was then driven by the pile driver with steam hammer, aided by a water jet enclosing the area to be excavated for pit. The pit was then excavated by means of a derrick and clam shell bucket, loading the excavated material directly into motor dump trucks. The bracing of the pit with 12-inch by 12-inch timbers was carried on as excavation progressed.

To keep the east wall of the old building from settling, due to the adjoining excavation, the wall was carried on jacks resting on concrete footing. The maximum settlement taken care of by the jacks was about an inch.

After the construction of the building foundation walls, the structural steel floor and gallery beams were erected and reinforced concrete floor placed in transformer room and for pump pit gallery.

The total cost of the above day labor work during 1919 amounted to **\$99,925.19.**

No contract labor was used at the station during 1919. The only contract work was the furnishing of material.

The work at this station was in local charge of Mr. John S. Dean, assistant engineer, until August 8th. Mr. Paul Lippert, assistant engineer, then assumed charge and continued in that capacity until December 8th, when Mr. F. A. Smith, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

MAYFAIR PUMPING STATION.

This station was practically completed and turned over to the Operating Division during 1918.

The work done in 1919 has consisted of-

All of the grading and placing of black dirt on pumping station grounds. The construction of concrete sidewalks and entrance steps.

Completion of interior painting.

Official boiler test was made and boiler plant accepted.

As a result of the completion of the Mayfair Pumping Station, the Jefferson Park Booster Station was no longer required. The building was dismantled and the machinery hauled to and stored in the Municipal Warehouse.

The cost of the construction work done during 1919, exclusive of contract work, amounted to \$59,353.33.

The work at this station was in local charge of Mr. William H. Dean, assistant engineer, until March 4th, when Mr. F. C. Martini, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

REPAIR SECTION.

This section handled the repair work in connection with various city-owned properties, including new construction at the Roosevelt Road bridge and viaduct, Municipal Reduction Plant and at other locations.

A total of 3,773 jobs were completed during the year, at a cost of \$1,794,066.22, or an average cost of \$475.50 for each job.

This total charge was made up of \$971,262.67 for labor, \$684,273.23 for material, \$81,176.90 for rental of equipment, and \$138,530.32 for operation charges to cover overhead expenses.

The rental charges for equipment were made for the use of steam tugs, pile drivers and other large equipment, the maintenance and operation costs of which were charged to overhead expense.

The charge for operation is a percentage of the labor and material actually used on each job, and is made to cover the cost of supervision, maintaining tools, equipment and the cost of office maintenance and operation.

Work Authorized by Appropriations.

This consisted of services rendered in connection with the improvement of various city properties on authority from the City Engineer.

The most important jobs were the remodeling of the Rogers Park Pumping Station for a bathing beach house, building concrete walks, curbs and retaining wall and rebuilding with large stone the Morgan Pier at 51st Street Beach, also extensive alterations at the 76th Street Beach. Owing to strikes which tied up the work of a contractor on the Michigan Avenue widening project, the Repair Section built a ramp on Michigan Avenue north of Randolph Street and pulled steel sheeting of cofferdam of the north abutment of the Michigan Avenue bridge. The maintenance of temporary pumping equipment and installation of a temporary sewerage booster station at 108th Street and Avenue F were also supervised by this section.

Division of Bridges.

The work done for this division consisted of making repairs to the cityowned bridges, and was made up of all classes of building work. All electrical and mechanical repairs to operating machinery and signal apparatus, carpentry work, structural iron repairs, painting, glazing and other miscellaneous work required for the maintenance of the bridges were handled by this section, all work being done as requisitioned by the Engineer of Bridges.

There was a total of 1,855 Bridge Division jobs during the year, at an average cost of \$364.09 per job.

The most important jobs handled for this division consisted of redecking the Erie and Taylor Street bridges, completion of the east approach to the Monroe Street bridge, new work at Roosevelt Road bridge and viaduct and taking down the entire superstructure of the South Halsted Street Calumet River bridge and rebuilding with new decking and beam spans.

Bureau of City Hall.

Thirty-four jobs were handled for this bureau, consisting of painting and miscellaneous repairs at the City Hall. The average cost per job was \$531.07.

Fire Department.

Eight jobs at two locations were handled for this department, at an average

cost per job of \$813.30. The largest single job consisted of remodeling the fire drill school at 720 Sebor Street.

Harbor and Subway Commission.

Work done for this commission consisted of making miscellaneous repairs at the Municipal Pier. The largest single jobs were the construction of elevator hatchway and building 1,462 lineal feet of curbing along dock northwest of pier. A total of 12 jobs were handled at a cost of \$15,111.99, or an average cost of \$1,250.99 per job.

Department of Gas and Electricity.

Nineteen jobs were handled for this department at an average cost of \$181.35 per job.

Department of Health.

Steamfitting and miscellaneous carpentry work was handled for this department at an average cost of \$87.33 per job.

Division of Pumping Station Operation.

The work done for this division consisted of all steamfitting, electrical work, brick work and work required in the maintenance of the city's pumping stations. A total of 685 jobs at 25 locations were handled at an average cost of \$179.88 per job.

Bureau of Small Parks.

The work of this division was divided into miscellaneous building repairs and alterations at the parks, playgrounds and bathing beaches under the control of the bureau. The average cost per job was \$578.76.

Division of Pipe Yards and Stores.

The garage at Pipe Yard A was constructed for this division and miscellaneous labor furnished. Twenty-nine jobs were handled at an average cost of \$300.70 per job.

Police Department.

Four hundred and twenty-four jobs at forty locations were handled for this department at various police stations and other property under their control. Among the large items was the remodeling of the old 24th Precinct Station and the cleaning and painting of the 10th, 12th and 16th Precinct Police Stations. The average cost per job was \$630.49.

Bureau of Sewers.

Screens and office doors were installed at the 5th District office at a cost of \$27.16.

Bureau of Streets.

Carpentry was the principal work performed for this bureau. Eleven jobs were handled at an average cost of \$25.66 per job.

Bureau of Waste Disposal.

The work done consisted of making repairs and alterations to the buildings at the Municipal Reduction Plant and moving by steam shovel over 1,000 cu. yds. of cinders at the Bridewell incinerator.

Alterations at the reduction plant included changes in mill house and No. 4 and 5 dryer buildings, rebuilding button conveyor in receiving room, remodeling old mill house for tankage storage, rebuilding furnace in No. 2 dryer building, building tile house on roof of old extraction plant, erecting steel and concrete floors in No. 4 and 5 dryer buildings, removing old stack from condenser tower and re-erecting stack from old mill building on new foundation at condenser tower, building fire wall in dryer building, lining two stacks at new boiler house, etc.

A total amount of \$45,382.39 was expended during the year, or an average of \$1,134.56 per job.

Division of Water Pipe Extension.

The laying of new water pipe and repairing damaged sidewalks and 120 feet of dock amounted to \$24,099.99, at an average cost per job of \$119.30. The dock at the Chicago Avenue loading station was removed and a new one built, including new rods to back log. This completed the west dock on the bank of the river along city property south of the Chicago Avenue bridge.

Division of Municipal Shops.

Services rendered to this division during the year totaled \$4,128.98. A total of thirty-one jobs was completed at an average cost of \$133.19 per job.

A new truck elevator is being installed in the west end of the machine shop and a covered bridge is to be constructed between the fourth floors of the warehouse and carpenter shop buildings.

Services for Other Sections.

Certain work for which the Repair Section is especially equipped was handled for other sections of the Construction Division during the year.

The work done was painting, fabricating steel, moving machinery, and performing steamfitting work in connection with the construction of the various pumping stations. The average cost per job was \$424.58.

Bureau of Rivers and Harbors.

Repairs to harbor boats and electrical work were done for this bureau. Twenty jobs were handled at an average cost of \$70.84 per job.

Testing Division.

The chemical room was painted for this division and the necessary material is on the ground in readiness to install brick testing furnace. Three jobs were handled at an average cost of \$298.27 per job.

The Municipal Market.

Alterations done at this location amounted to \$158.11, or an average cost of \$79.05 per job.

Services for Outside Parties.

Services in the amount of \$649.42 were rendered to outside parties during the year.

Contracts.

Twenty contracts were handled by the Repair Section at an average cost of \$7,479.74.

SUMMARY OF COST OF WORK DONE By Repair Section in 1919

Department, division or Bureau for which work was done	No. of jobs	Number of locations	Total 1919
Miscellaneous appropriations	41	15	\$ 98,659.65
Division of Bridges	1855	142	1.121.986.33
Bureau of City Hall	34	2	18,156,55
Fire Department	8	1	6.511.44
Gas and Electric Department	19	19	3,445.60
Harbor and Subway Commission	12	ī	15,111,99
Health Department	15	14	1.309.85
Division of Pumping Station operation	685	25	123,220,39
Bureau of Small Parks, etc	64	22	38,042,69
Division of Pipe Yards and Stores	29	5	8,518.44
Police Department	424	40	25,219.73
Bureau of Sewers	i	ĩ	27.16
Bureau of Streets	1 i	11	1.326.23
Bureau of Waste Disposal	40	*3	45,382.39
Water Pipe Extension Division	202	273	24,099.99
Municipal Shops Division	31	2.1	4.128.98
Other Construction Division Sections	252	25	106,191.02
Bureau of Rivers and Harbors	20	17	1.416.70
Water Meter Shops Division	20		9.15
Testing Division	1	1	894.83
	Ÿ	1	4.76
Efficiency Engineers	, t	‡	
Municipal Market	ž	į.	158.11
Outside Parties	.3	.8	649.42
Contracts	20	11	149,594.82
Totals	3773	633	\$1,794,066.22

The work carried on by the Repair Section was in local charge of Mr. A. G. Anderson, assistant engineer, until March 4th, when Mr. Wm. H. Dean, assistant engineer, assumed charge.

Inventory of Equipment	360,601.56
Inventory of Stock	34,150.56

WATER PIPE EXTENSION DIVISION.

H. L. LUCAS, Superintendent.

The work of the Water Pipe Extension Division includes the maintenance, operation and extension of the distributing system of the Chicago Water Works. In addition to the mechanical work involved in the care of existing and the installation of new mains, hydrants and valves, this division also handles the engineering work, involving plans for the extension of the system, the inspection of new services, the tapping of water mains, the investigation of service complaints, the inspection for water waste, and takes care of all plumbing repairs for other city departments.

Due to the high cost of materials and labor during the past year, the extension of the system has not been as great as in pre-war years, although somewhat greater than in 1918. Further advances in wages paid to labor, both skilled and unskilled, during the season just passed, as well as advances in the costs of materials, have caused higher costs in our maintenance and construction work.

The maintenance work is performed by the district forces in charge of the various district foremen, the city being divided into eight maintenance districts. A construction organization is maintained for the laying of large mains

and doing of all pipe-laying work where trenching machines can be used to advantage, while all other construction work is performed by the district forces in their respective districts.

Water mains are laid by contract where they are paid for by special assessments, this division furnishing the engineering and inspection work only.

MAINTENANCE OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

The cost of maintenance of the distribution system during the past year amounted to \$623,892.39, which is an increase over 1918 of \$75,783.83, due to the advances in labor and materials mentioned above. This is also shown in the increase in cost per mile from \$192.15 in 1918 to \$217.27 in 1919.

It has been the aim to use modern equipment in every way possible in connection with our maintenance work in order to reduce expenses. The districts are all equipped with motor trucks, which have been of advantage in increasing the effectiveness of our force in handling its work and it is our plan during the coming season to further equip the maintenance force with such apparatus as will aid in reducing the cost of this work.

During the year a new headquarters has been fitted up for the fourth district, but the second, third and sixth districts should be re-located and provided with suitable buildings, the present quarters being neither adequate, convenient, sanitary nor sightly.

A curve is included in this report showing the comparison of maintenance costs in various years since 1915.

EXTENSIONS OF SYSTEM.

The additions to the system during the year 1919 amounted to 254,689 feet or 48.14 miles of pipe of all sizes, 519 gate valves and 815 hydrants. The total amount of pipe in service at the close of the year amounted to 2,915.70 miles.

IMPORTANT CONSTRUCTION WORK.

A 24-inch main was laid in 87th Street from State Street to Holland Road to complete connection of feeder mains between these points, which was started in 1917.

Work was started during the latter part of the year on the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station discharge system. This is a very important piece of work, involving the replacement of all of the existing mains in the discharge system at this station. A discharge system was planned, consisting entirely of 48-inch mains laid out as a double header, with sufficient capacity to take care of the ultimate pumpage from this station, which will amount to 250,000,000 gallons daily.

Several systems of mains were laid in subdivisions in various parts of the city, the most extensive being one at Clearing lying south of 63rd Street and east of Central Avenue, one at 67th Street and Western Avenue and one at 87th and State Streets.

This report includes a list of all mains laid by city forces, showing the size, number of feet, total cost and average cost per foot for each job. A great deal of our pipe this year was laid by our construction gang, which uses trenching machines for excavating. This gang laid 54,177 feet of 8-inch pipe at a total cost of \$99,024.24, or an average cost per foot of \$1.83. This enables us to make an interesting comparison between the cost of machine work by city

forces and the cost of contract work on the special assessment jobs. The contractors laid 38,842 feet of 8-inch pipe at a total cost of \$89,875.68, or an average cost per foot of \$2.31.

It is our aim to improve our equipment for laying pipe in order to reduce costs as much as possible and also on account of the difficulty in securing sufficient men to carry on the work. The following is a comparison between the costs of laying mains of various sizes, comparing certain hand jobs with machine jobs of like character:

Work done by	Location	Leng 36	th,	Excavating Cost
Hand Harpe Machine Addise	r Ave. on St. Saving per foot,	6686 177899 \$.77		\$2.58 1.81
		24"	,	
HandArgyle MachineLawre MachineMontr	nce-Kostner Ave.	1360 7990 10688 \$.38	ft.	1.53 1.14\Avg. 1.16}\$1.15
		48"	,	
Hand		5483 10730 \$1.53		3.85 2.32
		8"		
Hand	Saving per foot,	21283 54177 \$.47		2.38 1.91

The above figures are based on existing prices for hand and machine work at the time the work was done. At present wages for labor the saving would undoubtedly be greater.

At present all large ditches and many of the smaller ones are backfilled by contract. The contract price for large ditches averages fifteen cents per foot. It is estimated that by backfilling with the crane this work can be done by the city's forces for ten cents per foot and will be a saving of \$5,000 on the feeder mains to be laid during 1920. The savings shown in the above table are conservative, as the jobs compared were done when the labor cost was considerably less than it is at present. Also, our recent experience indicates that it is going to be very difficult to get labor and it will be almost impossible to execute the amount of work we anticipate without using the machine.

MAINS LAID ON DEPOSIT AND REVENUE

During the year 1919 there were laid 41,088 feet or 7.78 miles of pipe, which was paid for by deposits made by the owners of the property benefited. Some of the largest jobs of this kind were the subdivisions mentioned in the previous section. In addition there was 34,996 feet or 6.62 miles of pipe laid on account of revenue where reports of the Water Assessor indicated that the property to be supplied would develop an annual revenue of at least six cents per lineal foot.

MAINS LAID BY CONTRACT.

Water mains laid by contract during the past year amounted to 58,896 feet or 11.15 miles. The total cost of this work was \$130,838.94. Most of the mains laid were of 6-inch, 8-inch and 12-inch diameters and were paid for by

special assessments levied against the property benefited. A table is included in this report showing the streets on which these mains were laid, the amount of pipe laid and the contract price on each job. Contracts for all of this work are let by the Board of Local Improvements. The engineering and inspection are handled by this division.

WORK DONE ON ACCOUNT OF PAVING.

As in previous years the mains, valves and hydrants in streets ready for paving were thoroughly tested and where necessary overhauled or removed so that when the street was paved we were certain that our underground equipment was in good order. The work of testing these mains and services for leakage is performed by an engineering party and is described more completely under the heading of "Engineering Work."

In addition to the rehabilitation of existing pipes new mains were laid in streets to be paved where no pipes already existed. 72,995 feet or 13.82 miles of pipe were laid for this reason during the past season.

ENGINEERING WORK.

The engineering section of the Water Pipe Extension Division has in charge the preparation of plans, estimates and orders for all work done by the division forces, the preparation of plans and specifications for contract work, the inspection of the installation of mains by contract, analysis of cost of construction and maintenance work, preparation of specifications for material contracts, the making of pitometer and flow tests on water mains, leakage tests, pressure surveys and the collection of other data bearing on the operation of the distributing system.

In order to prosecute this work in the most effective way the city is divided into three engineering districts, each in charge of a division engineer who has under his direction three field parties, one on construction work, one on feeder survey work and one on street improvement work.

The construction party in each division has for its work the setting of line and grade stakes for all work done in its division, including the work done by contract, the furnishing of engineering supervision on all such work, analysis of cost, and estimating of cost and preparing of plans for proposed work.

The feeder survey party in each division has charge of making flow tests on feeder mains, regulation and control of the supply to various outlying areas, the making of flow tests around pumping stations and the compiling of data showing conditions in our feeder mains.

A highly important piece of work was performed by the feeder survey parties in the three divisions during the past year in the completion of population curves by square mile areas covering the entire city, extending from 1890 up to the present time and projected into the future to 1940. These population curves were the basis of estimates of water consumption made for all of these areas in five-year periods up to 1940. In making up these estimates account was taken of transportation and railroad facilities, the probable occupancy of the territory was forecasted and estimates were made as to the probable consumption of water for manufacturing purposes by parks, railroads and for other uses in the various square mile areas. In order to make this study complete it was necessary to obtain the meter readings for various industries in all

parts of the city, extending over a period of several years. These were tabulated and the results used in making the estimates. This work, which was completed during the past year, is the basis for the City Engineer's program for development of the water system.

The feeder survey party also had charge of the pressure records, daily charts being received from about 62 gauges located in various sections of the city in fire engine houses and other public buildings, the charts from which are mailed daily to the division engineers' offices.

The street improvement party is charged with the duty of making tests on all streets to be paved, together with making of recommendations for work to be done on those streets by our district forces and the testing and assisting in the location of leaks in conjunction with the district men. This work is of very great value to the department on account of the fact that a great deal of leakage is stopped due to the efforts of these parties, and the mains and services on the streets to be tested are left in first-class condition.

In addition to the above outline of the engineering work, I wish to call attention to some important things accomplished in each of the three engineering divisions.

North Division.

Plans and estimates, together with program of construction were prepared for the new discharge system at the Chicago Avenue Pumping Station. This required considerable detail study, as it was absolutely necessary that the station be kept in operation during the time of construction and that no more than one pump should be out of service at one time. The work on this improvement was started early in December.

A considerable amount of work was done in connection with the Augusta Street sewer, it being necessary to remove mains at street intersections and to cut off or disconnect service pipes along the line of this work.

In addition to the preparation of plans and estimates for special assessment mains, the construction party of the North Division prepared plans for the extension of mains to the Sauganash subdivision, located between Peterson and Kostner Avenues, and work was started on the laying of these pipes.

The feeder survey party of the North Division did some excellent work in connection with the relief of low pressure in Austin by the isolating of the Cicero Avenue main, thereby supplying this territory from the Mayfair Pumping Station. Careful tests by this party were required to work out the details of this plan and put it in operation. On account of these tests a recommendation has been made to lay a 24-inch main in Pine Street from Cicero Avenue to Madison Street, which will assist greatly in distributing the water through Austin and relieving the low pressure in this section.

Pressure conditions were found unsatisfactory in Edison Park during the hot weather last summer. Tests were made in this territory and it was found there was considerable friction loss due to the small size of the pipes supplying Edison Park and Park Ridge. A recommendation has been made to relieve this situation by laying certain mains which will afford another supply to this territory and not only relieve the low pressure but be a safeguard against the failure of the water supply.

Special pressure and flow tests were made to determine the cause of complaints from the Ridge Boulevard district in Rogers Park. It has been recommended on account of these tests that this area which is now supplied from the Lake View Pumping Station be taken care of by a high pressure line from the Mayfair Pumping Station in Foster Avenue and in the feeder main which is recommended to be laid in Western Avenue from Foster Avenue to Pratt Avenue. A request for an appropriation for this main has been included in the budget for 1920.

All regulated valves in the North Division were operated and sealed in their proper positions and pressure surveys made in each area to insure proper service. A complete report has been made on the closed and throttled valves.

In connection with street improvement work a large service leak was found in making test on LaVergne Avenue from Roscoe Street to Addison Street. This one leak, which was at the tap, was due to a broken solder connection and amounted to 46,300 gallons per day. The water had undermined the street in such a way as to make it dangerous to traffic. Another large leak was found at the intersection of Oakley Boulevard and Walton Street, where a 6-inch pipe was found to be broken where it rested on ledge of rock. The water escaping from this leak followed the pipe for a distance of about sixteen feet and made its way into a sewer manhole. No evidence of this leak was indicated on the surface of the street.

A main was placed on the Crawford Avenue bridge crossing the North Branch of the River between Argyle Street and Bryn Mawr Avenue, where a leakage of 74,800 gallons per day was indicated in the pipe lying on the river bed. This leakage was eliminated by the installation of the new pipe.

Central Division.

Construction work in the Central Division consisted mostly of supervision and inspection of the changes in water mains made in connection with the Michigan Avenue widening and Union Station projects. We have had cosiderable work to do at both of these locations and it has required a large part of the junior engineer's time to keep in touch with this work.

A special long hydrant was designed after suggestions made by the Central Division engineers for use on two-level streets in connection with the above mentioned projects. A hydrant of this type was built and tested out and several are now being installed on Michigan Avenue. This hydrant permits of the operation of the hydrant from the upper level, while the main valve is below the ground on the lower level and therefore keeps the hydrant safe from frost.

Feeder flow tests, consisting of 24-hour flow records, were made at forty-five different points and the results of tests tabulated.

Regulated valves were tested out and valve locks installed throughout the Central Division. Tests were made on areas under regulation to insure a proper supply.

Tests were made in District No. 253, which lies immediately west of the river and north of Kinzie street. In this area all of the shutoff boxes were adjusted and stopcocks put in operative condition. The leakage in the mains in this area was measured and amounted to 53,200 gallons per day. The

minimum night consumption was found to be 859,000 gallons per day. Deducting the leakage from this latter figure and dividing by the population we have a minimum night consumption per capita of 400 gallons per day. From these figures it will be seen that this district shows a large amount of underground leakage as well as a heavy leakage or wastage in the premises. Recommendations have been made to cut off unused services in this area, and then an attempt will be made to stop all of the underground leakage and submit recommendations for the control or stopping of the leakage in the premises.

Another district, No. 270, which lies between Kinzie Street, Madison Street, Halsted Street and the River has been under test in this division, and while the tests are not completed indications are that there is a heavy leakage, probably in excess of 92,000 gallons per day per mile of pipe. In this district the minimum night consumption is also very high.

A test was made on Lawndale Avenue between 30th and 31st Streets, where the street car company reported their tracks settling in spots. By the use of aquaphones on the hydrants and valves, leakage was found within certain limits and finally located on four service pipes which were leaking at the taps, the total leakage amounting to 80,000 gallons per day, which was wasting into the sewer.

Much of the time of the feeder survey party in the Central Division was occupied during the last year following up pressure complaints, making pressure surveys, changing valve settings in control areas and manipulating the flow on account of the great shortage of water and the inability of the Central Park Avenue and Springfield Avenue stations to adequately supply their areas.

South Division.

There were many changes due to track elevation and sewer construction work in the South Division during the past year. The most extensive work on account of track elevation occurred at 95th Street and the Illinois Central Railroad tracks, where there is a very deep depression and where our mains had to be relaid for a considerable distance. This work was planned and supervised in an efficient manner by the South Division engineers.

The construction party also supervised the laying of a 24-inch main in 87th Street from State Street to Holland Road.

The feeder main work in this section included tests on the discharge mains at Roseland and 68th Street Pumping Stations at various times during the year, reports of which were prepared and forwarded to the City Engineer's office. In addition a test was made on the consumption of water in Hegewisch which indicated a per capita consumption of 443 gallons per day under an average pressure of 26 pounds.

A closed test was also made in Hyde Park in September which indicated per capita rates as follows: Average 182, minimum 122 and maximum 222 gallons per day. The night rate was 67 per cent of the average rate. These per capita rates indicate a small waste due to the fact that the buildings are modern and have good plumbing.

A test was made in a section of South Chicago between 87th Street and 92nd Street in January of last year, which indicated an average per capita rate of 226 gallons per day and a night rate of 207 gallons per day, the night

rate being 92 per cent of the average, which indicates a bad condition similar to that existing in Hegewisch.

The feeder survey party in the South Division also made numerous short tests, checked friction losses and pressures in various mains and compiled other data which assisted greatly in the intelligent operation of the distribution system. A leakage test was made in 59th Street between Western Avenue and Rockwell Street, where an inspection of the street indicated considerable settlement of the pavement. Upon inspection water was observed flowing into the sewer manholes and a leakage test was made, showing that there was a loss of about 116,000 gallons per day. By using aquaphones on the curb cocks leaks were found on seven service pipes and also on one joint and one hydrant which totaled 112,000 gallons per day.

An interesting condition was found in Muskegon Avenue between 79th and 80th Streets, which is paved with asphalt and is in good condition. Several property owners in this block reported an annoying sound on their plumbing fixtures which kept them awake at night. By testing with the aquaphone and after installing patent plugs at intermediate points in this section, a point was finally reached by driving an iron bar through the pavement and listening with the aquaphone, where the sound from the leak was very intense. A one-inch service was uncovered by tunneling from in back of the curb, which showed a leak amounting to 109,000 gallons per day. A subsequent test on the main indicated that it was tight. A photograph is included herewith showing the character of various service pipe leaks found. An explanation of the photograph is as follows:

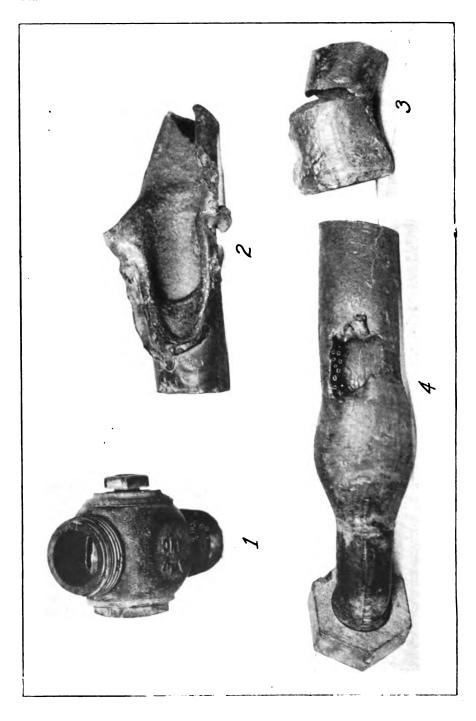
Figure 1 shows a 1-inch tap found on the 8-inch main in Kingston Avenue, 93 feet N. N. L. 93rd Street. There was no record of this tap on the official atlas. The tap was probably partly opened by one of the rocks dropped upon it when the ditch was backfilled, the action of the water increasing the size of the opening by scouring away the metal. The leak was at the rate of 9,240 gallons per day.

Figure 2 shows a piece of service pipe found in 59th Street 38 feet east of Rockwell Street. The leak at this point was at the rate of 35,000 gallons per day and on account of the fact that it was water-bound was scarcely audible with the aquaphone. The action of the water had washed away the upper half of the service pipe near the tap and had nearly closed the service pipe at a point about eight inches from the tap. This leak was caused by the faulty wiping of a joint.

Figure 3 shows a piece of service pipe that was cut off near the curb cock at No. 9203 Essex Avenue. The leak produced amounted to 51,134 gallons per day. Investigation showed that a 5-ton truck had gone over the buffalo box, driving the box downward, which sheared off the lead pipe through three-quarters of its circumference. A hole about two square inches in area in an adjacent house drain allowed the water to escape into the sewer without being noticed.

Figure 4 shows the section of pipe which was removed from a service pipe stub in Muskegon Avenue 15 feet N. N. L. of 80th Street. The wiped joint was not properly made and a leak of 109,440 gallons per day resulted. Since the main is in rock the water had easy access to the sewer.

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Street Improvement Party.

The street improvement party in each division has made inspections and tests on the mains in streets to be paved. During the past year there were 42.86 miles of mains tested by these parties. The measured leakage in these mains amounted to 1,738,000 gallons per day. Of this amount 1,629,000 gallons per day was located and stopped. Included in this report is a table showing a summary of leakage tests by street improvement parties for four years, giving the amount of leakage measured and stopped and character of leaks found. During the four-year period 296 miles of mains have been tested in this manner and leakage amounting to 2,543,000 gallons per day actually stopped. The table indicates that the average leakage in the mains tested for the four-year period was at the rate of 19,390 gallons per day per mile of pipe.

SERVICE PIPES AND TAPS INSTALLED.

During the year there were 7,519 service pipes of all sizes from % inch to 8 inches in diameter installed. 4,462 one-inch service pipes were installed by special assessment, the total cost being \$75,394, or an average cost of \$16.89 each. There were 190 tapping connections from 3 inches to 12 inches in diameter each. In making all taps 3 inches to 8 inches in diameter inclusive, the power tapping machine was used. This machine is equipped with an air motor which is driven by an air compressor from a 1½-ton motor truck. This makes the operation of making large taps on the mains very efficient and economical, although during the past two years this machine would have been able to do twice as much work as it was called upon to do, which would, of course, reduce the average cost per operation a great deal. The cost of installing taps % inch to 2 inches in diameter is itemized in the following table and compared with the costs of the two previous years.

	1917	1918	1919
Tapper in charge\$	1,400.13	\$ 1,740.00	\$ 2,149.00
Tappers' salaries 1	19,068.98	17,129.14	15,867.35
Team hire	8,541.00	501.00	
Auto truck	7,584.00	9,980.00	14,102.60
Corporation ferrules and plugs	21,672.57	7,584.05	9,069.61
Miscellaneous items	220.49	229.69	813.34
Shop repairs	930.14	700.00	232.00
Combination drills and taps	678.60	388.75	
Total expenses\$6	0,095.91	\$38,252.63	\$42,233.90
Total expenses	18,420	\$38,252.63 4,850	\$42,233.90 8,347
	•	****	• •
Taps installed, ¾" to 2"	18,420	4,850	8,347
Taps installed, ¾" to 2"	18,420 372	4,850 361	8,347
Taps installed, 34" to 2". Plugs installed, 34" to 2" (brass)	18,420 372 20	4,850 361 39	8,347 48
Taps installed, ¾" to 2"	18,420 372 20 18,812	4,850 361 39 5,250	8,347 48 8,395

PLUMBING INSPECTION.

The work performed by the Plumbing Inspection section included the inspection of the installation of new service pipes, of existing pipes on streets to be paved, investigation of complaints, house-to-house inspections in certain areas, plumbing construction work for various city departments, and many special investigations. The following table shows the character of work performed, together with cost:

•	
Num	ber of
Character of Inspection Inspe	ctions Cost
New service pipes (contract)	98 \$ 3,802.00
New service pipes (scattered)	897
Retapping and reconnecting service pipes	
Large service pipe applications.	
Large service pipe installations.	
Inspection of meter installations	
Fire and wrecked building inspections for cut-offs 10	
Inspection of services abandoned at main or roundway 1	
Inspection of recording pressure gauges	
Inspection of drinking fountains and service hydrants	
Inspection on account of paving	
Inspection of shut-off boxes, account sidewalk construction	
Inspection of cross connections	
Inspection of complaints	
House-to-house inspection	
Plumbing installation	
Made 1	970 110 04

Inspection of 119 premises were made to locate cross connections between city water and pipes supplied from other sources, such as the river, wells or cisterns. Seventeen such connections were cut off as a result of this work.

There were 406 drinking fountains maintained and 41 moved to different locations during the year. Broken and not replaced fountains numbered 34; 11 fountains were removed by request, leaving 402 taken down in October, 1919. There were 43 watering troughs for horses in use during the year.

Inspections were made of all wrecked buildings and of all buildings partly or totally destroyed by fire, and service pipes were shut off or abandoned when they were not to be used immediately.

The work of making inspections of service pipes in streets to be paved is very important. Plats of these streets showing service pipes are furnished the inspector and he is required to check the records, make recommendations for cutting off unnecessary pipes, notify owners to increase size of pipes where found to be too small and make such other suggestions as will result in increased efficiency of this branch of the service. These reports are turned over to the division engineer and used in preparing orders for work to be done in these streets. 42¼ miles of streets were inspected in this way during 1919.

Where new sidewalks were about to be laid, the following work was done by the inspectors: 290 streets were inspected and 6,685 shut-off boxes were located. Of these, 406 were ordered raised by contractors and 176 were located and 72 repaired by the city. 6,031 were found O. K.

House-to-house inspections were made in all of wards 10 and 20 and part of wards 18 and 19.

16,359 buildings were inspected, in which were found 19,290 leaky fixtures resulting in a total measured leakage of 5,423,020 gallons daily. On reinspection, 11,328 of these were found repaired, effecting a daily saving of 5,403,517 gallons.

1,710 underground leaks and 2,782 hopper closets, which waste much water, were also found in these premises. No attempt was made to estimate the loss of water from these conditions.

Plumbing construction work was done for other departments at a total cost of \$23,639.85, as follows:

Bridewell power plant\$	77.78
Bureau of City Hall	1,780.88
Bureau of Engineering, Bridge Division	8,006.76
Bureau of Engineering, Construction Division	4,048.64
Bureau of Engineering, Municipal Shops	1,517.86
Bureau of Engineering, Meter Division	58.22
Bureau of Engineering, Pumping Stations	288.90
Bureau of Engineering, Testing Division	90.08
Bureau of Engineering, Water Pipe Extension	1,287.84
Department of Gas and Electricity	838.09
Department of Health	762.17
Bureau of Sewers.	23.59
Bureau of Small Parks	832.80
Bureau of Streets.	205.08
Department of Police	4,456.72
Fire Department	4.597.76
Municipal Market	8.41
Municipal Pier	825.90
United States Naval Forces.	42.97
The all the state of the state	72 629 SK

The following table shows the cause of complaints and the result of investigations by the Plumbing Section, but does not indicate the number of visits to the premises:

On the companies	Number
Faucets leaking	
Frozen services inside premises	. 86
Frozen services outside premises	. 9
Fire hydrants leaking	. 15
Foul and dirty water.	. 16
Fountains leaking	
Hopper closets leaking and wasting water.	
Hose being used out of hours.	
Leaks underground, inside premises.	
Meters out of order	
Miscellaneous complaints	
No cause for complaint.	
Obstruction in services, within premises.	
Plumbing, faulty and leaking	
Pressure, lack of, and poor	
Pressure, poor, and tank system recommended	
Riser pipes leaking	
Roof tank out of order and overflowing.	
Service pipe leaking inside of premises	
Service pipe leaking in street	
Service pipe obstructed in street	
Service pipe recommended for cut-off	
Service pipes found too small	. 68
Shutoff rod out of order	. 47
Sewers obstructed and overflowing.	. 102
Water closets leaking and wasting water	2,494
Water troughs leaking and wasting water.	
Water shut off for various reasons.	
Wrong locations	52
mong totalions	
Total	7.424

WATER METER CONNECTIONS.

The following meter connections were installed on existing service pipes as required by ordinance:

Size	Number	Average Cost
% in.	178	\$25.70
1 in.	1,127	22.14
1% in.	960	22.20
z in.	109	20.26
Te	otai2,874	

In addition the following meter connections were installed by plumbers on new service pipes, the material being furnished by the city:

Size	Number	Average Cost
% in.	14	82.42
1 in.	51	8.84
1¼ in.	46	6.08
2 in.	49	7.38
	Total159	
	r connections repaired at average cost of \$18.22.	
Number	of inspections made during 1919	6,001
	of vault notices served	
Number (of orders canceled after inspection was made	228

LOCATING GANG.

The following is a summary of the work performed during the year 1919 by the Locating Gang:

Number of service pipes located incident to street improvements	1,827
Number of iron service pipes located	81
Number of vacant lots examined prior to stubbing	8,080
Number of streets to be paved, examined	52
Number of special locations made	1,801
Number of street openings made	15
Number of openings inside curb	8.128
Number of buffalo boxes installed	265
Number of buffalo box lids put on	286
Number of buffalo box extensions put in	74
Number of buffalo boxes raised to grade	1.564
Number of buffalo boxes lowered to grade	1.286

RECAPITULATION OF MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES BY PIPE DISTRICTS

Hydrants	1917	1918	1919
Repairing	8 50 811 90	\$ 52,003.36	8 75,281,99
Oiling and packing		13,084.56	13,416.55
Inspecting and testing		24,214,20	28,220.63
Refilling basins and thawing	10.953.39	17,386.42	14.062.17
Repairing fire cisterns	414.99	78.21	423.62
Filling and emptying basins	16.738.40		
	\$119.501.17	\$106,766,75	\$131,404,96
	\$119,501.17	\$100,700.75	\$101,802.90
Valves			
Repairing	\$ 5,391.60	\$ 4,886.89	\$ 5,827.57
Replacing		546.74	410.11
Oiling and testing	3,845.96	5,460.72	9,507.94
	\$ 10,270.80	\$ 10,894.35	\$ 15,745.62
Water Mains			
Repairing leaks		\$ 81,452.14	\$ 95,631.02
Flushing mains		1,689.02	2,535.67
	\$ 78.712.78	\$ 83,141.16	\$ 98,166.69
Service Pipes			
Renairing	\$ 92,665.37	8 87,533,59	\$ 85,261,13
Repairing	16,660.04	17,237.41	16.321.41
	\$109,325.41	\$104,771.00	\$101,582.54
Osh Walmannan Garage			
Other Maintenance Costs			
Watchmen and yardmen		\$ 39,544.56	\$ 46,178.24
Locating leaks		21,394.25 1.355.28	26,654.02
Protecting system		1,355.28 18.765.56	3,312.05
Vacations	16,865.35 11.422.96	12,153.11	21,771.35 15.601.57
Monthly men, Sundays and holidays	3,080.39	2.818.61	8,995.17
Sick and injured		1,148.33	542.18
Cleaning fountains.		•	52.00
Hauling and loading.		5,265.91	3.750.64
Work done, account sewer construction	17.428.89	13,520.36	5,288.16
Miscellaneous.		10,778.62	9,956.40
Repairs, account electrolysis.	6.143.78		5.448.09
Emergency gang	26.892.38	35.875.21	32,717.19
Expense, account suspension of work	5,651.42		
-	\$162,138.86	\$162,619.80	\$175,267.06
Hydrants	119,501.17	106,766.75	131,404.96
Valves		10,894.34	15,745.62
Water mains		83,141.16	98,166.69
Service pipes	109,325.41	104,771.00	101,582.54
Other costs	162,138.86	162,619.80	175,267.06
Total cost, pipe districts		\$468,193,06	\$522,166,87

RECAPITULATION OF MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES, MASON DISTRICTS

Hydrant Basins	1917	1918	1919
Repairing\$	5,589.89	\$ 5,727.90	8 4,416.20
Rebuilding	443.85	580.06	405.44
Draining.	2.629.31	3,739.19	4.693.28
Grading	63.50		
	8,726.45	\$ 10,047.15	\$ 9,514.92
Valve Basins			
Repairing\$	5.943.82		
Rebuilding	205.62	\$ 9.144.65	\$ 6.537.78
Draining.	202.97	258.16	349.22
Grading	1,979.15	3,166.26	3,726.42
•	8,331.56	\$ 12,569.07	\$ 10,613.42
Other Maintenance Costs			
Repairing cement walks	4.021.57	8 1.117.24	\$ 3.092.82
Watchmen	1.50		
Vacations	1,368.00	1,088.45	1,568.80
Miscellaneous	3,545.78	3,193.56	4,371.48
Setting new curbs and lids			2,504.52
Work, account sewer construction	186.10	••••••	•••••
8	9,122.95	\$ 5,339.25	\$ 11,537.62
Hydrant basins	8,726.45	10,047.15	9,514.92
Valve basins	8,331.56	12,569.07	10,613.42
Other costs	9,122.95	5,399.25	11,537.62
Total cost, mason districts\$	26,180.96	\$ 28,015.47	\$ 31,665.96

RECAPITULATION OF MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES

Work done by other than regular districts.

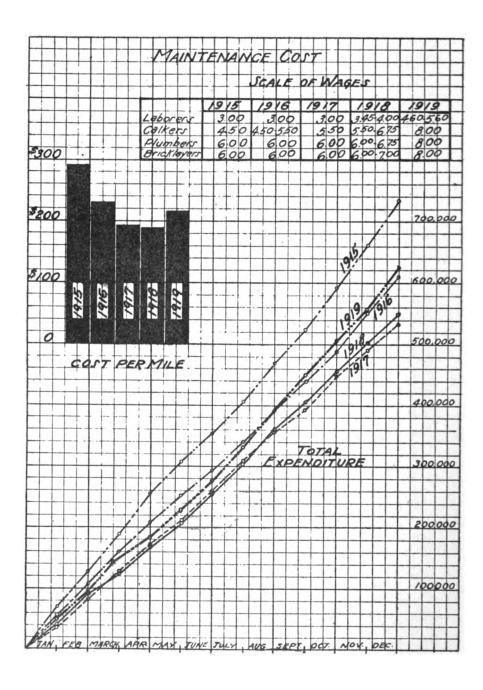
	1917	1918	1919
Repairing service pipes\$	1,569.02	8 14.450.06	\$ 17,836,34
Repairing drinking fountains	4.727.80	5,055.40	4.468.80
General plumbing shop work	5,991.79	7.670.90	8.780.32
Flushing mains	2,649.00		*******
Engineering work	704.25	7.779.78	10,970.65
Vacations	2.842.89	3,055,59	4,814.27
Miscellaneous work	4.804.22	7.948.97	16,993.63
Wiping tap couplings	425.25	7,020.01	20,550.00
Wining tap couplings	320.20		
Work done, account sewer construction			
Testing hydrants	1,546.79	970.17	1,148.83
Testing valves	595.01	•	•
Expense, account suspension of work		4,969.16	5,046.82
Watchmen and yardmen	1,907.91	4,909.10	0,040.82
Total cost, other sections	27,763.93	\$ 51,900.03	\$ 70,059.56
Summ	nary		
Pipe districts	70 040 02	\$468,193.06	\$522,166,87
Mason districts	26.180.96	28,015.47	31,665.96
	27,763.93	51,900.03	70,059.56
Other districts	21,100.50	01,500.00	10,000.00
Total cost	33,893.91	\$548,108.56	\$623,892.39
Million of also	2757.72	2842.08	2871.57
Mileage of pipe	\$193.60	\$192.15	\$217.27
Average cost per mile	₱189.00	₹192.15	\$411.21

SUMMARY OF LEAKAGE TESTS
By Street Improvement Parties for Years 1916, 1917, 1918 and 1919

2	,	Š,	Š	Miles	Lonkage	Leakage		Diet	Distribution of Leakage	934		Leakage
DIAMOD		8		Devel edra	G. P. D.	G. P. D.	Jointe	Br. Pipes	Service Pipes	Hydranta	Valves	of Pipe
	1916	8	165	30.97	274,588	213,525	23,441		168,512	21,054	518	8,869
1117	1917	171	230	36.20	424,090	364,700	83,900	24,800	215,900	40,100		11,715
Division	1918	115	169	30.81	268,600	259,300	110,400		92,600	56,300		8,721
	1919	8	ğ	15.4	518,600	477,500	27,200	376,000	67,200	7,100		33,680
	1916	88	116	10.60	1448,191	436,547	345,773		64,283	25,810	681	42,283
, and and	1917	146	214	25.64	558,070	453,270	100,740		268,000	81,530	3,000	21,766
Division	1918	42	2	12.20	167,174	139,900	18,600		111,650	9,650		13,697
	1919	22	25	7.86	187,820	140,900	40,700	040,000	30,600	29,600		23,900
	1916	8	281	34.63	531,254	492,764	179,091	82,747	91,696	39,230	100,000	15,340
111100	1917	168	275	46.20	508,837	490,602	222,810	7,018	216,821	20,577	23,376	11,014
Division	1918	11	185	26.70	1836,490	764,113	581,414		173,787	8,288	624	31,329
	1919	25	159	19.60	•1,031,698	1,010,630	328,390		604,109	74,711	3,420	52,638
	1916	273	299	76.20	1,254,033	1,142,836	548,305	82,747	640,033	86,094	101,199	16,457
£ oto	1917	485	719	108.04	1,490,997	1,308,572	407,450	31,818	700,721	142,207	26,376	13,800
	1918	271	448	69.71	1,272,264	1,163,313	710,414		378,037	74,238	624	18,251
	1919	150	313	42.86	1,738,118	1,629,030	396,290	416,000	701,909	111,411	3,420	40,553
Grand Total for 4 years		1179	2043	296.81	5,755,412	5,243,751	2,062,459	530,565	2,420,700	413,950	131,619	19,390

This item includes 462,224 G. P. D. special tests. Astopped by abandoning main.

This item includes one joint leak of 200,000 gallons per day. This item includes one joint leak of 536,000 gallons per day.



NO	LOCATION FROM	01	CONTRACTOR	Sign Pipe of se	No. Feet	Price Foot	Valves and Basins	Hydranta	Cost
Ada St. 83rd St. Bennet Ave. 93rd St. Bennet Ave. 93rd St. Benhop St. 83rd St. Benhop St. 62rd St. Benhop St. 62rd St. 62rd St. 62rd St. 62rd St. 62rd St. 63rd St. 6		85th 8t. 282 Southward 282 Southward 284th 8t. Cainelle 8t. Sard 8t. 83rd 8t. 83rd 8t. 82rd 8t. 61st 8t. 61st 8t. 61st 8t. 77th 8t. 87th 8t.	Malachy Murphy Bilmon Ryan Belixo & Till Simon Ryan Bilmon Ryan Simon Ryan Simon Ryan Sully Bros Malachy Murphy Malachy Murphy Malachy Murphy M. J. Bohan M. J. Bohan		1,388 8350 8350 8350 8360 1,255 827 828 849 649 649 649 1,523 1,53	28.24 1.88 1.88 1.88 1.88 1.88 1.89 1.89 2.15 2.23 2.23 2.23 2.23 2.23 2.23 2.23 2.2	25.58 25.58	22.8 22.82.8 28.68.0 25.75.2 25.68.0 25.75.0 2	\$3.39.72 1,753.400 1,753.36 1,753.36 1,369.88 2,889.40 2,189.70 1,555.30 1,555.30 2,568.70 3,
Austin Ave. Elston Ave. Mason Ave. Elston Ave. Milwaukee Ave. Austin Ave. Elston Ave. Austin Ave. Cornelia Ave. Marmora Ave. Eddy St. Marmora Ave. Eddy St. Marmora Ave.	Elston Ave Elston Ave Biston Ave Milwaukee Ave Austin Ave Marmora Ave Ammora Ave Ammora Ave	Milwaukee Ave. Ardmore Ave. Ardmore Ave. Ardmore Ave. Mason Ave. Menard Ave. Menard Ave. Menard Ave.	Simon Ryan.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	1, 969 238 886 886 886 886 886 886 886	1.94	300.00	640.00	6,515.56

PIPE LAID BY SPECIAL ASSESSMENT—Continued

ç Ö	£24,032.04	4,193.40	23,346,84	2,681.50 6,843.93	
Hydrants	\$1,560.00	225.00	2,635.00	300,00	
Valves and Basins	\$ 162.00	180.00	1,620.00	90.00 400.00	
Price Foot	\$1.83	2.20	1.84	3.25 1.675	
N Sep	2,604 9,604 9,602	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5,	221 221 867 867 867 867 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	1,364 937 1,094 689 689 689 1,288 1,288 1,286 1,286 1,286	
Sise Pipe	00 00 00 00				
CONTRACTOR	DeVito & Till	Malachy Murphy	Simon Ryan.	M. J. Bohan. M. J. Bohan.	
TO	Cicero Ave. 47th St. 47th St. 47th St.	*7th St. S2nd Place. Central Park Ave. 300' Westward Peterson Ave.		Indian Road. Peterson Ave. Peterson Ave. Peterson Ave. Peterson Ave. Apterson Ave. This St. Total St. Calumet Ave.	
LOCATION FROM	Knox Ave. 43rd St. 43rd St. 43rd St.	Sand St. 82nd Place. Sand St. 62nd Place. Hamlin Ave. 300 Westward. Melvina Ave. Peterson Ave.		HETT WILLY	
STREET		Hamlin Ave	Elston Ave	Matson Ave E. E. Matson Ave Mason Ave III Mansfeld Ave ST Baxton Ave ST Barto Ave ST Braire Ave Tr Prairie Ave Tr Arth St.	

ENGINEER'S REPORT

•	l Per Ft.	\$5.46 3.47	7.80	14.67	8.7.1 8.0.2 8.0.2	5.51	8.14	177	9	6.49		5.49		3.80	7.07	3.69	2.00				Per Ft.	\$2.75 2.24 6.15 3.10	
ć	101	\$4 ,776.27 1,198.75	8,376.86	3,740.52	1,175.76	3,353.50 2,946.55	3,484.77	3.816.70	1,250.68	6,798.11	•	2,655.80		721.72	2,814.48	893.53	704.70				Total Per Ft	\$ 2,663.93 307.29 461.16 972.64 10,739.83	
7	Valves	ಜಆನ	-016	· :	;==		<u> </u>	Ť	₹ :	~	<u> </u>	~~	-87	1	64	:	-				No. of Valves	: : : Î [™] *	
*	Hydrants	; -	: = :	::	:	-01	-	::	: 	; K	· 69	:	::	::	:		19				No. of Hydrants	≓ : : : :°	
	Feet	875 845 373	38	327	2	\$8 \$8	397	3	8 2 2 2 3	210 837	2	8	38	8	8	242	141	8,177	8,547		Feet	969 137 285 2,328	3,823
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PIPE LAID IN PIRST DISTRICT	CHARGE	Replacement	Paving. Paving	Paving. Replacement.	Replacement	Paving.	Paving.	Paving	Replacement	Paving	Paving	Paving	Paving	Deposit	Replacement	Deposit. Fire Protection	Paving			PIPE LAID IN SECOND DISTRICT	CHARGE	Deposit Revenue Grevation Circulation Circulation Fire Protection	
PIPE LAID	57	Polk St. Canal St.	Grand Ave	. Westward	Vestward	. Kandolph St	Lake St	River St	. Westward	Beaubien Ct	. Westward	Michigan Ave	So. Water St	W. Water St	Market St	18th St		Total pipe laid by District	Total pipe laid in District	PIPE LAID	OT	Southward Eastward Southward 21st Place Rockwell St. 31st St.	District
NOIL	FROM	Taylor StSt Clinton St.			. Michigan Ave	Grand Ave	So. Water St		. Market St	Michigan Ave	Michigan Ave	Beaubien Ct	Crossing			Franklin St	d W. of Desplaines St	Total pipe laid by Pipe laid for hydra	Total pipe laid in		LOCATION FROM	442° S. N. L. 33rd St. Oakley Ave. Filmore St. Prilmore St. Crossing.	Total pipe laid by District Pipe laid for hydrant branches Total pipe laid in District
	NO	Canal St Forquer St	Michigan Ave.	Grand Ave., S. S	Jackson Blvd	Michigan Ave	Michigan AveS	Michigan Ave	Michigan Ave	Randolph St.	So. Water St	So. Water St	Michigan Ave	Washington St	Washington St	Washington St	Alley N. of Sebor St. an				NO	Crawford Ave Kies Place. Kidars Ave. Rockwell St. 21st Place. Western Ave.	

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Total Per Ft.	8 8,702.91 \$3.25 1,23.41 2.67 1,330.62.36 2.63 622.36 2.03 55.81 1.89 3,783.36 2.09 1,613.16 2.67 3,378.30 7.45					Total Per Ft.	\$ 1,112.05 413.16 627.96 2.38 2,066.18 2.26 1,121.11 2.61 785.34 2.03 1,278.91 2.01 1,061.06 2.10 894.70 2.13 864.70 2.13 1,091.47 2.51 1,091.83 1.86 1,235.06 3.13 942.68 2.57
No. of Valves	00 lm : l.d. l <u>m :</u>					No. of Valves	;न ा न ;न ;नन ; ननननन ; ;
No. of Hydrants	; ;== ; ; ;==00 ;					No. of Hydrants	ळ ं ं छ नमधक्ताम् निक ंगमनम
Feet	2,708 44.0 206 206 1,264 153 153	6,149	6,480	17,868		Feet	280 283 283 283 283 1,252 1,252 1,252 1,252 1,262 1,263 1,26
Sign			. . :		TRICT	Sise	
CHARGE	Circulation 12 Revenue 6 Revenue 6 Revenue 6 Circulation 8 Deposit 8				PIPE LAID IN FOURTH DISTRICT	CHARGE	Paving Revenue Revenue Fire Protection Fire Protection Fire Protection Paving Paving Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue
TO	Stat St. Esatward Esatward Esatward Loomis St. Northward 1. & M. Canal	Total pipe laid by District.	Assessment	District	PIPE LAID	TO	9
LOCATION FROM	77th 8t. W. of Taiman Ave. Western Ave. Vers Ave. Vers Ave. Ascine Ave.	Total pipe laid by Pipe laid for hydra	Pipe laid by Special Assessment	Total pipe laid in District		LOCATION FROM	Kilpatrick Ave Keystone Ave Kostner Ave Merrimae Ave Diversey Pkwy 350' E. of Pine Ave Kilpatrick Ave Cicero Ave Nashville Ave Sign M. of Diversey Ave Sign Ave Sign Ave The Ave Sign Ave Crawford Ave Sign Ave Fullerton Ave Fullerton Ave Fullerton Ave Fullerton Ave Fullerton Ave Wabansia Ave
NO	Cicero Ave					NO	Ave.

PIPE LAID IN FOURTH DISTRICT—Continued

Per Ft.	26.22.2 28.22.2	2.73	25.23.2 25.23.2 25.33.	1.86 3.28 1.71	2.68
Total Per Ft.	201.12 201.12 160.98 1,470.52	2,614.55 3,612.09 180.80 1,955.69	1,325.46 1,028.09 1,106.73 2,934.82 674.75 1,272.18	2,039.77 2,039.77 1,454.77 866.93 471.35	1,253.66
No. of Valves	नन ;नन	-F; R	jes is ise	N = == :	-
No. of Hydrants	⊶ : :∞°	ુત્રમ : ;ન્ન : _'	म ा ंश्वत ंमा	* * * - :	
Feet	324 52 72 588	25.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5 26.5	729 727 728 728 728 728 728 738 738 738 738 738 738 738 738 738 73	1,093 1,093 643 234	22,760 22,760 1,470 24,230
Sise	00000000	00000000	20000000000		000
CHARGE	Paving Deposit Revenue Revenue	Deposit Revenue Revenue Fire Protection	Fire Frotection Revenue Paving Revenue Fire Protection Revenue Revenue	Faving. Deposit. Revenue Deposit. Revenue	Revenue.
TO	Northward Dickens Ave Northward Wabania Ave	LE AVE		Central Ave G66 Eastward Tripp Ave Lemoyne Ave Wortheastward	
LOCATION FROM	Fullerton Ave. Crossing. 280' N. of Schubert Av. North Ave.	Wellington St. Narraganeett Ave. 290 N. of Schubert Av. 140 N. of George St. Newland Ave.	Newland Ave. Lavergne Ave. Laramie Ave. Kilpstrick Ave. Cicero Ave. North Ave.	Long Ave. Tripp Ave. Crosing. Crosing. Cherry 8v. Cherry 8v. Cicero Ave.	Lever
NO O	Mango Ave. Mansfield Ave. Melvina Ave. Menard Ave.	111111		Protomac Ave. Tripp Ave. Fletcher Ave. Barry Ave. Waller Ave. Weed St.	Wolfram St.

PIPE LAID IN FIFTH DISTRICT

Per Ft.	\$2.23	2.16 2.55	25.17	1.89	8.0	2.48 2.48	2.3 8.3 8.0 8.0	3.45	2.43	8 8 9.8	2.90	1.37		::	2.50	i i			
Total Per Ft.	\$ 975.00	1,442.58	1,039.47	661.42	2,639.22	1,245.08 806.70	209.07 552.04	306.67	1,663.13	1.087.13	1,989.77	263.77			27,728.12				
No. of Valves	-	,	I = 4 = 1		6 1		: =	:	69	:-	٠:	:		00 00	:=				
No. of Hydrants	-	~-	·	':	**	N 01	:-	:	.	- ;	8	<u>:</u>		20	::	::			
Feet	252	888 888 888	480 25 25 25	227	1,264	88	5 2 2	2 4	8	4 3	8	192		5,292 5,312	119	118	18,920	19,287 1,288 5,658	26,233
Sixe	80	2000		000		∞ ∞ : :	4.0			2 6	00 0			12		12		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:
CHARGE	Revenue				Deposit	•	Revenue	Paving	Revenue			Revenue	-System-	Paving. Paving		Paving			
70	83rd StBo. Chicago Ave	85th St. Blackstone Ave.	Westward.	So. Chicago Ave	.81st St	Southward	.Eastward71st St	Clyde Ave	.79th St	536 N. of S.Chicago Av Northward 74th St.	Ave Wootward	Westward		87th St. 87th St.	Crossing So. Park Ave. Crossing So. Park Ave.	So. Park Ave	Total pipe laid by District. Pipe laid for hydrant branches.	Pipe laid by Special Assessment	Total pipe laid in District
LOCATION FROM	.83rd St	84th St. Stony Island Ave.	Stony Island Ave.	.400' S. of 83rd St	79th	Sard St Southward	. Eberhardt Ave . So. Shore Drive.	Crossing	.78th St.	74th St. 75th St.	Sth St S5th Place	l.Phillips Ave Westward		79th St. 79th St.	Crossing	Crossing	Total pipe laid by Pipe laid for byd	Pipe laid by Spec	Total pipe laid in
NO	Clyde Ave	Crandon Ave. 84th St. 84th Place. Stony Island Ave	85th St. Indiana Ave.	Merrill Ave	Merrill Ave.	Paxton Ave	70th StSberhardt Ave Eas 72nd StSo. Shore Drive. 71s	74th St. 74th Place	So. Park Ave	Stony Island Ave	Stony Island Ave	Courtway opposite 74th P		So. Park Ave., E. S So. Park Ave., W. S	79th 8t	Rard Bt.			

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Pag.	\$2.18	20	6.17	7.62	9.54		20.0	1.18		,	5.23			2.30	2.49	3.27	4.78	1.74			3.88			7.00 7.00	08.6	9		7	, d	32	2.81	2.86	22	4.76	4.91	2 53	3	2.01
Total Per	8 2,017.91	1,712.85	148.05	2,561.80	6,082.38		1,138.02	1,457.42			A0.70A			15,797.61	784.54	117.76	1,391.13	2,316.66			16,266.59			2,762.08	2 087 58	4.065.44		693.46	1,216.66	874.17	2,297.32	2,598.83	2,050.96	276.55	471.87	1 635 00	1,000.0	2,999.38
No. of Valves	=	-	::	:	<u></u>	:	: '	79			:		=	~	? :	:		, .	_ a	5	<u>.</u>	-	-:	~ 1	6	· 🕶		_	:-	٠.	• 69	~ 3	~	- =	<u> </u>	•	:	60
No. of Hydrants	80	= 4	::	ď	•	:=	~:	:			:		•	• :	-		:'	79 1	4	•	: :	:	:	~	4	• 10		:	:	:-	· 69	64	,	-	: :	~	•	:
Feet	35	<u> </u>	34	88	33	320	96	1,230		8	877		8000	2	315	8	201		2 261	272	12	72	22	916	<u></u>	1.275	1,266/	8	2. g	35	816	80 6	824	121		628	81	42
Sign	80 80			.12	9		.	• •	_				176	12	20	8	12		27.	10.		80	12		000		.	•				.	20 C	20 q		80		12.
CHARGE	Revenue	Fire Protection.	Køvenue. Paving	Replacement	Replacement	Revenue.	Circulation	Deposit.	Paving	Paving	Paving.	Paving	Faving Feeder Main	Paving	Fire Protection	Paving	Circulation	Deposit	Paving	Paving	Paving	Paving	Paving	Revenue	Circumstion	Deposit	Deposit	Circulation	Kevenue	Revenue	Revenue.	Paving	Circulation	Circulation	Circulation.	Revenue	Circulation	Replacement
οτ	135th St.	104th 8t	104th St	Southward	C. R. I. & P. RR.	. 115th St.		South Park Ave	South Park Ave.	South Park Ave	South Park Ave	South Park Ave	Z+0+0 Z+	Southward	Southward	South Chicago Ave	Southward	Set St.	Ogad St	87th 8th 7	87th St. 8. 8.	89th St	91st St.	390' N. of 95th St	115th St	89th St	89th St	Prairie Ave	Westward	Eastward	Corlise Ave.	Corlies Ave	Throop St	Westward	111th 8t.	121st St	1104k B4	
LOCATION FROM	134th St	103rd St	Crossing	95th St	. 95th St.	Wesley Ave	10 27 10	ę į	Crossing	Crossing	Crossing	Croenne	Evelenton Ave		127' S. of 90th Bt	Crossing	-		87+h St		Crossing	Crossing	Crossing	96th St	113th St	87th St	§7th St	Indiana Ave	Thells Ave	Normal Ave	Cottage Grove Ave	Stephenson Ave	. Glenroy Ave	Coming	Crossing	ve120th St	114th Place	
NO					Cottage Grove Ave	:	٠	88th 8t	80th 9t	80th Place.	SOCIA SE	Wist St.	87th 8t				:	:	Jeffery Ava			Jeffery Ave.	:	Laisyette Ave	Lowe Ave.	Michigan Ave. E. 8	Michigan Ave. W. S.	Both St.	92nd Place	100th St	104th Place.	105th Place.	107th St.	111th At	Leffin St.	Perry Ave	Prairie Ave 114	: :



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	Total Per Ft.	473.68 8 3.27 6,201.21 2.30 399.43 10.26 3,975.30 1.57 407.66 2.83 1,271.83 2.21 4,271.83 2.21 2,068.92 1.65 320.07 2.28 744.06 2.88		Total Per Ft.	8 738.70 84 .66			
	No. of Valves	i w in 4 i inn a in		No. of Valves	:			
	No. of Hydrants	; 69 ; ; 47 ; 67 ; 69		No. of Hydrante	æ			
pen	Feet	2,222 2,222 1,242 1,242 1,008 1,008 1,008 1,145	pen	Feet	88888	33,025 774	33,799 1,501 8,168 332	43,800
	Sise	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		Sise	00000000			:
FIFE LAID IN SIATH DISTRICT—Continued	CHARGE	Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Girculation Deposit Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Ravenue Girculation Girculation Girculation Girculation	PIPE LAID IN SIXTH DISTRICT—Continued	CHARGE	-System- Paving Paving Paving Paving			
LIFE LAID	OT	Crossing 92nd 8t 8t 67rossing 92nd 8t	PIPE LAID I	OT	Longwood Blyd Longwood Blyd Longwood Blyd Longwood Blyd	Total pipe laid by District. Pipe laid for hydrant branches.	Pipe laid by Special Assessment	Total Pipe laid in District
	LOCATION FROM	Parton Ave Crossing 92nd 8t		LOCATION FROM	116th St. Crossing Longwood Bird Paving Paving Paving Crossing Longwood Bird Paving Paving Crossing Longwood Bird Paving Longwood Bird Paving Crossing Congwood Bird Paving Crossing Congwood Bird Paving Crossing Congwood Bird Paving Crossing Congwood Bird Paving Congwood Bird Crossing Congwood Bird Crossing Congwood Bird Crossing Congwood Bird Crossing Cro	Total pipe laid by Pipe laid by Pipe laid for hydu	Pipe laid by Spec	Total Pipe laid in
	NO	Paxton Ave. Crossing		NO	116th St. 116th Place 117th St. 117th Place			

	Cost tal Per Ft.	81.86 .73 89.88	1.5	1.37	1.87	1.71	1.86 2.09	•		2.75		;	29:		4.62	2,42	1.94	2.35	88	70.1	20.0	98.	2.45	3.28	3.06	•	1.46	1.58	2.77	3
	Total &	\$2,280.34 209.96 1 281 14	1,252.63	1,152.01	1,216.70	473.82	1,198.13	0,100.11		7,594.21		1	2,162.77	6,689.20	6,089.63	1,793.01	2,536.97	813.75	2,469.03	2,1/1,28	1,000.40	1.309.49	785.69	2,851.44	5,289.89	i	771.25	2,081.47	572.14	30'000'F
	No. of Valves)	•	٠	:⊷	 0	:	41	<u>-</u> -	•	<u>:</u> :	ć	_	-		8	:	09 (Ν.	٦.	-	• :	-	-	<u>:</u> 6	-	-	:**	•
	No. of Hydrants	™ :	:⊷∘	•		:69	64	::	:	:	: :	::	_	~	•	m	20	_	64 :	۰.	→ ¢	•-	•	• 69	က	:	::	81	a	D
	Feet	1,22 292 292	85	988	328	38	35	2,561	æ	2;	. 4	ន	1,327	2,315	1,318	35	1,38g	346	1,303	1,303	33	188	33	867	1,662	200	333	875	88	740'7
STRICT	Sise	00 to 0			000		8 0	9	. 12		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12	.	. 9		:		88 ::	80	200				. .	20	:		.	0000	, o
PIPE LAID IN SEVENTH DISTRICT	CHARGE	Paving. Circulation	Deposit	Deposit	Deposit	Circulation	Deposit	Paving	Paving	Paving	Paving	Paving	Circulation.	Paving	Paving	Kevenue	Deposit	Revenue	Deposit.	Deposit.	Deposit	Deposit	Perenne	Revenue	Revenue	Circulation	KevenueCirculation	Revenue	Revenue	Paving
PIPB LAID I	TO	57th St. 36' W.W.L. Merrimae Ave	71st St.	68th St	71st St.	200 S. of osth St.	70th St	California Ave	51st St	51st St	51st St	51st St.	71st St	67th St.	69th St	.51st St	65th St	Northward	.65th St	65th St	71st St	70th St.	North-rand	207' 8. of 53rd 8t	.52nd St		Moody Ave	.54th St	Northward	.67th St
	LOCATION FROM	S5th St. Mobile Ave.	70th 8t		70th St	67th St	. 69th St	Western Ave	Crossing		Crossing	Crossing				55' S. of 52nd St	63rd St	52nd St	63rd St.	63rd St	70th St	69th St	78th 9t				Meade Ave	52nd St	212' N. of 52nd 8t.	63rd bt
	NO	Albany Ave	Artesian Ave	Artesian Ave	Bishop St	Campbell Ave	Campbell Ave	Central Ave	Kedzie Ave	Francisco Ave	Sacramento Ave.	Rockwell St.	Hamlin Ave	Kedzie Ave	Lafayette Ave	Lockwood Ave	Lockwood Ave	Long Ave	Long Ave	Lorel Ave	Maplewood Ave.	Maplewood Ave.	Maplewood Ave.	Meade Ave	Mobile Ave		Moody Ave	Moody Ave.	Parkside Ave	Richmond St

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Cost Per Ft.	2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25	
Total	\$1,087.72 2,428.30 2,228.30 2,328.10 2,328.11 1,676.19 2,006.66 82.42 82.42 82.42 1,460.72 1,	
No. of Valvee		
No. of Hydrants	नक्ष्यं : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
Feet	2,592 1,292 1,292 1,292 1,070	63,679
Sise		:
CHARGE	Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Paving Deposit Deposit Deposit Deposit Paving Paving Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Circulation Paving Raving	
TO	Seith St. 67th St. Paving St. Saving St. Saving St. St. St. St. Faving St.	Total pipe laid in District
LOCATION FROM	Soft by Soft b	Total pipe laid in
NO	Richmond St. Sacramento Ave. Sacramento Ave. Sacramento Ave. Sacramento Ave. Sacramento Ave. Sacramento Ave. Gath Bis. Gath Bis. Gath St. Toth Place Talman Ave. Whipple St.	

	Per Fr.	12.21	3.55 5.55 5.55	1.7 6	. 4. 88.	30.		*. ***	3	8.33 8.33	3.52	3.50		8.91 101	2.19	2.06	8 8 8	20.00	%	2:	3.5 5.5	3.97	8.0 0.0	3.4 3.4	2	& &	2.2	3.50	2. 2.	2.83	5	7.7	2.41	28.83	2.08 1.78
(Total Cost	3,199.92	729.37	1,128.79	629.45	16.665.63		81.53		9,733.53	4,508.33	1.783.73		176.20	577.98	2,608.91	1,125.19	2,000.08	2,523.98	1,113.58	1,228.91	47.80	309.70	1.572.56	2,234.93	269.34	582.84	539.23	871.50	1,837.02	100 40	090.40	3,095.68	744.99	1,457.40
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PIPE LAID IN EIGHTH DISTRICT	CHARGE	Paving	Revenue	Deposit	Revenue	Circulation.	Circulation.	Circulation.	Paving		Revenue	Paving	Paving	Revenue	Revenue.	Paving.	Paving	Replacement	Replacement	Deposit.	Deposit	Paving.	Kevenue	Paving	Paving.	Faving	Fire Protection.	Paving	Circulation	Circulation.	Circulation	Paving	Paving.	Paving	Revenue Deposit
PIPE LAID	5	Spaulding Ave	Linder Ave.	Central Ave	Westward	Bryn Mawr Ave		Northward	Devon Ave.		Granville Ave.	Carmen Ave	Carmen Ave.	210' E. of Oakley Ave.	Northward.	Devon Ave	Eastward	166' N N I Bridge Rest	120' 8.8.L. Bridge Seat	Long Ave	Long Ave.	Lockwood Ave.	Couthward	Hasel Ave	Granville Ave.	Lawrence Ave.		California Ave	Sohreiber St.	Harlem Ave.	Harlem Ave	Austin Ave	Higgins Ave.	Leavitt St.	Southwestward Long Ave
M () 100 1	FROM	Whipple St		Linder Ave	150	Rogers Ave		Ainelie St.			Devon Ave		\sim	Leavitt St	3		Danie Money Ame	19 S N I. Bridge Reat	9 8.N.L. Brid	Linder Ave.	-	\mathbf{c}	Description Ave.	200	Peterson Ave	Ref. W of Major Ave			Norwood Pk Ave	\mathbf{c}	Thomas Ass		Crossing		Milwaukse Ave
	NO	Argyle St	Berenice Ave3	Berteau Ave	Blaine Place	Kostner Ave		California Ave.	California Ave		Campbell Ave	Troy St	Albany St	Carmen Ave	Cicero Ave	Claremont Ave	Cornella Ave	Crawford Ave	Crawford Ave	Cullom Ave	Cullom Ave	Dakin St	Drake Ave	Fair Oaks Ave	Fairfield Ave	Giddings St.		Granville Ave	Harlem Ave	Schreiber St	Hermitere Ave	Higgins Ave	Menard Ave	Highland Ave	Hutchington Ave

١	Total Per Ft	22 94 2.72	97 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49			2.35	18 2.60 3.52	74 5.15	301			2.21		81 2.19 05 2.43			50 2.83 -		1.78	,—	7.14	ici	55 2.26 2.26	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200				
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PIPE LAID IN EIGHTH DISTRICT—Continued	CHARGE	Deposit	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	. Deposit	i		Paving	. Circulation			Revenue	Circulation	Replacement	. Paving	. Paving	. Deposit	.Deposit	Revenue	. Paving	-	. Paving	Revenue	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
PIPE LAID IN	5	Central Ave	350' N. of Kiona Ave.	Leland Ave	Southward	Kildare Ave	Northward	Addison St	Austin Ave	Berteau Ave	Northward	Montrose Ave	Grace St	•	Harlem Ave.	Devon Ave	Northward.	Long Ave	Linder Ave	Jarvis Ave	Keating Ave	Carmen Ave	Leavitt St	Leavitt St	listrict	Pipe laid for hydrant branches	Assessment	Total pipe laid in District.
NOTEVOOL	FROM	Linder Ave.	30' N. of Kiona Ave.	Crossing	Leland Ave	Crossing	Addison St	Crossing	1000	Montrose ve	Settysburg Ave	Sunnyside Ave		Addison De	liagara Ave	Granville Ave	290' N. of Belle Plaine Av.		Long Ave.	90' N. of Chase Ave	Crossing	14' S. of Foster Ave	rving Ave	220' E. of Oakley Ave		Pipe laid for hydra.	Pipe laid by Special Assessment.	Total pipe laid in I
	NO	Hutchinson Ave	Kelso Ave3 Kevstone Ave	Kildare Ave	Kelso Ave	Parker Ave	Kimball Ave	Lavergne Ave	Lawrence Ave.	Long Ave	Mansfield Ave	Marmora Ave.	Nordica Ave	Normandy Ave	Norwood Pk. Ave.	Oakley Ave	Parkside Ave	Pensacola Ave	Pensacola Ave	Pingree Ave2	Roscoe St.	St. Louis Ave.	Whirele St	Winona Ave. 2	The state of the s			

CORPORATION FERRULES INSTALLED And large Connections made during the Year 1919

	¾ in.	1 in.	1 1/2 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	6 in.	8 in.	12 in.	16 in.	Total
Scattering. Street Improvement by Special Assessment. Street Improvement by Private Contract. Retapping for replacing Mains. Retapping for repairing Services. Pitometer and Test Taps. Drinking Fountains Service Hydrants.	4,462 1,136 297 28 25 10	3 5 566	12			58	41				1,913 4,462 1,136 336 38 566 25 10 43 8
Total	7,521	594	100	132	52	63	53	19	3		8,537

WATER SERVICE PIPES INSTALLED During the Year 1919

,	3⁄4 in.	1 in.	1 1/4 in.	1 1/2 ln.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	6 in.	8 in.	12 in.	Total
Installed at Cost of City* Installed at cost of Owner Installed by Private Contract Installed by Special Assessment.		1.136		78		 52	58 	41	14		8 1,913 1,136 4,462
Total		7,153	16	79	105	52	59	41	14		7,519

^{*}Installed by Council Order for Religious and Charitable Institutions, Public Fountains, etc.

COMPLAINTS Received by Water Pipe Extension Division during 1919

				DIST	RICTS				Total
	lst	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	1000
Leaks Service. Hydrants. Hydrants out of order. Taps shut Abandoned. off Vacant. Miscellaneous. Valve basins repaired. Valve basin covers put on.	81 64 93 435	247 443 157 49 24 43 236	738 269 211 31 13 40 150	234 626 111 51 30 35 216	151 182 189 18 16 20 132	382 284 273 47 8 9 160	129 269 244 23 14 24 164 1	394 561 97 38 22 31 127 2	2,759 2,838 1,643 338 191 295 1,620 5
Total	1,735	1,203	1,452	1,304	708	1,164	870	1,274	9,710

TOTAL NUMBER OF FIRE HYDRANTS At close of 1919

DISTRICTS	214-inch Single	214-inch Double	314-inch Double	4-inch Double	4 14-inch Double	Total
Pirst. Second. Third Pourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Seventh	165 452 178 267 234	1,481 3,173 2,207 3,666 1,714 1,520 3,082 3,287	16 45	926 455 532 815 680 1,038 1,162 1,173	109 132 269 266 174 440 578 402	2,852 4,120 3,189 5,199 2,746 3,310 5,056 5,084
Totals	2,214	20,130	61	6,781	2,370	31,556

HYDRANTS PLACED IN 1919 Including those used to replace Hydrants of different size

DISTRICTS	214-inch Single	214-inch Double	4-inch Double	4 1/4-inch Double	Total
First Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Totals	1	5 2 6 1 12 3 8	10 2 1 2 1 2 1	39 40 68 92 56 138 153 164 750	55 48 71 102 56 151 158 172 815

Total number of hydrants abandoned, 359.

TOTAL NUMBER AND SIZE OF VALVES In use at close of 1919

DISTRICTS	4 in.	6 in.	8 in.	10 in.	12 in.	14 in.	16 in.	18 in.	20 in.	24 in.	30 in.	36 in.	42 in.	48 in.	Total
First. Second Third. Fourth Fifth. Sixth Seventh Eighth.	141 100 59 97 25 20 41 48	1,968 1,600 2,453 1,031	1,140 1,461 1,694 700	22 5	336 234 202 457 155 252 245 369	3 23	77 51 78 50 79 46 79 34	i 1	1 4 15 16	39 26 62 65 21 49 46 52	2 5 4 9 6 7 8 7	41 14 83 47 31	1 1 1	1	2,184 2,569 2,485 4,859 2,004 2,780 2,831 4,225
Totals	531	13,005	9,889	40	2,250	26	494	2	36	360	48	261	4	1	26,947

STOP VALVES PUT IN DURING THE YEAR 1919 Including those used to replace Valves of different size

DISTRICTS	4-inch	6-inch	8-inch	12-inch	16-inch	24-inch	! !	Total
First. Second. Third. Fourth. Fifth. Sixth. Seventh.		9 3 7 6 14 26	14 5 24 37 26 44 92	13 7 2 3 10 17	4	1		42 15 34 46 50 91
Eighth		-6	94	25	.			125
Totals	2	85	336	86	9	1		519

Total number of valves abandoned, 27.

PIPE LAID DURING 1919 Showing why it was laid

WITH TARE		DIAME	TER OF	PIPE IN	INCHE	9	Totale
WHY LAID	4	6	8	12	16	24	1000
Paid 6 cents per foot revenue. Laid on Deposit Laid by Special Assessment. Laid previous to paving. Laid to replace mains of amaller size. Laid for fire protection. Laid for feeder mains Laid for feeder mains.	843	11,193 439 1,220		332 21,284 2,447 2,352	1,761	255 2,996	41,088 58,896 72,995 7,805 7,802
Totals	695	28,962	183,810	36,210	1,761	8,251	254,680

PIPE LAID DURING 1919 By Districts

Diambiana	DIAMETER OF PIPE IN INCHES							
DISTRICTS	4	6	8	12	16	24	Totals	
FirstSecond	190	718 253	3,055 1,333	2,473 2,328	1,356	255	8,547 3,914	
ThirdFourth	153	981 1.432	14,026 22,798	2,708			17,868 24,230	
Fifth	352	8,308 7,146	12,138 28,085	5,435 5,168	405	2,996	26,233 43,800	
SeventhEighth		6,775 3,349	53,571 48,804	3,333 14,265			63,679 66,418	
Totals	695	28,962	183,810	36,210	1,761	3,251	254,689	

RECAPITULATION OF MAINS IN SERVICE At close of 1919, showing amounts by size in each District

Diam. of Pipes	DISTRICT NUMBER									
in Inches	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Totals	
8 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 24 30 36 42	1,444 98,415 547,565 392,002 4,644 122,535 47,864 56,865 5,520 77,515	1,050,094 568,979 5,950 143,785 51,505 3,277 55,500 11,000	80,224	1,159,504 888,641 257,764 52,830 85,194 21,045 57,009	411,957 16,020 108,546 60 54,579 3,685 61,823	755,543 566,230 164,112 61,852 72,963 4,823	901,636 428 205,388 23,275 52,044 840 20,955 74,343	1,107,613 1,018,721 10,245 229,279 13,860 28,219 73,146 18,540 59,506	6,803,779 5,218,350 40,457 1,317,522 28,615 400,274 840 56,136 560,058 110,349 460,637	
48 Totals.	2,910	2,017,792	1 575 001	1,200	11,327	10,051	0 100 010	6,984 11,646		

TABLE SHOWING AMOUNT OF WATER PIPE IN CITY OF CHICAGO At close of 1919

Total in miles	2,871.57	48.14	4.01		2,915.70
Total in feet	15,161,899	254,689	21,673	15,394,915	
48 	35,934			35,934	6.81
12 	8.184	l	l	8.184	1.55
26	460,637	l	l	460,637	87.24
80	110,349	l		110,349	20.89
24	556,819	3.251	12	560,058	106.07
20	56,136	l		56,136	10.63
L8	840	l .		840	.16
16	399,235	1.761	722	400,274	75.81
14	28.615			28.615	.542
12	1,282,819	36,210	1.507	1.317,522	249.53
10	40.457	100,010	1,100	40,457	7.66
8	5.039.026	183,810	4.486	5.218.350	988.33
6	6.785.804	28.962	10.987	6.803.799	1.288.60
3	1,444 355,600	695	3,959	1, 444 352,336	.27 66.73
3	1 444			1 444	
inches	end of 1918	in 1919	abandoned	Feet	Miles
in	in use at	laid in feet	taken up or	Total,	Total,
Diameter	Amount	Amount	Amount	Grand	Grand

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS of the

CHICAGO WATER WORKS

For Year Ending December 31, 1919

In Form Recommended by the New England Water Works Association

GENERAL STATISTICS

Population by census, 1910—2,185,283. Date of construction—1852. By whom owned—City of Chicago. Source of supply—Lake Michigan.

Made of supply—By gravity from intakes 2 to 4 miles out in Lake Michigan through tunnels to pumping station. Direct pumping mains.

STATISTICS OF CONSUMPTION OF WATER

Estimated total population to date
Total Consumption in 1919
Gallons.
*Total net pumpage
Deduct water delivered through meter to communities outside of
Chicago
256,958,650,000
Passed through meters within city limits of Chicago 64,978,755,000
Percentage of consumption metered25.3
Average daily consumption in Chicago, gallons 714,451,000
Gallons per day to each inhabitant
Gallons per day to each tap in use
* Does not include water pumped at booster stations.

SERVICES

Kind of pipeLead and cast iron
Sizes
Extended (new services installed)
*Total now in use314,293
†Number of service taps added during year, % to 1 inch in diameter7,549
Number of meters added during year2,603
Revised list of meters now in use27,532
Percentage of service pipes metered8,90
Percentage of receipts from metered water55.7

This figure, represents the total number of accounts on the books, and closely approximates
the number of 'orking services.
†This includes taps for new service pipes, replacements and drinking fountains.

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Population	Water pipe in use	Tonnage of water pipe in use	Man. E. Cap. M. P. Sta. Man. Towar Cap. Av. Daily Pump. for St. P. Sta. John, July and Angest.				Tota Pop	Ma:	almu on us	m R	ated City
2	A nate	Twate	12.	1886	1887	1888	1889	1990	1891	1892	1593
-	Name of				-	-	-	contribution	- ALERTON	-	-
		9									
50		Thousand	Million				-	-	-	-	-
Million	Miles	9 6	10 -	-							
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2	7000	QC3	1500	-	-	_	-			-	-
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2	3500	515	1200								
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Cast iron
to 48 inches
.48.14 miles
4.01 miles
1.915.7 miles
0.27 miles
815
359
31,556
519
27
26,947
None
15 to 60 lbs

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STATISTICS REGARDING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Kind of pipeC	ast iron
Sizes4 to 4	8 inches
Extended	14 miles
Discontinued	01 miles
Total now in use	.7 miles
Length of less than 4 inches in diameter	27 miles
Number of hydrants added during year	815
Number of hydrants abandoned during year	359
Number of public hydrants now in use	31,556
Number of stop gates added during year	
Number of stop gates abandoned during year	27
Number of stop gates now in use	26,947
Number of stop gates smaller than 4 inches	None
Range of pressure on distributing mains	o 60 lbs.

DIVISION OF OPERATION

PUMPING STATIONS AND LAKE CRIBS

F. J. McDonough, Assistant Mechanical Engineer

The following is a list of Cribs and Pumping Stations in service during the year 1919:

CRIBS

Two-Mile Crib	.Carl Jacobson, Keeper
Four-Mile Crib	. John G. Bueckman, Keeper
C. H. Harrison Crib	.Edward F. Warner, Keeper
Sixth-Eighth Street Crib	•
E. F. Dunne Crib	Thomas Ward, Keeper
Lake View Crib	John W. Patterson, Keeper

WATER PUMPING STATIONS

	Location	Engineer in Charge
14th Street	1354 Indiana Avenue	Hugh Martin
68th Street	6801 Oglesby Avenue	Fred W. Sadler
22nd Street	2260 S. Ashland Avenue	James W. Beatty
Chicago Avenue	. 811 Lincoln Parkway	William J. Burns
Central Park Avenue	1015 S. Central Park Avenue	Frederick Gielow
	1747 N. Springfield Avenue	
	. 742 Montrose Avenue	
	735 W. Harrison Street	
	351 W. 104th Street	
Mayfair	4850 Wilson Avenue	Joseph O'Connell

SEWER PUMPING STATIONS

Station	Location	
Stony Island Avenue	7345 Stony Island Avenue	William Donlau
95th Street	9501 Baltimore Avenue	John M. Golden
	109th Place & Ill. Cent. R. R.	
Kensington	11615 Indiana Avenue	Charles Naylor
Hegewisch	134th St. & Brainard Ave	Thos. E. Maddux
Rogers Park	7207 Sheridan Road	Alfred C. Darst
		Louis Dewits

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ENGINEER'S REPORT

WATER PUMPING STATIONS Monthly Pumpage in Millions of Gallons—1919

Month	14th St.	68th St.	22nd St.	Chicago Avenue	Springfield Avenue	Central Park Avenue	Harrison Street	Lake View	Roseland	Mayfair	Total
January	2,363.20	3,080.80	2,423.99	2,649.77	2,160.00	2,685.10	1,164.14	1,745.70	2,210.57	1,521.08	22,004.35
February	2,117.00	3,015.28	1,578.00	2,316.95	1,768.12	2,449.70	945.70	1,497.70	1,931.40	1,385.38	19,005.23
March	2,347.00	3,304.50	2,198.85	2,401.40	1,855.20	2,510.12	1,052.00	1,626.30	2,007.45	1,527.70	20,830.52
April	2,208.36	3,106.19	2,153.19	1,977.15	1,811.20	2,236.11	1,042.47	1,649.00	1,862.02	1,412.92	19,458.61
May	2,228.82	3,134.75	2,520.64	2,143.84	1,804.47	2,434.65	1,070,01	1,781.51	2,094.05	1,468.57	20,888.31
June	2,208.68	3,376.05	2,575.28	2,051.58	1,817.86	2,479.07	1,074.76	1,811.70	2,331.78	1,770.92	21,497.68
July	2,281.11	3,745.15	2,896.31	2,157.52	2,120.37	2,580.67	1,047.39	2,082.10	2,632.90	1,870.70	23,414.22
August	2,531.75	3,732.77	2,690.23	2,326.70	2,097.95	2,681.61	946.62	2,057.80	2,453.60	1,923.16	23,442.19
September.	2,452.38	3,658.26	2,624.73	2,451.65	1,967.84	2,721.12	1,022.67	1,975.20	2,267.21	1,846.02	22,987.08
October	2,432.24	3,682.73	2,686.57	2,560.71	2,013.33	2,690.18	1,078.53	1,941.60	2,201.33	1,797.95	23,085.17
November.	2,085.36	3,636.93	2,592.85	2,542.52	1,755.08	2,117.57	978.12	1,789.90	1,979.05	1,719.69	21,197.07
December.	1,966.88	3,618.24	2,997.91	2,760.60	1,954.89	2,666.68	1,079.08	1,880.29	2,237.59	1,802.03	22,964.19
Total	27,222.78	41,298.65	29,938.55	28,340.39	23,126.31	30,252.58	12,501.49	21,838.80	26,208.95	20,046.12	260,774.62

COAL ACCOUNT
CHICAGO AVENUE PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	4494.006	\$5.0664	\$22768.44	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	1342.625 1037.865 1223.225 815.520 1208.530 792.295 1797.775 2460.585 3992.550 891.150		7198.96 5508.99 6519.18 3648.64 5413.61 3540.77 7849.09 11271.94 17762.85 3995.92	1889.2775 1599.3535 1959.269 1528.8785 1220.6550 1638.4575 944.525 1577.775 1370.725 1541.80 1796.045
Total received	15562.12	4.6722	72709.95	
Total available	20056.126	4.7606	95478.39	
Total consumed		4.7606	90984.58	19112.161
On hand December 31, 1919	943.965	4.7606	4493.81	

14th STREET PUMPING STATION-YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	3844.265	\$5.0113	\$19265.01	Consumed
Received during: January. February March April May June July August September October November December	1144.975 1679.975 2294.625 433.725 1020.025 2426.045 1632.700 2106.625 1790.050 2789.300 1467.925 2087.225		6109.93 8631.71 11977.26 2263.91 4667.23 10677.02 7431.40 9450.32 8150.10 12579.74 6706.95 9556.43	2195 2020 2110 1895 1645 1992. 65 2083. 75 2095. 05 1964. 45 1926. 225 1902. 50 1998. 50
Total received	20873.195	4.7045	98202.00	
Total available	24717.46	4.7524	117467.01	
Total consumed		. 4.7524	113240.54	23828.125
On hand December 31, 1919	889.335	4.7524	4226.47	

REMARKS—Total consumed includes 467.75 tons of coal used in furnishing heat and hot water to Municipal Bath House and Police Department Shops.

COAL ACCOUNT
HARRISON STREET PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	1738.875	\$4.8157	\$8374.05	Consumed
Received during:	455 005		0510 00	000 0015
January	455.825		2512.06	983.9045
February	997.700		5218.97	748.872
March	1007.450		5216.68	906.6965
April	235.600		1219.96	789.277
May	100.000		402.17	976.920
June	1008.950		4453.51	882.635
July	1130.725		5024.83	923.000
August	747.475		3126.06	909.955
September	805.875		3570.03	901.297
October	835.125		3691.25	958.083
November	1124.475		5170.61	874.635
December	1073.125		4877.57	1009.559
Total received	9522.325	4.6722	44483.70	
Total available	11261.20	4.6938	52857.75	
Total consumed		. 4.6938	50997.29	10864.834
On hand December 31, 1919	396.366	4.6938	1860.46	

REMARKS—Total consumed includes 82.12 tons coal consumed in furnishing heat to 1st District Water Pipe Extension office.

22nd STREET PUMPING STATION-YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	2828.675	\$3.8792	\$10973.04	Consumed
Received during: January. February.			1954.45	1026.475 864.35
March	337.700 704.625		1401.38 2579.94	925.30 684.50 696.29
JulyAugust	1110.850 1964.700 1040.8		3839.10 6583.71 3446.61	607.90 535.785 421.20
September. October. November.	432.3 406.1 52.75		1434.37 1347.03 178.03	572.90 556.70 784.35
December	82.35	0.4050	289.32	783.70
Total received	6613.875	3.4856	23053.94	
Total available	9442.55	3.6035	34026.98	
Total consumed		3.6035	30484.30	8459.45
On hand December 31, 1919	983.10	3.6035	3542.68	

REMARKS—Total consumed includes 1093.5 tons coal consumed in furnishing heat and hot water to Bureau of Streets, Shops and Bathhouse.

COAL ACCOUNT 68th STREET PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	5666.0	\$3.6387	\$20616.82	Consumed
Received during:				
January	1611.250		5960.68	2745, 25
February	2589.100		10770.91	2697.1
March	4309.900		17725.76	2684.5
April	969.35		3986.74	2882.35
May	1089.85	1	4154.18	3517.85
June	2131.10	1	8072.61	2562.1
July	3938.40	1	15582.75	2907.4
August	4205.60		15256.44	3873.6
September	5733.10		22679.83	4009.1
October	4374.55		15348.87	3910.55
November	300.00	1	1262.29	8905.0
December	4103.05		15303.94	8839.05
Total received	35355.250	3.8496	186105.00	
Total available	41021.250	3.8205	156721.82	
Total consumed		. 3.8205	149130.48	39034.25
On hand December 31, 1919	1987.000	3.8205	7591.84	

LAKE VIEW PUMPING STATION-YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	4728.00	\$4.999	\$23635.66	Consumed
Received during: January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November.	1371.175 1533.935 435.26 372.765		4582.35 7228.97 8437.10 2637.12 1737.46 5432.28 5901.33 9893.37 4651.04 155.05	1572, 806 1288, 379 1365, 935 1272, 26 1372, 0 1262, 765 1364, 25 1297, 425 1436, 9 1237, 235 1388, 075
December	1507.585		7283.31	1471.585
Total received	12143.615	4.7712	57939.38	
Total available	16871.615	4.835	81575.04	
Total consumed		4.835	78954.44	16329.615
On hand December 31, 1919	542.00	4.835	2620.60	

COAL ACCOUNT CENTRAL PARK AVENUE PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	7662.95	\$3.8313	\$29359.75	Consumed
Received during: January	1790.45		6240.58	2686.85
February	1383.20 3091.95 1050.40		5355.75 12904.25 4383.85	2555.80 2622.55 2082.8
May June July	378.95 3188.30		1567.13 12278.81	2280.1 2480.55 2812.15
AugustSeptemberOctober	4682.70 3021.80 3022.00		18364.79 11874.19 10522.60	2645.0 2690.3 2656.4
November. December.	1005.90 960.95		3602.13 3811.91	2110.2 2587.35
Total received	23576.60	3.8558	90905.99	
Total available	31239.55	3.8498	120265.74	
Total consumed		3.8498	116302.38	30210.05
On hand December 31, 1919	1029.50	3.8498	3963.36	

REMARKS—Total consumed included 944.95 tons coal consumed in furnishing heat and hot water to Municipal Natatorium.

SPRINGFIELD AVENUE PUMPING STATION-YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	4976.41	\$3.9563	\$19688.42	Consumed
Received during:				
January	1950.30	1	7674.16	1957.09
February	1034.80	l	4590.37	1469.15
March	1078.95	[4853.12	1642.41
April	310.85		1398.20	1598.10
May		1		1716.26
June	908.15	1	3306.69	1650.09
July	1965.70		7548.53	1756.49
August	1563.25	[]	5874.56	1542.65
September	2267.10		8593.33	1365.26
October	4968.70		19663.88	1611.98
November	324.50		1161.71	1554.47
December	129.50		556.05	1555.97
Total received	16501.80	3.9523	65220.60	
Total available	21478.21	3.9533	84909.03	
Total consumed		3.9533	76772.06	19419.92
On hand December 31, 1919	2058.29	3.9533	8136.96	1

REMARKS—Total consumed includes 621.85 tons coal consumed in furnishing heat and hot water to Municipal Natatorium.

COAL ACCOUNT ROSELAND PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	3899.00	\$3.4645	\$13508.26	Consumed
Received during: January			4106.22	1878.90
February	1579.95 377.65		5500.81 5852.45 1398.89	1509.10 1478.75 1363.45
May June July	1074.45 1861.10		3843.31 6469.67	1527.40 1621.35 1638.20
AugustSeptemberOctober	2308.03		6524.63 8842.23 12397.81	1731.05 1373.33 1537.30
November			873.49 1783.30	1576.90 1873.40
Total received	15460.13	3.7252	57592.81	
Total available	19359.13	3.6727	71101.07	
Total consumed		. 3.6727	70182.88	19109.13
On hand December 31, 1919	250.00	3.6727	918.19	l

REMARKS—Total consumed includes 1535.49 tons coal consumed in furnishing heat and hot water to Municipal Natatorium.

MAYFAIR PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	5235.00	\$4.0462	\$21182.16	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	1446.15 1472.65 854.55 240.70 653.70 1387.25 820.1 1707.40 3575.90 341.25 362.70		5059.21 5677.07 3521.00 991.76 2472.95 5195.25 2642.36 5567.82 11869.02 1206.69 1331.43	1138.65 1164.15 1201.55 1092.70 1200 1299.70 1456.25 1527.10 1383.40 1420.90 1475.25 1526.70
Total received	12862.35	\$3.5635	\$45834.56	
Total available	18097.35	3.7031	67016.72	
Total consumed		3.7031	58829.11	15886.35
On hand December 31, 1919	2211.00	3,7031	8187.61	

COAL ACCOUNT MAJOR PUMPING STATIONS—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	45073.181	\$4.2014	\$189371.61	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	16974.535 4391.235 3730.02 11273.49 19092.42 20003.70 22938.14 28188.16		51398.60 58483.55 77006.80 19681.81 15452.16 45383.39 75088.00 78436.19 92177.21 109834.09 24312.87 44793.26	18074. 203 15916. 2545 16897. 3605 15189. 3155 16152. 475 15998. 1975 16421. 80 17620. 805 17067. 662 17357. 173 17367. 425 18191. 214
Total received	168471.26	\$4.1078	\$692047.93	
Total available	213544.441	4.1276	881419.54	
Total consumed		4.1328	835878.06	202253.885
On hand December 31, 1919	11290.556	4.0335	45541.48	

MUNICIPAL POWER PLANT-YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	2315.06	\$3.40	\$7871.20	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	263.35 1193.00 633.60 1212.55 986.35			
Total received	8638.99	\$3.4766	\$30034.05	
Total available	10954.05	3.4604	37905.25	
Total consumed		3.4604	34531.37	9979.05
On hand December 31, 1919	975.00	3.4604	3373.88	

COAL ACCOUNT 95th STREET PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	368.950	\$3.9843	\$1470.00	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	201.800 108.100 112.350 137.850 177.350 90.200		1124, 63 602, 44 626, 13 476, 96 630, 48 297, 84 935, 58 456, 23	138.41 125.88 193.14 130.16 166.41 110.08 112.62 115.50 110.5 140.15 125.72
Total received	1383.050	\$4.1026	\$5674.15	
Total available	1752.000	4.0777	7144.15	
Total consumed		. 4.0777	6623.55	1624.33
On hand December 31, 1919	127.67	4.0777	520.60	

STONY ISLAND AVENUE PUMPING STATION-YEAR 1919

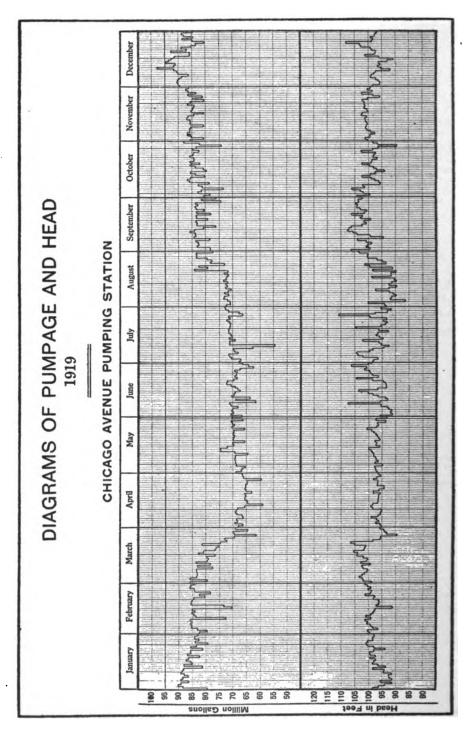
	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	266.400	\$3.8811	\$ 1033.93	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	99.100 33.250 167.000 127.850 113.300 224.175 154.800 52.700 335.150 142.000		388.48 185.30 930.69 712.51 383.70 955.13 522.30 185.98 1227.65 510.35	125.55 118.305 189.59 182.62 171.645 156.595 131.87 124.84 171.975 98.610 145.65 159.155
Total received	1624.025	\$3.9575	6427.03	
Total available	1890.425	3.9467	7460.96	
Total consumed		3.9467	7010.95	1776.405
On hand December 31, 1919	114.020	3.9467	450.01	

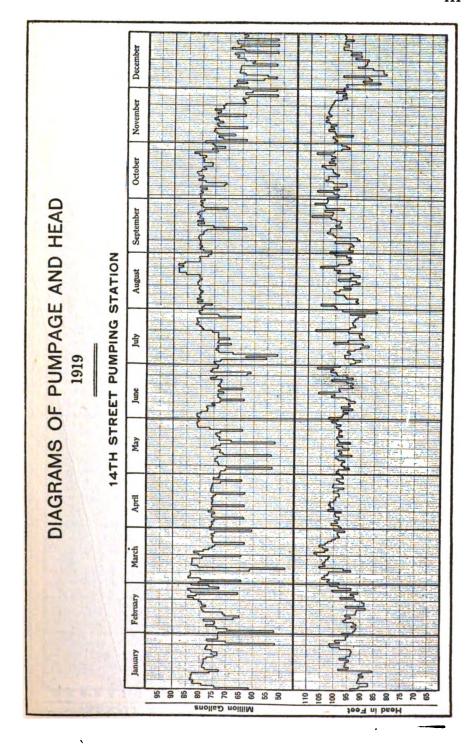
COAL ACCOUNT
KENSINGTON PUMPING STATION—YEAR 1919

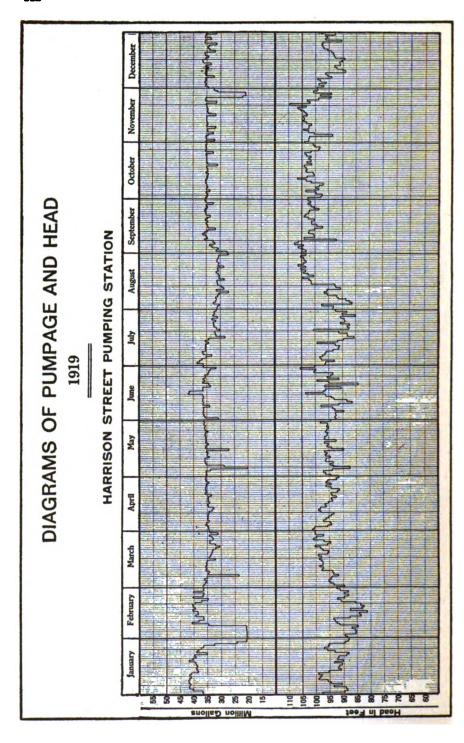
And the second s	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	178.490	\$4.7828	\$ 853.69	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	19.550 89.920 194.925 27.575 95.650 75.250 50.850 215.3075 78.4625 161.725 34.075		104.79 501.12 1086.32 153.67 417.03 335.16 226.49 1014.92 362.34 713.37 151.77	91.00 81.90 103.5275 90.95 102.15 80.85 81.8825 79.93 77.10 88.00 86.95 96.65
Total received	1043.29	\$4.8567	\$ 5066.98	
Total available	1221.78	4.846	5920.67	
Total consumed		4.846	5141.00	1060.89
On hand December 31, 1919	160.89	4.846	779.67	

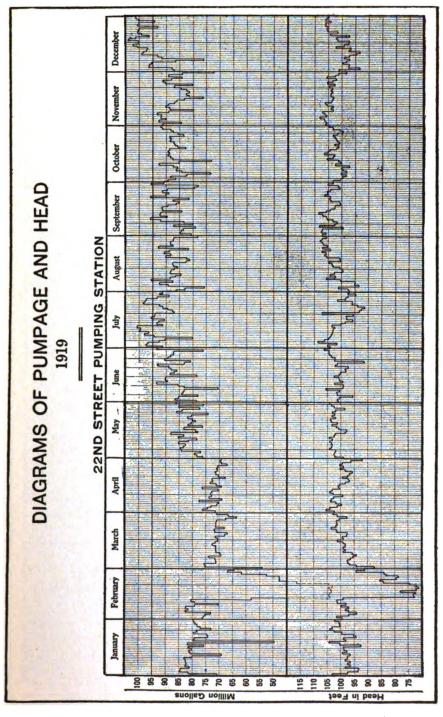
SUMMARY SEWAGE PUMPING STATIONS—YEAR 1919

	Tons	Price Per Ton	Cost	Tons
On Hand January 1, 1919	813.84	\$4.1256	\$ 3357.62	Consumed
Received during: January February March April May June July August September October November December	118.65 324.97 470.025 267.775 346.80 536.775 295.85 268.0075 685.6625 445.675 34.075 256.10		493.27 1811.05 2619.45 1492.31 1277.69 1920.77 1046.63 1200.90 2525.57 1679.95 151.77 948.80	354.96 326.085 486.2575 403.73 440.205 347.525 326.3725 320.27 359.575 326.76 358.32 411.565
Total received	4050.365	\$4.2386	\$17168.16	
Total available	4864.205	4.2197	20525.78	
Total consumed		4.2082	18775.50	4461.625
On hand December 31, 1919	402.58	4.3476	1750.28	

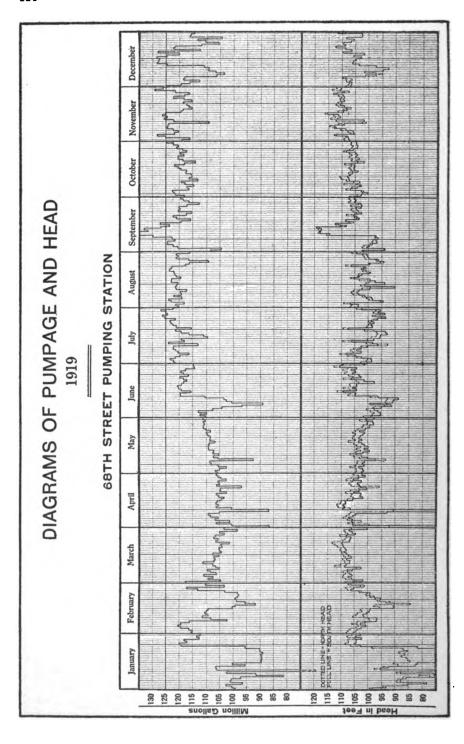


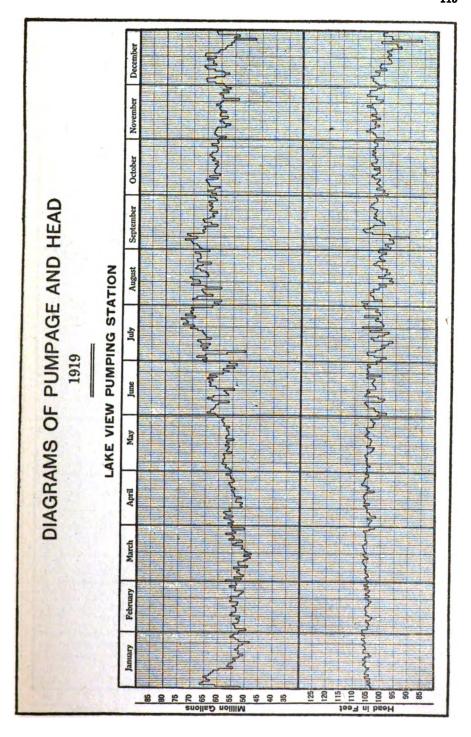


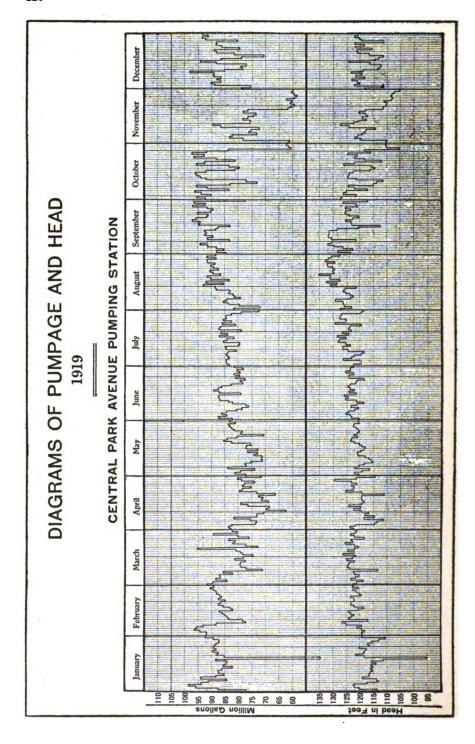


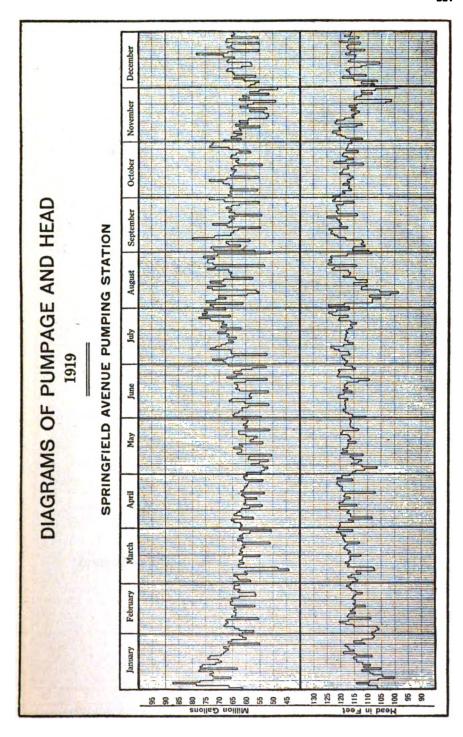


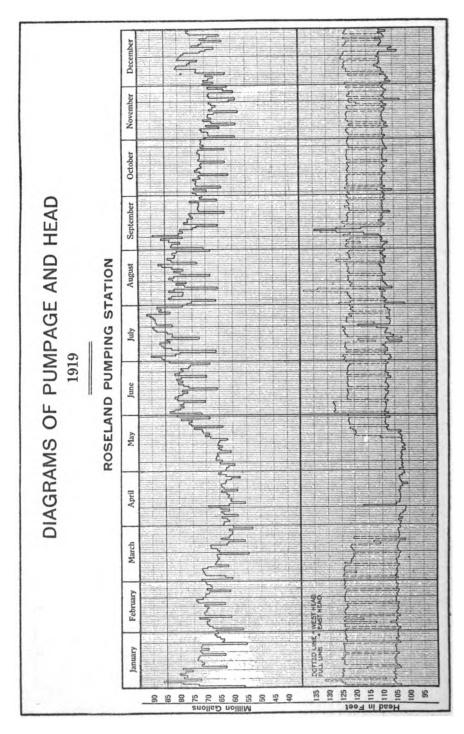
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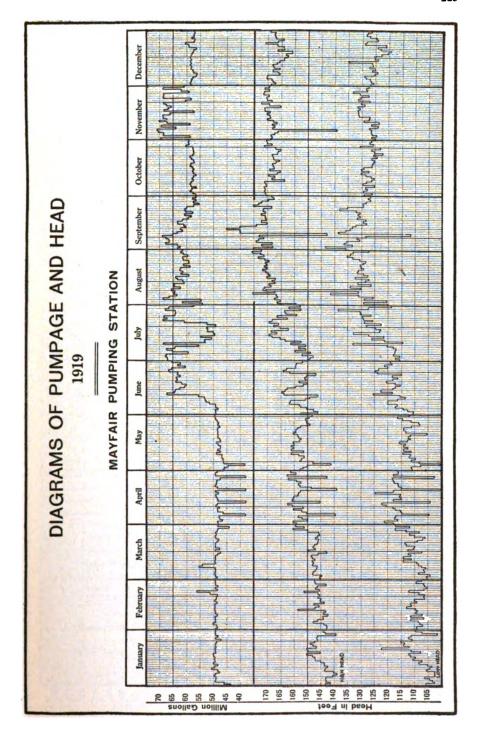


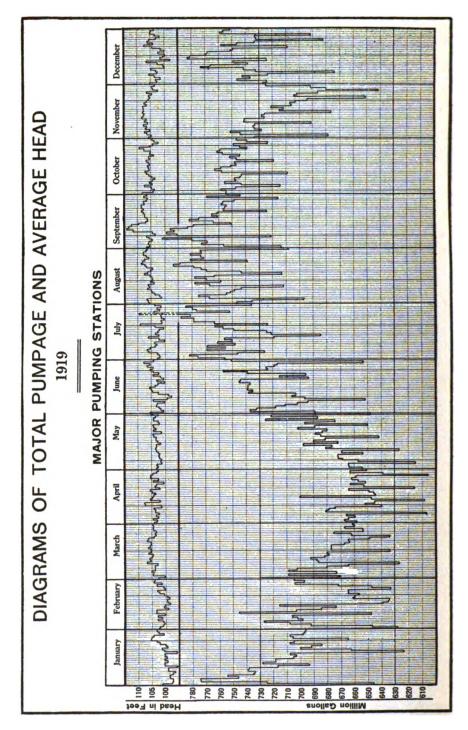


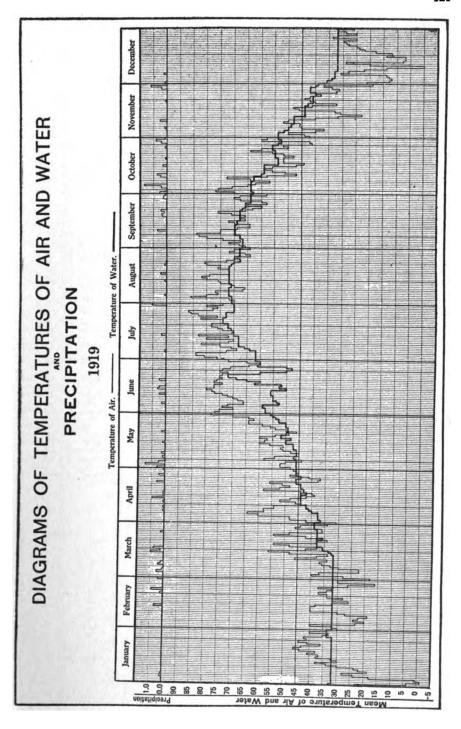












SEWAGE PUMPING STATIONS Monthly Pumpage in Millions of Gallons—1919

	Stony Island Ave.	95th Street	Kensington	Pullman	Hegewisch	Total
January	878.89	928.91	113.85	86.25	79.41	2,087.31
February	821.65	801.01	102.50	79.42	68.84	1,873.42
March	1,209.50	1,632.21	130.72	107.46	153.13	3,233.02
April	923.89	961.04	114.87	80.90	86.90	2,167.60
May	1,305.16	1,521.18	129.48	100.44	146.48	3,202.74
June	1,013.73	720.57	112.11	74.44	66.92	1,987.77
July	915.14	668.98	114.57	71.00	60.88	1,830.57
August	879.71	623.88	113.23	65.30	62.57	1,744.69
September	929.92	622.35	112.71	66.68	61.43	1,793.09
October	1,067.15	991.67	121.92	68.66	71.66	2,321.06
November	771.00	698.46	114.58	67.71	68.81	1,720.56
December	986.35	732.97	113.13	74.31	76.44	1,983.20
Total	11,702.09	10,903.23	1,393.67	942.57	1,003.47	25,945.0

SEWER PUMPING STATIONS—CITY OF CHICAGO, DECEMBER 31, 1919

						PUMPS					
						DRIVING	DRIVING ENGINE OR MOTOR	R			
Station	ģ	Туре	Capacity Gallons in 24 Hours	Head Feet	Date		Steam Cylinder	Stroke R.P.M denser	R.P.M	Con- denser	Air Pump
	a	Elev. C. L. of Pump—6'	71,280,000	12	1919	Horisontal Cross Compound Condensing	18" bad 99"	λ,	ä	Į.	Direct Conn
95th Street.	80	Vert. Centrifugal-7'	71,280,000	12	1909	Horisontal Cross Compound Condensing	20 mm 01	3 8	8 8		Direct Con.
	-	1 Vert. Centrifugal-7'	24,300,000	17	1909	Horisontal Cross Compound Condensing Corliss Engine, Allis-Chalmers Co	9" and 18"		90-125		Dean- Independent
	-	Elev. C.L. of Pump-11'.	12,000,000	91	1906	Horisontal Triple Exp. Condensing Cor-	//or L //or L //o	ì	S	1	Direct Conn.
Stony	~	2 Vert. Centrifugal—11'. 24,000,000	24,000,000	10	1906	Horisontal Triple Exp. Condensing Cor-		s è	8 8	į į	nected.)
Ave	80	Vert. Centrifugal—8'	72,000,000	91	1906		14" and 99"	s È	8 8		Direct Conn.
	4	Vert. Centrifugal—8'	72,000,000	9	1906	Horisontal Cross Compound Corliss Engine, Allis-Chalmers Co.	14" and 28"	ģ	8 8		Direct Conn.
	-	10" Hor. Centrifugal	6,000,000	1	1896	Vertical Cross Compound Condensing 8 A Westinghouse Engine	9" and 15"	ઢે	8	Jet	4½" x 3" x 4"
Kensington.	~	10" Hor. Centrifugal	2,000,000	i		Vertical Cross Compound Condensing S. A. Westinghouse Engine	9" and 15"	à	300		4½" x 3" x 4"
Pullman		8" Hor. Centrifugal 8" Hor. Centrifugal Amer. Well Works	3,000,000	75	1915	76 H.P.G.E. Motor—60 Cy. 230 V.A.C					
	-	20" Hor. Centrifugal	10,000,000	1	1909	40 H. P. Foos Horisontal Single Cylinder					
Tollow Botto	61	2 20" Hor. Centrifugal 10,000,000	10,000,000	-		40 H. P. Foos Horisontal Single Cylinder Gas Engine					

BOILER PLANTS OF STEAM ENGINE-DRIVEN SEWAGE PUMPING STATIONS

				1 6	Tubes	massi8 mirriG	Steam Pressure	a g		Furnace or Stoker			Breechin eq. ft.	<u> </u>	æ	Btack	
Station No.	- G	Туре	Heating Soahub	.oV	ezi8	Diam.	No. M.	Max.	eqvT	Name	ezi8	esand esahud	Area at Boiler	te sorA Steck	Diam. Height	lainetald	Remarks
· 	3 150 H.	3 150 H. P. Edgemoor Water 1432 76 4*220' 0"	1432	8	.0 ,0ZX_1	8,		35	100 150 Hand Fired	20th Century Shak-2'4'x6'6' ing GratesTwin	2'4'x6'6' Twin	8		1	6.	30.4 4' 6° 130' Brick	
Btony Island	3 100 H. 1 193 H.	3 100 H. P. McNaull Water Tube. 1 193 H. P. Keeler Cross Drum Water Tube 1915.	: 1925		48 4"x18' 0" 100 4"x16' 0" 13 4'x15' 0 9''	8,3	8 :	176	Hand Fired Underfoed.	150 Hand Fired Martin Shaking Grate 4'0'z5'0' 20 175 Underfeed. Type "E" Combus- tion Engine Co 6'6'z6'0' 39	4'0'z5'0"	1	6.6 8.6	20 :	0	O Brio	25 g' 0" 150' Brick
					134°22′411′4°				Forced Draft Stoker				÷	\div	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	No. 45 Fan Engine 4 K 25 Troy Vert. En
Keneing-	2 50 H. P.	P. Stily 0. Stilk Stilk Valve Co., 1896	:	\$	46 35% zlw 0°	i	-	8	80 Hand Fired	Martin Shaking Grates	4.0°x4′0° 18				8	36 80' Briok	

125a

Rated capacity of boiler plant in Capacity of boiler plant in 1000. Per cent of boiler plant capacity Tons of coal consumed for opera Tons of coal consumed for outsid Tons of ash and refuse (estimate Mean heat value per pound of di Cost per ton of coal.....

Rated capacity of reciprocating 1 Rated capacity of steam centrifu Rated capacity of steam centrifu Rated capacity of electrical centrifu Rated capacity of electrical centrifu Rated capacity of station is Actual rated capacity in operation Actual rated capacity in operation Per cent of rated capacity developer in million gallong Maximum pumpage in million gallong Maximum pumpage in million foot grated pumpage in million grated pumpage in million foot grated pumpage in million foot

TOTAL COST

Total cost of pumping one milliot Labor cost of pumping one million Fuel cost of pumping one million Electrical power cost of pumping Total cost of pumping one million Ratio of cost of coal to cost of lab Cost of coal and ash handling per Cost of operating labor used on n

TOTAL COST

Remarks				Fan American- Blower Co.	No. 45 Fun Engine 4 K. 25 Troy Vert. Edg.	
Btack	laimtaM	Brick	Briok	:		Briok
	Height	130	150	:		86
l	Diam.		6	:	:	8

125b

| Es | | SE | | St |

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

Mr. FRANK B. ALT, Acting Chief Clerk.

The Accounting Division of the Bureau of Engineering maintains a record of detailed expenditures of the various activities of the separate divisions of the Bureau.

In addition to the detail accounting, the general office is also concerned in the disposition of general correspondence, the preparation of many reports, the preparation and passing of all contract vouchers, requisitions, bills and warrants for collection of the various divisions of the Bureau, and also the compiling of the request for annual appropriations.

The following five tables show comparative costs of operation of pumping stations.

SEWER PUMPING STATIONS—COMPARATIVE ANNUAL ANALYSIS OF PUMPING COSTS

COMPARATIVE DATA	95th Street	Stony Island	Kensington	Pullman	Hege- wisch	Total	Rogers Park
Rated Capacity of Boiler Plant in 1000 H. P. Hours for Year. Capacity of Boiler Plant in 1000 H. P. Hours Out of Service for Repairs or Cleaning Yearth Rated Boiler Plant Capacity out of Service for Repairs or Cleaning Yearth Rated Capacity of Plumps in Million Gallons at Fixed Head	3942.00 1395.00 35.4 58,035.00	4309.93 2063.60 47.8 70,810.00	876.00 411.90 47.0 3,650.00	2,109.00	7,300.00	9127.93 3870.50 42.4 141,985.00	
Popular Company of the Company of th	10,903.23 18.8 11.2 122,333.52 1,623.0	11,702.09 16.5 6.5 75,547.52 1,776.0	1,393.67 38.2 13.5 18,822.58 1.028.00 32.00	942,57 43.0 40.2 37,870.56	1,003.47 13.7 9.1 9,165.36	25,945.03 18.3 10.2 263,739.54 4,427.00 32.0	
B. J. U. per Found of Coal Delivered. Pounds of Coal Consumed per Million Foot Gallons. Estimated Duty in Foot Pounds per Million B. T. U.	29,100,00	16,000,000	109.0			40.8	
TOTAL COST OF OPERATION	30,038.37		30,783.63 \$ 17,869.03 \$ 12,975.69	12,975.69		8,583.30 \$ 100,250.02 \$	\$ 12,650.85
Cost of Pumping One Million Gallons Labor Cost of Pumping One Million Gallons One Foot High Fuel Cost of Pumping One Million Gallons One Foot High Gas or Electric Power Cost of Million Gallons One Million Gallons One Foot High	2.75 .170 .068	2.63 .277 .118	12.80 .581 .338	212	3.58	3,86 .255 .109	
Total Cost of Pumping One Million Gallons One Foot High Cost of Coal and Ash Handling per Ton of Coal Consumed Cost of Operating Labor Used on Repairs and Maintenance	245 98 339.63	1.00 204.55	1.23	33.	935	.38 1.04 545.38	
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE Buildings and Grounds Engines and Furnaces Boilers and Furnaces Fring and Furnaces Coal and Abrafitting Coal and Alah Plant Electrical and Miscellaneous Equipment	8 65.74 280.14 1,043.58 208.99	\$1,512.86 1,307.88 336.17 437.69 146.16.	\$ 18.47 452.79 651.17 83.53	\$222.97	\$ 163.19 2,275.46 18.98	\$1,983.23 4,316.27 1,931.52 699.16 145.16	\$2,211.76 830.11
Total Cost of Repairs and Maintenance	\$1,628.50	\$3,825.82	\$1056.56	\$222.97	\$2,457.63	\$9,191.48	\$3,041.87

Acct. No.	OPERATION
101 102 111 112 121 122 123 125 131 132 133 141 142 143	General Supervision Clerical Service Janitor Service Care of Grounds Supervision (Engine Room) Electrical Attendance Mechanical Attendance Chlorine Attendance Supervision (Boiler Room) Firing Boiler Washing Vacations Sick Leave Miscellaneous (Absence)
	Total Labor
211 212 213 214 215 216 232 233 234 235 236 261 264	Wheeling Coal Crushing Coal Moving Coal Conveyor Attendance Handling Ashes Unloading Coal Ash Hauling Weighing Demurrage Switching Cars Testing Coal Operation Coal Outside Purposes Coal
	Total Fuel
300 310	Operating Power
	Total Power
401 402 403 412 413 421 422 423 431 432 440 450 460 470 480	Oil. Grease. Graphite Pump Valves Sundries Machinery Boiler Compound Waste. Sundries Cleaning. Chlorine Used. Chlorinating Sundries Lighting Supplies Building Supplies Toilet Supplies Lawn Supplies Lawn Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies
	Total Supplies
501 502	Street Car and Railway
	*Total Transportation
601 602	Purchase of Tools
	Total Tools
704 720 730 740	Miscellaneous Services. Furniture and Fixtures. Stationery and Office Supplies. Advertising.
	Total Miscellaneous Expense
	GRAND TOTAL OPERATION

	Chicago	22nd Street	68th Street	Lake View	Harrison Street	14th Street	Springfield Avenue	Central Park Av.	Roseland	Mayfair	Total
TOTAL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.	\$ 7,179.98	\$ 10,173.20 \$	6,444.17	\$ 2,847.27	\$ 841.82 \$	7,067.91	\$ 3,893.14	\$ 5,942.01	\$ 2,822.69	\$ 410.24	\$ 47,622.43
Engine No. 1 Engine No. 2 Engine No. 3 Engine No. 4 Engine No. 5 Engine No. 6 Engine No. 7 General Engine Room Cost	4,346,41 3,946,15 2,396,37 723,43 2,822,03	3,570.68 218.13 2,507.94 334.84 613.08	9,044.15 10,259.99 93.19 500.06 1,550.67 647.46 204.26	1,229.48 912.90 1,358.95 2,568.27	8,131.88 4,053.41 3,875.92	651.80 899.59 752.13 2,813.04 781.45	767.67 1,496.47 850.12 1,933.21 271.98	2,374.21 1,299.12 1,202.14 4,657.11 5,257.59	712.92 667.28 914.52 1,155.21 331.58 312.96	525.43 664.20 619.73 464.44 889.07	
		\$ 11,040.90	24	81	\$ 17,036.44			485.11	\$ 5,801.85	5,249.59	\$120,947.69
Boiler No. 1-Cost per H. P.	5.87		4.93	2.83	16.	3.56	1.02	3.47	2.85	.55	
	3.43		4.18	•	2.31	22.76	000.40	3.15	3.35	.43	
Boiler No. 3—Cost per H. P.	22.93		39.90	3.34	1.74	4.57	DO:000	2.89	1.85	49	
Boiler No. 4—Cost per H. P	4.22		38.50	Re	030.00	3.20		3.94	1.68	.61	
Boiler No. 5-Cost per H. P.	2.94		11.70	Ren		2.78	Ten.	1.76	3.25	.52	
Boiler No. 6—Cost per H. P.	3.52		3,054.42	490.85		4.72	Removed .	878.07	3.12	.40	
Boiler No. 7—Cost per H. P.	002.10	: '	0,502.29			1,119.29	Removed		10.768	700.91	
Boiler No. 8—Cost per H. P.		136.60	3.850,84				Removed .				
Boiler No. 9—Cost per H. P.		2.00					129.29				
Boiler No. 10—Cost per H. P.		1.98									
Total Cost General Boiler Room Cost Total Cost per H. P	2,141.05	745.00 743.05 2.44	7,194.71	2,028.43	976.60	1,560.89	2,003.88	1,054.46	1,082.21	1,087.88	
TOTAL BOILER AND FURNACES	\$ 7,863.49	\$ 2,197.98	47,995.10	\$5,915.86	\$ 2,672.77 \$	7,001.81	\$ 3,671.03	\$ 8,657.48	\$ 5,917.51	\$ 2,581.28	\$94,474.31
TOTAL PIPING AND STEAMFITTING.	2,465.84	815.65	2,594.13	2,981.85	1,316.94	7,266.04	1,910.92	1,067.63	1,073.94	1,384.12	22,877.16
TOTAL COAL AND ASH PLANT	3,411.18	53.55	5,323.72	2,889.98	241.31	4,099.17	808.02	1,000.37	1,476.52	1,155.90	20,459.72
TOTAL ELECTRIC GENERATOR SET			606.21	851.04			170.07	219.34	346.59		2,193.25
TOTAL MISC. EQUIPMENT	1,286.57	64,11	423.36	101.29	34.70	57.40	641.98	24.81	640.70	45.92	3,320.84
TOTAL CHLORINE PLANT	516.25	642.66	6,352.80	739.50	374.50	2,771.65	800.55	405.49	870.20	129.17	13,602.77
GRAND TOTAL COST REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$ 39,424.77 \$	\$ 24,988.05	\$ 94,184.75	\$ 23,013.70 \$	22,518.48	\$ 38,086.19	38,086.19 \$ 18,573.77	\$ 34,802.24	\$ 18,950.00	18,950.00 \$ 10,956.22	\$325,498.17
NEW APPARATUS AND MACHINERY (106D10)			680.00		235.00		12,630.73	12,729.73	339.25	43.32	26,658.03

MARSHALL BOULEVARD MUNICIPAL PLANT

COL. HENRY A. ALLEN, Mechanical Engineer in Charge.

During the early part of the year investigations of the organization and operation of the Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant were made by Mr. P. S. Combs, City Engineer, and Mr. V. S. Petterson, Assistant City Engineer, for the purpose of determining better methods.

The Mechanical Engineer in Charge was instructed to make a further detailed investigation and a complete report, including recommendations for improvement in building conditions. This report was completed and submitted in September, was approved by the City Engineer and the Commissioner of Public Works, and steps were taken to put into force such portions of the recommendations not requiring additional appropriations.

In December a transfer of funds amounting to \$32,000 was passed by the City Council to make certain changes and additions to structures and equipment in line with recommendations. By the end of the year there was marked improvement in the operation of the Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant.

The City has approximately six hundred auto vehicles, including fire-fighting apparatus, and the matter of repairs on these machines has assumed a greater magnitude than was first considered. All shop and machine work on repairs at all pumping stations and bridges are also handled by this Plant.

To handle this large and important work will require a considerable additional properly constructed floor space. The location and all other matters pertaining thereto are included in the recommendations referred to.

To make the Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant complete to handle all required work of the City in a desired and profitable manner there will be required an additional expenditure for changes, extensions and equipment the sum of approximately \$400,000.

MUNICIPAL SHOPS DIVISION

FRANK MILLER, Superintendent of Shops.

During the year 1919, the Municipal Shops Division received 8,919 orders and requisitions for labor and material, covering as many jobs, for the various departments, bureaus and divisions of the City government. The work done was distributed between departments and bureaus as follows:

Police Department	. 8,861	Jobs
Fire Department	. 809	Jobs
Construction Division	.1,162	Jobs
Pipe Yards and Stores Division	. 756	Jobs
Pumping Stations	. 776	Jobs
Water Pipe Extension Division	. 442	Jobs
Bureau of Streets	. 259	Jobs
Bureau of Sewers	. 94	Jobs
Stock	. 447	Jobs
Miscellaneous	. 818	Jobs

Apparatus repairs and overhauling by jobs for the different departments, bureaus, etc., was as follows:

The output of the Municipal Foundry consisted of the manufacture of the following castings:

	4834 Curbs, lids, gutter boxes, 82 6" to 12" Special Casting 45 16" to 24" Special Castin 33 36" to 48" Special Castin 25770 Miscellaneous Iron Castin	gs weighinggs weighinggs	16,881 lbs. 25,149 lbs. 149,503 lbs.
Total	30764 Iron Castings made 12629 Brass, Aluminum, etc., Co	weighing	1,777,609 lbs. 43,622 lbs.
Total	43393 Castings	weighing	1,821,231 lbe.

52 Hydrants were repaired for the Water Pipe Extension Division and the following special Castings made:

Number	Casting	Weight
	8 x 6 <u>Tees</u>	10,900 lbs.
	6 x 6 Tees	16,600 lbs.
	8 x 4 Tees	6,630 lbs.
	48 x 24 Tees	10,760 lbs.
	16 inch C. I. Sleeves.	720 lbs. 5.660 lbs.
	3"— 14 C. I. Circle Bends	720 lbs.
9K	4 — 1 C. I. Circle Bends	2.250 lbs.
100	8 inch C. I. Pluga.	2,200 lbs.
	48 x 48 Tees	16,266 lba.
	48 x 36 Tees	6.764 lbs.
	24 x 24 Tees	1.640 lbs.
	16 x 8 Tees	2.070 lbs.
	48 inch Sleeves, long	13,770 lbs.
	24 inch C. I. Sleeves 24 inches long	4.386 lbs.
	4'-14 C. I. Circle Bends	1,750 lbs.
3	24"—14 C. I. Circle Bends	4,179 lbs.
	16"-14 C. I. Circle Bends	4,800 lbs.
	24"— 14 C. I. Circle Bends	7,650 lbs.
	12"— 16 Bends	6,675 lbs.
	24"— 14 Bends	1,393 lbs.
	16"— 14 Bends	1,270 lbs.
	48"— 14 Bends	15,588 lbs.
	36"— 16 Bends	22,048 lbs.
	16'— 1 Bends	5,715 lba.
	8 to 6 Reducers	3,675 lbs.
	36 x 24 Reducers, Large Bell	4,560 lbs.
0	36 x 24 Reducers, Small Bell	3,040 lbs. 3,040 lbs.
19	16 x 12 Reducers, No Bell	4.572 lbs.
9	16 x 12 Reducers, Earge Bell.	762 lbs.
R	48 x 36 Reducers, Large Bell	26.172 lbs.
18	8 inch C. I. Off Sets. 2 feet	5.346 lbs.
		28.791 lbs.
	48 x 36 Crosses	22.146 lbs.
		
	Total	74.903 lbs.

- 24 New Hydrants, 430 8-inch Valves and 5 16-inch Valves were manufactured and delivered the Division of Pipe Yards and Stores.
- 6 New Standard Hook and Ladder Trucks with all equipment were built and turned over to the Fire Department.

The following Extra Equipment was manufactured and delivered the Fire Department:

```
22—20-foot, 26-foot, 30-foot and 36-foot Straight Ladders
8—50-foot Bangor Ladders
10—65-foot Bangor Ladders
56—6-foot, 8-foot, 10-foot, 12-foot and 14-foot Roof Ladders
182—Pike Poles
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Turbo Generator No. 3 of the Municipal Power Plant was completely overhauled.

51 Disintegrator Cages were repaired and 2 Drums for garbage crusher were made for the Municipal Reduction Plant.

For the Discharge Piping of the 40 MC Motor Driven Centrifugal Pump at the 68th Street Pumping Station, the following were made:

	Lios.
1-36-foot Automatic Control Valve, weighing	.10,500
1—SE 107—36-foot Elbow, weighing	. 8,600
1—SE 103A—36-foot Elbow, weighing	
1SE 107A36-foot Bend, weighing	8.700
1-SE 103-86-foot Special Bend, weighing	
1-SE 102 Sealing Tank, weighing	
2—SE 105 Sealing Tank Tops, weighing	

Turbines were overhauled, gear cases made, and approximately 100,000 lbs. of Grate Parts made for the 68th Street Pumping Station.

Six Dumpers and Frames were made for Boilers 5, 6 and 7 at the 68th Street Pumping Station, weighing 10,500 lbs.

Patterns were made for Riedler Valves for the Chicago Avenue and Lake View Pumping Stations, and 48 Riedler Valves were refaced and repaired for these stations.

Work Done at the Municipal Pier: Extended aprons on roof garden seams, repaired conductor heads, repaired copper roof on dome and dancing pavilion, relaid all glass, except circles, over dancing pavilion, took off and extended caps, relaid all glass in 3 skylights above toilet rooms, repaired bars and gutters of same, also gutters on terminal, erected and re-erected downspouts on east end of head house, put 24 feet of new gutters, repaired copper decks on head house, made 20 new signs for doors, put an extension and covers on terminal sheds, and repaired downspouts and gutters on north freight sheds.

Work performed and billed during the year, not including jobs in course of completion, follows:

Fire Department, Repairs, etc	24.285.54
Police Department, Repairs, etc	82.580.71
Water Pumping Stations, Repairs, etc	20.246.94
Sewer Pumping Stations, Repairs, etc	3.586.31
Bureau of Streets, Repairs, etc	8.005.90
Bureau of Sewers, Repairs, etc	7.198.18
Bureau of Waste Disposal, Repairs, etc	21,729,17
Construction Division, Repairs, etc	41,828.59
Pipe Yards and Stores Division, Castings	45,452.64
Pipe Yards and Stores Division, Miscellaneous	88,216.65
Pipe Yards and Stores Division, Hydrants	5,969.78
Pipe Yards and Stores Division, Valves	17,858.91
Water Pipe Extension Division, Miscellaneous	13,985.65
Water Pipe Extension Division, Hydrant Repairs	2,601.18
Municipal Power Plant, Repairs, etc	8,214.55
Board of Education, Repairs, etc	899.57
Bureau of City Hall, Repairs, etc	1,291.07
Municipal Pier, Repairs, etc	2,649.67
Department of Gas and Electricity, Repairs, etc	1,821.70
Government Work	3,086.45
Miscellaneous Divisions, Bureaus and Departments, Repairs, etc	4,578.72
Gas, Janitor and Telephone Service	2,698.48
Total	46,621.81

There was also uncompleted work not billed amounting to \$10,762.12, and stock made up but not billed, as follows:

Rough Iron Hydrant and Valve Parts	4.478.45
Rough Brass Hydrant and Valve Parts	
Finished Iron Hydrant and Valve Parts	5.714.14
Finished Brass Hydrant and Valve Parts	4,912.78
Fire Department Castings	952.04
Miscellaneous Castings	786.46
Brass and Bronze Bushings, Stock	1,023.61
Chlorine Apparatus	
Curbs and Lids, etc	14,882.88
Total	43,876.75

The grand total of all work done by the Municipal Shops, during the year 1919, was \$600,760.18.

DIVISION OF PIPE YARDS AND STORES

WILLIAM SAYRE, General Foreman.

YEAR 1919

This year shows a decrease in the amount of business done in the Division of Pipe Yards and Stores, with an increase in operating costs. The latter was due principally to increase in salaries of the Division employes, and increase in maintenance of trucks, which, because of their age, needed many repairs.

For material delivered and truck service rendered, we made warrants for collection totaling \$774,806.95, analyzed as follows:

Material \$468,638.83, 15 per cent overheard	. 666.87
\$554,664.89	\$ 70,208.98 554,664.89
Truck service billed	\$624,868.37 . 149,938.58
Grand Total	.\$774,806.95

There has been an increase in truck service, as compared with former years, another reason for increase in cost of operation. For truck service rendered no overhead is charged, nor has there been any charge for storage, consequently no revenue is derived from these items.

The following statement details the total amount billed:

Construction Division	\$ 88,558.06
Bridge	.48
Bureau of Parks	849.27
Bureau of Gas and Electricity	2,200.66
Harbor Board	114.65
Bureau of Waste Disposal	284.07
House of Correction	10.195.77
Fire Department	5.042.97
Police Department	28,420.14
Municipal Shops	26,418,98
Operating Division	78,761.20
Rivers and Harbors	7.814.47
Bureau of Sewers	17,248,71
Bureau of Streets	4,775.07
Testing Division	1.092.98
Water Pipe Extension	462,601,74
Water Meter Shops	28,882.98
Bureau of City Hall	728.84
Miscellaneous	4.944.88
Contractors	
	\$774,806.95

By comparing the above with the report for 1918, the instances in which our business has fallen off may be seen. In but four cases has it increased. They are the business with the Construction Division, Water Meter Shops,

Municipal Shops, and the Bureau of Parks. We are of the opinion that with full co-operation the volume of our business would be increased considerably, as the material carried in the Pipe Yards and Warehouse is of such varied nature that we are able to sell needed commodities to almost every department of the City. In addition to this line of business, we furnish truck service and messenger service, also storage facilities in our spacious fire-proof Warehouse.

The cost of operation of the Division has been analyzed as follows:

Supervision	12,900.00
Office force and watchmen	12.573.95
Laborers	28,150.08
Laborers (borrowed from other divisions)	2.880.08
Motor truck drivers and garage man	98,747,17
Hired trucks—by day	15.542.87
Hired trucks—by contract	5.004.58
Privately owned auto	986.65
Hauling material between Pipe Yards	1.950.46
Material used from stock by Pipe Yards	248.25
Printing specifications and advertising for bids	1.225.49
Inspection of elevators and scales	58.52
Plumber, steamfitter, and electrician—Pipe Yards	650.91
Demurrage charged	96.86
Equipment, and repairs to same	188.10
Heat, hot water, light, and power-Pipe Yards	5.087.45
Inspections and tests of material	6.028.69
Phones-Pipe Yards	1.206.89
Stamps and stationery	698.09
Miscellaneous	568.78
Heat, light, hot water, etc.—Garage	1.846.29
Rent for outside garages	996.00
Plumber and steamfitter—Garage	196.45
Phones—Garage	57.00
Gasoline and motor oil	14.849.15
New tires	7.258.50
Truck repairs and miscellaneous supplies	86,514.75
	255,455.46
Deventors and of energians OFF AFF AR	

We unloaded 159 cars of material and made 14,187 deliveries.

During the latter part of the year much time was consumed in re-arranging the vast stock of material at the Warehouse, with a view to facilitating its stocking and handling. This work is yet under way. Changes have been made in the methods of receiving and delivering material, resulting in increased efficiency.

WATER METER SHOPS

FRANK D. ANDERSON, General Meter Foreman

With an average monthly force of 46.8 employes in office, shop and field there were performed 36,196 jobs of repairs, replacements and installations of water meters at a cost of \$17,135.61 for supervision and clerk hire; \$57,998.54 for mechanics and laborers, and \$16,068.56 for cartage, a total of \$91,202.71 and \$80,420.59 for meters, meter parts and material.

As a reimbursement for expenditures made for overtime work and installation of emergency and fire meters, etc., there was billed to consumers the amount of \$2,327.50, of which \$1,464.13 represented work done by deposits.

The average cost of maintenance per meter, \$3.42.

The revenue collected by the Bureau of Water from meter service was greater than any preceding year, being \$4,303,025.01—an increase of \$376,-957.44 over 1918.

There were 2,603 new meters installed. Of this number 71 replaced smaller services.

The total number of meters in service December 31, 1919, was 27,532.

STATEMENT OF REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS

FIELD WORK

Description of work performed	No. of Jobs	Labor Cost	Material Cost	Hire of Trucks	Totals	Average Cost
Investigations. Meters removed permanently. Meters repaired on premises. Meter locations changed. Meters replaced. Cost of new meters. Leaks repaired. Meters removed for safekeeping. Maintenance of auto trucks.	1,669 284 5,616 1 4,434 73 176	\$ 1,484.13 347.10 6,073.00 8.78 7,843.25 131.85 243.13 1,704.43	\$ 9.13 261.24 46.61 2,805.57 8,972.15 38.61 4.12	\$ 1,169.91 194.97 4,809.66 4.20 6,462.77 97.48 259.96	\$ 2,654.91 551.20 11,143.90 59.59 17,111.59 8,972.15 267.94 507.21 1,704.43	3.67 2.90
Supervision and clerk hire Totals	12,253	6,311.77 \$ 24,147.44	\$ 12,137.43	\$ 12,998.95	6,311.77 \$ 49,283.82	\$ 4.02

SHOP WORK

Description of work performed	No. of Jobs	Labor Cost	Material Cost	Hire of Trucks	Totals	Average Cost Per Job
Meters tested before repairs Meters tested and sealed after	41	37.48			\$ 37.48	\$.91
repairs	4.070	1.852.97	\$ 156.92		2,009.89	.49
Meters repaired in shop	4.014	17,526,28	2,793.84		20,320.12	5.06
Meter parts rehabilitated	6,898	3,869.97	912.22		4,782.19	.69
Material rehabilitated	1,091	99.17	1.98		101.15	
Repairs and replacement to	-					
equipment and apparatus.		629.05	78.71		707.76	.09
General work	• · · • • •	9,256.81			9,256.81	
Supervision and clerk hire	• • • • •	7,117.53	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7,117.53	
Totals	16,114	\$ 40,389.26	\$ 3,943.67		\$ 44,332.93	\$ 2.70

STATEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND BETTERMENTS

FIELD WORK

Description of work performed	No. of Jobs	Labor Cost	Material Cost	Hire of Trucks	Totals	Average Cost
Meters installed		405.67	58,593.85	\$ 3,069.61		\$ 4.72
Supervision and clerk hire	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	989.65			989.65	• • • • • •
Totals	2,603	\$ 5,029.35	\$ 64,176.45	\$ 3,069.61	\$ 72,275.41	\$ 27.76

SHOP WORK

Description of work performed	No. of Jobs	Labor Cost	Material Cost	Hire of Trucks	Totals Average Cost Per Job
Meters tested and sealed (new). General work Supervision and clerk hire		1,106.66			1,106.66
Totals	4,752	\$ 2,821.07	\$ 163.04		\$ 2,984.11 \$ 0.27

SUMMARY

Description of work performed	No. of Jobs	Labor Cost	Material Cost	Hire of Trucks	Totals
Repairs and replacements, field Repairs and replacements, shop	12,253 16,114	\$ 24,147.44 40,389.26	\$ 12,137.43 3,943.67	\$ 12,998.95	\$ 49,283.82 44,332.93
Special extraordinary expense Construction and betterments, field	474 2,603	2,747.03 5,029.35	64,176.45	3,069.61	2,747.03 72,275.41
Construction and betterments, shop		2,821.07	163.04	•••••	2,984.11
Totale	38 108	S 75 134 15	\$ 80 420 50	\$ 18 DAR KA	\$ 171 A92 20

This item includes scrapping old meters amounting to \$212.18; vacations and time off voting, \$2,534.85 of which \$2,277.70 is repairs and replacements and \$257.15 construction and betterments.

STATEMENT OF NET COST OF MAINTENANCE PER METER And Net Cost of Installation Per Meter 1919

REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS

RDI MINO MILO ROLLINGO
Total salaries and wages for repairs and replacements
CREDIT
Total amount billed for labor and material in repairing meters
Average net cost per meter
NOTE.—Average net cost of maintenance is derived by taking the total net cost of maintenance and dividing by total number of meters in service December 31, 1919.
CONSTRUCTION AND BETTERMENTS
Total salaries and wages for construction and betterments
Total
CREDIT
Total amount billed for meters, labor and material installing 36 private meters: Labor, \$572.83; material, \$382.15; meters, \$509.15
Total net cost of installation
Average cost City owned meters used in installations
Average cost of material to install 2,567 City meters
Average cost of labor to install 2,567 City meters
Average cost of truck hire to install 2,567 City owned meters 1.20
Total cost per meter
This does not include labor and material used by Plumbing Shop, Water Pipe Extension Division, installing 2,487 meter connections of %-inch to 2-inch, inclusive, on which meters were installed during the year.

23	8 the Year 1919
ETER	Year
X A	ţ
Ž	uring
8 2	E G
8121	permanently during
AND SIZES	
200	removed
METER	2
0	Seten
	snd Mete
STATEMEN	installed a
5	Insta

*Included in these numbers are 71 meters removed from service on account of larger service pipes and meters installed.

TYPES AND SIZES OF WATER METERS IN SERVICE

•			Ā	December	31, 1919	_							
	χ i.	%-in.	J-in	1 1/4-in.	1%-in	2-in.	3-in.	į.	6-in.	8-in	10-in	12-ip.	Total
Keystone	242	301	273	152	266	414	8	8	12	:	:	:	1,776
Pittaburg.	3;	202	88	:	22	151	\$	18	3	:	:	:	926
Fear Dust.	2	3	3	:	2	3	:	:			:	:	\$;
Acres Disc	: 8	: %	. 4	:	٥,	35	g œ	4 6	70	3	•	:	183
lersey Rotary	9 0 0	13	=	: :	9	:2	2	4	: 2		: :		275
	' :	} :	۱ <u>:</u>	:	3 :	*	2	9	8	12	က	-	252
Lambert	8	117	8	:	19	5 2	:	:	:	:	:	:	786
Thomson	4	;	:	:	က	-;	:	က	:	:	:	:	12
Crowns	262	8	9	:	4 3	8	10	8	•	:	:	:	165
Nata Nata Nata Nata Nata Nata Nata Nata	%	8	375	:	51	17	69	01	:	:	:	:	3
implies	0	4	~	:	C 9	64	-	:	:	:	:	:	91
Cincon	**	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	*
Gen	:	:	:	:	:	90	81	O.	18	=	:	-	3
Ninggara	o;	*	N	:	~	**	:	:	:	:	:	:	2
Inencen.	5	:	7	:	142	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	216
rident Disc.	*	31	31	:	12	25 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	12	3	. 9	: !	:	: '	3:
rident Crest	:1	:::	:	:	:	•	236	181	8	7.7	3	-	1
	I,	3	174	:	192	161	:	:	:	:	:	:	2
Worthington Flunger	Š	13	8		25	3	281		:	:	:	:	
Contained Tout in	910	4,004	0,000	3	6,840	1,004	8:	8		:	:	:	36
tortungton 1 urome.	:	:	:	:	:	•	:-	141	2	8	•	0	16
Fident Compound	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	- 61	98	:	: :	: :	: :	•
Total	2,522	3,515	10,622	752	4,863	3,720	886	2 6	372	86	2	=	27,486
Automatic Meter Alarm Valves Hydraulic Elevator Dials.													81
FIRE VELVES	:	:	:		:	: : : :	:	:	:	:	:	:	•

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF SUMMARIES 1999, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918 and 1919.

YEAR Number of rates of ra	Increase in meter rates collections	Number of new installations	Number of of permanent removals i	Number of I	Number of	N.m. ber	Man			
Mullion Tates in meters in collections or meters in collections or 14,883 \$2,166,224.52 \$16,682 \$2,856,584.32 \$16,689 \$2,877,379.90 \$16,689 \$2,877,379.90	meter rates collections \$ 145,903.41	of new installations tions		meters						Awarana onet
meters in collections or l4.883 \$2,166,224.52 \$16,032 \$2,425,775.59 16,089 \$2,656,594.32 16,089 \$2,656,594.32 16,099 \$2,657,775.45	collections	installa- tions 482	10	polition	meters	jo	Jo	cost of	Total net	of main-
14,883	\$ 145.903.41	482		n the shop	repaired on premises	meters	meters	installation	maintenance	tenance per meter
15,032 2,425,735,59 16,628 2,556,594.32 16,062 2,877,379,90 16,999 3,028,232,72		75.	323	3.354	8.168	158	6.024	\$62.385.38	\$89.750.02	86.63
16,628 2,556,594.32 16,052 2,877.379.90 16,969 3,028,232.72	259.511.07	3	200	2.495	8.056	202	7.334	61,965.69	79.219.60	28
16,052 2,877.379.90 16,969 3,028,232.72	130,858.73	1.141	8	3,765	5,197	86	7,532	40,501.84	78,713.23	5.7
16,969 3,028,232.72	320,785,58	422	248	3.973	6.821	91	8.207	14,211.83	71,560.29	4.45
70 467 000 6 747 01	150,852.82	1.197	8	3,522	6,380	•	6,323	30,386.64	67,455.71	3.97
10.10.10.00	7.794.84	88	ž	3,921	6,572	10	5,751	36,021.07	65,966.42	3.57
19,439 2,761,367.60	• 259,070,28	1,250	382	3,523	5,892	50	8,577	36,209.20	66,949.68	3 .4
20.768 3.081.158.08	319,790.48	1,615	887	3,169	5,502	~	6,323	41,465.79	91,534.40	4 .4
22,729 3,512,364.30	431,206,22	2,198	317	4,303	5,287	-	5,631	58,624.00	70,599.86	8.15
25,421 3,926,067.57	413,703,27	2,929	237	4.763	4,926	~	8,258	68,812.93	76,625.17	8 .8
27,532 4,303,025.01	376,957.44	2,603	284	4,014	5,616	1	8.863	74,052.54	94,242.36	3.42

*Decrease.

DESIGNING DIVISION

MYRON B. REYNOLDS, Engineer of Water Works Design.

MAYFAIR PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for the street lighting system, lawn sprinkling system, dust exhauster for coal crusher room, chlorine cylinder stands, engine governor changes and preliminary plan for 60 million gallon turbine-driven centrifugal pump.

LAKE VIEW PUMPING STATION.

Plans were made for boiler and setting for replacing Nos. 4 and 5 Seder-holm boilers with one 650 H. P. Edgemoor boilers with underfeed stoker. Plans were made for necessary structural changes due to the above installation.

CHICAGO AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for new building, tunnel changes, electrical work, and all other work incidental to installing two 50 M. G. motor-driven centrifugal pumps.

CENTRAL PARK AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for railway trestle into storage yard for coal.

SPRINGFIELD AVENUE PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for the changes in piping, due to the changes in the locations of the boiler feed pumps and heaters. Preliminary plans were made for the installation of new pumping engines. Various plans were made for such as platforms for operating valves, roof changes, etc.

HARRISON STREET PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for new roof and roof trusses for the boiler room Plan was completed for new hub for flywheel on No. 1 Allis pump.

TWENTY-SECOND STREET PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for electrical work in connection with installation of new 25 M. G. motor-driven centrifugal pumps; supports for discharge pipes; automatic priming devices, and curb around wet well to protect pit from surge.

FOURTEENTH STREET PUMPING STATION.

Drawing completed for screen to be placed in shaft to protect the suction pipes of all engines.

SIXTY-EIGHTH STREET PUMPING STATION.

Plans were completed for changes in the settings of the four south boilers; for necessary building changes, and for foundations, piping, etc., for the installation of the two 40 M. G. motor-driven centrifugal pumps. Plans were completed for line room, bus compartments, transformer layouts and all electrical work in connection with installation of the motor-driven pumps. Drawings were made for the necessary changes in the suction shafts, with overflows to provide against surge.

WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON PUMPING STATION.

Preliminary plans and studies were made for this station. The station is to be 300 M. G. capacity. The pumping equipment will be composed of four 25 M. G. vertical, triplex-expansion pumping engines and four 60 M. G. turbine-driven centrifugal pumps.

MARSHALL BOULEVARD MUNICIPAL PLANT.

Plans were made for changes in the heating system in order to better distribute the heat. General plans and estimates were made for the rearrangement of floor space and additions to buildings for the purpose of enlarging the plant.

MUNICIPAL REDUCTION PLANT.

Plans were completed for the steam power piping and boiler room auxiliaries and accessories.

TUNNELS AND CRIBS.

Plan was completed for concreting deck of breakwater at the 68th Street Crib.

Plans were revised for the extension of the South-West Land Tunnel and drawings made for the construction plants for the shafts at Wood Street and at 61st and Western Avenue.

Preliminary plans were made for a new crib and for the extension of the Two-Mile Tunnel System.

Plan was made for extension of Michigan Avenue Water Pipe Tunnel.

TESTS.

Men were furnished for the test of the boilers at Mayfair Pumping Station, and for a trial test of the 40 M. G. motor-driven pump at 68th Street Pumping Station.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bids for work were tabulated and contractors' plans were checked as received.

Organization charts were made for different divisions of the Bureau of Engineering.

Drawings were made for the construction plant at Roosevelt Road.

TESTING DIVISION

L. S. MARSH, Engineering Chemist in Charge.

During the year of 1919, the work of the Testing Division was somewhat increased over that of the previous year, this being due to the fact that a greater volume of construction work was carried on, necessitating the sampling and testing of materials and the inspection of new equipment. The distribution of the work for the various departments, bureaus and divisions as well as certain contracts under the supervision of the City is well shown in the following itemization of warrants issued for collection:

Bridge Division	
City Engineer	
Bureau of City Hall	151.86
Construction Division	5,009.86
Department of Electricity	4.18
Fire Department	9,90
Department of Health	
Board of Local Improvements	
Municipal Shops	
Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium	
Operating Division	
Pipe Yards and Stores	
Bureau of Rivers and Harbors	
Water Supply Investigation	
Bureau of Waste Disposal	
Water Pipe Extension	66.05
	\$89,278.12
Special assessment pipe, inspection	887.85
Union Station Company	1,369.00
Board of Education	
	\$48,727.00

It should be noted that apparatus and chemicals to the amount of \$1,672.87 were purchased during the year of 1919, and these purchases charged against the capital account, and the allowance of 10 per cent for supervision remains insufficient to take care of the purchases of supplies and materials, the amount allowed being barely sufficient to cover strictly supervisory expenses.

COAL

Nine hundred and seventy-two (972) laboratory tests of coal were made during the year of 1919, these tests representing somewhat more than 3,600 individual samples. As the testing of coal and other supplies for the Board of Education was handled by the Testing Division during 1919, the number of coal samples was consequently greatly increased and attached tabulation gives the prices earned for the coal delivered to the various pumping stations and other power plants of the city.

Some new equipment has been added in the laboratory to facilitate the crushing and grinding of coal samples, resulting in a larger volume of work and a reduction in time for the laboratory sampling.

OII.

Lubricating oil was largely purchased in tank cars during the year just passed, these totaling eleven, five of which were cylinder oil and six engine oil. The total number of tests made on lubricating oils was eighty-one (81). Considerable work has been done in the laboratory looking toward the more complete testing of steam turbine oils in order to obtain sufficient data to use in specifications.

CEMENT.

Cement sampled and tested during the year of 1919 totaled 24,018 barrels, of which only 300 barrels was natural cement. A great deal of this cement was sampled at the mill at Buffington, Ind., but owing to the difficulty in obtaining continuous deliveries of cement from the mill, several thousand barrels were sampled in various warehouses throughout the city.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE.

The amount of pipe inspected and shipped during the year of 1919 was largely increased over the previous year, a total of 15,630 pieces of various sizes of pipe having been inspected, of which 5,068 pieces or 32.4 per cent were rejected. The total weight of pipe shipped, including pipe for special assessment work, was 3,691 tons.

LUMBER.

Inspection of lumber at the yards of contractors in Chicago and on various construction jobs necessitated the continuous use of an inspector on this work, with the result that during the year 840 individual inspections were made, covering 175,309 pieces or 2,683,329 board feet.

It should be noted that out of all this material very little complaint was made of the receipt of inferior lumber on any of our construction jobs.

CREOSOTED TIMBER.

The amount of structural timbers, paving blocks and piling inspected by this Division during the year of 1919 was very large. The total board feet of structural timbers inspected and treated amounted to 764,280. Paving blocks totaled 3,302 square yards and oak piling 53,120 lineal feet. A considerable amount of structural timber was rejected, the total being 27,168 board feet, while 2,430 lineal feet of oak piling was also rejected. The above material was used on the following bridges:

Lawndale Avenue, Lawrence Avenue, Kimball Avenue, Franklin-Orleans and North Michigan Avenue.

INSPECTION.

The inspection of treatment of structural timbers and paving blocks requires the services of one man continuously for practically the whole year and it is a cause of satisfaction to know that the quality of the work has been greatly improved and the equipment at creosoting plants largely increased because of pressure from the Field Inspector on this line of work.

Inspection work carried on during the year of 1919 was not as great in volume as that of the year previous, due to the fact contracts had been held

in abeyance pending more suitable conditions for the letting of same. Inspection work included the following:

Wells Street Bridge -Structural steel, mill tests and shop fabrication, machinery and timbers.

Michigan Avenue Bridge.—Structural steel, mill tests and shop fabrication, machin-

ery and timbers.

Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge.—Mill and shop inspection as well as erection and painting.

Addison Street Bridge.—Inspection of the fabrication of steel at Milwaukee, Wis. Kimball Avenue Bridge.—Mill tests and shop inspection at Canonsburg, Pa. Chicago Union Station.—Inspection of erection of all structural iron work.

Chicage Avenue Pumping Station.—Inspection of 42-inch strainers at Pittsburgh, Pa., and centrifugal pumps at Trenton, N. J.

CORPORATION FERRULES.

The contract for corporation ferrules for 1919, as well as the contracts for roundway cocks, required inspection at Newark, N. J. and Springfield, Mass. These contracts were both nearly completed on contract time.

SHUT-OFF BOXES.

Ten thousand (10,000) shutoff boxes under contracts were inspected and shipped to the warehouse at 3150 South Sacramento Avenue, being completed well within the required time.

A number of miscellaneous inspections and investigations were conducted during the year, such as feed water heater, electric fuses, water meters, pipe covering, chlorine control apparatus, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS TESTS.

There were handled in the laboratory during the year of 1919, exclusive of coal and oil, 346 miscellaneous samples, a list of these being given below:

79 tests cast iron 1 test scrap iron 2 tests pig iron 8 tests gasoline 1 test Soot Burno 1 test carborundum 15 tests turbine oil 3 tests compressor oil 8 tests transformer oil 2 tests grease 8 tests linseed oil 5 tests floor oil 2 tests fuel oil 6 tests brass 1 test Litnum bronse 16 tests bronze 14 tests corporation ferrules 1 test metal for chlorine regulating valve 16 tests paint 12 tests lead pipe 1 test paint remover 1 test white lead 1 test Non-freeze solution calcium chloride 1 test 1 test sand 3 tests Babbitt metal 3 tests electric tape 8 tests pig lead 1 test oak timber 1 test coke 2 tests nickel steel 1 test concrete 8 tests solder 5 tests pump valves 8 tests tin 6 tests copper 1 test spelter 1 test aluminum 11 tests reinforcing bars 1 test granite blocks 1 test feed water piping 1 test water 17 tests rags 18 tests soap 11 tests library paste 7 tests washing powder 22 tests pipe covering 1 test oak wood 18 tests varnish 1 test turpentine 1 test metal polish test sewer pipe 2 tests slag 2 tests steel

The Testing Division has at the present time a furnace for the testing of fire brick which is nearly completed and it is intended to make tests on a large variety of fire brick to determine the relative merits of such brick as come into this market. Fire clay is also under investigation, with the same purpose in view and it is hoped that information may be obtained which will provide for the more satisfactory purchase of these materials.

AVERAGE ANALYSIS AND AVERAGE PRICE PAID FOR TESTED COAL DELIVERED TO PUMPING STATIONS AND POWER PLANTS

During the Year 1919 Price Earned Percent Moisture Percent Del. Ash Dry B. T. U. Central Park Avenue Nut. Screenings Screenings 12,936 12,674 12,283 \$4.2021 3.8735 3.6321 9.3 10.8 12.7 Chicago Avenue Lump.....Lump..... 10.4 8.8 9.1 8.7 12,826 12,866 5.0185 4.456 1918 Contract 1919 Contract City Hall 12,744 12,613 12,449 5.1682 4.6147 4.222 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract Fourteenth Street 10.7 9.7 8.7 8.1 12,918 12,984 13,574 4.8818 4.4995 4.6213 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract Lump..... Lump. Lump or Egg. Harrison Street 9.2 11.5 11.5 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract 12,964 12,438 12,438 4.9640 4.3026 4.3309 Lake View 5.2003 4.5417 4.3854 4.2097 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract 10.8 12.2 16.1 15.8 Mayfair 12,836 12,133 12,135 3.7178 3.6876 3.2658 1919 Contract 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 10.3 12.1 14.6 Roseland Screenings..... Screenings...... Nut..... 11,527 11,828 12,835 3.3711 4.2375 4.1704 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract 68th Street No. 1 Screenings...... No. 1 Screenings...... Nut..... 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 1919 Contract 3.7597 3.7238 4.378 Springfield Avenue Screenings...... Nut....... Nut..... 12,132 12,963 12,666 8.6130 4.166 4.177 1919 Contract 1918 Contract 1919 Contract 13.6 9.0 10.1 22nd Street Lump.....Lump..... 12,921 11,952 1918 Contract 1919 Contract

AVERAGE ANALYSIS AND AVERAGE PRICE PAID FOR TESTED COAL

Delivered to

SEWAGE STATIONS

	Percent Moisture	Percent Del. Ash	B. T. U.	Price Earned		
Kensington						
Mine run	9.2	9.2	12,935 car delivery	\$3.625	1919	Contract
Mine run	9.2	9.2	12,935 team delivery	4.564	1919	Contract
95th Street						
Mine run	8.5	17.4	11,328 car delivery	3.239	1919	Contract
Mine run	8.7	17.8	11,135 team deli v ery	3.985	1919	Contract
Stony Island						
Mine run	11.5	12.4	12,346 car delivery	3.537	1919	Contract
Mine run	12.1	10.4	12,674 team delivery	4.391	1919	Contract
MU	NICIPAL R	EDUCTION	i Plant			
Screenings	10.4 9.7	13.7 14.1	11,997 12,034	3.5894 3.225	1918 1919	Contract Contract
M	IUNICIPAL	POWER H	IOUSE			
Nut	8.2	12.9	12,463	3.638		Contract
Screenings	9.9 10.2	19.1 15.0	11,365 11,968	3.3954 3.1518	1919	Contract Contract
No. 2 Screenings	10.7	27.8	9,736	2.475	1919	Contract
MUNICIPA	AL TUBER	CULOSIS 8	SANITARIUM			
Screenings	9.8	14.9	12,084	4.2195	1919	Contract
1	BRIDEWEL	L CREMAT	TORY			
Screenings	10.0	12.7	12,322	8.4089	1919	Contract

DIVISION OF BRIDGES

THOS. G. PIHLFELDT, Engineer of Bridges

The city owns and maintains 50 movable and 26 fixed bridges and inspects 48 viaducts owned by railroad companies.

Expenditures during the year were—repairs \$325,000 and construction of new bridges and viaducts \$1,906,000.

During the year Monroe Street and Lawrence Avenue bridges were completed and work started on Kimball Avenue, Addison Street and Lawndale Avenue bridges. Construction was delayed two months on account of labor trouble.

BRIDGE DESIGNING SECTION

HUGH E. YOUNG, Engineer of Bridge Design

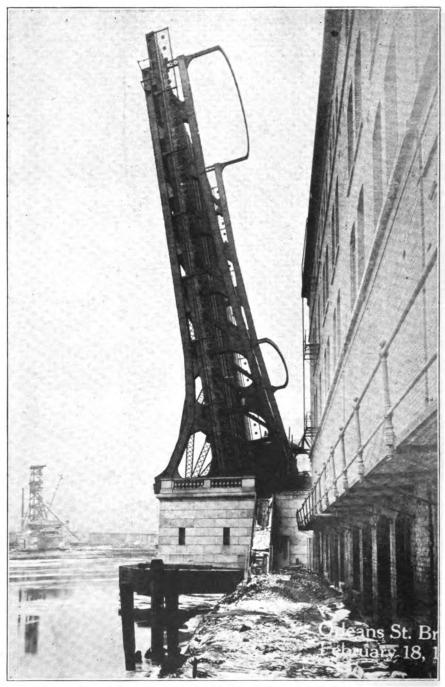
During the year 1919 the time spent on the preparation of preliminary and final plans, estimates and specifications for bridges, viaducts and public improvements was as follows:

	Per cent of
	Total Time
Roosevelt Road Bridge (formerly Twelfth Street)	28.9
Madison Street Bridge	
Roosevelt Road Viaduct (east of the river)	
Wells Street Bridge	
Kinzie Street Viaduct (checking final plans)	
Michigan Avenue Improvement (checking shop plans)	
Addison Street Bridge (checking shop plans)	
Monroe Street Bridge (checking shop plans)	
Franklin-Orleans Bridge	
Franklin-Orleans South Approach	
Franklin-Orleans North Approach	
Adams Street Bridge	
California Avenue Bridge (analysis of competitive designs)	
Ogden Avenue Improvement (preliminary studies)	
South Water Street Improvement (preliminary studies)	
Misclianeous work	2.5
Total	100.0

ROOSEVELT ROAD BRIDGE.

In the latter part of the year 1918, the old design for the Roosevelt Road Bridge (formerly 12th Street) calling for a direct lift span supported on four ornamental steel towers, was definitely abandoned. One of the principal reasons for this was that considerable opposition developed to the adoption of the vertical lift type of bridge, which was considered ponderous and unsightly as compared with the bascule type of bridge, which can be treated architecturally, so as to give a very pleasing looking structure similar to the present Jackson Boulevard Bridge.

Preliminary studies and layouts were started for a new design, namelya single leaf single deck trunnion bascule bridge spanning the present channel, with provisions made to allow turning the superstructure on its foundations to span the proposed new channel and locating the substructure for either position of the leaf so as not to obstruct the railroad tracks. These studies, stress diagrams and preliminary layouts were continued through the first half of the year 1919,



FRANKLIN-ORLEANS STREET BRIDGE—SOUTH LEAF

after which the final contract plans were started for the substructure, superstructure, operators' houses, enclosure walls and electrical equipment. These were all well advanced at the end of the year. Simultaneously with this work the specifications and final quantity and cost estimates were prepared, with a view of advertising this improvement for bids during the first part of the year 1920.

The new design will be far superior to the direct lift type of bridge from an engineering point of view as to first cost of construction and future maintenance.

WEST MADISON STREET BRIDGE.

The final plans for the substructure, superstructure, operators' houses, enclosure walls and electrical equipment of the latest design for a double leaf trunnion bascule bridge at W. Madison street were nearly completed at the beginning of the year. It later developed that it would be feasible to provide for the erection of this structure without any serious interruption to traffic by modifying the design. A Council order was passed to incorporate this feature in the final plans for the bridge, which necessitated a complete revision of the substructure and superstructure drawings, as it required the moving of the east abutment 8 feet 8 inches from its former position to permit of the construction of the cofferdam east of the clearance line of the present east draw.

The revised plans were practically completed and checked in the latter part of the year and the substructure contract was advertised and let November 28, 1919. The remaining time was devoted to minor revisions on the plans and to the checking of architectural details in order to have the design meet with the requirements of the Chicago Plan Commission, the Municipal Art Committee of the A. I. A. and the Art Commission of the City of Chicago.

ROOSEVELT ROAD VIADUCT (East of the River).

In accordance with the general re-design of the Roosevelt Road Improvement (formerly 12th street), the preliminary plans for which were approved in 1918, the viaduct structure east of the river was to be of reinforced concrete beam and slab type. The design embodied many unusual engineering features, which called for more than the usual time and skill in making the calculations and preparing detail plans.

In general the structure was designed as a series of monoliths 200 to 250 feet long. This required that the strictest attention be paid to the effect of temperature stresses as well as to the stresses due to moving loads.

A feature of the design was the cantilevered portions of the roadway outside of the columns, which tended to reduce the stresses in the center of the roadway. This required careful analysis of stresses for the various conditions of loading.

Difficulty was encountered in the design of the viaduct structure in providing proper clearance over railroad tracks and still be able to design girders shallow enough to prevent raising the proposed grade of the viaduct.

At the State street crossing there are a series of three continuous arches, the center ones over the roadway having a span of 60 feet. The outside arches over the sidewalks were designed to act with the center arches and in that way reduce the stresses to permit a very shallow depth of the center arches. The shallow construction was necessary in order to get the proper clearance

without raising the viaduct grade. In view of the many unusual conditions, the reinforcing for most of the members was designed in detail so as to facilitate the construction.

In addition to the general design plans for the Roosevelt Road Viaduct, it was also necessary to prepare all the detail construction plans, such as temporary trestles, form work, etc., in order to facilitate the work of the Construction Division, who were building this structure. On account of the monolithic features of this design it was necessary to co-operate with the construction engineers to the end that the actual construction would be carried out in accordance with the assumptions made in the design.

During the year the designing, detailing, tracing and checking of the plans were well advanced and studies and engineering reports for betterment in design of the Clark street approaches were completed.

WELLS STREET BRIDGE.

While the construction work on the substructure for the double deck double leaf bascule bridge at N. Wells street was well advanced, and the superstructure contract was let at the beginning of the year, there was a considerable amount of engineering work required for this improvement in checking shop plans and revisions.

The major portion of these revisions was due to the changes in design of the operators' houses, railings, and enclosure walls, made in order to carry out the recommendations of the Art Commission of the City of Chicago. These changes also involved a complete revision of the specifications so as to permit the erection of operators' houses and enclosure walls under separate contract.

The construction work on the bridge was being carried out without serious interruption to traffic, including surface cars and elevated trains, which called for close co-operation between the Designing Section and the field forces in checking the contractor's plans for temporary supports, to insure public safety and to avoid any unnecessary delays to traffic, even of short duration.

At the end of the year the plans and specifications for the electrical equipment of this bridge were completed and the contract let.

KINZIE STREET VIADUCT.

The viaduct to be built at Kinzie street betwen the river and the west line of Orleans street was designed for the flat slab type of construction with an alternative design for a concrete encased steel type for which complete plans were made in the year 1918.

This viaduct is 80 feet wide and 770 feet long and is to be constructed by the Chicago Union Station Company under the supervision of the City engineers.

In the course of the preparation of plans for this viaduct a certain number of difficulties had to be overcome, one of which was the interference of the Chicago Tunnel Company's tunnel with the center columns. The center columns were carried on reinforced concrete substructure beams spanning the tunnel. These beams were supported by sub-piers of 4-foot span sunk on either side of the tunnel walls.

The alternate sets of plans and specifications for both the steel and concrete types were all revised to comply with the request of the Chicago Union

Station Company, who decided to change from concrete to wooden piling for the retaining wall at Orleans street.

MICHIGAN AVENUE IMPROVEMENT.

Contractors' shop plans for the twelve separate contracts of the Michigan Avenue Improvement were checked. In addition to this work considerable engineering work of a general nature was done, such as inspection of the field work at the bridge site and on the approaches, trips to the American Bridge Company's plant at Gary, Indiana, in order to pass on steel and machinery before it is shipped, and the co-ordination of the work of the various contractors so as to avoid delays or interferences.

CHECKING PLANS ON THE CHICAGO UNION STATION PROJECT.

In connection with the work of checking design and detail plans on the Chicago Union Station Project, it was found necessary to devote a good deal of time to the analysis of the Roosevelt Road Viaduct design plans for structure between Canal street and the river. These plans were checked with respect to the following features: Stresses with assumptions based on City's standard specifications; clearances over railroad tracks; grades as established by City ordinances; provision for public utilities; details in a general way to agree with requirements of the City and the Chicago Plan Commission.

During the year about 50 per cent of this work was completed.

OGDEN AVENUE IMPROVEMENT.

Preliminary general plans were made for the Ogden Avenue Improvement, showing the location, grades and main features of construction. This was supplemented by a number of preliminary estimates giving a comparison of cost between the viaduct built of structural steel, or one of reinforced concrete, also the cost of the approaches and depressions.

It was intended to use these preliminary studies during the coming year as material for a more complete survey of the improvement and for drawing up general plans for the following bridges:

- 1. A bridge over the North Branch of the Chicago River at Ogden Avenue.
- 2. A bridge over the North Branch Canal at Ogden Avenue.
- Raising the present Division Street Bridge and constructing new operators' houses,
- Raising the present Halsted Street Bridge and constructing new operators' houses.

ADAMS STREET BRIDGE.

Preliminary studies were made for the new bridge at Adams Street. This structure will be of the double leaf deck type of trunnion bascule bridge similar to the Jackson Boulevard span. Layouts were made for determining the clear channel for navigation and flow for sanitation which were tentatively approved by the U. S. Government.

Layouts were also made of the west abutment enclosure walls, so as to have the bridge work connect architecturally with the Union Station work at this location.

MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

Engineering work of a general nature was done in checking shop plans, revising plans on contracts under construction and making investigations and writing reports on the following bridges, viaducts and improvements:

Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge and Approaches-

Checking shop plans for the bridge and making final plans and specifications for the south and north approaches.

Monroe Street Bridge-

Checking shop plans.

Lawrence Avenue Bridge-

Checking shop plans and revising plans for lighting equipment.

Union Station Project-

Checking and approval of detail plans for the Polk Street, Canal Street and Taylor Street viaducts and checking revisions for the Harrison Street Bridge.

Addison Street Bridge-

Revisions of plans and specifications on lighting and ornamental work.

Clark Street Bridge-

Sketches were made for the approval of the Art Commissioner of the City of Chicago.

La Salle Street Bridge-

Picture plans were submitted to the Art Commissioner.

Preliminary Studies

made on the S. Crawford Avenue Viaduct, Cicero Avenue Bridge, Robey Street Bridge, N. Ashland Avenue Bridge and the S. Water Street Improvement.

South California Avenue Bridge-

An analysis was made and report prepared on the competitive designs submitted by the Scherzer Rolling Lift Bridge Company, the Strauss Bascule Bridge Company and the Strobel Construction Company to the Sanitary District of Chicago for a bridge over the canal at S. California Avenue.

GENERAL.

Tables were prepared showing cost and time distribution on plans and specifications for City bridges and viaducts.

Information on quantities of materials and costs of City bridges was submitted to the courts, relative to the Strauss patent suit against the City of Chicago.

PROGRESS OF WORK.

The bridge and viaduct designing program as outlined for the year 1919 was not fully carried out, due primarily to the diversion of time to additional work not contemplated at the beginning of the year, and also to the inability to fill all vacancies with experienced designers for this class of work.

CONSTRUCTION SECTION

CLARENCE S. ROWE, Engineer Bridge Construction

The following summary shows the construction work done by contract during the year 1919:

Due to strikes, a lockout of the various trades, and a general feeling of unrest in industrial circles, the work done on bridge construction contracts during the year did not reach the anticipated amount. The lockout caused a complete cessation of operations during a large portion of the most favorable season of the year for this class of construction.

Two bridges were completed and opened to traffic during the year, namely the Monroe Street Bridge over the South Branch of the Chicago River and the Lawrence Avenue Bridge over the North Branch of the Chicago River.

FRANKLIN-ORLEANS STREET TRUNNION BASCULE BRIDGE.

The substructure on the south side of the river was completed during the year 1918.

During January, 1919, the site of the north main piers and tail pit was dredged to a depth of about —22.0 feet C. D.

The removal of the cofferdam used in connection with the construction of the substructure on the south side of the river was completed February 11, 1919. With the construction of the south pier protection the substructure on the south side of the river was completed March 6, 1919.

The driving of the piles and sheeting to form the walls of the cofferdam used in connection with the construction of the north main piers, tail pit and abutment was commenced February 3, 1919, and completed April 3, 1919. The bracing for the north cofferdam was framed floating within the cofferdam and forced down into position by added weight.

The excavation for the sub-piers on the north side of the river was commenced June 9, 1919. These sub-piers were completed July 11, 1919.

A six inch layer of concrete was placed in the north main pier footings and tail pit floor July 17, 1919.

On July 18th all work was suspended on account of a lockout of the trades by the contractors. The lockout was terminated and work on the substructure was resumed September 22, 1919.

The north main piers and tail pit were completed December 6, 1919. At the end of the year the substructure was completed with the exception of the removal of the north cofferdam and the construction of the pier protection and docks on the north side of the river.

The north main piers, tail pit side walls and floor slab, and the north abutment, constructed of reinforced concrete, were supported on the sub-piers carried down to hard grubbing clay mixed with pebbles and boulders at an elevation of about —67.0 feet C.D. The sub-piers were belled at their bases to secure adequate bearing surface. The distance from face to face of the river piers of 220 feet gave an absolutely clear channel 210 feet in width for the passage of vessels.

The structural steel for the south leaf was delivered by rail on the north side of the river and transferred to the south side by scows.

On March 11, 1919, the first structural steel was erected on the south piers.

The erection of the south leaf was completed, the operating machinery and electrical apparatus were installed and the leaf lowered to a horizontal position for the first time September 22, 1919. At the end of the year the south leaf was completed, with the exception of the placing of the wearing surface on the roadway; the placing of a small amount of counterweight, and the completion of the painting of structural steel and machinery.

The operator's house, balustrades, stairways, pylons, etc., on the south side of the river, were constructed of granite and terra cotta and were practically completed at the end of the year.

The fabrication of the structural steel for the north leaf was completed.

The installation of the electrical equipment kept pace with the work on the superstructure.

Mr. Carl O. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge at this bridge.

WELLS STREET DOUBLE DECK TRUNNION BASCULE BRIDGE.

Wells Street Bridge was the first bascule bridge so designed as to permit erection without interrupting street traffic and without the use of a temporary bridge to secure this result. This was a radical departure and meant the continued use of the street by the public for a period of about two years required to build the new structure. The additional cost was much less than would have been required to build the enormously expensive temporary bridge at this site.

The plans provided for the support of both decks of the old draw span and the approaches on false work during the construction of the new bridge.

The specifications stipulated that the movable portion of the new bridge should be erected in the raised position and that certain portions of the floor system of both decks be temporarily omitted to allow the passage of the elevated road cars and the street cars over the old bridge during the construction of the superstructure. According to the specifications for the superstructure 72 hours was allowed for the aggregate sum of interruption of elevated railroad traffic and an interruption of the street traffic was permitted for a period of two months.

The sub-piers on the north side of the river were completed during the year 1918. The north main piers and tail pit were completed April 22, 1919. The north abutment was constructed as far as the presence of the old structure permitted May 31, 1919. The permanent longitudinal and cross girders were placed on the north piers.

The substructure on the north side of the river was completed July 14, 1919.

The north end of the old draw span and the south end of both decks of the north approach were temporarily supported on steel girders which rested on piles driven outside of the limits of the new work. Both decks of the north approach back of the bridge seat were supported on false work. The temporary supports were left in place for use by the contractor for the superstructure.

Practically no work was done from July 18 to September 22, 1919, on account of a lockout of the various trades. The first work on the south side of the river was performed September 27, 1919, and consisted in the removal of old sidewalks, etc., which interfered with the new work.

A steel girder was placed just north of the location of the new south abutment to support the roadway during the construction of the substructure.

The second bent of the elevated railroad structure south of the old bridge was supported on timber cribbing and I beams.

The construction of the walls of the cofferdam on the south side of the river was commenced October 6, 1919, and completed December 2, 1919.

The south line of the old center pier protection was moved back to maintain the original width of the south draw during the presence of the south cofferdam.

During the construction of the substructure elevated railroad and street traffic over the old bridge was maintained with the following interruptions:

The bridge was closed to all street and elevated railroad traffic and the bridge swung to an open position between the hours of 1 a.m. and 4:45 a.m. each day from October 17 to November 1, 1919, inclusive, with the exception of October 19, 1919, to permit the removal of the north cofferdam and the driving of the south cofferdam within the area covered by the old drawbridge, and between the hours of 1 a.m. and 4:45 a.m. each day November 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13, to permit the driving of protection clumps in the north draw and the dredging of the north draw.

During the remodeling of the lower deck on the south approach the street was closed to vehicular traffic only, one roadway at a time, and caused very slight inconvenience to the public. The excavation for the sub-piers at the south abutment and south anchor piers was commenced December 30, 1919.

The contract for the superstructure was awarded June 26, 1919. Due to the strike in the mills the delivery of steel to the bridge shop was delayed and no steel was fabricated.

Mr. Frank A. Berry, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge at this bridge.

LAWRENCE AVENUE BRIDGE (Fixed Span).

At the beginning of the year the substructure was completed, with the exception of the construction of the sidewalks, curbs and macadam pavement on the approaches. Practically no work was done on the substructure from January 1 to March 23, 1919, owing to unfavorable weather conditions.

The macadam pavement on the portions of the approaches covered by the substructure contract was completed April 12, 1919. With the construction of the sidewalks and curbs on the approaches, the substructure contract was completed May 13, 1919. The erection of the superstructure was commenced January 6, 1919, and completed April 16, 1919.

The street car tracks were placed on the span and approaches by the Chicago Surface Lines. The first street car passed over the new bridge at 9:15 a. m., April 17, 1919. The new bridge was opened to all street traffic at 9:30 a. m., April 23, 1919, utilizing the pavement in the street car company's right of way on the approaches. The temporary bridge was removed by the Construction Division, Bureau of Engineering.

The pavement outside of the street car right of way on the major portion of both approaches was under reserve to the Board of Local Improvements. This pavement was originally creosoted block, but owing to the increased gradient due to the construction of the new bridge a sandstone block pavement was substituted to secure greater tractive effect. The sandstone block pavement was completed June 25, 1919. This was the first long approach laid in sandstone instead of the customary granite. This sandstone has been shown to wear down uniformly and not round off or cobble. It has been used successfuly on long and steep grades in the City of Milwaukee.

This bridge consisted of three deck girder spans 237 feet 6 inches from center to center of end bearings, so constructed as to allow the removal of the

center or channel span, if necessary, to allow the passage of dredges, pile driver, etc.

The bridge proper, with a width of 65 feet over all, provided a roadway 38 feet in width and two sidewalks each about 13 feet in width. The roadway on the approaches was constructed 42 feet in width and two cement sidewalks 6 feet wide were placed on the entire length of the approaches. Under a separate contract the approaches were embellished by the construction of four decorative concrete pylons and railings and the electric lighting system for the pylons was installed. The entire improvement, covering a distance of about 800 feet along Lawrence Avenue, was completed August 25, 1919.

KIMBALL AVENUE BRIDGE (Fixed Span).

Work on the contract for the substructure and superstructure of this bridge was commenced May 15, 1919.

The south abutment and portions of the retaining walls on the south approach were well under way when lockout of the trades was inaugurated July 18, 1919. Work was resumed September 8, 1919.

The retaining walls of the south approach were completed October 7, 1919, and both abutments were completed October 31, 1919. The erection of steel was commenced October 17, 1919, and the span was completed, with the exception of the placing of the creosoted block pavement and the hand railing. Ornamental concrete railings were constructed at each end of the bridge.

The bridge consisted of a deck girder span 40 feet in width and 74 feet 2 inches center to center of bearings. A roadway 24 feet in width and two sidewalks about 8 feet in width were provided. The abutments were constructed of reinforced concrete and rested on foundation piles driven to about —19 feet C. D. The filling on the north approach was practically completed, except that portion just back of the north abutment. The dock on the north side of the river was completed.

ADDISON STREET BRIDGE.

Work on the substructure was commenced June 2, 1919. The work of constructing the approaches to the temporary bridge and the construction of the retaining walls on both approaches to the new bridge progressed until July 18, 1919, when the lockout of trades took effect. Work was resumed September 22, 1919. The approaches and bridge seats at the temporary bridge were completed.

The old span was closed to all street traffic at 8 a. m., October 6th, and the decking was removed. The old span was transferred to the temporary bridge just north of Addison Street by means of a scow and landed on the new supports at 7 p. m., October 8, 1919. The temporary bridge was opened to traffic October 10, 1919.

Foundation piles were driven for both abutments. The placing of concrete in the west abutment was commenced November 18, 1919, and the abutment was practically completed, except the coping, December 31, 1919.

The excavation at the site of the east abutment was completed. The driving of steel sheeting in the cofferdam at the west river pier was commenced December 9, 1919, and practically completed at the end of the year. A large percentage of the structural steel for the superstructure was fabricated.

Mr. R. B. Sullivan, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge of this bridge.

LAWNDALE AVENUE BRIDGE (Pile Trestle) West Fork.

Work on the contract for a pile and timber trestle was commenced November 10, 1919. A section of the new trestle was constructed just east of the old bridge and this section was opened to traffic December 11, 1919. The old bridge was removed; the pile and timber bents in the balance of the new trestle were completed.

Some of the stringers and sub-planking were placed on the westerly section of the new trestle.

Mr. F. B. Umstot, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge at this bridge.

MADISON STREET TRUNNION BASCULE BRIDGE.

Work on the substructure was commenced December 4, 1919. The sewer on the east side of the river was diverted to the south of the new work. Certain parts of the machinery and the sprinkling system in the Central Union Building, which interfered with the construction of the construction of the sub-piers to support the walls of the building, were removed and reinstalled in other positions.

Part of the south wall of the east cofferdam was driven and the driving of steel sheeting to form the walls of the west cofferdam commenced.

Mr. Carl O. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge at this bridge.

MONROE STREET TRUNNION BASCULE BRIDGE.

This bridge was constructed by the Chicago Union Station Co., under the direction of the Department of Public Works. With the exception of a few minor details the superstructure and electrical equipment were completed at the beginning of the year. The operators' houses of granite and terra cotta were finished. The temporary electrical apparatus was reinstalled in a permanent position in the operators' houses. A stairway was constructed leading to the deck just south of the east piers.

The installation of the electric lighting system for the pylons was completed.

This bridge, of a trunnion bascule type, consisted of two leaves with a distance of 192 feet 9½ inches from center to center of trunnions and a width over all of 60 feet. Two 60 H. P. motors were installed for the operation of each leaf. A roadway 36 feet in width and two sidewalks each 9 feet in width were provided. The length of steel work over all from abutment to abutment was 262 feet.

A clear river channel 165.5 feet was provided.

This bridge formed a new connecting link between the loop district and the west side of the river and materially relieved the traffic congestion in adjacent thoroughfares.

The work of constructing the east approach from Market Street to the bridge was performed by the Construction Division, Bureau of Engineering, under the supervision of the Bridge Division of the same bureau. At the beginning of the year the east abutment and the south retaining wall were completed. The north retaining wall was completed February 14, 1919.

The sidewalks were constructed as reinforced concrete slabs supported by reinforced concrete columns and beams. The construction of the north sidewalks necessitated the remodeling of the sprinkler system in the basement and sub-sidewalk space of the Selz, Schwab & Co. building at the northwest corner of Monroe Street and Market Street.

The filling between the retaining walls was placed and the temporary granite block pavement was completed February 20, 1919. The east approach was completed April 23, 1919.

The Chicago Surface Lines constructed the street car tracks on the bridge and approaches. The bridge was dedicated and opened to traffic Washington's Birthday, February 22, 1919, by the Hon. William Hale Thompson, Mayor.

ROOSEVELT ROAD TRUNNION BASCULE BRIDGE.

Preliminary work in connection with the new bridge was commenced February 5, 1919. The sub-piers at the east abutment were completed, with the exception of one sub-pier, in the excavation of which considerable difficulty was experienced on account of water breaking through and flooding the excavation. A cofferdam was driven extending south from the old east abutment and enclosing the south end of the site of the new abutment. Nine sub-piers were carried down to rock at elevations varying from —59 to —61 feet, C. D.

In connection with the construction of the east dock, the concrete anchorage and the dock rods were placed. The piles and Wakefield sheeting to form the dock south of the old viaduct were driven. Work on the west dock was commenced September 29, 1919, and about 90 per cent of the anchorage was finished. The piles for that section of the dock north of the old viaduct were driven.

The construction of the temporary ramp leading south from Roosevelt Road to the railroad yards west of the river was commenced August 2, 1919, and was about 85 per cent completed at the end of the year. This work was done by the Construction Division, Bureau of Engineering, under the direction of the Bridge Division of the same bureau.

Mr. H. B. Anderson, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge of this work.

ROOSEVELT ROAD VIADUCT.

The construction of the substructure of the viaduct between Wabash Avenue and the South Branch of the Chicago River was commenced March 18, 1919.

Of the 154 sub-piers in Roosevelt Road 150 were completed. Capitals and sub-columns were constructed on 55 of the sub-piers. The sub-piers were carried down to rock, which was found at elevations varying from —56 feet to —62 feet, C. D. Underground reinforced concrete girders were completed at bents Nos. 21 and 26.

In connection with the superstructure six columns near State Street were constructed and forms erected for sections of viaduct between bents Nos. 6 and 9, between bents Nos. 12 and 13 and between bents Nos. 15 and 17. The construction of the permanent east approach was commenced July 12, 1919, and practically completed, with the exception of the permanent pavement, during the year. A temporary timber trestle was constructed to connect the north half of the new east approach to the old viaduct west of State Street. The old viaduct from the abutments between State Street and Wabash Avenue to the west line of State Street was removed.

At the intersection of Roosevelt Road and State Street the underground ties between the arches were constructed in the south half of the street and the temporary pavement outside of the street car right of way was placed at the new grade. The work was done by the Construction Division, Bureau of Engineering, under the direction of the Bridge Division of the same bureau, and the work totaled \$730,000 for the year for both bridge and viaduct.

Mr. H. B. Anderson, Assistant Engineer, was in local charge of the viaduct work.

REPAIR SECTION

F. H. AVERY, Engineer of Bridge Construction and Repairs

The year 1919 was noted for the terrible condition of the bridge floors. This was caused by the failure of the subplanking and further aggravated by a strike of the Chicago Surface Lines' repair forces.

This subplank in many bridges was 10 to 14 years old and due to lack of funds it had been repaired piecemeal until a complete breakdown occurred. During July and August several floors were in such dangerous condition that watchmen were placed to keep teams from falling in the holes in the pavement.

The main cause of this was the design of the street car stringers which gave practically no support to the ends of the subplank. A beginning was made to correct this by using a double stringer with steel castings to carry the street car rail. This design allowed the street car company to remove their rails without disturbing the subplank and gave a firm support to the ends of the plank.

A radical departure was made in pavements. Profiting by the good lasting qualities of the experimental floor on Halsted Street (River) Bridge, a floor was laid on Van Buren Street Bridge consisting of 2-inch by 4-inch and 2-inch by 6-inch oak laid on edge and the grooves so formed filled with asphalt containing 20 per cent emery to render it non-slip.

This was followed by a similar floor at Clark Street and the asphalt laid in a continuous layer 1½ inches over the top of the grooves. Unfortunately this was done in two layers, stopping the first layer at the top of the strips. Crushed granite was rolled in the sheet asphalt surface to render it non-slip. As a result of all this experience a complete floor of this type was laid on Erie Street Bridge. Here the subplank was omitted and the 2-inch by 4-inch and 2-inch by 6-inch laid directly on the stringers. The floor was laid half at a time so as not to interrupt traffic. There was no known formula to figure the strength of this floor, and it was simply guessed at. When the strips were laid and the asphalt truck, weighing 9 tons loaded, backed out on the strips, the deflection was so great that it was feared the truck would break through. The next day when the asphalt was cold a coal truck weighing 14 tons ran over the bridge and the deflection could hardly be noticed.

The south half was laid with 2-inch by 6-inch and 2-inch by 8-inch strips, but no difference could be seen between the two halves as regards deflection.

This floor was original as far as the Bridge Division was concerned, although it afterwards developed that it had been patented 20 years ago. It made a very clean floor, decidedly water-tight and proof against fires due to surfacedust in hot weather. It was found to be 14 pounds per square foot lighter

than the standard floor of 6-inch by 12-inch subplank and 3½-inch paving. Erie Street Bridge floor cost 82 cents per square foot and a standard floor \$1.55

The larger repairs made in 1919 and spans painted were as follows:

Bridge and Description of Work.	Cost.
Van Buren Street Bridge, Reflooring	.\$81,264.00
Erie Street Bridge, Reflooring	. 17,085.00
Clark Street Bridge, Reflooring	. 82,905.00
Taylor Street Bridge, Reflooring (not completed)	. 18,000.00
Ashland Avenue I. & M. Truss, Reflooring	. 5,240.00
State Street Bridge, Reflooring	. 1,496.00
106th Street Bridge, Protection	. 8,948.00
Ashland Avenue (W. F.) Bridge, Protection (not completed)	. 9,870.00
Cortland Street Bridge, Sidewalks	. 1,212.00
Halsted Street (Canal) Bridge, Sidewalks	
Canal Street Bridge, House Rebuilt (not completetd)	. 8,800.00
Throop Street, Rewire Bridge Houses (not completed)	. 8,517.00
Washington Street, 1 Coat Red Lead	
Erie Street, 1 Coat Red Lead	. 5,600.00
*Clark Street, 1 Coat Red Lead	. 6,580.00
Van Buren Street, 1 Coat Red Lead	
Archer Avenue, 1 Coat Tocholith	
Fullerton Avenue, 1 Coat Elaterite	
*South Ashland Avenue (I. & M.) Truss, 1 Coat Tocholith	
Torrence Avenue, 1 Coat Tocholith	
*Taylor Street	
Signals	. 8,288.00

VIADUCT SECTION

G. J. STELL, Draftsman.

During 1919 the Viaduct Section had supervision over 37 viaducts and 9 foot bridges. 4 of these are maintained by the City and the remainder by the various railroad companies. A regular semi-monthly inspection was made during the year of all viaducts in the City. 165 notices were issued to the various railroad companies to make repairs and in all cases the work was done as requested.

Construction and major repairs were as follows:

SOUTH CLARK STREET.

Plans for rebuilding this viaduct were approved by the City September 17, 1919, and the steel ordered. The sidewalk was removed October 13, 1919.

WEST 18th STREET.

About 75 per cent of the timber viaduct west of the river was rebuilt by the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. Work was completed August 27, 1919. The girder span east of the river was rebuilt by the C. & A. R. R. Co. Work was completed June 28, 1919.

HALSTED AND KINZIE STREETS.

Plans for the reinforcement of this viaduct were approved by the City Sept. 26, 1919 and Dec. 3, 1919.

JACKSON BOULEVARD BRIDGE.

The decking of the truss span was replaced by the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. Work completed August 9, 1919.

POLK TO TAYLOR STREET.

Extensive repairs are being made to the steel by the B. & O. C. T. R. R. Co. Work is about 90 per cent completed.

WEST ROOSEVELT ROAD.

Timber stringers are being placed under the street car rails by the A. T. & S. Fe Ry. Co. Work is about 80 per cent completed.

The C. & W. I. R. R. Co. temporarily reinforced their truss span. Plans for extensive repairs to this span were approved by the city November 10, 1919.

The paving on the L. S. & M. S. R. R. Co. portion was replaced. Work completed May 13, 1919.

A detailed inspection was made of the following viaducts:

West 18th Street	.Pennsylvania R. R.
West Roosevelt Road	A. T. & S. Fe Ry.
West Rosevelt Road	C. & W. L. R. R.
West Roosevelt Road	B. & O. C. T. Ry.
West Roosevelt Road	
West Roosevelt Road	
West Polk Street	
Polk to Taylor Street	
West Jackson Boulevard	
North Dearborn Street	C. & N. W. Ry.
North Sangamon Street	
North Sangamon Street	Penn. Ry.
North Sangamon Street	C. & N. W. Ry.
West Grand Avenue	
West Erie Street.	
Halsted Street and Chicago Avenue	C. & N. W. Ry.

INVESTIGATING SECTION

ARTHUR SULLIVAN, Bridge Designing Engineer ROOSEVELT ROAD VIADUCT AND APPROACHES.

Reports, plans and estimates were prepared covering building damages resulting to abutting property from the construction of this viaduct and its approaches.

Plans were prepared covering the details of construction of sidewalks for this improvement.

Various plans and an interchangeable model were made relative to a connection of State Street with this viaduct. A model was prepared showing the relation of the straightening of the river in conjunction with a new proposed 12th Street Bridge.

FRANKLIN-ORLEANS STREET BRIDGE AND VIADUCT.

Plans, models and reports were prepared and conferences attended relative to securing a settlement with the Union Station Co. of their monetary obligations to the City for benefits they derived from changes in the ordinances covering this improvement.

Plans and reports were prepared covering property to be condemned for the widening of Orleans Street and an alley outlet to Kinzie Street required for this improvement.

Plans and reports were prepared relative to the construction of the south approach to this bridge and permits required for sidewalk privileges.

MONROE STREET AND MADISON STREET BRIDGES.

Assistance was rendered in the preparation of real estate and building reports covering damages to abutting property, resulting from the construction of the east approaches to these bridges.

SOUTH WATER STREET READJUSTMENT.

Plans and reports were prepared relative to the general raising of this street 5-foot above its present level, and assistance rendered in the preparation of real estate and building reports covering damages growing out of this general improvement.

LA SALLE STREET BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.

Plans and reports were prepared relative to the widening of La Salle Street in the vicinity of the street car tunnels both north and south of the river, and assistance was rendered in the preparation of real estate and building reports of damages growing out of this proposed improvement.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Separate maps were prepared which show the location of the various types of bridges along the river and which show the extent and description of dock property occupation. A complete record of Council proceedings pertaining to Bridge Division business, a complete inventory of Bridge Division property, and a complete record of bridge construction contracts were compiled.

Plats were prepared showing abutting property to the various bridge improvements and its ownership.

Assistance was rendered the Corporation Counsel's office in the following damage suits brought against the City:

The White Lumber Co. in relation to the east approach to Webster Avenue Bridge.

Hinckley, Schmidt & Co. in relation to the northwest water tunnel.

John V. Farwell & Co. in relation to a sewer failure in the east approach to the Monroe Street Bridge.

CHICAGO UNION STATION CONSTRUCTION.

The Chicago Union Station District includes the area bounded by Kinzie Street, Roosevelt Road, Canal Street and the Chicago river. All public works constructed by the Union Station Company were under the supervision of this Division.

In the north half of the district little work was done during 1919, except the rearrangement of tracks at Canal and Fulton Streets and the construction of retaining walls around the building at Canal, Randolph and Washington Streets.

Monroe Street temporary viaduct was completed and opened to traffic. Foundations for the station head house were practically completed and retaining walls were started at the curb lines.

Work was concentrated on the viaduct and track work between Harrison Street and Roosevelt Road, as this was the most congested part of the district. All the viaducts in this district are of reinforced concrete or steel decked construction. In no case is there a long span which requires a truss projecting

Bridge	Contract For
Franklin-	Substructure
Orleans St. Bascule	Superstructure
	Electrical Equip't
Wells St.	Substructure
Double Deck Bascule	Superstructure
	Electrical Equip't
	Substructure
Lawrence	Superstructure
Avenue Fixed Span	Dredging
Monroe St.	Decorative Concrete Elect. Light System
	Approach Pavement
	Substructure
	Superstructure
	Electrical Equip't
	East Approach
Lawndale Ave. Timber Trestle	Entire Structure
	Substructure
Addison St. Fixed Span	Superstructure
rizou opan	Decorative Concrete Elect. Light System
Kimball Ave. Fixed Span	Substructure and Superstructure
Madison St. Bascule	Substructure
	Superstructure
Roosevelt Rd. Viaduct	
Roosevelt Rd.	East Abutment
Bridge	East Abutment W. Dock & By-Pass

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above the street. To meet this series of short spans and to serve the new freight, express and station facilities, it was necessary to revise the track system of the entire district. This, with the rearrangement of sewers and public utilities necessitated an enormous amount of preparatory work before construction could be started on the viaducts. The track and underground work was 75 per cent completed and work on the streets and viaducts was well under way.

HARRISON STREET.

The present viaduct was moved to a temporary location on the north side of the street; trestle connections were built at the ends and the floor of the west leaf of the river bridge was raised to new grade. The street was closed to traffic less than 2 weeks for this work. This temporary viaduct was built to avoid closing the street during the construction of the permanent viaduct. Foundations for the new structure were 60 per cent completed.

POLK STREET.

Foundations for the structural part of this viaduct were 60 per cent completed.

TAYLOR STREET.

The viaduct was built from Canal Street to the Pennsylvania freight house, connecting with the portion built last year. The west approach from Clinton Street to Canal Street was 90 per cent completed. On account of the dangerous condition of the old viaduct Taylor Street was closed to traffic during the erection of the new structure and every effort was made to hasten the opening of this street.

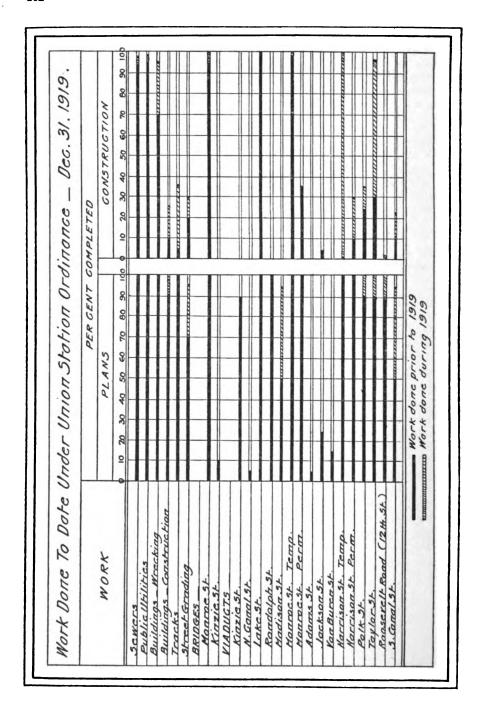
CANAL STREET.

Foundations for the reinforced concrete viaduct between Harrison and Taylor Streets were completed from Taylor to Polk and the superstructure was concreted from Taylor Street half way to Forquer Street. Forquer Street approach to the lower level was completed.

ROOSEVELT ROAD.

A temporary span was built east of the present viaduct to accommodate one track. This was required to permit the relocation of tracks during the construction of the new viaduct piers.

The accompanying chart shows percentages of work completed December 31, 1919.



BUREAU OF WATER

HON. CHARLES R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of the Bureau of Water for the year ending December 31st, 1919.

COLLECTIONS.

The gross collections amounted to \$7,915,008.62, an increase of \$417,561.39, or 5.5 per cent over those of 1918.

Of such total, assessed rates furnished \$3,428,962.93, an increase of \$3,093.29, while meter rates supplied \$4,303,025.01, a growth of \$376,957.44 for the year.

The collections for water for building purposes amounted to \$39,956.35, as compared with \$15,257.00 for 1918, and for tap permits to \$28,714.00, an increase of \$9,921.00 over last year. All other miscellaneous collections amounted to \$183,020.68 and was derived from sources as follows:

	1919	1918
Meter Mechanical\$	1,798.48	\$ 1,236.27
Assessor's Miscellaneous	17,341.23	18,029.20
Suspense No. 1 and No. 2	421.93	606.53
Special Deposits		106,842.96

The legally exempted or free water service amounted to \$366,171.55, as against \$349,889.38 for 1918.

Refunds of duplicate payments and overpayments due to installations of meters during prepaid assessed rates periods, and erroneous assessments occasioned by claims and adjustments covering vacant premises, non-use of hose, altered premises and removed water fixtures amounted to \$37,956.64, as against \$31,864.67 for 1918 and \$32,273.69 for 1917.

Uncollectible bills, amounting to \$13,488.54, or 1/6 of 1 per cent of gross collections, were decreased under Council authority for the reason that, while the assessments had to be levied under the ordinance requirements, the claims were not valid, no water having been delivered on account of the premises being vacant, abandoned, wrecked, or used merely as storage places and because of bankruptcy.

On December 31st there was a total of 309,392 accounts comprising the following:

1919	1918
Assessed Rates	282,412
Meter Rates 27,740	25,421
Hydraulic Elevators	20
Miscellaneous	250
Totals	808,108

The American Railways Express Co. collected and turned over from day to day \$1,057,677.92, an increase of \$14,896.90 over 1918, and maintained 956

agencies, as against 805 in 1918. This service is efficient and not only provides economy in carfare and time for our customers but promotes economy of space and office hire for the city.

EXPENSES.

The expenses for all purposes pertaining to the assessment and collection of the water rates amounted to \$477,295.13, as against \$397,157.12 for 1918.

The proportion of total expenses to gross collections amounted to .0604, as against .0529 for 1918.

The average assessed rates bill amounted to \$6.09, the cost of assessing the same to \$.18-9/10, and the cost of collection to \$.17-8/10 per bill.

The average meter rates bill amounted to \$18.70, the average cost for assessing to \$.57-9/10, and the cost of collecting the same to \$.54-1/10 per bill.

The increase is due to extra clerk hire to complete the extra work of skeletonizing 309,392 accounts in the new 1920 to 1922 assessed rates ledgers, the transcribing of the new 1920 to 1924 meter rates and meter mechanical ledgers and of the field books and index cards; to increased salaries and wages on account of the high cost of living; the addition of four new clerks, five rate takers and one rig, and the increased cost of stationery and supplies.

FIELD WORK.

The fifty-one field assessors made and reported 218,647 inspections, served 2,676 hours rate-taking, 2,674 hours in collection division clerical work, and 3,165 hours in assessments division clerical service.

The twenty-two rate takers and two field assessors up to October 17, 1919, and twenty-seven rate takers and one field assessor's part time thereafter made and reported 265,613 meter readings.

The two meter and plumbing examiners inspected 4,463 meters and plumbing systems on complaints of excessive meter bills and the four plumbing inspectors and shutoff men acting as helpers recontrolled 2,008 meters and plumbing systems to locate and stop unauthorized connections.

Twelve shutoff men made 41,496 visits to enforce delinquent payments and to check and report on vacant premises; one shutoff man was maintained ready for turn-ons, pursuant to ordinance requirements, and three shutoff men were used on clerical shutoff work and on floor service and assisting the cashier.

CLERICAL WORK.

Approximately 815,000 bills and vouchers were issued and payments thereof received, receipted, registered, listed, footed, posted and audited; 218,647 reports of field assessors and 265,613 meter readings and reports examined, spread, entered and checked; 200,000 pieces of mail handled; 75,000 delinquency notices made, mailed and checked; 4,000 refund vouchers issued; the monthly transcript of meter charges made; the annual balancing of the 281,500 frontage accounts and back taxes completed; 12,087 meter repair orders issued and reports of repairs entered; 1,783 meter installation orders issued; 4,944 new accounts opened; 2,603 meter certificates and meter control and supplemental certificates issued; 106 special deposits; 646 miscellaneous assessments, 181 water surveys, 463 council claims, 391 council orders for refunds, and the extra work of skeletonizing the 281,500 assessed rates accounts and transcribing of the meter

rates and meter mechanical ledgers were handled, together with the details of the connecting work.

The total number of man hours required to complete all field and office work during the year was 448,465, and the average rate of salaries and wages paid per hour amounted to \$.60, as compared with \$.52 per hour for 1918.

The vitality of the assessed rates revenue during the past five years has been remarkable, considering its growth of \$36,289.54 over 1914, in spite of its approximately 11 per cent annual reduction by ordinance, the practical stopping of new accounts through restrictions upon new building construction during and since the war, and the loss of assessed rates accounts due to their transfer to meter control. During the same period, the meter revenue advanced \$1,282,587.13, or 42 per cent, while the number of meters increased 9,266, or 50 per cent.

There has been general complaint by employes that the salaries paid are not sufficient to meet the high costs of living and that many of them have had to secure night work to pay their bills. Such condition does not act to promote day work efficiency or the morale of the service.

Yours very truly,

W. J. McCOURT,
Superintendent of Water.

TABLE No. 1—COLLECTION DIVISION
Detailed Statement of Gross Collections by the Bureau of Water during 1919

Months	Assessed Rates	Meter Rates	Meter Mechan- ical	Assessor's Miscel- laneous	Permits	Suspense Suspense No. 1	Suspense No. 2	Miscel- lancous Revenue	Totals	Special Deposits	Grand Totale
January	\$ 482,854.74	-	_			\$ 9.62	5.88		\$ 784,329.61		
reordary	72,952.80					16.96	55.29		417,561.92		
April	18,670.26	311,056.76	71.13	363.51	2,005.00		3.21		332,181.37	5,127.15	337,308.52 556.599.83
	416,096.14					5.12	65.33		750,099.90		
August	558,265.80					: :	1.35		977,093.71		
September	99,409.10						15.51	:	508,427.01		
November	153,926.36			2,157.15	3,929.00	12.40	106.53		563,778.31	4,966.65	
December	390,657.02	- 1			6,336.00		22.93		86,096.98	5,049.12	į
Totals 1919	\$3,428,962.93	\$ 4,303,025.01	\$ 1,798.48	\$ 17,341.23	8 28,714.00	\$ 58.23	363.70		\$7,780,263.58	\$ 134,745.04	\$7,915,008.62
Totals 1918	\$3,425,869.64	\$ 3,926,067.57	1,236.27	\$ 18,029.20	\$ 18,793.00	\$ 152.02	454.51	2.06	\$7,390,604.27	\$ 106,842.96	\$7,497,447.23
Totals 1917	\$3,588,455.17	\$3,512,364.30	1,047.18	\$ 17,970.49 \$ 62,473.00	\$ 62,473.00	\$ 283.10	746.44	13.87	\$7,183,353.55	\$ 155,624.11	\$7,338,977.66
Totals 1916	\$3,446,490.69 \$3,081,158.08		\$ 989.75	889.75 \$ 21,840.29 \$ 41,277.00 \$	\$ 41,277.00	\$ 185.27	\$ 576.90		13.25 \$ 6,592,531.23	\$ 79,176.39	79,176.39 \$ 6,671,707.62
Totals 1915	\$3,376,350.57	\$2,761,367.60	1,462.12	\$ 23,926.98	\$ 37,524.00	\$ 168.40	639.60		\$ 6,201,439.27	\$ 118,140.31	\$6,319,579.58
Totals 1914	\$3,392,674.39 \$3,020,437.88 \$	\$ 3,020,437.88		1,674.35 \$ 25,157.98 \$ 38.781.50 \$	\$ 38.781.50	\$ 25.97	231.77		8 6,478,983.84 8		117,671.84 8 6,596.655.68

NOTE:—The American Express Company collected 195,261 assessed rates bills, amounting to \$1,010,227.06, and the Adams Express Company collected 6,920 bills, totaling \$47,450.86. These collections, aggregating \$1,057,97.92, were forwarded to the Cashier of the Bureau of Water from time to time during the year within ordinance limitations. The Adams Express Company discontinued collections of water bills on February 1, 1919.

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March March May May June June June November December Totals 1919... Totals 1918... Totals 1916...

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Grand Totals	\$ 785,893.11 \$30,210.88 \$30,210.88 \$37,308.52 \$37,308.52 \$56,589.83 766,726.92 \$63,293.03 \$16,282.93 \$16,586.47 \$16,282.93 \$16,196.85	\$7,915,008.62	\$7,497,447.23	\$7,338,977.66	\$6,671,707.62	\$6,319,579.58	\$6,596.655.68	collected 6,920 the year within
podal sposite	1,663.50 494.06 3,784.06 1,1969.25 11,627.02 16,627.02 16,627.0 18,627.0 18,655.92 4,986.85 6,049.12	134,745.04	\$ 106,842.96	\$ 155,624.11	\$ 79,176.39	\$ 118,140.31	\$ 117,671.84	Company co

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WARDS	Balances Jan. 1, 1919
First. Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth Tenth Eleventh Twelfth Thirteenth Fifteenth Sixteenth Seventeenth Fifteenth Sixteenth Seventeenth Fighteenth Twenty-first Twenty-first Twenty-first Twenty-first Twenty-first Twenty-second Twenty-third Twenty-sixth Twenty-seventh Twenty-sixth Twenty-sixth Twenty-sixth Twenty-sixth Thirtieth Thirtity-first Thirty-first Thirty-first Thirty-first Thirty-fourth Thirty-fourth Thirty-fourth Thirty-first	\$ 3,463.26 3,874.70 2,540.24 800.98 2,151.30 -X- 1,919.47 2,675.66 35,736.76 35,176.40 33,764.59 38,551.34 62,169.28 50,078.14 68,274.00 38,737.92 42,629.01 57,352.84 46,228.81 33,737.00 49,306.77 43,272.79 64,815.83 55,820.72 63,346.15 82,641.36 131,442.48 60,859.49 33,357.58 17,617.85 17,618.81 196,583.11 81,755.53 90,108.07

NOTE:-X-Credit B

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1917	\$3,564
1916.	\$3,425
1916	53,371

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January
March
March
April
May
June
June
June
Movember
November
Totals 1919
Totals 1918
Totals 1916

TABLE No. 2—COLLECTION DIVISION

Detailed Statement of Net Collections from all sources during 1919, after deducting Refunds and Special Deposits

Months	Assessed Rates	Meter Rates	Meter Mechan- ical	Assessor's Miscel- laneous	Permits	Suspense Suspense No. 1		Miscel- laneous Revenue	Contract	Earnings on water used for cement walks	Totals
January Flanuary March March May June June August August Cotober	\$ 480,931.96 \$05,677.48 \$08,677.48 \$16,942.24 \$183,633.66 \$13,514.77 \$06,449.64 \$6,399.14	\$ 300,457.56 343,407.56 343,407.56 310,942.98 355,291.07 330,434.75 317,457.40 396,786.76	\$ 86.90 127.71 65.04 71.13 100.71 187.27 139.27	1,253.51 439.82 8439.82 8439.82 764.66 1,007.45 1,007.45 2,432.13	160.00 1,248.00 1,248.00 1,248.00 1,548.00 3,548.00 3,619.00 3,619.00 3,619.00	9.62 1.69 1.69 1.87 1.87	2.5.29 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39 2.5.39	7.35	250.00	\$ 1,343.71 20.00 20.00 20.00	\$ 783,829.88 826,749.43 836,749.43 830,559.57 540,820.45 746,820,048 828,048.92 874,703.89 5074,703.89
November December Totals 1919	151,836.53 401,554.71 388,299.69 406,592.14 83,398,105.15 \$4,296,329.71		126.18 52.73 \$ 1,787.92	2,157.15 1,776.01 8 17,341.23	3,915.00 6,321.00 8 28,321.00	12.40 5.01 8 68.23	- 100	16.75	1,000.00	17.51 \$ 1,407.39	\$59,708.50 803,087.02 \$7,744,731.08
Totals 1918	\$3,399,131.40 \$3,564,786.22	\$3,399,131.40 \$3,921,230.14 \$3,564,786.22 \$3,507,139.76	\$ 1,236.27 \$ 1,047.18	\$ 18.023.20 \$ 17.957.24	\$ 18.023.20 \$ 18,645.60 \$ 129.02 \$ 17.957.24 \$ 59,117.50 \$ 271.65	\$ 129.02 \$ 271.65	746.44	2.06	1,000.00	\$ 3,380.02 \$ 4,939.78	\$7,363,119.62 \$7,157,019.64
	\$ 3,425,868.96 \$ 3,358,960.34 \$ 2,752,539.82	\$3,070,274.36 \$2.752,539.82	976.99	\$ 21,839.29 \$ 23.873.98	\$ 21,839.29 \$ 41,084.00 \$ 185.27 \$ 23.873.98 \$ 37,119.50 \$ 168.40	- -		1 1:1		4,437.88	\$ 6,566,282.90 \$ 6,180,732.08
Tota's 1914	\$3.371,227.26 \$3.015,230.12 \$	\$ 3.016,230.12	1.658.68	1 25.157.98	\$ 25.157.98 \$ 38.452.50 \$	25.971\$	231.7718	10.95	1,000.00		5,519.60 \$6,458.514.83

NOTE:—The above earnings of \$1,000.00 on contract were for water used by the International Harvester Company, pumped from the Fullerton Avenue conduit, The refunds, deducted from the gross collections as abown in Table No. 1, amounted to \$37,956.64, distributed as follows: Assessed Rates, \$30,857.78; Meter Rates. \$6,905.30; Permits, \$393.00; and Meter Mechanical, \$10.56.

TABLE No. 3-COLLECTION DIVISION.

Comparative Statement of Collections, Increases or Decreases Thereof, Operation Expenses, and Proportion of Expenditures to Collections During 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918 and 1919.

Years	Gross Collections	over previous year.	Per Cent of Increase over previous year	Net Collections	Increase over previous year. (Decrease for 1914 and 1915)	Per Cent of Increase over previous year	Operation Expenses	Proportion of Expenditures to Grose Collections	Proportion of Expenditures to Net Collec- tions
1919 1918 1917 1916 1915 1914	\$7,915,008.62 7,497,447.23 7,338,977.66 6,671,707.62 6,319,579.58 6,596,655.68	\$417,561.39 158,469.57 667,270.04 352,128.04 277,076.10 84,201.33	2.2 10.0 5.5 Decr.	\$7,744,731.08 7,363,119.62 7,157,019.64 6,566,282.90 6,180,732.08 6,458,514.83	206,099.98 590,736.74 385,550.82 277,782.75	2.8 9.0 6.2 Decr.	\$477,295.13 397,157.12 862,896.15 353,528.62 339,474.29 320,773,43	.0603 .0529 .0494 .0529 .0537 .0486	.0616 .0539 .0506 .0538 .0549 .0496

NOTE:—The Operation Expenses include salaries, extra clerk hire, postage, stationery and all other expenses pertaining to the assessment and collection of water rates.

TABLE No. 4-COLLECTION DIVISION.

Debit Balances on April 30th and December 31st During the Years 1918 and 1919.

	1	919	1	918
	April 30	Dec. 31	April 30	Dec. 31
Assessed Rates Accounts Meter Rates Account. Meter Mechanical Account Suspense Account No. 1. Suspense Account No. 2.	\$702,589.65 255.11 1,190.44	\$1,348,500.42 688,988.63 44.26 360.69 3,321.72	\$ 41,805.03 551,858.93 9.67 566.77 12,598.12	\$1,448,157.54 625,611.78 57.97 968.28 6,380.82
Totals	\$727,330.68	\$2,041,215.72	\$606,838.52	\$2,081,196.39

NOTE—The annual general assessment for frontage, fixtures and miscellaneous charges is levied on the first day of May for each ensuing year ending April 30th. The final collection period ends on the last day of February of each year. The debit balances, therefore, in Assessed Rates accounts are larger on December 31st than on April 30th.

TABLE No. 7—COLLECTION DIVISION—METER RATES SECTION

Analysis of General Ledger

		DEBIT						CRI	CREDIT		
	Balance January 1st 1919	Charges	Refunds	Discounts on Refunds	Totals	Collections	Discounts on Collections	Decreases	Transfers to Suspense No. 2	Balance December 31st, 1919	Totals
:	625,611.78	\$ 488,491.01	_		\$1,114,281.90		۱ ــ	-	ı		897,480.50
*ebruary		384,000.88			384,229.85				179.94	:	424,447.39
<u>:</u> :		438,078.71			427.450.49					:	412.451.75
		461.476.59			461.581.00						472,410.50
:	. :	481,503.75			481,588.78						439,271.97
:	:	502,839.97			502,941.87						429,072.21
÷		531,644.74			532,020.41				261 29		551,300.03
: :		549.215.27			549.416.55						525.491.05
:		490,542.61	217.67	20.74	490,781.02	403,514.02	131,835.85	4,255.18	260.06		539,865.11
December		510,813.58			510,997.76					688,988.63	1,279,211.76
Totals 1919	625,611.78	625,611.78 \$ 5,832,748.37 \$	8 2,032.24 \$	\$ 205.41	\$6,460,597.80	205.41 \$6,460,597.80 \$4,303,025.01 \$1,392,512.54 \$ 71,600.49 \$	\$1,392,512.54	\$ 71,600.49	4,471.13	\$688,988.63	4,471.13 \$688,988.63 \$6,460,597.80
Totals 1918	530,960.73	530,960.73 \$ 5,338,728.52	\$ 2,163.67	\$ 423.00	423.00 \$ 5,872,275.92	\$3,926,067.57	\$3,926,067.57 \$1,270,763.30 \$ 45,176.50 \$	\$ 45,176.50		\$625,611.78	4,656.77 \$625,611.78 \$5,872,275.92
Totals 1917	465,158.16	465,158.16 \$4,748,980.15	4,940.00	\$ 330.29	330.29 \$5,219,408.60	\$3,512.364.30	\$3,512.364.30 \$1,136,521.30 \$ 35,768.43	\$ 35,768.43	•	\$530,960.73	3,793.84 \$530,960.73 \$ 5,219,408.60
Totals 1916	372,172.78	372,172.78 \$4,211,796.70	8 986.42	ı	175.64 \$4,585,131.54	\$3,081,158.08	Į.	999,179.14 \$ 36,407.81	8 3,228.35	\$465,158.16	3,228.35 \$465,158.16 \$4,585,131.54
Totals 1915	377,765.03	377,765.03 \$3,694,922.69	8 969.93	8 71.62	14,073,729.27	71.62 \$4,073,729.27 \$2,761,367.60		\$ 38,135.71	12,391.62	\$372,172.78	889,661.56 \$ 38,135.71 \$ 12,391.62 \$372,172.78 \$ 4,073,729.27
Totals 1914.	337,151.01	337,151.01 \$ 3,682,138.43 \$	935.72	ı	4,020,278.31	53.15 \$ 4,020,278.31 \$ 3,020,437.88 \$ 569,196.93 \$ 51,523.94 \$ 1,354,53 \$377,765.03 \$ 4,020,278.31	\$ 569,196.93	\$ 51,523.94	1,354.53	\$377,765.03	14,020,278.31
			ł	ı							

NOTE:—The December decreases of \$53,381.01 include a total of \$37,357.13 for free water service during 1919, under the Exemption Ordinance, Section 2755, Chicago Code of 1911.

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TABLE No. 8-COLLECTION DIVISION-METER RATES SECTION Distribution of Water Meters in Service December 31, 1919.

	In service Dec. 31, 1918	New installations and replacements for larger services during 1919	Meters removed on account of larger services installed during 1919	Other meters permanently removed during 1919	In service Dec. 31, 1919
Stores and flats	4,888	692	16	38	5,526
Business houses	1,790	3	2	5	1,786
Residence and apartment buildings	9,654	1,555	1	59	11,149
Factories	3,426	140	29	35	3,502
Railroads	830	10	2	6	832
Breweries	183	1	1	1	183
Liveries	631	1			632
Packing houses		11	2 12	11	180
Laundries	623	32	12	8 3	635
Hotels		7	1	3	389
Office buildings	421	4			425
Theatres	139	12	1	3	147
Charitable institutions	79				79
Miscellaneous	2,189	135	5	44	2,275
Totals	25,421	2,603	71	213	27,740

NOTE—The 2,275 Miscellaneous Meters comprise those controlling coal yards, garages, salcons, warehouses, amusement parks, etc. In addition to above there are 18 Hydraulic Elevator Dials.

The number of Assessed Rates Accounts on December 31, 1919, amounted to 281,501.

The above total of 27,740 includes 226 meters temporarily removed to the water meter shops for safe-keeping on account of vacant premises.

TABLE No. 9—ASSESSMENTS DIVISION
Detailed Statement of Assessor's Increase and Decrease Checks During 1919

		INCREASE	S	1	DECREASES	
MONTHS	Back Tax	Current Tax	Totals	Back Tax	Current Tax	Totals
January. February. March April. May. June. July August September. October. November. December Assessed rates charitable.	772.71 674.85 28.50 202.54 44.22 266.00 173.43 211.70	\$ 2,049.28 3,008.15 3,284.37 2,868.62 6,357.92 7,321.40 7,106.21 7,033.14 18,858.87 16,173.28 9,545.17	\$ 2,070.66 3,780.86 3,959.22 2,897.12 6,560.46 7,365.62 7,362.21 7,206.57 19,070.57 16,470.35 9,694.55 8,020.48	\$ 338.58 131.00 698.00 239.00 10,002.66 1,230.27 465.61 595.25 309.87 362.75 488.33 157.09 3,704.77	\$ 20,792.20 9,725.99 7,075.00 2,564.02 19,505.13 21,228.56 24,432.85 17,687.41 16,639.79 12,659.00 12,609.59 8,388.65 325,109.65	\$ 21,130.78 9,856.99 7,773.00 2,803.02 29,507.79 22,458.83 24,898.46 16,949.66 13,021.75 13,097.92 8,545.74 328,814.42
Assessed rates totals, 1919	\$3,006.07	\$ 91,452.60	\$ 94,458.67	\$18,723.18	\$ 498,417.84	\$ 517,141.02
Meter rates decreases						\$ 34,243.36 37,357.13 2.69 1,315.32 7,184.98
Total decreases, 1919						\$ 597,244.50
Total decreases, 1918						\$ 614,329.30
Assessed Rates Totals 1918	\$ 5,522.19	\$ 84,369.33	\$ 89,891.52	\$39,025,42	\$517,968.88	\$ 556,994.30
Totals 1917	\$ 6,194.32	\$197,450.22	\$203,644.54	\$16,851.72	\$464,975.75	\$ 481,827.47
Totals 1916	\$ 7,839.74	\$288,306.86	\$296,146.60	\$14,335.16	\$429,440.27	\$ 443,775.43
Totals 1915	\$ 4,149.91	\$245,950.79	\$250,100.70	\$12,239.77	\$393,295.16	\$ 405,534.93
Totals 1914	\$49,956.05	\$284,527.01	\$334,483.06	\$57,962.93	\$404,129.63	\$ 462,092.56

NOTE—\$366,171.55 was decreased during 1919 under the ordinance exempting Municipal, Charitable, Educational and Religious Institutions from the payment of water rates, and a decrease of \$84,080.21 was made by reason of the transfer of assessed rates accounts to the meter rates ledgers, after meters were installed and controlled.

TABLE No. 10-ASSESSMENTS DIVISION

Detailed Statement of Free Water Service Accounts, Exempt from the Payment of Water Rates under Section 2755, Chicago Code of 1911

A	22	RRR	ED	RA	TES

Municipal:			
Public Schools. Police Department. Fire Department. Public Baths. Small Parks. Hospitals. Pumping Stations. Various City Buildings. Miscellaneous.	\$117,376.79 4,417.50 3,753.34 3,110.50 8,155.00 3,786.50 30,811.50 6,890.57 2,825.75		
		\$181,127.45	
Religious, Educational and Charitable:			
Churches and Parsonages. Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges. Hospitals. Homes. Miscellaneous.	\$ 46,828.49 38,323.42 16,048.50 13,095.81 6,928.50		
		\$121,234.72	
State and County:			
Hospitals Parks University Schools State Armories, Illinois National Guard Miscellaneous	17,536.00 2,248.00 1,694.75		
		8 26,462,25	
Total Assessed Rates			832 8,814.42
I Utal Addition I Access	•••••	••••••	9000,017.75
METER RATES			
Municipal:			
Public Schools. Small Parks. Miscellaneous.			
		\$ 964.49	
Religious, Educational and Charitable:			
mengrous, aducational and Charlester:			
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges Hospitals Homes Miscellaneous	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12		
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges Hospitals Homes	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12	\$ 20,396. 75	
Churches and Parsonages. Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges. Hospitals. Homes.	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12	\$ 20,396.75	
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges Hospitals Homes Miscellaneous	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12 4,371.14	\$ 20,396.75	
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges Hospitals Homes Miscellaneous State and County: Hospitals	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12 4,371.14	\$ 20,396.75 \$ 15,995.89	
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges Hospitals Homes Miscellaneous State and County: Hospitals	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12 4,371.14 6 15,458.34 537.55	6 15,995.89	8 37 ,257.13
Churches and Parsonages Parochial, Private Schools and Colleges. Hospitals Homes. Miscellaneous State and County: Hospitals. State Armories, Illinois National Guard.	3,988.46 6,156.63 4,614.12 4,371.14 6 15,458.34 537.55	§ 15,995.89	\$ 37,357.13 3366.171.55

TABLE No. 11 ASSESSMENTS DIVISION—PERMIT SECTION Permits issued during 1919

			inch	1 inch	11% inch	2 inch	Misel.	Totals
Permits issued for % to 2-inc Permits issued under Counci Special Permits issued for Repairs.	l Orders. Connect	ions and	1,588 3	15	70 1	111 3	222	1,784 7
RepairsPermits issued for Stre (Special Assessment). Permits issued for Stre	et Impr	ovements	3,121					8,121
(Private Contract)			1,261					1,261
Totals 1919			5,973	15	71	114	222	6,395
Totals 1918	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u></u>	3,881	15	40	87	295	4,318
		4-inch	3,881 6-inch	15 8-inch	10-inch	12-inch	295	4,318
Permits Issued for Larger	3-inch				 I	1		
Permits Issued for Larger Pipes	3-inch	4-inch	6-inch	8-inch	10-inch	1	16-inch	Totale

Service pipes installed prior to January 1, 1919	502,669 6,579
Total Service pipes installed to December 31, 1919	509,248
Total Collections for Permits issued during 1919	28,714.00 18,793.00
Increase Collections for Permits issued during 1919.	9.921.00

TABLE No. 12—ASSESSMENT DIVISION Buildings Examined

Hose Totals	16 3,194 218,647	12 31,175 236,115	4,708
ns Barns	30,426	3,932	29,104
for Pipe	8 958	8 513	3 857
Exams. for Vacancies	37,188	48,366	46,963
New Buildings	8,479	8.545	19,631
Special Examina- tions	23,132	28,629	19,335
5 Story or over	883	1,075	975
4 Story	5,197	6,370	3,952
3 Story	22,425	25,274	17,231
2 Story	56,698	56,142	52,267
1 Story	30,067	. 26,138	28,500
Years	1919.	1918.	1917.

TABLE No. 13—COLLECTION DIVISION Shut-Off Visits

		;			Assessed Rates		Meter Rates	
Years	Services Shut off for Non-payment	Meters Sbut off for Non-payment	Service Pipes Cut	Shut off by Request of Owner or Agent	Turn-ons	Notices of Delinquency Served	Notices of Delinquency Served	Total Visite
1919.	1,262	318	4	6,569	827	30,235	4,865	41,496
1918.	1,485	353	87	8,888	818	28,742	6,089	43.537
1917.	1.671	353	9	8,593	777	29,219	3,909	43,498

TABLE No. 14—INCOME ACCOUNT Revenue

Revenue			
From Assessed Rates: General Assessment, May 1, 1919\$4	780.327.50		
Increase to Back Tax	3,006.07		
Increase to Current Tax	91,452.60	\$4,874,786.17	
Discount allowed for prompt payment\$1	047 720 06		
Erroneous assessments refunded Decreases on account of Municipal, Charitable, Educational	10,731.10		
and Religious Institutions in accordance with Section			
2755, Chicago Code of 1911	328,814.42		
ments by reason of annual and special examination reports,			
fixture removals, buildings torn down, draw-backs on pre- vious payments on account of vacancy, changes from front-			
age to meter rates, etc. Decreases on Suspense Account No. 1	188,326.60 1,315.32	\$1,576,907.50	
			
Net Revenue from Assessed Rates From Meter Rates:	•••••	•••••	\$ 3,297,878.67
Meter rates charges, as per rate takers' daily reports, and increases from Assessor's checks			
		\$5,832,748.37	
Discount allowed for prompt payment	392.307.13		
Erroneous charges refunded. Decreases on account of Municipal, Charitable, Educational and Religious Institutions, in accordance with Section 2755,	4,663.06		
and Religious Institutions, in accordance with Section 2755,			
Chicago Code of 1911	37 ,357.13		
estimated bills on claims supported by affidavits, etc Decreases on Suspense Account No. 2	34,243.36	6 1 475 755 66	
	7,184.98	\$1,475,755.66	
Net Revenue from Meter Rates From Meter Mechanical:	•••••	•••••	\$4,356,992.71
Charges for labor and material in repairing meters		\$ 1,795.35	
Less—			
Decrease on account of erroneous charge	_	2.69	
Net Revenue from Meter Mechanical From Assessments Division:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 1,792.66
From Americana Division:			
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges\$	18,748.62		
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued.	18,748.62 28,714.00	\$ 47,462.62	
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued	18,748.62 28,714.00		
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued		393.00	
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued		393.00	\$ 47,069.62 16.75
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued		393.00	\$ 47,069.62 16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued	-	393.00	16.75
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Less— Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue.	-	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Less— Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Expenses Salaries. Wages and Team Hire:		393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries.	8,640.00 28,907.19	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 130.599.87 16,869.99	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries.	8.640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clark Hire.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire.	8.640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Covertme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire.	8,640,00 28,907,19 58,609,18 84,019,21 25,250,42 130,599,42 16,869,99 20,530,60 6,778,82 7,257,19 11,311,75 41,759,00	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Less— Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries. Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire Miscellaneous: Personal Services	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire Miscellaneous: Personal Services	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Bprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire Miscellaneous: Personal Services. Material and Supplies. Furniture, Fittings, Fittures and Library. Printing, Stationery and Office Suoplies	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16,869.99 20,530.60 6,778.80 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00 1,182.03 502.30 921.57 32,967.03 1,097.33	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Less— Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Miscellaneous: Personal Services. Material and Supplies. Furniture, Fittings, Fixtures and Library. Printing, Stationery and Office Supplies Passenger Transportation. Impersonal Services.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16.869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00 1,182.03 502.30 921.57 32,957.03 1,097.33 1,097.33 11.65	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Bprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Shut-off Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire Miscellaneous: Personal Services. Material and Supplies. Furniture, Fittings, Fittures and Library. Printing, Stationery and Office Suoplies	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 16.869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00 1,182.03 502.30 921.57 32,957.03 1,097.33 1,097.33 11.65	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Sprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Less— Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Overtme for Emergency Work, Salaries Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Miscellaneous: Personal Services. Material and Supplies. Furniture, Fittings, Fixtures and Library. Printing, Stationery and Office Supplies Passenger Transportation. Impersonal Services.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84.019.21 25,250.42 130.599.87 10.869.99 20,530.60 6,778.82 7.257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00 1,182.03 502.30 921.57 32,957.03 1,097.33 11.65	393.00	16.75 1,000.00
Bprinkling wagons, cement walks and miscellaneous charges. \$ Tap permits issued. Refunds of unused permits. Net Revenue from Assessments Division. From Miscellaneous Revenue Account. From Contract. Total Net Revenue. Salaries, Wages and Team Hire: Superintendent's Office, Salaries. Collection Division, General, Salaries. Assessed Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Meter Rates Section, Salaries. Assessments Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, General, Salaries. Permit and Map Section, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Auditing Division, Salaries. Total Map Section, Salaries. Extra Clerk Hire. Shut-Off Team Hire. Meter Rates Team Hire. Total Salaries, Wages and Team Hire Miscellaneous: Personal Services. Purniture, Fittings, Fixtures and Library Printing, Stationery and Office Supplies. Passenger Transportation Impersonal Services. Total Miscellaneous Expenses.	8,640.00 28,907.19 58,609.18 84,019.21 25,250.42 130.599.82 10.530.60 6,778.82 7,257.19 11,311.75 41,759.00 1,182.03 592.30 921.57 32,957.03 1,097.33 11.65	393.00	16.75 1,000.00 \$7,704,750.41

TABLE No. 15 Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1919

Debit

Debit Balances January 1, 1919		
Net Debit Balances, January 1, 1919	.\$2,061,196.39	
Expenses during 1919:		
Salaries, Wages and Team Hire (Table 14) \$ 440,533.22 Miscellaneous Expenses (Table 14) 36,761.91		
Total Expenses.	477,295.13	
Net Income 1919 (Table 14)	7,227,455.28	
		\$9,785,946.80
Credit		
Credit Balance against City Comptroller, December 31, 1919, as follows:		
Net Collections by the Cashier, Bureau of Water\$7,742,306.94		
Amounts collected on warrants for collection:		
For water used in constructing cement walks. 1,407.39 For earnings on contract. 1,000.00 For sale of old material. 16.75		
Total Net Collections	\$7,744,731.08	
Debit Balances, December 31, 1919, as follows:		
Assessed Rates		
Meter Mechanical 44.26		
Suspense Account No. 1		
Total Debit Balances.	\$2,041,542.50	
Less: Third Ward Credit Balance		
Sixth Ward Credit Balance	326.78	
Total Credit Balances		
Net Debit Balances, December 31,1919		.22.041.215.79
,		99,785,946.80

BUREAU OF RIVERS AND HARBORS

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith the Annual Report of the Bureau of Rivers and Harbors for the year 1919, showing permits issued, fees collected and work performed in the development of the Harbor of the City of Chicago.

Commerce in the Chicago River shows a gain of 266 vessels and 437,036 tons, while the Calumet River shows a loss of 345 vessels and 1,765,190 tons, which brings a total loss to the City of Chicago of 79 vessels of 1,328,154 reg. tons, as compared to the year 1918. This decrease may be attributed to the prolonged strike of the steel workers in the Calumet region.

The permit fees for 1919 in amount of \$4,934.63, exceed the amount of fees collected in 1918 and marks a general tendency on the part of dock owners towards improving their docking facilities.

The function of bridge operation has been carried on in an efficient manner. A rigid campaign for cleanliness was put into effect with the result that the sidewalks and roadways now have a presentable appearance, and bridge houses and storerooms have been divested of all scrap materials, including old and broken machinery which has accumulated. This bureau operated 45 bridges during the year, each 24 hours daily. In addition the ferry at 100th Street and the Calumet River was operated 8 hours daily. During 1919 there were employed 252 bridgetenders and with the completion of the Franklin-Orleans and Michigan Avenue Bridges 15 additional bridgetenders will be needed, making a total of 267 for 1920.

In conjunction with the above I wish to call your attention to the unnecessary expense imposed upon the City of Chicago owing to the inadequate amount of bond required of bridgetenders. Their present bond is \$1,500, as established by an amendment to Section 1099 of the Chicago Code of 1911. Said bond safeguards the city in the event of any damage caused a steamer by neglect or accident on the part of the bridgetender or by failure of the bridge machinery to function properly. In cases where the damage done exceeds \$1,500 it is necessary for the City Council to obtain the balance of money. In order to obviate this necessity it would be equitable to have the bridgetenders' bond raised to \$5,000.

A highly significant event in 1919 was the passage of an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act Creating a Rivers and Lakes Commission for the State of Illinois, and Defining the Duties and Powers Thereof," approved June 10, 1911; in force July 1, 1911, as subsequently amended, by amending Sections 18, 23, 24, 26 and 29 thereof, and by adding a new section to be known as Section 30. This act went into effect in July and under it the State of Illinois, through the Division of Waterways, Department of Public Works and Buildings, exercises dual powers with the City of Chicago in the supervision of Harbor developments and improvements. Much inconvenience is caused to contractors and others contemplating new work for the reason that it is now necessary to obtain state permission in addition to city permit for all work throughout the Harbor Area. It would seem as though a city of the proportions of the City of Chicago has the necessary talent and initiative to guard and promote its own harbor facilities, and I therefore look forward to the time when Chicago shall be granted the responsibility of "Home Rule" whence harbor matters shall receive the high consideration they merit.

The year 1919 will stand as a monument by virtue of the passage of the "Lake Front Ordinance," under which the lake front between 12th Street and 53rd Street is to be restored to the people of the City of Chicago both for recreation and commercial purposes. The project is too gigantic to admit of elaborate description here. Let it be sufficient to say that Chicago as a port is on the threshold of a new era. Just what part the Bureau of Rivers and Harbors shall play in this new development remains to be seen. I am hopeful, however, that this bureau be given increased responsibilities so that it may enlarge and expand even to the extent of shouldering the entire supervision of the project.

An Ordinance for a Harbor Improvement second in importance only to the Lake Front project was passed by the City Council on December 15, 1919, page 1576 c. p. Said ordinance provides for the widening of South Water Street between Lake Street and Wabash Avenue, and River Street between Wabash Avenue and North Michigan Avenue (as widened). A two-level street is proposed of width extending from the present south line of South Water and River Streets up to the south line of the Main Branch of the Chicago River, resulting in the relief of present congestion in addition to improved docking facilities.

During the fall of 1919 this bureau acted as host to various Harbor Commissions and Engineers from Foreign Countries as well as from other principal cities in the United States. The principal ones were the Canadian Harbor Commission, Harbor representative from the Dutch East Indies and the Consulting Engineer from the N. Y. and N. J. Port and Development Commission. Needless to say these men were given unusual privileges and opportunities to study the port of Chicago, and I feel certain they carried away larger ideas of Chicago than they anticipated.

I beg to call your attention to the following summaries of dredging, docking and other work performed in the interest of the harbor. The City of Chicago expresses its grateful appreciation to Col. W. V. Judson, Corps of Engineers U. S. Army, and his assistants for their co-operation; to the officers of the Sanitary District of Chicago, and to the South Park and Lincoln Park Commissioners, for information and data furnished from time to time.

PERMITS ISSUED

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW DOCKS

Year 1919

Location of work	Number of	Lineal feet	Fees
	Permits	Constructed	Collected
Main Chicago River. North Branch Chicago River. South Branch Chicago River. Calumet River.		940	\$235.00
	1	1053	263.25
Lake Michigan.	····	1055	203.20
Total	4	1993	\$498.25

FOR THE REBUILDING OF OLD DOCKS

Location of Work	Number of Permits	Lineal feet Constructed	Fees Collected
Main Chicago River	2	290	6 72.50
North Branch Chicago River	11	1422	255.50
South Branch Chicago River	12	2561	640.25
Calumet River	4	1554	388.50
Lake Michigan	1	180	45.00
Total	30	6007	\$1501.75

FOR THE REPAIRING OF OLD DOCKS

Location of Work	Number of Permits	Lineal feet Constructed	Fees Collected
Main Chicago River. North Branch Chicago River. South Branch Chicago River. Calumet River. Lake Michigan	12 8 16 3	423 1158 2132 876 180	\$ 42.88 144.75 255.25 109.50 22.50
Total	40	4769	\$574.88

FOR DRIVING PILES

Including piles separately driven under other docking permits, but not included under the three other classifications.

Location of Work	Number of	Piles	Fees
	Permits	Driven	Collected
Main Chicago River. North Branch Chicago River. South Branch Chicago River. Calumet River.	5	21	\$ 5.25
	6	114	28.50
	9	108	21.50
	3	78	19.50
Lake Michigan		····	
Total	28	321	8 74.75

	Building Work	Bridge Work	Water Pipe Work	Sewer Work	Electrical Work	Dumping and Filling	Snow Dumping	Dock Work (Shore Protection)	Ice House Work	Miscellaneous Work	Totals	FEES
Main Chicago River. N. Branch Chicago River. S. Branch Chicago River. Calumet River. Lake Michigan Lake Calumet Sanitary Canal.	4 4 1 3 2	2 5	2 2 2	8 3 2	2 4	1 1 2 2 1 1	i	9	2	10 4 1 2	4 29 21 8 15 3	\$ 40.00 255.00 190.00 80.00 100.00 30.00 30.00
Totals	14	7	4	14	6	8	1	9	2	18	83	\$725.00

FOR DREDGING—During Year 1919

Location of Work	Number of Permits	Number of 8-hour Days	Fees Collected
Main Chicago River	11	20	\$ 80.00
North Branch Chicago River	8	14	58.00
South Branch Chicago River	7	17	56.00
Calumet River	9	47	188.00
Lake Michigan	19	115	460.00
Lake Calumet	2	7	28.00
Total	56	220	\$868.00

FOR TOWING SCOWS Loaded with Other Than Dredging Material—During Year 1919

Location of Work	Number of	Number of	Fees
	Permits	8-hour Days	Collected
Main Chicago River	19	395	\$ 60.00
	3	3	12.00
South Branch Chicago River	32	138	552.00
	4	17	68.00
Totals	58	553	\$692.00

SUMMARY OF FEES COLLECTED DURING THE YEAR 1919

For Dock PermitsFor Dredging Permits	\$2,649.63
For Towing Permits. For Special Permits.	
Total	

SOURCES OF MATERIAL DUMPED IN LAKE MICHIGAN

Months	From D	isposal Stations	From Dredging		
	Scows	Cubic Yards	Scows	Cubic Yards	
January February March April May June July August	21 16 24 47 51 33 10	11,558 9,098 14,790 26,557 33,248 18,633 4,507 4,581	31 8 22 108 77 38 63 103	14,569 4,283 12,655 59,575 42,087 20,528 33,420 57,838	
September October November December	28 8 2	1,819 14,589 4,020 985	52 81 72 9	28,129 43,838 35,869 5,059	
Totals	256	144.385	664	357,850	

WHERE DEPOSITED IN LAKE MICHIGAN

	13-mile Dumping Area Chicago			Indiana Harbor Lincoln Pa			South Chicago 8 miles in ark Indiana Waters		
	Scows	Cubic Yds.	Scow	Cubic Yds.	Scows	Cubic Yds.	Scows	Cubic Yda	
January	48	23,616			• •		4	2.511	
February	24	13,381							
March	29	16,900					17	10,545	
April	43	23,708			4	2,849	108	59.575	
May					52	33,608	76	41,727	
June	6	8,044	2	1,184	31	18,141	32	16,792	
July	8	3,305	12	5,961	80	16,832	23	11.829	
August	3 1	15,632			14	8,027	68	38,760	
September	6	1,819			2	795	50	27,334	
October	3	1,537			27	13,602	79	43,288	
November	9	4,087			8	2,635	63	33,167	
December	11	6,044	<u></u>	•••••	•••	• • • • • •	••		
Totals	218	113,073	14	7,145	168	96,489	520	285,528	

TABLE SHOWING ELEVATION OF SURFACE OF LAKE MICHIGAN

In Feet, Referred to City Datum by Month of Year 1919, From Observations taken at Two-Mile Crib

					Rem	arks
Months	Max.	Min.	Mean	Range	Maximum	Minimum
January	+1.2	-2.0	+0.352	8.2	Jan. 9th	Jan. 8th
February	+1.2	-0.6	+0.496	1.8	Feb. 15th	Feb. 28th
March	+1.2	-0.2	+0.590	1.4	March 21	March 12
April	+1.5	-0.3	+0.882	1.2	April 15th	April 6th
May	+1.7	+0.7	+1.277	1.0	May 20th	May 2nd
June	+1.6	+1.0	+1.337	0.6	June 27th	June 14th
July	+1.6	+0.4	+1.052	1.2	July 7th	July 27th
August	+1.4	+0.4	+0.835	1.0	Aug. 1st	Aug. 29th
September	+1.0	+0.0	+0.483	1.0	Sept.11th	Sept. 27th
October	+1.1	+0.0	+0.445	i.i	Oct. 4th	Oct. 18th
November	+1.2	-0.6	+0.119	1.8	Nov. 25th	Nov. 30th
December	+1.0	-1.1	-0.127	2.1	Dec. 25th	Dec. 16th
Year 1919	+1.7	-2.0	+0.645	8.7	May 20th	Jan. 8th

A comparison of water levels for the years 1918 and 1919 shows that the mean level for the year 1919 is 0.435' lower than that for the year 1918.

WATER TEMPERATURE, CHICAGO, 1919

Monthly and Annual Means, Maximum in Degrees Fahrenheit from Observations taken at Two-Mile Crib

			Monthly		Remarks		
Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Range	Maximum	Minimum	
January	84	32	32	2	January 31st	January 2nd	
February	82	32	32		February 1st	February 28th	
March	39	32	85	7	March 29th	March 14th	
April		37	43	9	April 30th	April 2nd	
May	56	46	49	10	May 31st	May 1st	
June		48	58	24	June 21st	June 14th	
July	74	62	69	12	July 21st	July 1st	
August	72	68	71	4	August 12th	August 24th	
September		64	68	6	September 8th	September 26th	
October		53	58	11	October 2nd	October 29th	
November		39	45	15	November 1st	November 30th	
December		32	32	4	December 1st	December 3rd	
Year 1919		32	53	42	July 21st	January 2nd	

TABLE SHOWING SURFACE VELOCITY OF SOUTH BRANCH CHICAGO RIVER At Harrison Street, as reported by Harbor Police

Month	Date	Maximum Velocity	Date	Minimum Velocity	Mean for Month Velocity
January	31	2.40 feet second	2,16,17,18,21	1.95 feet second	2.13 feet second
February	6	2.51 feet second	21.25	1.85 feet second	2.07 feet second
March	10	2.24 feet second	19	1.82 feet second	2.02 feet second
April	28,30	2.16 feet second	25	1.89 feet second	1.98 feet second
May	17.20	2.15 feet second	9,12,15,16	1.95 feet second	2.05 feet second
June	5	2.15 feet second	7	1.76 feet second	1.95 feet second
July	16	2.11 feet second	5	1.85 feet second	1.90 feet second
August	18	2.03 feet second	1	1.85 feet second	1.92 feet second
September	13	1.99 feet second .	4	1.85 feet second	1.88 feet second
October	28	2.64 feet second	3	1.85 feet second	2.10 feet second
November	13	2.66 feet second	5	2.40 feet second	2.58 feet second
December	27	2.66 feet second	9	2.03 feet second	2.32 feet second
	Nov. 131				
Year 1919		2.66 feet second	June 7	1.76 feet second	2.075 ft. second

The resultant velocity at the surface being 2.075 feet per second, yields when reduced, a mean velocity for the whole cross-section of the South Branch of 1.66 feet per second

This means velocity for a cross section of 200' x 21' (taken as a standard when the widening of the river is completed) gives 6,972 foot seconds for its average discharge during the year 1919.

VESSELS BUILT AT CHICAGO DURING THE YEAR 1919 Together With Their Gross and Net Tonnage

Rig	Name of Vessel	Gross Tonnage	Net Tonnage
St. s. Ga. s. Ga. y. Ga. y. Ga. y.	Lake Grainger. Lake Grampian. Lake Grama. Lake Grambus. Lake Granby. Lake Gazette. Lake Gebhart. Lake Gebhart. Lake Gebhart. Lobo. Marguerite III. Roy L. II. Berestha.	2,615 2,615 2,615 2,615 2,615 2,615 2,810 2,837 27 19 28 46 28 46	1,602 1,602 1,602 1,602 1,605 1,630 1,704 1,619 12 17 15 24

LAKE COMMERCE OF CHICAGO-1919

Receipts

Commodity	Chicago River	Calumet River	Total
Coal, hard, tons	. 40	209,436 635,670 5,048.780	684,290 635,710 5,048.780
This is exclusive of 2,475,526 tons re	sceived at Gary, and	d 911,306 tons received at	Indiana Harbor.
Salt, tons	. 150 . 41,285 . 103,156 . 11,152	981,173	97,160 150 41,265 103,156 11,152 981,173 110,000 351,794

Shipmente

Commodity	Chicago River	Calumet River	Total
Flour, tons	23,542	4,902	28,454
Wheat, bushels	8.412.979	27.452.294	35.865.273
Corn, bushels	250.700	753.467	1,004,167
Oats, bushels.	1.925.654	4.868,600	6.794.254
Rye, bushels.		999,682	1.034.682
Barley, bushels.		632,600	1,104,600
Mill stuffs, tons.	21.769	1.703	23,472
Wool sacks	73	•••••	73
Unclassified, tons	260,824	573	261,397

2,596,000 barrels of gasoline and 922,000 barrels of oil were shipped from Indiana Harbor, Indiana.

THE NUMBER OF VESSELS WHICH ENTERED AND CLEARED AT THE PORT OF CHICAGO During the Year 1919, and Their Registered Net Tonnage

Entrances

Chicago River	2,340 937	vessels, registered net tonnagevessels, registered net tonnage	2,478,707 3,696,448
		•	
Total	2 977		R 175 155

Clearances

Chicago River	vessels, registered net tonnage
	
Total3.292.	6.123.662

Summary Total Lake Trade of the City of Chicago

Chicago River	No. of Vessels	Reg.Tonnage
Entered, 2,340 vessels, 2,478,707 reg. tons) Cleared, 2,327 vessels, 3,628,937 reg. tons) Calumet River	. 4,667	4,903,759
Entered, 937 vessels, 3,698,448 reg. tons Cleared, 965 vessels, 3,698,610 reg. tons	. 1,902	7,395,058
Totals for the City of Chicago	6,569	12,298,817
which for the year 1919 give the following values of the average car		
Chiesgo River	050 tons 888 tons 872 tons for the	whole City Trade.

COMPARISON OF COMMERCE OF 1919 WITH 1918

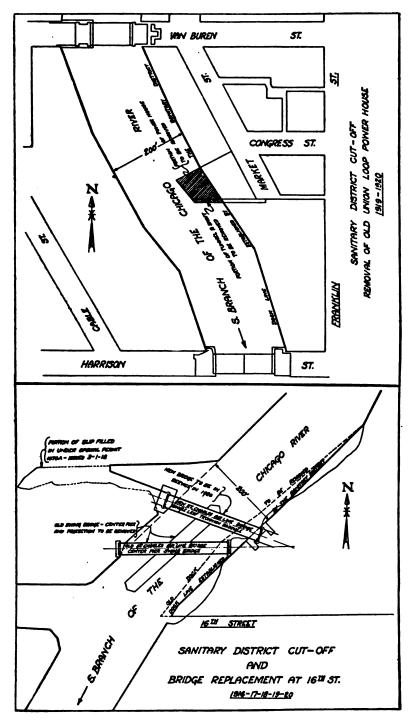
Chicago River entrances, gain of	. 146 . 120	of vessels of vessels of	368,732 reg. tons gain 68,304 reg. tons gain
Gain	. 266	vessels of	437,036 reg. tons gain
Calumet River entrances, loss of	. 171 . 174	vessels of vessels of	831,072 reg. tone loss 934,118 reg. tone loss
Total loss of	. 345	vessels of	1,765,190 reg. tons loss 1,328,154 reg. tons loss

BRIDGE OPERATION DIVISION The following table gives a detailed account of bridges operated by the City.

BRIDGE	POWER	Average time of each opening in minutes	Total number of openings annually
Adams St.	Electricity	3.12	1.019
Archer Ave	Electricity	3.69	853
Ashland Ave. (West Fork)	Electricity	4.99	1.598
Belmont Ave.	Electricity	3.62	479
Canal St.	Electricity	3.75	1.312
Chicago Ave	Electricity	3.54	1.020
Clark St.	Electricity	3.61	2.087
Cortland St.	Electricity	3.00	1.108
Dearborn St.	Electricity	3.54	2.239
Diversey Blvd	Electricity	3.08	684
E. Division St	Electricity	3.91	513
W. Division St	Electricity	3.26	890
18th St	Electricity	8.57	805
Erie St.	Electricity	4.80	1.160
Fullerton Ave	Electricity	3.83	505
Grand Ave.	Electricity	3.67	1.053
N. Halsted Canal	Electricity	3.58	1.563
N. Halsted River	Electricity	4.22	964
S. Halsted St. Lift	Electricity	4.34	1.223
Harrison St	Electricity	3.06	2.194
Jackson Blvd	Electricity	3.63	990
Kinsie St.	Electricity	3.22	7.159
Lake St.	Electricity	3.78	1.172
Loomis St.	Electricity	3.81	1.567
Madison St	Electricity	4.19	1.065
Monroe St.	Electricity	3.66	974
92nd 8t	Electricity	3.30	3.682
95th St	Electricity	4.01	2.085
North Ave	Electricity	3.85	783
106th 8t	Hand	6.45	4.076
Polk 8t	Electricity	3.08	1,084
Randolph St	Electricity	3.201	1,465
Roosevelt Road (12th St.)	Electricity	4.24	1,222
Rush St.	Electricity	3.67	1,309
State St	Electricity	3.21	3,919
Taylor St	Electricity	3.78	543
Throop St	Electricity	3.25	1,801
Torrence Ave	Gasoline	10.05	1,264
22nd St	Electricity	3.71	1,168
85th St	Electricity	3.11	1,088
Van Buren St	Electricity	3.45	1,286
Washington St	Electricity	3.06	1,018
Webster Ave	Electricity	3.06	1,058
Wells St	Electricity	3.91	1,976
N. Western Ave	Electricity	2.97	973
	,	•	•

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES FOR BRIDGE OPERATION for Year ending December 31, 1919

BRIDGE		Bridge- tenders' Salaries	Supplies		Fuel	Telephone etc.		Totals
Adams St	8	4,289.83	\$ 107.05	8	136.06	8	s	4,532,94
Archer Ave	1	8,980.55	70.55	5	73.30	36.51	1	9,160.91
Ashland Ave (West Fork)	1	8,789.81	191.67	1	261.25	37.30	1	9,280.03
Belmont Ave	1	9,206.47	38.62		222.56	36.81		9,504.46
Canal St	1	9,229.88	165.34		248.06	37.18		9,680,46
Chicago Ave	1	8,892.30	131.97		271.36	43.81		9,339,44
Clark St	1	4,384.49	99.09		149.16	20.02		4,632.74
Cortland St.	1	9,125.06	59.55		160.25	35.58	1	9,380.44
Dearborn St		8,777.59	133.05		246.86	43.57		9,201.07
Diversey Blvd	1	4,521.61	68.57		124.66	52.71		4,767.55
East Division St.	1	9,097.14	62.52		163.76	36.56		9,359.98
West Division St	1	8,563.47	76.81		148.23	37.11		8,825.62
West Division St		9,163.97	60.19		221.11	38.42		9,483.69
18th St	1					51.18		
Erie St	1	9,150.39	72 33		220.50			9,494.40
Fullerton Ave	1	4,516.16	35.38		69.51	32.41 37.99		4,653.46
Grand Ave	1	8,595.95	174.41		262.48			9,070.83
N. Halsted St. (Canal)	1	8,968.77	128.30		222.20	39.22	1	9,358.49
N. Halsted St. (River)		9,177.51	141.04		220.27	42.69		9,581.51
S. Halsted St. (Lift)		4,873.11	137.40		193.66	51.16		5,255.33
Harrison St	1	8,677.86	160.69		132.99	60.33		9,031.87
Jackson Blvd		9,497.91	78.69		296.50	42.11		9,915.21
Kinzie St	1	8,747.78	155.59		208.98	50.33		9,162.68
Lake St	1	9,196.92	185.48		481.66	45.36		9,909.42
Loomis St		9,283.67	69.16		115.36	38.35		9,506.54
Madison St	1	4,392.94	158.71		48.60	2.45		4,602.70
Monroe St		8,292.06	165.33		219.90	40.47		8,717.76
92nd St		8,994.50	79.50		201.30	55.14		9,330.44
95th St		8,745.17	119.44		214.32	37.35		9,116.28
North Ave	1	8,909.87	62.87	1	85.95	37.02		9,095.71
100th St. Ferry	1	1,441.75	10.18		49.05		8	1,500.98
106th St		11,377.03	90.92	:	107.00	57.92		11,632.87
Polk St	1	8,620.88	121.03		173.17	36.46		8,951.54
Randolph St	1	8,602.19	90.52		213.32	43.25		8,949.28
Roosevelt Road (12th St.)	1	4,494.66	110.04		89.25	41.85		4,735.80
Rush St		4,384.02	114.24		170.60	91.04		4,759.90
State St	I	9,313.66	103.41		192.80	37.27		9,647.14
Taylor St	1	3,840.80	94.88		60.05	38.32		4,034.05
Throop St		8,891.91	68.98		179.83	36.57		9,177.29
Torrence Ave		9.175.56	162.22		543.18	52.01		9,932.97
22nd St		9,014.41	154.17		194.42	47.97		9,410.97
35th St	1	8,936.07	98.96		64.61	47.03	7	9,146.67
Van Buren St		9.064.61	161.78		258.99	53.29		9,538.67
Washington Ct			107.31		284.97	39.80		9,385.40
Washington St		8,953.32 8,679.04	74.62		172.40	45.63		8,971.69
Webster Ave					172.40	40.00		
Wells St		4,470.00	189.62		107 00	20.00		4,659.62
N. Western Ave		9,300.54	53.60		195.60	36.00		9,585.74
superintendence		1,200.00	981.09			107.21		2,288.30
Grand Totals.	\$	1,200.00 362,803.19	981.09	-	8,570.04	107.21	\$	



WORK DONE BY THE SANITARY DISTRICT OF CHICAGO, 1919.

Work on the removal of that portion of the old Union Loop Power House extending riverward of the east dock of the South Branch of the Chicago River at Congress Street, was begun in the fall of the year, as was also the construction of about nine hundred lineal feet of dock on the southeasterly side of the South Branch of the Chicago River extending northeasterly from 16th Street. These two projects constitute the last cutoffs to be made by the Santtary District in widening the South Branch to 200 feet. With the completion of the new St. Charles Air-Line Bridge during 1920 and the removal of the old center-pier draw bridge at that location, much will have been accomplished in the interest of navigation.

It was thought appropriate to include plats showing the location and character of above work. They will be found elsewhere in this report.

There has been considerable discussion regarding the filling of "Bubbly Creek." It has been proposed to construct an 18-foot sewer in the east arm of the south fork, after which the open channel is to be filled. Also, public hearings have been held regarding the construction of a Sludge Plant in the west arm of the south fork, the object being to fill up said waters and purify the factory waste. Undoubtedly much could be gained from the standpoint of health and it is not impossible that the year 1920 will mark the beginning, if not the completion of the proposed work.

WORK DONE BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT IN IMPROVEMENT OF THE HARBOR DURING 1919.

Chicago Harbor.

Owing to the exhaustion of all available "D" stone, work was in progress only about two months on the construction of the south arm of the southerly extension of the exterior breakwater, and 9,407.6 tons of stone were placed at an expense of about \$15,000. Although stone has been deposited for a length of 1,550 feet, only 310 feet have been completed in section.

Work authorized for the season of 1920 will consist in completing the construction of 1,240 lineal feet of said breakwater to full section, leaving 1,180 lineal feet of the total proposed 5,000 lineal feet for future construction.

Chicage River

No dredging or other contract work was done. Work under permits for bridges, dredging, dumping, etc., inspected and property and plant repaired and cared for.

No dredging work is proposed for the season of 1920, as anticipated shoaling has not occurred to any great extent in the portion of the river under U. S. maintenance, based on examination soundings taken in November, 1919.

The wreck of the Steamer C. W. Moore, which sank in the west side of the North Branch Canal next south of Division Street was removed under government contract by the FitzSimons and Connell Dredge and Dock Co. on August 19th. Said steamer was taken 13 miles into the lake and caused to sink in 63 feet of water.

Calumet Harbor.

Damages to breakwater (caused by storms) were repaired with the government plant and hired labor, and a contract was entered into for rebuilding in concrete the superstructure over so much of the breakwater as available funds will permit. At the end of the 1919 season 400 lineal feet of the superstructure was completed. Expenditure for both classes of work was about \$40,000. During the 1920 season 842 lineal feet of concrete superstructure of breakwater under contract will be completed.

The Steamer Desmond—a "sand-sucker," which sank in Lake Michigan at a point about 700 feet southeasterly of the Calumet Harbor breakwater—was removed during the year in so far as it proved an obstruction to navigation.

Calumet River, Illinois and Indiana.

No dredging or other contract work was done. A special allotment was made for deepening the so-called "rock-cut" of the Main River to a depth of 23 feet below Chicago City Datum, to provide a safe passage for vessels of 20 feet draft, and at the close of the 1919 season a survey of the 1,750 lineal feet of "rock-cut" channel had been made. During the coming season it is proposed to issue specifications for the proposed rock excavation and commence the work thereon.

In conjunction with the above, I wish to call your attention to the fact that Federal maintenance in the North Branch of the Chicago River north of North Avenue terminated with the passage of the River and Harbor Act of March 2, 1919. Since that date no one has assumed the guardianship of that portion of the river as regards improvements. However, the responsibility evidently rests with the City of Chicago. Numerous complaints were received during 1919 directing my attention to shoal areas, and I anticipate even greater difficulty from this source in 1920 unless funds are available to perform the necessary dredging. It is hoped that an appropriation of \$50,000 will be granted to the Bureau of Rivers and Harbors in 1920 for the purpose of carrying out such work in the interest of navigation.

WORK DONE BY THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

It is to be regretted that no funds were available for the construction or repair of delapidated street-end docks along the Chicago River and the Lake Front, as this work is of primary importance as a public improvement.

In order to perform what work was necessary, this bureau requested an appropriation of \$70,060 for 1920 to be used for that purpose. Only such work was contemplated that was urgently necessary. The present condition of city street-ends is such as to make ridiculous the function of this bureau pertaining to the service of notices upon private owners to rebuild bad docks, for the reason that the city's docks are in most cases in far worse condition than the private docks. This condition should not be overlooked nor neglected.

I am impressed with the necessity of the passage of an ordinance providing "that all docks constructed along the Chicago and Calumet Rivers in the future be constructed of concrete." A great step in advance would thus be

accomplished; first, by virtue of the promotion of the "Chicago Beautiful" idea; second, increased and improved docking facilities, and third, permanence.

The Bureau of Rivers and Harbors shares with other branches of the City service in the need of an accurate section-line survey of the Chicago River, including its branches, similar to the survey made of the Calumet River in 1914 by the Division of Surveys. Such a survey would be invaluable to the City of Chicago as an exact and true reference as to the location of existing docks, and would also contain the necessary mathematical data from which to compute proposed dock lines in the future without the expense of isolated surveys. A uniformity of data would result therefrom for the benefit of all. \$20,000 would cover both the field and office work of such a survey.

There exists urgent necessity for the construction of a suitable outer breakwater along the Lake Front between 51st Street and 53rd Street, fronting East End Park. The construction of same would add materially to the area of the park as well as to its appearance and would prevent further annoyance and expense as a result of the washouts which now occur whenever the lake is storming.

NOTICES SERVED BY THE HARBOR MASTER.

There were 79 Dock Notices served on owners to repair or rebuild delapidated docks. Eighteen Removal Notices were served to cause the removal of obstructions to navigation. Most of these notices were complied with, but in several cases for non-compliance it was necessary to institute suit, in which instances satisfactory adjustments were effected.

The principal suit was that against a certain Capt. J. J. Wagner for two distinct offenses, viz: 1, allowing two wooden sailing hulls to sink in the North Branch of the Chicago River next south of Belmont Avenue, thereby obstructing navigation; 2, abandonment of two sunken canal boats in the west arm of the south fork of the South Branch Chicago River between 39th Street and South Ashland Avenue. The city's suit was held in abeyance for the reason that the defendant had filed a petition in bankruptcy. Meanwhile the U. S. engineers filed suit in the U. S. District Court against the said J. J. Wagner and the Producers' Material Company—former owners of said sailing hulls and canal boats. The suit was still pending at the close of the year, but the indications are that a favorable adjustment will be reached and the sunken craft removed.

STRAMSHIP DELAYS.

The Steamer Tioga, keel 285 feet, beam 39 feet, draft 17 feet, of 2,320 gross tons, outbound and towed by tug Kenosha, was caught in current while navigating Rush Street draw and lay crosswise of the channel from 1:45 a.m. until 5:55 a.m. on May 20, 1919. Tug Indiana came to assistance and steamer was removed without further difficulty. No damage done to steamer or bridge.

The Steamer Edwin L. Booth, length 413 feet, beam 51 feet, depth 28 feet, of 4,626 gross tons, towed by tugs Kenosha and Racine, on July 15th, was caught by the current while attempting to enter the North Branch of the Chicago River. Steamer lay wedged in between docks next north of and nearly parallel to Lake Street Bridge from 12 o'clock midnight until 12 o'clock noon. It was necessary to have the dam raised at Lockport to lessen the current, after

which two tugs, aided by a shore cable, were able to release the steamer. No damage was done to steamer or bridge.

The Steamer Uranus, length 416 feet, beam 50 feet, depth 28 feet, of 4,426 gross tons, towed by tugs Racine and Indiana, was caught by the current in the Main Chicago River on November 23, 1919, and lay crosswise of the channel between Dearborn and Clark Streets from 1:23 a. m. until 3:45 p. m. It was necessary to have the dam raised at Lockport to lessen the current, whence tugs, aided by shore cables, released the steamer. No damage resulted therefrom.

It has been my constant endeavor to conduct the bureau in a manner to reflect credit on the department.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES J. McCOMB, Harbor Master.

BUREAU OF STREETS

HON. CHARLES R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I respectfully transmit herewith annual report of the Bureau of Streets for the year ending December 31, 1919:

GARRAGE.

81,427 tons of garbage were delivered to the Reduction Plant at 39th and Iron Streets by boat and direct haul, of which amount 1,016 tons were collected and delivered by auto trucks; 1,558 tons of private garbage were also delivered, of which amount 786 tons were delivered by boats from the Chicago Avenue and Oakley Avenue loading stations.

Cost of collecting and hauling	884,205.07
Cost of boat hire	57,144.51
Cost of handling at loading stations	18,428.50

459,778.08

There were 1,171 tons of garbage collected in the 9th Ward and hauled to dump at 103rd and Lake Calumet.

Cost of collection and hauling......\$8,047.44

Cost per ton, \$5.64. Cost per capita, .172. Population December 31, 1919, 2,672,292.

ASHES AND MISCELLANEOUS WASTE.

1,628,562 cubic yards, or 858,219 loads, of ashes were collected and delivered to city dumps, of which amount 12,838 cubic yards were collected and hauled by auto trucks; 28,778 cubic yards were spread in alleys which were below grade.

Cost of collecting and hauling	
Cost per ten 98e	\$1,525,890.02

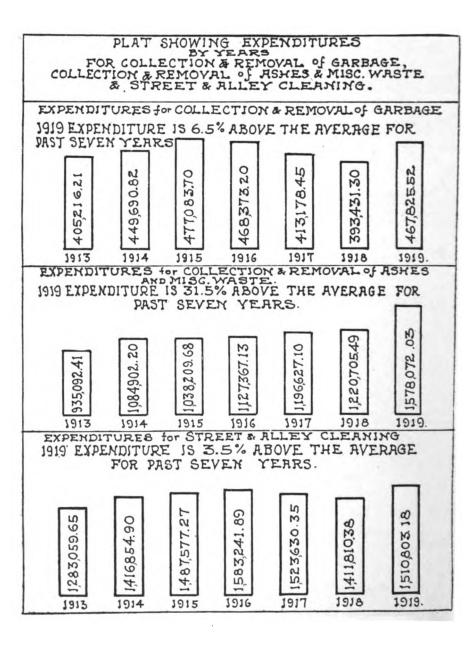
Cost per capita......57c PAPER BURNERS.

128	8,747 cubic yards of paper were burned.	
Expense	\$52,682.0	L

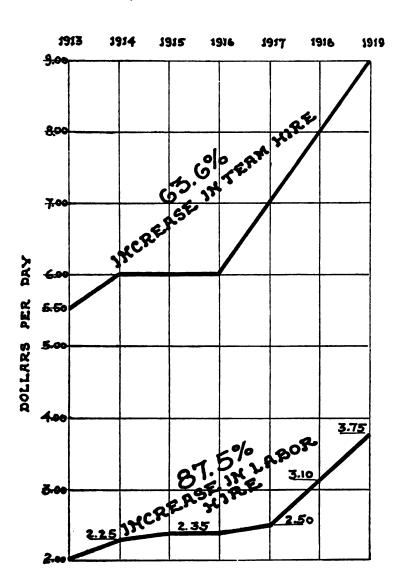
STREET CLEANING.

2,667,411,502 square yards of streets were cleaned (block and gang systems); 364,157 cubic yards, or 95,421 loads, of street dirt were collected and removed; 39,085 cubic yards were curbed.

Cost of block and gang cleaning	82,994.75
-	1,846,287.18



PLAT SHOWING THE INCREASE IN WAGE BY YEARS OF LABOR & TEAMS IN STREET CLEANING AND WASTE REMOVAL



AUTO SWEEPERS.

17,991,447 square yards of streets were swept in the 4th, 10th, 18th, 28rd and 27th Wards. Expense
AUTO FLUSHERS — FIRST WARD.
82,880,509 square yards of streets were cleaned by auto flushers in the First Ward : 19,886,700 gallons, or 16,990 tanks, of water were used in this activity. Expense
Cost per 1,000 square yards\$.098
AUTO FLUSHERS — NINETEENTH WARD.
9,289,180 square yards of streets were cleaned by auto flushers in the Ninetsenth Ward; 2,407,900 gallons, or 2,189 tanks, of water were used in this activity. Expense
Horse-drawn flushers — first ward.
8,485,184 square yards of streets were cleaned by horse-drawn flushers; 1,739,500 gallons, or 6,011 tanks, of water were used in this activity. Expense
SIDEWALK FLUSHING — FIRST WARD.
11,152,111 square yards of sidewalks cleaned by flushers: 2,777,500 gallons, or 5,565 tanks, of water were used in this activity. Expense
FLUSHING IN ALL OTHER WARDS.
59,518,382 square yards of street cleaned by flushers; 25,498,350 gallons, or 48,785 tanks, of water were used in this activity. Expense
SNOW REMOVAL FIRST WARD.
13,588,196 square yards of streets were cleaned of snow in the First Ward; 70,088 cubic yards, or 14,017 loads, of snow were collected and removed.
Expense
SNOW REMOVAL IN ALL OTHER WARDS.
7,948,892 square yards of streets cleaned of snow; 51,588 cubic yards, or 9,402 loads, of mow were piled and removed. Expense
·

ALLEY CLEANING.

86,536,674 square yards of alleys were cleaned. Expense	\$49,822.86
WEED CUTTING.	
4,003,641 square yards of weeds were out.	
Expense	\$4,701.29
DITCHING.	
47,700 feet of ditches were opened and cleaned.	
Expense	\$570.55
EMERGENCY WORK.	
Grading, 8,600 feet; New humber, 64,141 feet; Old lumber, 6,259 feet; C yards; stone, 99 cubic yards; kegs of nails, 8½.	inders, 3,088 cubie
Expense	\$12,418.48
DRAD ANIMALS REMOVED.	
The Canal Rendering Company removed the following number of dead streets and alleys during the year 1919 at a cost of \$25.00, as per contract:	animals from the
Horses	
HOUSE MOVING — 1919.	
Number of permits issued	158
Dimensions of buildings:	
One-story	
Two-story	158
Character of construction:	
Frame	158
Width—lineal feet	8,498
Division:	•
North Side 18	
South Side	158
Amount	\$1,272

PERMIT DIVISION

S. J. FISHER, Chief Street Inspector

STATEMENT OF PERMITS ISSUED

City departments		5,655
Individuals (plumbers, sewer builders, etc.)—		
In improved streets	1.049	
In unimproved streets		8,451
TT. A.A.A.		400
Use of street		498 9.419
Commonwealth Edison Company		4.716
Chicago Telephone Company		1,440
Chicago Surface Lines		564
Various corporations		871
Inspection Cement sidewalk contractors.		43 99
Driveways		767
Sewer and water mains		116
Miscellaneous		2,231
m		
Total	•	29,370
CITY DEPARTMENTS.		
Number of permits issued		5,655
Number of openings made		
In improved streets	5,926	
In unimproved streets	2,866	8,792
Number of openings in various kinds of pavement-		
Asphalt	2 226	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick	811	
Concrete	82	
Creosoted block	187	
Granite	669	
Cement sidewalks		5,926
COMPAN BOOK WHICH		0,520
Cement sidewalk restored, sq. ft		28,000
Pavement restored-		
Asphalt	5 208	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick		
Concrete	71	
Creosoted block	888	
Granite	2,346	16,449
PAIMPHITM TI A T CI		
INDIVIDUALS.		
(Plumbers, Sewer Builders, Etc.)		
Number of permits issued		
For openings in improved streets	1,049	
For openings in unimproved streets		3,4 51

BUREAU OF STREETS		197
Individuals—Continued		
Number of openings made—		
In improved streets		5,457
Number of openings in various kinds of pavement—		
Asphalt	845	
Asphaltic-macadam	50	
Brick	162 14	
Crecested block	88	
Granite	95	
Macadam		
Cement sidewalks	259	1,198
Cement sidewalks restored, sq. ft	•	16,977
Pavement restored-	q. yds.	
Asphalt	1,477	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick		
Concrete		
Granite		4.787
Grante		4,
PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY Number of permits issued		9.419
Number of permits sense		0,100
Number of openings made—		
In improved streets		21,871
New mains installed, miles		27 6,049
Number of openings in various kinds of pavement—		
Asphalt		
Asphaltic-macadam		•
Brick		
Concrete		
Granite		
Macadam	2,626	
Coment walks	926	11,696
Coment sidewalks restored, sq. ft		7,200
Pavement restored—	q. yds.	
Asphalt	7,870	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick		
Concrete		
Granite		24,099
COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY.		
Number of permits issued		4,716
Number of openings made—		
In improved streets		
In unimproved streets	710	2,682
Conduit and lateral installed, lin. ft		150,381
Conduit and lateral installed, duct ft		771,156 6.958
Number of vaults constructed		1,250
The large of the contraction of		1 107 500

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Commonwealth Edison Company-Continued	
Poles set—	
Wood	4,155
Cable Installed, miles	90
Wire strung, miles	936
Number of openings in various kinds of pavement—	
Asphalt	408
Brick	814 70
Creosoted block	76
Granite	404
Macadam	80
Cement sidewalk	620 1,972
Cemet sidewalk restored, sq. ft	24,800
	-
•	yds.
Asphalt	
Asphaltic-macadam	
Concrete	1,892 291
Creosoted block	760
Granite	
-	
CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY.	
Number of permits issued	1,440
Number of openings made—	yds.
In improved streets	584
In unimproved streets	
Condula and Johanni Justallad 11- 44	
Conduit and lateral installed, lin. ft	66,307
Concrete used, cu. yds	850,868 1,906
Number of vaults constructed	166
Brick used in vault construction	250,515
Poles set—	
Wood	1,483
Cable installed, miles	78,762
wire strung, miles	1,780
Number of openings in various kinds of pavement—	
Amphalt	127
Brick	188
Creosoted block	82 92
Macadam	26
Concrete	59
Cement sidewalk	4 633
Cement sidewalk restored, sq. ft	8,827
	. yds.
Amphalt	
Asphaltie-macadam Brick	678
Brick	
Granite	789
Concrete	158
Slag	58 6,900
-	

BUREAU OF STREETS	199
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.	
Conduit installed, lin. ft	2,76
Conduit installed, duct ft	21,25 2
Number of brick used in underground construction	51, 3 5
Pavement restored—	sq. yds.
Asphalt	104 251 3 5
Grante	
POSTAL TELEGRAPH-CABLE COMPANY.	
Conduit installed, lin. ft	19.46
Conduit installed, duct ft	
Pavement restored—	eq. yds.
Asphalt	
Briek Granite	
CHICAGO SURFACE LINES.	
Chicago Surface Lines.	
Number of permits issued	56
Track constructed—	
Rehabilitated—type 2-Amiles	1.49
Rehabilitated—type 8miles	1.48
Rehabilitated—type 8, temporarymiles Rehabilitated—type 4miles	
Rehabilitated—type 5miles	
Rehabilitated—type 6miles	0.47 5.4
Extensions—type 3miles	0.97
Extensions—type 3, temporarymiles	
Extensions—type 4miles	
Extensions—type 4, temporarymiles Extensions—type 5	
Extensions—type 6miles	
Track resurfacedmiles	48.5
Track replaced on account of sewer workmiles	
Special work installed, number of layouts	
on 11.5	
Ties installed—	00 000
Wood	
Poles set—	ero
Steel	259 125 3 8
Poles reinforced, steel	` 80
Poles removed, wood	1.10
Conduit installed, duct ft	4.80
Concrete used in underground construction, cu. yds	
Brick used in underground construction	\$5. 07

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Chicago Surface Lines-Continued

Cable installed— 9,646 Underground, lin. ft. 9,646 Overhead, lin. ft. 7,302 Auxiliary and bonding, lin. ft. 17,793	34,7 40
Trolley wires strung—	
New, lin. ft 9,646	
Renewals, lin. ft902,263	
Repairs, lin. ft	957,568
Pavement laid inside right of way— sq. yds.	
Brick 5,241	
Creosoted block	
Granite 159.627	
Granite	172,906
Wood	172,906
Wood	172,905
Wood 4,009 Pavement laid outside right of way aq. yds. Asphalt 1,710	172,905
Wood	172,906

CHICAGO SURFACE LINES (Chicago Railways Company)

Track and Paving Reconstructed and Extended during 1919

The and I average recommended and Extended during 1919					
Street	From	To	Rehabilitated Miles	Extended Miles	Total Miles
18th street	11			••••	
street		. <u></u>	0.02		
Adams street					
Arthington street Ashland avenue at August				0.21	
street					
Ashland avenue				• • • •	
Belmont avenue					
Blue Island avenue	. Harrison street	. Western avenue	1.82		
Cicero and North avenu	e				
car house	- 		0.14	0.29	
Clark street at Chicago	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.11	0.25	
river bridge			0.09		
Clark street	Dississ street	Winnin atmost	0.09	• • • •	
Clinton street		. Rooseveit road	0.46		
Elston avenue at August	8				
street	. 		0.02		
Franklin-Orleans Bridge				0.04	
Grand avenue	. Rush street	.St. Clair street	0.26		
Grand avenue	. Austin avenue	. Harlem avenue	3.40	****	
Halsted street					
Harrison street					
Harrison street				• • • •	
Jefferson street	144h etreet	December	0.43		
		. Rooseveit road	U. 40		
Kedzie avenue at Argyl	8				
street		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.03	• • • •	
La Salle street Tunnel					
Lawrence avenue Bridge	.		0.26		
Madison street	Clinton street	. Western avenue	3.48		
Milwaukee avenue at				****	
Augusta street	•		0.02		
Milwaukee avenue	Deenlaines street	Western evenue	1.57		
		. Western avenue	1.01	• • • •	
Monroe street river bridge					
approaches	***********	TP!	1141	0.14	
State street	Division street	. Kinzie street	1.35		
Taylor street		. Wells street	0.59		
Van Buren street bridge	•				
and approaches			0.13		
Special track work and	l				
miiscellaneous construc					
ton			0.11	0.44	
WIII					
	Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22.11	1.12	23.23

0.08

Chicage Railways Company-Continued

Track Constructed prior to 1919 which was Paved during 1919

Lake street car Lawrence avenue	shops	0.05		
	brage	0.07	••••	0.12

Track and Paving Reconstructed and Extended during 1919 (Chicago City Railway Company)

Street	From	То	Rehabilitated Miles	Extended Miles	Total Miles
51st street west of Went	•				
worth avenue			0.03		
51st street	. Shields avenue V	Vallace street	0.76		
63rd street	. State street	Ventworth avenue.	0.40		
63rd street	Racine avenue	tewart avenue	1.57		
63rd street	. Central avenue C	licero avenue	1.38		
69th street at Leavit	t				
street			0.20		
88th street and Vincenne	B				
avenue car house			0.01		
111th street					
Central avenue	.63rd street6	3rd place	0.06		
Cicero avenue	.63rd street	rcher avenue	1.24		
Cottage Grove avenue	.51st_street	1st street	5.08		
Monterey avenue		incennes avenue	0.60		
Private right of way					
	south of 83rd street		0.04	0.17	
Racine avenue	.67th street	4th street	1.18		
South Chicago avenue	.71st street	5th street	1.10		
Vincennes avenue					
Wabash avenue					
Wentworth avenue					
Special track work and n	niscellaneous construct	ion	0.34	0.17	
	Total		28.68	0.34	29.02
Track	Constructed prior	to 1919 which w	ras Paved in	1919	
42nd street		farshfield avenue	0.07	••••	
street			0.01		
		• · · · · · • • · · • · · · · · · · · ·	2.32		

Track and Paving Reconstructed and Extended during 1919 (Calumet & South Chicago Railway Company)

0.08

Total....

Street	From	То	Rehabilitated Miles	Extended Miles	Total Miles
64th street at I. C. R. R. subway	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		. 0.10	• • • •	
95th street at I. C. R. R. subway		Corrence avenue	. 0.31 . 0.63	0.52	
115th street at Prairie avenue	. 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 0.02	••••	
97th street	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • •	
Private right of way-			. 0.55	••••	
South Chicago avenue Special track work and mi	iscellaneous construct	ion	. 0.05	<u>ö.öi</u>	
	Total		. 3.12	0.53	3.65

Track Constructed prior to 1919 which was Paved in 1919

115th street at I. C. R. R. subway Stony Island avenue79th street81st street	0.04 0.04			
Total	0.08		0.06	
22nd street at Rockwell (Southern Street Railway Company)				
street	0.08	ö.öi		
Total	0.03	0.01	0.04	

THE SANITARY DISTRICT OF CHICAGO.

On Prairie Avenue between 114th Place and 120th Place, on 120th Place between Prairie Avenue and Indiana Avenue, and on Indiana Avenue between 120th Place and 124th Place the following work was done:

Reconstructed 300 lineal feet of nine-inch tile sewer.
Rebuilt 56 concrete catch-basins.
Reset 6,192 lineal feet of sandstone and limestone curb.
Constructed 2,533 square yards of concrete base.
Restored 2,638 square yards of brick pavement.
Restored 9,100 square yards of macadam pavement.
Constructed 13,380 square feet of cement walks.

Forty-four thousand cubic yards of surplus dirt were removed from Indiana Avenue between 120th Place and 124th Place.

Five miles of temporary narrow gauge track constructed on 114th Place from Prairie Avenue to South Park Avenue, on South Park Avenue from 114th Place to 103rd Street, on 103rd Street from South Park Avenue to Lake Calumet. Nine crossings on this line were planked and are being maintained in good condition and guarded by watchmen. On 114th Place between Prairie Avenue and South Park Avenue the following work was done:

Removed 300 square yards of macadam pavement. Removed 2,400 square feet of cement walk. Constructed 1,200 lineal feet of 16-foot concrete sewer. Removed 1,066 cubic yards of surplus dirt.

CHICAGO UNION STATION COMPANY AND PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY. Ordinance of March 28, 1914.

The work done in connection with the construction of the Chicago Union Station and the Pennsylvania Freight Terminal is as follows:

Canal Street—Fulton Street to Harrison Street: Repayed 10,214 square yards of granite block payement.

Polk Street to Taylor Street: Excavated the street to a level averaging about eight feet below the old grade, removing 2,700 cubic yards of dirt; installed a 16-inch water main; completed construction of concrete caiseons; installed an 18-inch sewer and built columns, girders and the deck of the upper level street between Glipin Place and Taylor Street.

- Harrison Street—Chicago River to Canal Street: Moved the old viaduct 22 feet north of its original position; built a temporary viaduct connecting the old viaduct and the river bridge; removed 10,000 cubic yards of dirt; constructed 28 caiseons and 11 cross girders for the new viaduct.
 - for the new viaduct.

 Canal Street to Clinton Street: Completed curb wall on south side of street; raised the street railway tracks, manholes and catch-basins to proper grade; constructed 1,000 square yards of granite block (temporary) pavement and 2,000 square feet of cement walk.
- Pelk Street—Chicago River to Canal Street: Completed 18 concrete caissons and 9 cross girders; performed 90 per cent of the work of installing a concrete sewer in the south side of the street between the Pennsylvania Freight Terminal and Canal Street; built temporary wooden treetle approach from Canal Street to the viaduct.
- Forquer Street—Canal Street to Clinton Street: Depressed the sewer, water pipe and gas main to new grade; excavated 2,600 cubic yards of dirt; constructed 700 lineal feet of concrete curb; 1,071 square yards of granite block pavement and 3,200 square feet of cement walk.
- Taylor Street—Chicago River to Canal Street: Constructed abutments, 26 concrete caissons and 18 concrete girders; erected the steel work of viaduct and encased same in concrete.
- Passenger Station—Constructed concrete curb walls (25 feet in height) on the south side of Adams Street, the north side of Jackson Boulevard, the west side of Canal Street and the east side of Clinton Street; excavated 84,000 cubic feet of dirt and completed 250 concrete piers.
- Right-of-Way—East of Canal Street, between Harrison Street and Roosevelt Road: Excavated 30,000 cubic yards of dirt and depressed two main tracks.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY. Franklin-Orleans Street Viaduct and Approaches. Ordinance of March 25, 1916.

Wrecked and removed the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company's freight office building at the southeast corner of Kinsie and Orleans Streets and a frame building at the northwest corner of Kinsie and Orleans Streets.

- Viaduct—Kinzie Street to the Chicago River: Sewer under the viaduct completed to the dock line. It will be extended a short distance to the north abutment of the bridge. Completed about 90 per cent of the track depression and about 80 per cent of track rearrangement required; 55 per cent of the foundation piles driven; 45 per cent of the concrete foundations and steel columns in place; about 50 per cent of the steel structure erected; 45 per cent of the steel columns and 80 per cent of the beams encased in concrete.
- North Approach—Orleans Street from Austin Avenue to Kinzie Street: Piles for the abutment driven; west retaining wall completed; one-third of the filling necessary has been done.
- East Approach—Kinzie Street from Wells Street to Orleans Street: Retaining walls and filling completed; eight spans of steel work erected and seven of them encased in concrete; excavation for driveway between Franklin and Orleans Streets completed.

Forty per cent of the sewer between Franklin Street and Orleans Street completed. Reinforced concrete sewer in Franklin Street from a point 20 feet north to a point 30 feet south of Kinzie Street completed. Warehouse platform constructed under the approach.

Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company-Continued

Chicago Surface Lines tracks and wires have been removed from Orleans Street and Kinzie Street from Austin Avenue to a point 150 feet west of Franklin Street. Part of trolley poles have been removed to permanent locations.

Underground equipment of various public untilities have either been removed or moved to temporary locations to allow work to progress.

Track Elevation.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL BAILWAY COMPANY. (Evanston Branch)

Montrose Avenue to Howard Street Ordinance of July 11, 1910

- Between Celumbia Avenue and Pratt Boulevard—92 feet of retaining wall constructed on the west side of the right of way.
- Between Morse Avenue and Lunt Avenue—241 feet of retaining wall constructed on the east side of the right of way.
- Between Lunt Avenue and Greenleaf Avenue—125 feet of retaining wall constructed on the west side of the right of way.
- Albien Avenue, Sherwin Avenue and Jarvis Avenue—Concrete slab floors were installed on the bridges.

Temporary trestle removed-9,485 lineal feet.

Filling placed upon the right of way-40,000 cubic feet.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY. Main Line.

From 72nd Street to 90th Street. Ordinance of July 11, 1910.

The subways at Vincennes Road and at 88th Street were completed. The details of street improvement are as follows:

88th Street-

Concrete curb	al feet
Brick pavement	yards
Cement walk2.490 squar	e feet

Vincennes Road-

Concrete curb	
Brick pavement	square yards
Cement walk	0 square feet

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

53rd Street to 67th Street. Ordinance of February 7, 1916.

Reconstruction of Bridges and Subways.

- 53rd Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge (except parapets) completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 89 lineal feet of concrete curb, 1,873 square yards of granite block pavement, and 6,159 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 55th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 550 lineal feet of concrete curb, 1,539 square yards of granite block pavement and 8,463 square feet of cement sidewalk.

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Illineis Central Railway Company-Continued

- 57th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge (except parapets) completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 285 lineal feet of concrete curb, 1,969 square feet of asphaltic concrete pavement and 2,099 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 59th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge (except parapets) completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 191 lineal feet of concrete combined curb and gutter, 20 lineal feet of concrete curb, 412 lineal feet of concrete gutter, 957 square yards of granite block pavement and 4,533 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 66th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge (except parapets) completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 700 lineal feet of concrete combined curb and gutter, 51 lineal feet of concrete curb, 408 lineal feet of concrete gutter, 1,846 square yards of asphaltic concrete pavement and 1,000 square yards of granite block pavement.
- 63rd Street—Subway completed; constructed 44 lineal feet of concrete curb and 978 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 64th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 273 lineal feet of concrete curb, 973 square yards of granite block pavement and 5,486 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 65th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 365 lineal feet of concrete curb, 1,059 square yards of granite block pavement and 7,677 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 67th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 100 lineal feet of concrete curb, 681 square yards of granite block pavement and 3,724 square feet of cement sidewalk.

82nd Street to Kensington Avenue. Ordinance of April 5, 1911.

Subways

- 95th Street—Abutments and piers completed; temporary deck laid on bridge; part of the sewer, pavement, curb and sidewalk work done; constructed 1,442 lineal feet of concrete curb, 343 square yards of granite block pavement, 2,483 square yards of brick pavement and 9,960 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 199th Street-Abutments, piers and bridge completed.
- 100th Street—Abutments, piers and bridge completed.
- 111th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 156 lineal feet of concrete curb, 10 square yards of granite block pavement and 2,466 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 118th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 72 lineal feet of concrete curb, 177 square yards of granite block pavement and 3,938 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- 115th Street—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer, pavement, curbs and walks completed; constructed 171 lineal feet of concrete curb, 565 square yards of granite block pavement and 1,725 square feet of cement sidewalk.
- Kensington Avenue—Abutments, piers and deck of bridge completed; sewer completed; part of pavement, curb and sidewalk work done; constructed 100 lineal feet of concrete curb, 344 square yards of granite block pavement and 969 square feet of cement sidewalk.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES. (P. C. C. & St. L. R. R.)

39th Street to 71st Street. Ordinance of April 22, 1912.

Subways

Completed the steel work and about 75 per cent of the concrete decking of bridges across 65th Street, 67th Street, 68th Street and 69th Street.

Completed the rough grading of roadways and sidewalk areas in subways in above named streets.

Constructed 50 lineal feet of concrete curb in the south side of 69th Street.

BALTIMORE & OHIO CHICAGO TERMINAL RAILBOAD COMPANY.

39th Street to 71st Street. Ordinance of April 22, 1912.

Subways

Constructed 680 lineal feet of concrete curb and 3,600 square feet of coment sidewalk in the subway in 69th Street. This constitutes about 85 per cent of the curb and sidewalk work which this company is required to do in that subway.

Completed rough grading for roadways and walks in 65th Street and 68th Street subways.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY. (Wisconsin Division)

Irving Park Boulevard to Foster Avenue. Ordinance of December 29, 1913, as Amended.

Foster Avenue Subway-Bridge work completed.

Number of Openings Made in Improved Streets During 1919.

Asphalt	7.474	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick	8,847	
Concrete		
Creosoted block		
Granite		
Macadam		
Cement sidewalks	2,742	24,448

Pavement and Sidewalks Restored.

Where Opened by City Department and Individuals During 1919.

	sq. yds.	
Asphalt	6,775	
Asphaltic-macadam	5.921	
Brick	4,726	
Concrete		
Creceoted block		
Granite	8,152 21	,236
Cement sidewalks, sq. ft),977

Pavement, Sidewalk, Combined Curb and Gutter, Concrete Curb and Curb Walls.

Constructed by Public Utility Companies During 1919.

	sq. yds.	
Asphalt	20.895	
Asphaltic-macadam		
Brick	29.442	
Concrete		
Creceoted block		
Granite		
Macedam	9,100	273,066
Cement walk, sq. ft		119.694
Combined curb and gutter, lin. ft		
Concrete curb. lin. ft		11.611
Curb wall, lin. ft		1.666
Congrete gutter. lin. ft.		

STATEMENT OF EARNINGS.

Permit Division.

Openings, A and B permits, restoration charge	32,946,41
Openings, A and B permits, inspection charge	
Use of street, F permits, use of street charge	
Sidewalk contractors, K permits, charges	
Warrants for collection issued on account of restoration of pavement	72,484. 3 7
Total	12.629.28

VEHICLE TAX DIVISION

MR. OTTO CEDERWALL,

Third Assistant Superintendent in Charge.

The Bureau of Streets carried out the repair program for 1919 with a view to giving its first attention to general repairs of the various kinds of pavement under its jurisdiction. It is natural to expect that the unit costs for such work will be much higher than formerly, due to the increased cost of labor and material.

With the addition of 112 miles of pavements which have been released by the Board of Local Improvements the Bureau of Streets now maintains a yardage which, if considered a roadway of 30 feet in width, would extend a distance of 1,884 miles. The bureau now maintains approximately 75 per cent of all paved streets and alleys in the city.

PAVEMENTS ON STREETS AND ALLEYS

Out of Reserve During 1919 and Falling to the Bureau of Streets to Repair. Beginning January 1, 1920.

Kind	sq. yds.	Mileage
Asphalt	744,486	48.06
Brick		87.50
Creosoted block	189.568	9.98
Bituminous concrete	55.148	5.90
Granite block	43.931	2.96
Concrete	22,695	2.87
Asphaltic-concrete		8.08
Asphaltic-macadam	40,268	2.36
Total	1.708.110	112.15

STREET REPAIRS.

The following kinds and quantities of different materials were used upon the streets and by the Asphalt Plants in the work of repair and maintenance of the pavements of the City of Chicago:

Brick, thousand	
Granite block, sq. yds	
Creosoted block, sq. yds	
Crushed limestone, cu. yds	
Torpedo sand, cu. yds	
Bank sand, cu. yds	
Asphalt sand, cu. yds	
Paving gravel, cu. yds	
Asphalt, tons	
Stone dust, tons	
Cement, bbls. 7,840	
Road oil, gals	
Fuel oil, gals	
Flux oil, gals	
Gasoline, gals	

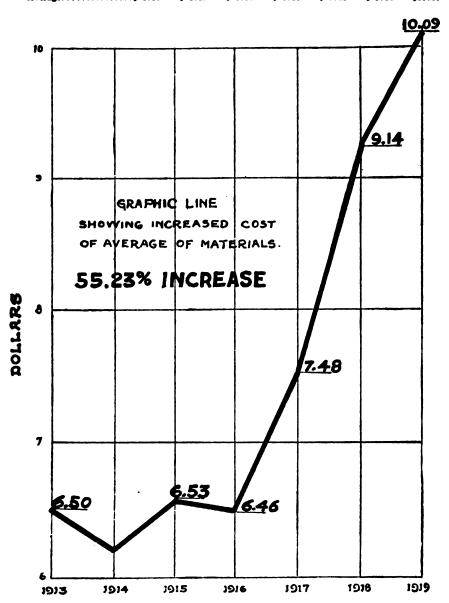
MACHINERY.

During the year 1919 the purchase of the following machinery was made for use in connection with street repairs and maintenance of pavements:

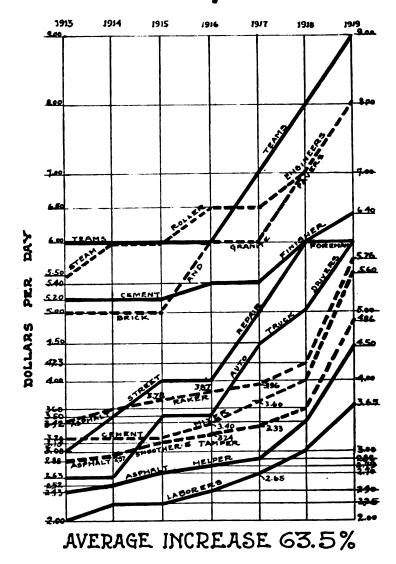
- 1 concrete mixer for sidewalk, curb and gutter repairs;
- 4 asphalt tool heaters for heating asphalt paving tools;
- 10 combination sand and stone heaters for macadam repairs.

COST OF MATERIAL BY YEAR	

1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Crushed Limestone \$ 1.40	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.40	\$ 0.89	\$ 1.37	\$ 1.10	\$ 1.10
Paving Brick 16.00	16.10	17.46	17.50	19.00	22.75	27.50
Granite Block. 1.65	1.44	1.60	1.57	1.64	1.82	2.04
Cement. 1.60	1.53	1.51	1.66	2.06		3.00
Asphalt. 21.70 Paving Gravel. 1.95	20.00	20.70	20.70	24.03	32.56	32.42
	1.79	1.80	1.65	2.50	2.25	2.65
Bank Sand	1.19	1.27	1.25	1.75	1.85	1.97
Average \$ 6.50	8 6.17	\$ 6.53	\$ 6.46	\$ 7.48	8 9.14	\$10.00



PLAT SHOWING THE INCREASE IN WAGE BY YEARS OF LABOR YEHICLE TAX DIVISION BUREAU of STREETS.



TOTAL YARDAGE OF DIFFERENT PAVEMENTS REPAIRED by the Bureau of Streets from 1914 to 1920

	Number of Square Yards					
Pavement	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Sheet Asphalt	142,088	122,786	144,280	123,387	115,657	151,029
Brick	66,416	47, 94 9	49,714	54,882	45,266	43,130
Granite Block	84.661	47.893	73,732	83,469	72,278	54,268
Water-bound Macadam	471.119	880.125	763,497	528,167	562.845	345.246
Concrete		9.994				
Creceoted Block	734	6,940	6,907	5,529	3,912	9,865
Asphaltic-concrete			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		15,546
Sheet Asphalt Resurfacing Asphaltic-concrete Resur-	8,659	8,532	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	9,289	• • • • • • • •
facing	231.068	197.659	125.927	70.574	45.526	35,460
Macadam Resurfacing	362.143	136.907	43.281		9,690	23,752
Macadam oiled	6,276,504	6,293,124	6,066,398	5,473,957	7,027,000	6,666,134
Total	7,643,392	7,751,909	7,273,736	6,339,965	7,891,463	7,344,430

STREETS RESURFACED

The following streets were resurfaced with Macadam at a total cost of \$4,062.67, or an average cost of \$0.17 per square yard.

Street	From	To	Sq. Yds.
Lincoln	47th		. 1,666 . 2,600 . 5.800
Total			. 23,752

Graded and Penetrated with A. C. Filler

Indianapolis avenue Ewing avenue	13/16 mile
At a cost of \$6,844.68	

Proportionate share of cost of grading and resurfacing with Asphaltic Concrete the following named streets in the Clearing District.

Street	From	To	
Kolmar avenue	.59th		\$15,016.53

The following streets were resurfaced with Asphaltic Concrete at a total cost of \$68,842.93, or an average cost of \$1.94 per square yard.

Street	From To		Sq. Yds.
_		ne avenue22.5 feet east of alley between Peoria and Green	10,181
Elston	Le Claire	Lawrence	10,962
Ohio	Central	Parkside	1,603
State	95th		11,013
33rd	Stewart	Canal	1,701
(DeAs)			25.460

The following streets were repaired with Asphaltic Concrete at a total cost of \$29,510.09, or an average cost of \$1.90 per square yard.

	/=		
Street	From	To	8q. Yds.
MilwaukeeOhioVinoennee	Jefferson Park Station. Central. 85th. 72nd	. 126th	2,436 1,645 710 3,403
Total			15,546

VEHICLE TAX REPAIRS

On different kinds of Pavement, showing Unit Cost of Maintenance and Repairs

		1919			
Pavement	Sq. Yds. Maintained	Sq. Yds. Repaired	Total Cost	Gost Per Sq. Yd.	Maintenance Cost Per Sq. Yd.
Sheet Asphalt Brick	12,131,984 3,903,731 844,480	151,029 43,130 9,865	\$292,803.72 66,030.21 22,154.04	\$1.938 1.53 2.245	\$.0241 .0169 .0262
am Oiled Granite Block Asphaltic Concrete	11,464,066 1,970,895 890,709	345,246 54,268 15,546	155,149.57 52,050.50 29,510.09	.449 .959 1.90	.0135 .0 264 .0331
Bitumenated Concrete Asphaltic Macadam. Concrete	55,148 40,263 146,076				•••••

OILING MACADAM STREETS

Of the 11,464,066 square yards of macadam pavement in Chicago, 6,666,134 square yards were ciled with Road Oil at a total cost of \$87,110.31, or \$.013 per square yard.

OUTPUT OF ASPHALT PLANTS Detail of Cost

Plant No. 1

Top 9.074.25 Tons at \$9.514. Binder 7,484.4 Tons at \$6.889 Asphaltic-concrete 5,569.9 Tons at \$7.481	\$ 86,336.10 51,556.16 41,666.75
	\$179,559.01

	тор		BINDER		ASPHALTIC-	CONCRETE
	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost
Labor Teams Material	\$2.2337 .2410 7.0397	\$20,269.15 2,186.89 63,880.06	\$2.2337 .2410 4.4150	\$16,717.90 1,803.74 33,044.52	\$2.2337 .2410 5.0060	\$12,441.49 1,342.35 27,882.94
Total	\$9.5144	\$86,336.10	\$6.8897	\$51,566.16	\$7.4807	\$41,666.78

Plant No. 2

Top 619.125 Tons at \$8.3133. Binder 648. Tons at \$6.55	 \$ 5,147.31 4,244.91 14,606.06
	893 MM 98

	TOP		BIN	DER	ASPHALTIC-CONCRETE		
	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	
Labor & Hauling Material	\$3.2488 5.0645	\$2,011.71 3,135.60	\$3.249 3.301	\$2,105.35 2,139.56	\$3.249 3.054	\$7,528.77 7,077.29	
Total	\$8,3133	\$5,147,31	\$6.550	\$4,244.91	\$6.303	\$14,606.06	

Plant No. 3

Top 335 Tons at \$10.148 per ton. Binder 280 Tons at \$7.275 per ton	. 2.036.82
	\$27,951.96

	тор		BINI	DER	ASPHALTIC-CONCRETE		
	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	Cost per Ton	Total Cost	
Labor Teams Material		\$1,011.03 131.32 2,257.55	\$3.018 .392 3.865	\$ 845.04 109.76 1.082.02	\$3.018 .392 4.360	\$ 8,744.65 1,135.82 12,634.77	
Total	\$10.148	\$3,399.90	\$7.275	\$2,036.82	\$7.77	\$22,515.24	

1919 VEHICLE TAX COLLECTIONS AND EXPENDITURES

Collections 1919	Expenditures 1919	
\$1,368,940.68	Bureau of Streets. Bureau of Engineering. Bureau of Sewers. City Collector. City Clerk. Comptroller Police Department.	962,165.82 50,000.00 16,000.00 17,500.00 9,870.99 584.90 7,500.00
Total	<u>-</u>	1.063.621.71

The collections and expenditures from the Vehicle Tax Fund for the years 1908 to 1920 are shown below:

Year	Collections	Expenditures
1908	\$ 440,253,93	\$ 433,056,33
1909	504,197,75	506,298,99
1910		501.392.18
1911		576,195,54
1912		562,358,55
1913		719,105,39
1914		813,980,42
1915		792,022,50
1916		874.470.83
1917		1.055.019.93
1918	1.134.761.17	1,277,820.13
1919		1,063,621.71

Of this amount of \$1,063,621.71 representing expenditures of the Vehicle Tax Fund, \$962,165.82 was expended by the Bureau of Streets in the repair and maintenance of streets and alleys.

Respectfully submitted,

THOS. H. BYRNE,
Superintendent of Streets.

BUREAU OF WASTE DISPOSAL

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS.

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I respectfully submit herewith the annual report for the year 1919:

The raw garbage receipts for the year totaled 82,816 tons, a decrease of 2,158 tons, or 2.5 per cent under those of 1918, 17,330 tons, or 17.3 per cent under those of 1917, and 51,476 tons, or 38.3 per cent under those of 1916.

3,393,360 pounds of garbage grease were produced during the year, and 3,559,960 pounds were sold at an average of 5.76 cents per pound for a total of \$204,831.73. 14,623.89 tons of garbage tankage were produced, while 15,045.89 tons were sold for \$102,814.57. The receipts for garbage rags, tin cans, bones, animal grease, hides and miscellaneous scrap totaled \$13,939.85.

The gross receipts from the sale of products of the Municipal Reduction Plant equaled \$321,586.15, and, allowing for a decrease of inventory of \$35,536.04 at the end of the year, resulted in a net revenue of \$286,050.11, against an operation expense of \$548,687.54. This shows a loss of \$262,637.43 in the operation of the Municipal Reduction Plant, due partly to the increase in the cost of labor and supplies and also to the general decline in market conditions following the termination of the war.

Construction and rehabilitation work during the year at the Municipal Reduction Plant amounted to \$108,866.04, which was paid out of the Waste Disposal Building and Equipment Bond Fund and the Health Department Bond Fund for the completion of the garbage plant. The most important items of expenditure from the bond funds included the completion of the contracts for the equipment of the new extraction building and the new boiler house. The new extraction building is nearly completed and will be ready for operation soon, while the new boiler house is entirely equipped, with the exception of the piping and pumps.

At the Bridewell Incinerator, which is under the jurisdiction of this bureau, 16,833 tons of South Water Street refuse were burned during the year, at an operation cost of \$17,711.99.

The Reduction Plant is now operated in a sanitary and inoffensive manner, and no complaints have been registered, either by residents or enterprises, during the period of municipal operation. It is customary for civic organizations, women's clubs and university classes to visit the plant during the summer months of the year when garbage is most offensive and when the plant is taxed to its capacity.

The following tables will show in detail the activities of this bureau during the year 1919.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY S. TOWLE,

General Foreman in Charge, Bureau of Waste Disposal.

BUREAU OF WASTE DISPOSAL—MUNICIPAL REDUCTION PLANT TABLE No. I Detailed Statement of Raw Garbage Receipts during the Year 1919 As compared with 1918

Months	Raw Gar- bage Receipts, 1919 Tons	Number of Boxes Used	Average Tonnage per Box	Raw Garbage Receipts, 1918 Tons	Increase in 1919 Tons	Decrease in 1919 Tons	Per cent of Increase or Decrease in 1919
January February March April May June July August September October November December	5,858 5,000 5,499 5,966 6,550 7,130 7,864 9,820 9,583 9,140 5,970 4,436	3,169 2,937 2,973 3,111 3,314 3,277 3,343 4,676 4,040 3,845 2,852 2,736	1.85 1.70 1.85 1.92 1.98 2.17 2.35 2.10 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.09	2,388 4,347 6,051 6,222 7,434 8,374 9,503 10,079 9,268 8,141 6,882 6,285	3,470 653 315 999	552 256 884 1,244 1,639 259 912 1,849	145.3 15.0 9.1 4.1 11.9 14.8 17.2 2.6 3.4 12.3 13.3 29.4
Totals	82,816	40,278	2:05	84,974	5,437	7,595 5,437	2.5%

TABLE No. II

Detailed Statement of Garbage Grease and Tankage Produced and Material
Recovered during 1919

Months	Garbage Grease Produced Pounds	Garbage Tankage Produced Tons	Garbage Rags Recovered Tons	Tin Cans Recovered Tons	Animal Grease Produced Pounds	Garbage Bones Recovered Tons	Miscel- laneous Scrap Re- cov. Tons
January. February. March. April.	271,080 186,000 264,000 252,420	1,101.87 942.25 1,232.30 1,299.48	24.85 3.70 26.77 20.86	20.69 36.80 44.70	2,450 1,750 2,636 2,450	24.70 29.60 22.40	
May. June. July. August.	273,660 323,160 294,380 344,740	1,277.84 1,391.80 1,170.95 1.371.25	28.08 36.33 21.32 23.87		1,400 3,850 1,624 700	19.10 47.15 30.55 56.05	101.70
SeptemberOctoberNovemberDecember.	350,140 355,580 237,860 240,340	1,537.40 1,423.05 1,054.30 821.40	20.43 50.22 26.60 22.35		1,400 1,750 1,050 2,100	59.15 35.15 34.05 51.80	24.05 16.65
Totals—1919	3,393,360	14,623.89	305.38	102.19	23,160	409.70	142.40
Totals-1918	3,198,177	15,780.10	292.42	591.72	23,973	<u>l</u>	78.42

TABLE No. III

Detailed Statement of Revenue from Sale of Grease, Tankage and Miscellaneous
Products during 1919

Months	Garbage Grease	Garbage Tankage	Garbage Rags	Garbage Tin Cans	Garbage Bones	Animal Grease	Miscel- laneous	Totals
January February March April May June June August September	13,581.77 9,736.80 15,153.75 20,745.90 27,372.45 21,301.35 29,261.95	3,934.40 4,999.80 6,756.97 10,109.80 8,610.16 5,950.79 10,721.14 9,857.89	\$ 497.93 187.76 579.63		382.00 943.00 611.00 1,121.00 1,183.00	\$ 744.30 648.38	\$ 838.15	\$ 40,070.95 18,093.37 6,180.90 17,196.09 25,645.55 30,486.82 36,000.40 33,143.49 40,302.84
October November December Totals— 1919	12,079.05 16,052.30 12,613.70 \$ 204,831.73	9,672.50	183.83		681.00 1,036.00	\$ 1,392.68	405.23 1,075.44	
Totals— 1918	\$ 331,736.96	\$ 193,659.48	\$ 2,631.73	\$ 1,183.44		\$ 1,842.49	\$ 4,484.49	\$535,538.59

TABLE No. IV

Detailed Statement of Operation Expenditures during 1919

Months	Salaries and Wages	Fuel Oil	Power and Light	Coal	Supplies and Repairs	Totals
January February March April May June July August Beptember October November Desember	\$ 21,324.90 19,196.56 21,957.25 20,398.62 21,293.94 21,970.71 52,540.71 32,701.96 30,494.77 28,843.49 22,845.49 22,845.49	6,177.57 5,935.86 5,343.48 4,463.80 4,723.04 5,774.31 6,562.99 6,676.32 5,681.76 4,174.36	1,062.80 908.20 874.80 1,116.00 1,122.70 1,346.20 1,754.50 1,680.10 1,741.00	3,479.36 3,191.39 2,099.24 4,058.78 2,470.26 1,894.94 3,539.29 2,754.70 3,772.47 3,113.89	8,020.21 6,552.28 7,743.82 8,791.17 11,722.45 11,797.70 13,846.57 13,487.22 9,727.31 9,297.04	37,936.50 38,544.98 36,459.96 39,723.69 42,009.16 73,353.86 58,405.31 55,093.11 49,766.03 40,530.48
Totals—1919	\$ 316,264.77	\$ 66,691.00	\$ 14,926.30	8 37,697.65	\$ 113,107.82	\$ 548,687.54
Totals-1918	\$ 259,817.78	18 86,500.26	\$ 14,800.90	4\$ 84,672.80	93,778.2 6	\$ 489.570.00

TABLE No. V
Detailed Statement of Unit Cost of Operation per Ton of Raw Garbage during 1919

Months	Salaries and Wages	Fuel Oil	Power and Light	Coal	Supplies and Repairs	Totale
January	\$3.640	\$1.214	\$.226	\$.713	\$.982	\$6.775
February	3.839	1.236	.212	. 696	1.604	7.587
March	3.993	1.079	. 165	. 580	1.192	7.009
April	3.419	.895	.147	. 352	1.298	6.111
May	3.215	.681	.170	. 620	1.342	6.064
June	8.081	.662	.157	.347	1.644	5.891
July	6.681	.734	171	.241	1.500	9.327
August	3.330	.668	.179	.360	1.410	5.947
September	3.182	.697	175	.288	1.407	5.749
October	3.156	.622	.190	.413	1.064	5.445
November	3.827	.699	184	.522	1.557	6.789
December	5.116	.917	. 202	.710	1.436	8.381
Totals—1919	\$3.819	\$.805	\$.180	\$.455	\$1.366	\$6.625
Totals-1918	\$3.057	\$1.018	\$.174	\$.408	\$1.104	\$5.761

TABLE No. VI
Detailed Statement of Revenue and Expenses During the Year 1919

By-product and Miscellaneous Shipments:

Garbage Grease 341,680	pounds	0	\$.1186	per pound\$	40,514.48
Garbage Grease 364,140	pounds	(A)	.0400	per pound	14.565.60
Garbage Grease 242,940	pounds	ã	.0425	per pound	10.324.95
Garbage Grease	pounds	ã	.0525	per pound	87.975.30
Garbage Grease 935,480	pounds		.0550	per pound	51,451.40
Animal Grease 14,886			.05	per pound	744.30
Animal Grease	pounds	(à	.0625	per pound	648.38
Hides 760	pounds		.26	per pound	197.60
Garbage Tankage 502.15	tons	Õ,	10.25	per ton	5,147.04
Garbage Tankage 890.72	tons	0	10.00	per ton	8,907.20
Garbage Tankage 12.0	tons	@	12.00	per ton	144.00
Garbage Tankage 208.45	tons	Ø.	8.00	per ton	1,667.60
Garbage Tankage 168.00	tons	0	7.50	per ton	1,260.00
Garbage Tankage	tons	0	7.00	per ton	18,192.50
Garbage Tankage 211.6	tons	0	6.75	per ton	1,442.30
Garbage Tankage	tons	@	6.50	per ton	10,994.44
Garbage Tankage	tons	0	6.25	per ton	46,255.99
Garbage Tankage	tons	@	6.00	per ton	8,803.50
Tankage (Unmilled Degreased). 874.90	tons	0	1.50	per ton	1,312.37
Garbage Tin Cans 102.19	tons	0	2.00	per ton	204.39
Garbage Rags 206.2145	tons	0	9.00	per ton	1,855.96
Garbage Bones	tons	0	19.50	per ton	1,014.00
Garbage Bones 357.7	tons	0	20.00	per ton	7,154.00
Scrap Metal 66.8	tons	0	6.00	per ton	400.80
Scrap Metal 34.25	tons	0	7.00	per ton	239.75
Scrap Metal	• • • • • • •	• • •	.		168.30

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Table No. VI-Continued

Plus Inventory of December 31, 1919, as follows:	
Garbage Grease. 175,000 pounds @ \$.055 per pound. \$ 9,625.00 Animal Grease. 7.700 pounds @ .0625 per pound. 481.25 Hides. 390 pounds @ .26 per pound. 101.40 Unmilled Degreased Tankage. 3,125 tons @ 4.00 per ton. 12,600.00 Garbage Bones. 20 tons @ 20.00 per ton. 400.00 Garbage Rags. 99.175 tons @ 9.00 per ton. 892.58 Surap Iron. 16.65 tons @ 10.00 per ton. 16.50	
Total Inventory of December 31, 1919	. 24,166.73
Total Revenue and Inventory	. \$345,752.88
Less Inventory of December 31, 1918, as follows:	
Garbage Grease 341,597 pounds @ \$.1157 per pound \$ 39,522.77 Animal Grease 9,800 pounds @ 10 per pound 980.00 Garbage Tankage 300 tons @ 10.00 per ton 3,000.00 Garbage Bones 10 tons @ 20.00 per ton 200.00 Unmilled Degreased Tankage 4,000 tons @ 4.00 per ton 16.000.00	
Total Inventory of December 31,1918.	.\$ 59,702.77
Total Revenue for 1919	.\$286,050.11
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Wages \$316,264.77 Fuel Oil 66,691.00 Power 13,660.00 Light 1,266.30 Coal 37,697.65 Supplies and Repairs 113,107.82	
Total Operating Expenses for 1919	.\$548,687.54
Total Loss on Operation of the Municipal Reduction Plant During 1919. Total Profit on Operation of the Municipal Reduction Plant During 1918. Total Loss on Operation of the Municipal Reduction Plant During 1917. Total Loss on Operation of the Municipal Reduction Plant During 1916.	. 82,878.91 . 31.011.69

UNDERGROUND SERVICE SYSTEMS

HON. CHARLES R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

The work of locating and platting underground structures has been conducted during 1919 on the same small scale as heretofore.

During the year all street openings in the loop have been covered and information obtained as to changes and existing locations of underground structures exposed.

To date substructures have been located in a section of the downtown district having an area of seventy acres. Plats have been drawn for an area of sixty acres, which comprises the district between Couch Place on the north, Arcade Place on the south, Wells Street on the west and Wabash Avenue on the east.

Now that the new Transportation Commission has taken up the study of subways, this work assumes an added importance, as the information being collected and assembled by this organization will have to be obtained for the whole subway district in advance of any subway construction.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN E. CLEARY,

Secretary and Engineer,
Commission on Downtown
Municipal Improvements.

The following table shows, in detail, the surface and subsurface locations recorded on complete drawings:

Lineal feet of curb	21,475
Lineal feet of trolley tracks.	64,025
Lineal feet of building lines.	27,210
Miles of streets and alleys.	2.2
Tunnels	4
Hydrants	88
Poles, etc., on sidewalks	190
Elevated columns	80
Sewer catch basins.	167
Sewer inlets	81
Sewer manholes	142
Gas drip pot pipes	27
Water valve basins	141
Fire cisterns	5
Commonwealth Edison manholes	240
Chicago Telephone Company manholes	67
Chicago Surface Lines manholes	82
Postal Telegraph Company manholes	14
Western Union Telegraph Company manholes	16
Chicago Postal Pneumatic Tube Company manholes	2
Sanitary District manholes	Ā
City Press Association manholes.	20
City Lighting manholes	64
Coal holes	48
- Volt 110100	
Total manholes	962
Street openings	811

SUBSURFACE STRUCTURES
Itemized Statement of Length of Substructures shown on completed Plats

\$

типто	Vitrified Tile Duct	National and Stone Duct (Duct Ft.)	Tube Mains	Dorset Com- position Duet	Pump Log	Iron Pipe Conduit	Pneumatio Tubes	Total
Commonwealth Edison Co. Chicago Telephone Co. Chicago Telephone Co. Western Union Telephone Co. Fortal Thom Telephone Co. City Free Association Chicago Poetal Pneumatic Tube Co. City Lighting.	116,246 109,063 47,625 8,620 14,600	4,460	20,435	8.89	3,840	20,669 7,599 80 30 6,275	1,646	277,169 181,417 47,655 12,480 14,600 42,645 1,645 83,787 8,732
Total	886,893	118,823	20,940	3,596	5,995	34,573	44,290	615,110

					q	Iron Pipe						ı	Tile Pipe			Brick	Brick Sewer		
UTILITY	1 1/4-in.	3-in.	4-in.	13-in. 3-in. 4-in. 6-in. 8-in. 10-in. 12-in. 16-in. 20-in. 30-in. 36-in. 9-in. 12-in. 15-in. 24-in. 27-in. 30-in. 36-in.	8-in.	10-in.	12-in.	16-in.	20-in.	30-in.	36-in.	9-in.	12-in.	15-in.	24-in.	27-in.	30-in.	36-in.	Total
Bower Water Gas		156	50	10 155 11,550 19,990 4,690 1,170 1,540 900 5,780 80 720 8,480 1,170 1,640 900 6,780 80 720 80 720 8,880 6,205 170 1,105 1,020 3,340 105	11,446	1,170	6,078		5,780	8	720	3,880	5,295	176	1,105	1,020	3,340	50	14,930 21,444 45,835
Total	2	155	11,600	156 11,600 22,370 16,136 1,875 7,618 900 5,816 80 720 3,880 5,295 175 1,105 1,020 3,340 105	16,136	1,875	7,618	8	5,815	8	720	3,880	5,295	175	1,105	1,020	3,340	105	82,200
Grand TotalLength of Substructures Platted 697,319 Feet.	eth of B	ubetruo	tures P	latted		:	:				:							697,3	119 Feet.

Territory for which Plats are completed: Wells Street to Wabaah Avanue, Couch Place to Arcade Place.

MUNICIPAL PIER

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS.

Chairman Harbor Board, and Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I herewith respectfully transmit the fourth annual report on the activities of the Municipal Pier for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1919:

The Municipal Pier of the City of Chicago has now been thoroughly established as a business and recreational enterprise, with a financial return that has lifted the pier from a liability to a respectable asset.

The recreational end of the pier is, and will probably continue to be, a seasonal activity, as its construction is such as to render successful heating well-nigh impossible. Its popularity in the summer time is in direct proportion to the height of the temperature and demonstrates the truth of the oft-repeated statement by His Honor the Mayor, that "the lake is Chicago's mightiest asset and God's greatest gift to her people."

During the past season, from Decoration Day to Labor Day, with the exception of a short period when transportation was paralyzed, the pier was patronized by approximately four million people, and the Grand Avenue car line, which has improved in service with each succeeding year, was often taxed to its fullest capacity.

For this reason, as well as for the accommodation of the commercial interests on the pier, it would seem highly desirable to get an extension of the Chicago Avenue street car line down Fairbanks Court, as well as to secure an extension of the elevated railroad system, from Clark Street (North Water Street Terminal). Also, the imperative necessity suggests itself of widening Grand Avenue from Dearborn Street to Fairbanks Court, part of which has already been done by the boulevard link improvement.

While the plan of public entertainments supplied by band concerts, dancing and special programs of the Civic Music Association and the Drama League have met with undoubted success in the past, I believe that still greater benefits could be achieved by concentrating these various efforts, thus giving full day activities during the greater part of the week and leaving one or two days open for the accommodation of programs of merit not only of a civic and patriotic character but to meet the ever increasing demand for the use of the pier for convention purposes.

I would further suggest that an amount between five and ten thousand dollars be set aside for the purchase of a good pipe organ to be placed in the auditorium, where it can be put to excellent use at times when a band is not available.

It is very gratifying to once more report that out of about five hundred emergency cases treated at the pier hospital there was not a single one of a serious nature and not any which resulted from lack of precautions on the part of the pier management.

During the past year the commercial section of the pier was leased to its full capacity to the Federal Government for motor transport storage purposes on the basis of twenty cents per square foot. The total amount of revenue derived from the commercial section of the pier was \$145,125.87.

It will be observed that on the present basis of rental, however, acceptable that it may be at this time, the commercial section of the pier cannot hope to measure up to its expectations either financially or from the standpoint of the purpose for which it was built.

The prime and foremost object of the pier was and is to centralize passenger and package traffic on the first unit of what it was hoped would develop into an outer harbor for the City of Chicago and to afford a proper receiving station for a comprehensive lighterage system that may be developed with the advent of fixed bridges.

Whether or not this comprehensive outer harbor for Chicago is feasible along the lines originally conceived, it is nevertheless necessary for the best interests of the pier as well as for the city, that insistent and perseverant efforts be made to bring all of the existing passenger boat business over to the pier, and, if necessary, extraordinary measures should be adopted to bring this about. As a condition precedent it will doubtless be necessary to enlarge the transportation facilities as above mentioned, and to build a protecting breakwater on the north side, similar to the one on the south side.

It is believed that the pier is adequate to serve the passenger and package freight business of the City of Chicago for a number of years to come. It is quite likely that other piers of a similar nature, such as produce piers, will be constructed in the future, resulting in an outer harbor which will contribute much to the enjoyment as well as to the lighter commerce of the city. But there can be no doubt that the real commercial harbor of the city is destined to be located at Lake Calumet when the latter shall have been adequately developed.

Many regrets have been expressed from time to time concerning the decrease in the amount of tonnage that passes up the Chicago River, and its consequent diversion to South Chicago, Indiana Harbor, Gary, etc.; but it should be borne in mind that the sum total of the tonnage that passes into the harbors which are tributary to Chicago is vastly in excess of what its normal increase had been if traffic had continued at the mouth of our river. Broadly speaking, we have lost nothing by this change.

Under this new arrangement, we are not taking in our heavy freight at the front door, but are slipping it in from the sides, where the facilities for handling it are better and where it causes less congestion.

Unquestionably also, the railroads have usurped much of our former light water traffic, but these railroads, properly systematized and supplemented with underground approaches to the heart of the city, will serve their purpose in due time. Lake commerce will then again come into its own by reason of adequate harbor facilities which will materially reduce the cost of transfer and prevent the railroads from successfully competing with long distance waterborne transport.

In this connection it may be stated that the next meeting of American Port officials will be held at Chicago duing the fall of 1920, on which occasion many interesting features of lake commerce pertaining to the welfare of this and other cities on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River will be discussed.

The attached table of Revenue and Expense is submitted:

MUNICIPAL PIER Revenue

	Received from Tenants	Received from Dockage	Received from Concessionaire	Refunds
1916 1917 1918 1919	21,841.66 37,706.00	\$4,855.00 4,178.60 6,491.91 6,060.82	\$12,525.60 19,364.40 26,975.26 35,454.15	\$7,225.71 6,061.06

Expense

(Cost of Operation and Maintenance)

1916 (s	άx	m	0	nt	h	B)																									\$45,760.00
1917	• •	• •	٠.	•			•			•	•	• •	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•			•	•		•				.70,684.60
1919	• • •		• •	:	•	•	:	• •	•	:	•	• •	•	•	•	•	• •		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 70,808.20 . 97,765.00

Respectfully submitted,

HUGO KRAUSE,

Superintendent.

BUREAU OF PARKS, PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS AND BATHING BEACHES

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit, herewith, annual report for year ending December 31, 1919: This bureau has jurisdiction over 68 small parks, 72 playgrounds, 5 bathing beaches, 4 natatoriums, city forestry and municipal nursery.

PARKS.

The small parks vary in size from a one-tenth of an acre beauty spot to a large forty-acre park and athletic field. Lawns, trees, shrubs, walks, drives, fountains and comfort stations were kept in good condition, while sports and recreational activities were promoted to the fullest extent. Play apparatus, tennis courts, baseball diamonds and football fields were patronized extensively by the public. In the winter a number of the parks were flooded for skating.

Diversey Parkway on Diversey Boulevard, near Seminary Avenue, was completed during the year. New water systems were installed in the parkway in front of Clarendon beach and in Roberts Square. Shrubs and trees were planted in the William Hale Thompson playground.

At the Municipal Nursery all buildings and barns were repainted. 1,600 bushels of corn, 400 bushels of oats and 10 tons of hay were harvested. 14,000 seedling trees were planted in the nursery. 10,000 shrubs and 2,000 trees were dug and planted around the parks, playgrounds, bathing beaches and natatoriums under the jurisdiction of this bureau.

At Holden Park the old Cicero Town Hall, formerly used as a police station, was taken over and refitted as a community center. A new floor was laid in the large hall and new plumbing fixtures and furniture installed. The building was painted throughout the inside and a 75-foot flag pole erected in front. This building now is in great demand for use by the people of that community for civic welfare meetings, lectures, dances, dramatics, musicals and a variety of social gatherings.

At the store yard a new building was constructed to care for the repairs of lawnmowers, lawnsweepers, power lawnmowers and tools. A greenhouse 20 feet by 60 feet was constructed, with potting shed in connection. All flowers used in planting of parks, playgrounds and beaches are to be grown in this greenhouse.

FORESTRY.

An emergency crew on an auto truck took care of 1,625 requests for the trimming and removal of dead and dangerous trees in all parts of the city. 1,000 inspections were made, and advice given on the planting and care of trees

to hundreds of citizens upon their personal application, through the mail or by telephone. 4,000 trees were sprayed for the tussock moth caterpillars with power sprayers. In Irving Park a crew of men trimmed 6,060 trees and removed 300 dead trees.

PLAYGROUNDS.

Three new playgrounds were added during the year—the Cooper, 18th Place, between Ashland Avenue and Paulina Street; Whittier, 23rd and Lincoln Streets, and the Resin Orr, Keeler Avenue and Thomas Street.

There are now seventy-two playgrounds in operation, fifty-seven of them being located in school yards and operated in connection with the public schools. Fifteen are established on leased or city-owned property. The total attendance for the year for all grounds was 11,861,105. This attendance is secured by estimating the number of persons attending each playground every morning, afternoon and evening session, the total being taken as the attendance each day. The average daily attendance for one ground was approximately 325 children. Of the total attendance it is estimated that 50 per cent were boys, 42 per cent girls, 5 per cent men and 3 per cent women. 33 per cent attended during the morning, 49 per cent during the afternoon and 18 per cent during the evening. The grounds are open each week day from 8:30 a. m. to 9:00 p. m. and from 1:00 to 6:00 p. m. on Sundays and holidays. Each ground is supervised by one Director (man), one Assistant Director (woman) and one Attendant (man).

The activities for boys and men, in addition to the great variety of informal games that were played under the direction of the Playground Director, included leagues and tournaments in the following organized games and sports which were conducted throughout the eight districts of the city, established in 1918 for competitive purposes.

Playground Ball:

During the spring and summer months there were fifty-seven local leagues in playground ball organized in as many playgrounds for grammar school boys, involving 318 teams, for which pennants were awarded to the winning team. These teams later represented their respective playgrounds in the 8 district leagues, and the first team in each district qualified to enter the championship tournament, which was held on Saturday, August 19th, and was won by the Robey playground.

Track and Field:

The annual Track and Field Meet was held in a similar manner in the 8 districts of the city and the finals held Saturday, September 30th, at Sears-Roebuck athletic field. Former playground records were broken in the 220-yard dash and broad jump in the grammar school division and the 100-yard dash, high jump and 440-yard dash in the open division.

Skating:

The annual Skating Tournament was held on Saturday, February 8th. The tournament this year was open to the skaters representing the various park districts in addition to the municipal playgrounds, thereby increasing the number of contestants. Because of the fine weather that prevailed after the district meets were held, the finals were held in the Chicago Arena. 3,074

contestants took part in this tournament representing 48 playgrounds and 14 parks. The championship was won by the Swift municipal playground.

Wrestling:

In the annual Wrestling Tournament 2,500 young wrestlers took part after the usual precaution of having each contestant examined by physicians assigned for that purpose by the Department of Health before being permitted to compete. A noteworthy feature of this tournament is the fact that of the large number of contestants, only four boys were rejected for physical defects.

Efficiency Tests;

The official playground merit button, awarded for athletic efficiency for several years, was again used effectively for stimulating interest in athletic activities, and although the standards in the various events were made more difficult than before, 33 per cent of the boys and young men taking part succeeded in scoring the required number of points to win the button.

The activities for girls and women included skating, indoor class work during the winter, and athletics, games, folk-dancing, hand work, story-telling, club meetings and dramatics the year round. Athletic efficiency tests were conducted monthly at all grounds, and on October 11, 1919, athletic meets for girls were held in 8 districts, 297 girls who had qualified in local tests competing in group events. During October 4 district leagues in volley ball were completed, 16 teams taking part.

More than 500 arm-bands were awarded to winners of the new Girls' Athletic Emblem, designed to tell the story, in symbolic form, of a girl's athletic record in the playground.

Hikes and outings to the Forest Preserve, the beaches and other points of interest formed part of the summer activities. 199 such trips were conducted during the season, 4,221 girls taking part.

Groups from several playgrounds took part in various festivals, pageants and dramatic work, the exhibits being given at the Municipal Pier and in various parks. The Fourth Annual West, North and South Side Play Days were held in Garfield, Lincoln and Washington Parks, respectively, on June 21st.

The increased use of music, both in connection with class-work and neighborhood celebrations, has stimulated the attendance and enthusiasm of the patrons of the playgrounds, particularly where the people are of many nationalities. A series of 16 concerts were given by the Chicago Band in various playgrounds remote from the larger parks. These concerts were very successful and brought music to the people who never were able to go great distances to the larger parks.

BATHING BEACHES AND SWIMMING POOLS.

The bathing beaches and swimming pools were patronized by a larger number of people than ever before, despite the fact that the month of August was very cool. The attendance at the four beaches was 692,377, the natatoriums 429,694, and the protected street-ends 621,149, a total of 1,743,220.

At Clarendon beach, although suits and towels were given this year to children only, our adult attendance and revenue was equal to that of last year, showing that it is not necessary for the city to supply this service. The season was very successful and no serious accident or drowning occurred.

The Wm. Hale Thompson playground, situated immediately north of and adjoining Clarendon beach, was operated for the first time, and gave the children of this locality the first playground on the lake. During the winter a skating pond was formed in the playground, which proved very popular.

About August 1, 1919, the old Rogers Park Pumping Station, at the foot of Kenilworth Avenue, was taken over and converted into a bathing beach. A temporary basket system for checking clothes was installed at a very low cost, with a capacity of 1,000 baskets. It is proposed to enlarge this beach and install lockers for next season.

At 51st Street considerable damage was done by the storms, necessitating rebuilding the eastern portion of the beach. Several thousand tons of rock were placed in and on the old Morgan Pier, and a new cement walk and sea-wall installed, which effectively resisted further storms.

At Rainbow Park beach the dilapidated old buildings were removed, the entire property from 75th to 79th Streets regraded, and a new shore line formed. Four jetties 350 feet long, made of piling and Wakefield sheeting, were placed about 350 feet apart from 76th to 78th Streets. As soon as they were completed they not only stopped the erosion, which had carried away acres of land, including sidewalks, streets and gas and water mains, but through the action of the seas gave back, in one season, more land than had been washed away in three years previous. The waves threw back into the newly formed pockets clean, washed sand, better than was there originally. One of these jetties has also been placed in front of East End Park, and work has been started on several more at Clarendon and Rogers Park beaches.

Street-end bathing has become so popular that a number of street-ends surpass in attendance some of the established, equipped bathing beaches. These places are attended almost entirely by the people of the neighborhood. A large number of them are protected by city lifeguards, and it is a notable fact that no drowning has occurred at any street-end since the lifeguards have been placed there.

At the Beilfuss and Jackson natatoriums new white enameled brick floors were installed. It is proposed to place another one at the Griffith natatorium. The natatoriums, which are used extensively throughout the year, have become fixed in the popularity of the public and they are patronized so extensively that it is proposed that more of them be built throughout the west, northwest and southwest sides of the city.

Respectfully submitted,

WALTER WRIGHT,

Secretary, Bureau of Parks, Playgrounds and Bathing Beaches.

directory of pares, squares, triangles and comport stations

NAME	ACRES	LOCATION	IMPROVEMENTS
Adams Park	63	75th place, 76th street, Dobson avenue.	General landscape features, drinking fountain, tool house; surface of
Aldine Square	1.5	Vincennes avenue, 37th place and alley north of	lawn depressed for skating. Lagoon with running water in center of landscape.
Arcade Park	6.	111th place, 112th street, Forrestville avenue and	Lawn, flower beds and big elm trees.
Auburn Park	9	Bounded by Lagoon avenue, Stewart avenue,	Consisting of small lakes, three bridges, large trees and flowering
Austin Park	4.5	Wintecounts avenue and Normal avenue. Waller avenue, C. & NW. R.y, Austin avenue and Lake street.	sarrow, tota nouse. Lagoon, with bridge, for wading; house with dressing rooms and lava- tories for boys, and girls; lawn tennis courts; extensive plantation
Avers Avenue Parkway. Arbor Rest. Archer Point.	.33	From West Addison street to Avondale avenue. North State street, Rush street, Bellevue place. Archer avenue, 20th street, Dearborn street.	and turee drinking dudicains. Trees, shrubs and lawns. Lawm, trees, shrubs and flower beds enclosed by iron fence; shelter house. General landscape features, large ornamental fountain, drinking fountain
Amy L. Barnard Park	1.25	North side, 105th street between Longwood boul-	General landscape features; play apparatus; tennis courts; wading pool
Bickerdike Square	1	evard and walden parkway. Ohio street, Bickerdike street, Ashland place, Armour street.	and cool nouse; struces and riches. Two water beasis, planted with filles; one larger central basin with water basis, planted with filles; one larger central basis with water basis, drinking foundain lawns, trees and shrubbery surrounded by the play; drinking foundain lawns, trees and shrubbery surrounded by the play; drinking foundain lawns are seen as the play of the play.
Blackstone Point	ej rö	Lake Park avenue, Blackstone avenue, 49th street Buena avenue and Kenmore avenue.	by Indi tence ornamented with nower vases. Trees, shrubs and lawn. One large ornamental fountain; two drinking fountains; general land-
Belden Triangle	63	North Clark street, Sedgwick street, Belden	scape features. Lawn with trees and shrubs enclosed with iron fence, drinking fountain
Calumet Parkway	1.50	avenue. Calunta avenue, 63-61st street. Greenwood avenue, Lake Park avenue, 43rd. South Chicago avenue, Exchange avenue, 92nd	Trees, shrubs; tool house; tennis courts. Lawn, perennial borders and shrubbery enclosed by iron fence. The Drake Columbus Memorial Fountain. Site ornamented with low
Colorado Point	.25	Street. Colorado avenue, Monroe street, Francisco	nedge and nower beds. Lawn with fountain and drinking fountain; trees and shrubs; fountain surrounded by iron fence decorated with flower vases.
Crescent Park	80	Crescent road, Prescott avenue, Ormonde avenue	
Dickinson Park	1.5	North Lavergne avenue, Dickinson avenue, Belle	Tool house and driveway; elm trees have been planted; shrubs, lawns.
Dauphin Park	5.12	87th street, I. C. R. R., 91st street and Dauphin	500 trees, 8,000 shrubs, tennis courts, 20'x26'; repair shop.
Douglas Monument Park	69	Woodland Park, I. C. R. R., 35th street, alley	
DeKalb Square	.78	Lexib street, Hoyne avenue, Flournoy street,	Ornamental fountain in center of landscape, surrounded with iron fence.
Diversey Parkway	1.50	Diverses accet. Diverses accet. East End avenue, 51st street, 53rd street, Lake	Shrubs, trees, lawns, flower beds and drinking fountains. General landscape features; drinking fountain; tool house, tennis courts
Eldred Grove	-	Michigan. Norwood Park avenue and C. & NW. R'y from Argyle to Ainslie street,	and connort stations; supply from for entire park system. Lawn with trees and tennis courts.

DIRECTORY OF PARES, SQUARES, TRIANGLES AND COMPORT STATIONS—Continued

NAME	ACRES	LOCATION	IMPROVEMENTS
Ellis Park	4	36th street, 37th street, Langley avenue, Elm-	36th street, 37th street, Langley avenue, Elm- General landscape features, 2 ornamental fountains; 1 drinking fountain
Eighty-seventh Street Parkway	10	n Note court. In Stristreet from C. R. I. & P. R'y to Eggleston Trees, shrubs and lawn, skating; tennis courts.	and connot station. Trees, shrubs and lawn, skating; tennis courts.
Eugenie Triangle	8.2	Eugenie street, N. Clark street, LaSalle avenue. 103rd street, 95th street, Stewart avenue, Eggles-	a veries street, N. Clark street, LaSalle avenue. Lawn with trees and groups of shrubbery. 103rd street, 95th street, Stewart avenue, Eggles- Lawns, trees, shrubbery and wading lagoon; tool house.
Gage Farm	160	ton avenue. Bounded by 22nd street on the north and 26th street on the south. The east section line is 1.400 feet west of Oak Park avenue, extending	ton avenue. Bounded by 22nd street on the north and 26th Consists of farm land on which a municipal nursery is being established. Street on the south. The east section line is Crops of hay and corn also produced. L400 feet west of Oak Park avenue, extending.
Graceland TriangleGross Park.	6,10		Shrubs and flowers. Lawn, trees and shrubs.
Green Bay Triangle	3.2	rauling street. Chestnut street, Rush street, Cass street. In Harding avenue, between Addison street and	Taunna street. As treet, Case street. Lawn, trees, shrubs and flower beds enclosed with iron fence. In Harding avenue, between Addison street and Lawn, and shrubs; graded so as to permit flooding for winter sport;
Holden Park	4	Lake street, Ferdinand street, Central avenue,	byron avenue. Lake street, Ferdinand street, Central avenue, General landscape features, drinking fountain for men and beasts;
Higgins Road Triangle	.35	Higgins road and Milwaukee avenue. C. & N. W. R'y, Irving Park boulevard, near	Askado avedente. Orana et stand, and two falsi turnished for cummunity centers. Orana et al. (Orana et al. (Oran
Kedzie Park	63	Kedzie avenue, between Palmer place and North	Azina avenue. Kedzia avenue, between Palmer place and North Lawns, trees and shrubbery protected at the ends with iron fences.
Kinzie Parkway	1.25	Kinzie street, between Laramie avenue and Long Lawn, trees and shrubbery.	Lawn, trees and shrubbery.
Lawrence Avenue Triangles (4)	œ,	avenue. On Lawrence avenue, between Clark and Broad-Shrubs and flowers and trees.	Shrubs and flowers and trees.
Linden Park	6.	way avenue. C. & N. W. R'y, from School Trees, shrubs and lawn.	Trees, shrubs and lawn.
Maplewood Triangle	c,	Schubert and Maplewood avenues and C. & N. Lawn and shrubs.	Lawn and shrubs.
Merrick Park	9	Pine arreat Long avenue, Ferdinand street and	Pine avenue, Long avenue, Ferdinand street and Landscape with large lawn and meadow for lawn tennis; two drinking
McKenna Triangle	çó.	ner avenue, Campbell avenue.	Three small drinking fountains; lawn, trees and surrounded by hedge
Montrose Point. Mulberry Point. Myrtle Grove. Normal Park.	24.12	Montrose avenue, Sheridan road, Broadway, Nickerson avenue, Nina Street, Nicollet. Nova avenue, Ninnewa avenue, Hood avenue. G7th street, 69th street, Lowe avenue, C, & W. I. 1	Lawn, trees and shrubsery. Lawn, trees and shrubsery. Lawn, trees and shrubsery. Lawn, trees and shrubsery of shrubbery and two drinking.
Norwood Circle. Oakland Park. Ogden Arrow.	2.5	Neva avenue, Peterson avenue, Circle avenue. Lake Park avenue, 39th street, I. C. R. R. North Clark street, Wells street, Ogden front.	courtains. Courtains landscape features, tool house, tennis courts, drinking fountain. General landscape features; drinking fountain. Lawn, trees and shrubbery guarded by iron fence,

			Lawn with large fountain, trees and shrubs enclosed with iron fence; drinking fountain.	Adjoins Rocky Ledge Beach; walks encircling the lawns bordered with groups of shrubbery and trees. Outer borders consist of a dense plantation of trees and shrubs. A shore promende is established by a stone wall built at the water's edes. There are two drinking	Ö	street, North Lockwood avenue. Palmer street, North Nowland avenue, North Oak Large lawn, extensive planting of trees and shrubs, large wading lagoon; Park avenue, C. M. & St. P. R. R. m. macadam diveway crossing lagoon over wooden bridge on concrete	7	drinking fountain. Unimproved woodland on banks of Salt Creek at Brookfield.	<u>م</u>	Light, trees and shrubbery; tool house 10'x14'. Lawn, trees and shrubbery. Lawns, trees and shrubbery.	13		Landscape with large ornamental fountain, including one for men and			Board of Education. Tool house and comfort station. Lawns and ahrubbery; adjoining Washington Heights swimming pool.	
Leavitt street, Boone street, DeKalb street.	111th atreet, 111th place, Cottage Grove avenue and Forrestville avenue.	East Ravenswood avenue, between Lawrence and Berteau avenues.	Western avenue and Grand avenue.	79th street and Lake Michigan.	Winnemac avenue, North Laramie avenue, Argyle	street, North Lockwood avenue. Palmer street, North Newland avenue, North Oak Park avenue, C. M. & St. P. R. R.	26th street, Sacramento avenue and House of	Salt Creek and C. B. & Q. R. R. at Brookfield.	Canal street, Canalport avenue, 18th street	Stony Island avenue, 69th to 79th streets. In 22nd street from 40th avenue to 46th avenue. Midway, between Waller avenue and Austin	avenue. Lowe avenue, C. & W. I. R. R., 71st street, 73rd street.	Avondale avenue, Nettleton avenue, and Raven attreet, south of C. & NW. R'v. also on Nor-	wood Park avenue, north of C. & NW. R.y. North Clark street, Walton place, N. Dearborn	street, Delaware place. In West End avenue from Menard avenue to Austin avenue, North Waller avenue, Parkiide	avenue. Robey street, Foster avenue, Argyle street and Leavitt street.	Vincennes road and 104th street	
ei e	e ;	1.75	ui.	3.25	10	8.	64	32.64	∞.	1.55	2.4	2.5	~	7:	9	u.	
Patterson Park	Pullman Park	Kavenswood Parkway	Rice Triangle	Bocky Ledge Park	Roberts Square	Rutherford Park	Sammento Avenue Parking		Schoenhofen Place	Stony Island Parkway Twenty-second Street Parkway The Midway.	The Lily Gardens	The Railway Garden	Washington Square	West End Parkway	Winnemac Park	Washington Heights Park	

DIRECTORY OF PLAYGROUNDS

NAME AND LOCATION	SIZE	FACILITIES	WINTER EQUIPMENT
ADAMS—Seminary avenue near Center street; one block from sobool. AGAMSIN—Seminary avenue and George street; public school yard Arminary Pare—Normal avenue and Wort Site street.	102x288 266x109	Single playfield, sand bouse and shelter platform. Single playfield.	Skating pond. Skating pond.
echool yard Abrusow—Hoyne and Cornelia avenues: public school yard. A woman, A women and Wallington school yard.	210x210 138x264	Single playfield sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter court.	Skating pond. Skating pond.
echool yard. School gymnasium part time. Bridned—Tripp and Cullom avenues; public school yard. Brunnar—33rd and LaSalle streets, adjoining public school	250x120 155x195 258x546	Separate athletic field, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, shelter platform and sand house. Separate athletic field, running track, sand house and	Skating pond and social center. Skating pond. Skating pond.
Bost.st.—31st and Bonfield streets, adjacent to echool	116x696	shelter platform, baseball and football field. Separate athletic field, aand house and abelter platform, baseball and football field, wading pool.	Skating pond and toboggan alide
yard. School gymnasium. Brutowe of public school pard. Ilea of gymnasium see Lincoln avenue; public school yard.	139x358	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond. Use school gym. Social center.
BUREAT BATH SAME AND THE STATE OF STATE	325x200	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond and social center. Skating pond.
CARREN — Potomac and Monticello avenues; public school or CARREN — Potomac and Monticello avenues; public school or Carres — East 58th atrest and Michigan avenues multischool	265x159 272x208	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond. Skating pond.
yard. School gymnasium part time. CERRIFYOPERE—Zada Robert School CORRAN—Dearborn street North of 47th street: muhits school	150x256 125x275	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond and social center. Skating pond.
yard COMMERCIAL CATB—Chicago avenue and Lincoln street, three 120x123 and Two playfield, shelter platform and sand court. Locals from school COORDER—18th Place between Ashland avenue and Pauline street.	\$20x125 120x123 and 125x200	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Two playfields, shelter platform and sand court.	Skating pond. Skating pond and toboggan slide.
	125x209 268x96 and 96x96	125x209 Single playfield, 208x96 and Single playfield, and house and shelter. 96x96	Skating pond. Skating pond.
Use indoor gymhastim. DAFTS—Forquer and Desplaines street; public school yard DATE—West, 39th place and Sagramanto avenue, adjoining	265x164 285x95	Single, playfield, eard house and shelter platform, wading pool and gardens. Single playfield, shelter platform and sand house.	Stating pend and indoor gym- nagiums. Stating pend.
public school DELANC—West Adams street and Springfield avenue; public school yand	278x266 218x260	Separate athletic field, running track, sand house and shelter platform. Separate athletic field, sand house and abelter platform:	Skating pend and toboggan slides. Stating pend.
PRAIRE—THE STREET STREET CONTRACT CONTRACT CONTRACT CONTRACT CONTRACT CALLINGS AVENUE PUBLIC SCHOOL PARTY.	231z170 181z194	running track. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Stating pond. Skating pond.

	Skating pond and social center.	Skating pond.	n; Skating pond.	Skating pond.	Skating pond. Skating pond and social center.	Skating pond. Skating pond.		Skating pond.	S			Skating pond and indoor gym-	nasium. Skating pond.	SI	nasium. Toboggan slide.	Skating.	Skating pond and indoor gym-	t, Skating pond.	Skating pond and indoor gym-	nasium. Skating pond.	Closed.	Skating.
The second second second	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Separate athletic field, sand house and shelter platform;	running track. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platforn.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield Separate athletic field, running track, baseball and	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Separate athletic field, running track, tennis court, and	nouse and sneiter platform. Single playfield, temporary portable office. Separate athletic field, sand house and sheiter.	Separate athletic field, sand house and shelter platform	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Separate athletic field, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Separate athletic field, running track, tennis court,	sand nouse and sneiter court. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Single playfield and portable building.
	290x125	316x288	275x290	264x174 200x125	296x136 300x125	602x265 240x125	90x265 300x598	300x125	344x125 310x266	250x150 290x290	275x267	125x275	210x125	185x175	280x152	140x110	280x130	200x200	266x125	344x100	70x350	150x198
	FARLE—South Paulina and West 61st street; public school yard.	EMERT—West Madison street and Pine avenue; public school	Fig.12—North Shore and Greenview avenue; public school yard.	Fibers—62nd street and Ingleside avenue; public school yard Franklin—Sigel street between Wells and Sedgwick; public		Use of gymnasium part time. Gary—Lawndide avenue and 31st street; public school yard GLADSTONE—Robey street and Washburne avenue; public school	yard. Grann—45th street and Union avenue; public school yard. Hanlin—16th street and Hamlin avenue, adjacent to school	HENRY-North St. Louis and West Cullum avenues; public	Bown—Bast 104th and State street; public school yard Kohn—East 104th and State streets; public school yard. Use	Saloot gynthasum. Lawson—13th St. & Homan avenue; public school yard. Lawotne—Rokeby and Addison streets; public school yard.	LLOYD-Dickens and Lamon avenues; public school yard	McCormick—28th street and Sawyer avenue, adjoining public	McCosH—Champlain avenue between East 65th and 66th	McLaren-Polk and Lafin streets, two blocks from public	SCHERSON—North Winchester and Lawrence avenues; public	MITCHELL—Oakley boulevard and Ohio street; public school	Morse—North Sawyer and West Ohio streets; public school	MOSELET—24th street and Wabash avenue, adjoining public	MOZART—West Hamlin and Humboldt avenue; public school	NETTLEHORST-Broadway and Aldine avenues; public school	NORTHWESTERN—Larrabee and Alaska streets, three blocks from	OAKLAND—Langley avenue and 40th street; public school yard.

DIRECTORY OF PLAYGROUNDS—Continued

NAME AND LOCATION	SIZE	FACILITIES	WINTER EQUIPMENT
ORLEANS—Orleans street and Institute place, two blocks from	126x136	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond.
PICEARD—South Oakloy avenue and West 21st place;	200x160 275x130	Single playfield, sand house and shelter. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating. Skating rond.
echool yard. Pon—Langley avenue and East 106th street; public school yard. Razra—Wood and West 70th streets public school yard.	200x125 285x181	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond. Skating pond.
RESIN ORE—Keeler avenue and Thomas street; public school yeard. ROBET—Robey and Birch streets, four blocks from school	250x267 175x114 250x108 end	250x267 Separate athletic field. 175x114 Single playfield and office building.	Toboggan, skating, social center and indoor gymnasium. Skating pond.
Use school gymnasium part time Rymasow — Lawradale avvenue and Ohio street; public school yard Rymasow — I fich and I comis greets and blook from school yard	96x96 290x125		Skating
SCANLOW—Perry avenue between 117th and 118th arrests; public school yard. Use of school gymnasium part time.		Single playment, sain nouse and shellor platform. Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Use of school swimming pool two months. Skating nond and
SHRRWOOD-57th street and Princeton avenue, adjacent to	156x250	Separate athletic field, baseball and football, sand box.	social center. Skating pond.
Swirth-Winthrop avenue between Ardmore and Thorndale	340x125	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Skating pond.
WYRGO-Jefferson street between 17th and 18th streets; public	220x130	Single playfield, sand house and shelter	Skating pond.
THORP Solds street and Buffalo avenue; public school yard.	140x140	Single playfield, house and shelter platform.	Skating pond and social center.
Washington Grand avenue and Carpenter street; public	128x174	Single playfield, sand house and shelter platform.	Toboggan and skating pond.
WATER-West Wilson and North Campbell avenues; public	250x250	Separate athletic field, sand house and shelter platform.	Toboggan slide, skating pond and
WHITTHER—23rd street and Lincoln street; public school yard Whighthe one—Wrightwood and Greenview avenues; one block from school.	124x370 361x454	Single playfield. Separate athletic field, running track, sand house, shelter platform, wading pool, baseball and football	Skating. Skating pond, toboggan and indoor gymnasium.
		Beld.	

DIRECTORY OF BATHING BEACHES AND NATATORIUMS

Name and Location	Area	Equipment
Clarendon Beach— Lake Michigan, foot of Sunnyside	774 ft. water front	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. Capacity 9,390 lockers.
Rogers Park Beach— Lake Michigan, foot of Kenilworth Avenue	250 ft. water front	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 1,000 baskets.
51st Street Beach— Lake Michigan, foot of 51st Street	300 ft. water front	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 1,920 lockers.
New South Shore Beach— Lake Michigan, 75th to 79th Street	% mile water front	Temporary bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. Basket cheel system. 5,000 baskets.
Rocky Ledge Beach— Lake Michigan, foot of 79th Street	890 ft. water front	Bath house with dressing rooms for children
Washington Heights—Swimming Pool 104th Street and Vincennes Avenue.	Outdoor pool	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 150 lockers.
Griffith Natatorium— 104th Street and Harvard Avenue	Indoor pool 30x60	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 200 lockers.
Jackson Natatorium— 3506 West Fillmore Street	Indoor pool 30x60	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 200 lockers.
Beilfuse Natatorium— 1725 North Springfield Avenue	Indoor pool	Bath house with dressing rooms for men, women and children. 200 lookers.

Annual Attendance at Beaches and Natatoriums For the Year 1919

BEACHES

	Paid Attendance	Boys and Girls (No charge)	Bathers using beach but not lockers (No charge) estimated	Total
Clarendon Beach Rogers Park Beach 51st Street Beach Rainbow Beach (76th street) Rocky Ledge Beach (children)	50,867 76,398	38,220 4,884 9,156 67,908	135,148 3,759 34,910 51,930 16,396	374,597 10,215 94,933 128,238 85,304
Total Beaches	330,066	120,168	242,143	692,877

NATATORIUMS

	Boys	Girls	Men	Women	Total
Griffith Natatorium Washington Heights Pool Jackson Natatorium Beilfuss Natatorium	11,440 52,976	16,751 7,984 22,925 30,126	36,751 3,227 26,924 29,979	18,783 1,839 14,872 16,782	128,768 24,490 117,697 158,739
Total	202,751	77,786	96,881	52,276	429,694

NORTH SIDE STREET ENDS

	June	July	August	September	Total
Birchwood	4.507	11.169	10.610	780	27,066
Jarvis.	4.408	7.640	5,450	485	17.988
Greenleaf	4.101	9.843	10.055	825	24.894
Morse	9.430	23.995	16.275	1.425	51.125
Farwell	8.620	26.846	15.025	1.100	51.591
North Shore	3.555	8.385	5.005	345	17,290
Albion	4.216	4.410	4.795	400	13.821
Rosemont	5.029	25,945	16,640	1.200	48.814
Thorndale	1.932	9,870	6.480	930	19.212
Ardmore	3.675	7.214	5.635	370	16.894
Hollywood	3.674	12,905	9.390	800	26,769
Foster	3.103	9.730	5.655	500	18,988
Winons	5.825	20.931	16.875	1.565	45,196
Glengyle	9.685	46,775	16.800	1.500	74,760
Lakeside	5.148	12.030	11.125	1.025	9.828
Gordon Terrace	6,346	18,870	12,485	1,030	38,731
Total	83,264	256,558	168,305	14,280	501,797

SOUTH SIDE STREET ENDS

	June	July	August	September	Total
54th Street. 55th Street. 72nd Street. 73rd Street. 74th Street. 77th Street. 78th Street.	5,042 162 3,250 2,316 3,829 2,460 1,968	12,148 5,425 6,749 4,560 13,420 7,892 5,695	11,320 4,293 5,260 4,243 6,937 5,434 4,829	920 86 142 152 460 240 120	20,430 9,965 15,401 11,971 24,646 16,036 12,613
Total	19,027	55,889	42,316	2,120	119,863

Total Bathing Beaches		692.377
Count Takel	•	

BUREAU OF SEWERS

HON. CHARLES R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith the anual report of the Bureau of Sewers for the year 1919:

The activities of the Bureau of Sewers include the cleaning of Sewers and Catch Basins, the repair of Sewers and Catch Basins, the inspection of the construction of all house drains and building sewers, the maintenance of and additions to a system of Bench Monuments throughout the City, the recording of all street grades in the City of Chicago, and miscellaneous matters necessary to the maintenance of the sewerage system.

The relative importance of these activities is shown by the 1919 expenditures for them, as follows:

For cleaning sewers and catch basins. For repairing sewers and catch basins. For inspection of house drains. For office and miscellaneous.	. 107,554.39 . 42,723.56
A total amanditure of	9466 614 00

The magnitude of the sewerage system of the City of Chicago is shown by the following table:

Chicago Sewerage Quantities in Place and the Cost Thereof

(For years prior to 1917 see Report of Commissioner of Public Works for 1916.)

Year	Brick and Concrete Sewers	Title Pipe Sewers	Catch Basins	Man- holes	Cost	House Drains
In place January 1, 1917	3,929,218 ft.	8,686,514 ft.	113,510	89,363	\$37,901,083.02	363,686
Built, 1917	33,081 ft.	390,405 ft.	6,034	2,963	1,267,968.21	18,716
Removed, 1917	853 ft.	8,221 ft.	87	77		
Built, 1918	9,862 ft.	169,299 ft.	3,528	1,335	599,476.88	5,860
Built, 1919	8,378 ft.	120,254 ft.	1,899	912	836,803.03	7,816
In place January 1, 1919	3,979,686 ft.	9,358,251 ft.	124,884	94,496	\$40,605,331.14	396,078

Repairs and Construction by the Bureau of Sewers in 1919

_ EXPENDITURES		
Repairs:		
Salaries and wages. \$ Teams and carts. Material and miscellaneous.	15.286.00	
Restoration of streets	11,093.98	
For repairs	•••••	\$100,250.54
Construction and betterments:		
Salaries and wages	5,131.37	
Teams and carts	1,579.50	
Material and miscellaneous	592.98	
For construction		7,303.85
Total, repairs and construction		\$107,554.29

WORK DONE

1962 lineal feet of sewers built.
5610 lineal feet of sewers rebuilt.
23 manholes built.
820 manholes repaired.
30 catch basins built.
1963 catch basins repaired.

HOUSE DRAIN DIVISION

HOOD DAILY DIVISION	
Number of jobs inspected: House drains extended from junctions	1.645
Total number of jobs	7,424
A total number of 45,274 inspections were made on this work.	
Extra junctions set: 8-inch junctions. 6-inch junctions.	131 232
Total set	363
House Drain Stubs laid by the Board of Local Improvements: By special assessment. By private contract	351 3,813
•	4,164
RECEIPTS	
For drainlayers' licenses 1,	896.90 235.00 840.00 660.00
\$ 34,	632.23

Engineering and Bench and Grade Division

This division maintains a system of bench marks and bench monuments throughout the City, which give references to Chicago City Datum. It examines and submits to the City Council all street grades and keeps public records of such street grades after their establishment by Council Ordinances. It examines all street grades contained in improvement ordinances. It provides engineering for sewerage built other than by special assessment.

During the period of 1919 the building of standard and sub-standard bench monuments was continued, and the elevations of these monuments and of a number of bench marks were determined. The quantities were as follows:

Miles of bench levels run	. 51
Standard bench monuments built	. 19
Standard bench monuments established	. 12
Sub-standard bench monuments built	
Sub-standard bench monuments established	. 2

Construction of the sewerage being built in connection with the Chicago Union Station was continued, the principal items being a reinforced concrete sewer in West Polk Street, sewers in South Canal Street from West Taylor Street north and sewers for track drainage between West Harrison Street and West Taylor Street.

Respectfully submitted.

GEO. E. McGRATH,

Superintendent of Sewers.

BUREAU of MAPS and PLATS

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith annual report for year ending December 31, 1919:

The area of the city remains the same as of December 31, 1918, viz: 199.372 square miles.

Outside of routine work herein tabulated, work of special importance was done for the Board of Local Improvements in the preparation of plats for the widening of Western Avenue, Ashland Avenue, Robey Street, West Randolph Street, West South Water Street, Peterson Avenue, and for the extension of Ogden Avenue.

The Survey Division during the year expended the sum of \$22,177.85 for survey work, of which amount 98 per cent was spent on railroad reclamation work under direction of the Committee on Local Industries.

The survey of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad is completed and the mapping of the same will be finished in a few weeks.

The survey of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad was taken up and is 20 per cent completed.

The matters in controversy with the Chicago and Western Indiana Railroad are awaiting court action, an amended bill thereon having been filed in November, 1919.

The matters in controversy with the Illinois Central Railroad were settled in the so-called Lake Front ordinance passed in July, 1919, the city receiving construction benefits to the extent of \$2,100,000 in lieu thereof.

The matters in controversy with the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad are still pending, no definite course of action being settled upon. Up to the present there have been surveyed by this division 115 miles of main line, leaving 180 miles to be surveyed. In conjunction with this work, all yards and side tracks were surveyed.

The work for other city departments was not as large in volume as during other years.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. Division of Surveys Capital Account 1919.

MR. G. D. TOMPKINS, Engineer in Charge.

Committee on Local Industries, C. &. N. W. R. R	
Total	22,117.85

SANBORN DIVISION. JOHN W. MEYER in Charge.

The Sanborn system of atlases was enlarged by new volume 22, covering all territory between West 39th Street, West 47th Street, South Western Avenue and South Crawford Avenue, and new volume B covering all built up territory between West North Avenue, Belmont Avenue, North Austin Avenue and Harlem Avenue. 8,400 posters showing new buildings and alterations were put on the atlases.

Information given to City Collector in protest cases of garage, junk shops and lumber yard licenses, eight times; to Building Department in determining frontage consent cases, 82; Bureau of Fire Prevention for building inspections, 920; Bureau of Fire Prevention in determining frontage consents for gasoline filling stations and tanks, 42; Local Improvement Assessors, 276; Local Improvement Engineers, 168; Local Improvements for study maps for street and alley openings, 16; Local Improvements for study maps for widening of Ogden Avenue, Western Avenue, Ashland Avenue, Robey Street, South Water Street and West Randolph Street; to Bureau of Compensation in cases of encroachment on public property, 235; for locating proper house numbers and other office activities, 775; to other departments of the city, 544; to public—general information, 1,788.

114 hours were spent on work in field, and plats were made as follows:

Bureau of Compensation41	
Building Department	
Building Department (zoning study maps)	,
For Offices and Aldermen	
Corporation Counsel	
City Attorney	
Fire Attorney	
Real Estate Agent (Comptroller's office)	
Bureau of Fire Prevention 2	
Street Department	
Total	

Calls for information by the Government, State and County authorities, Drainage Board and Board of Education received prompt attention.

GENERAL OFFICE WORK.

JOHN WITTENBORN, Chief Draughtsman, in Charge.

No. of Plats	PLATS MADE	Mil
601	Assessment plats	359.
322	Sidewalk plats	99.
57	Sewer plats	188.
96	Drain plats	60.
559	Estimate plata	241
162	Water Pipe Extension plats. Plats for Board of Underground Work of Public Utilities of Chicago	75.
314	Plats for Board of Underground Work of Public Utilities of Chicago	190.
1	Condemnation plat	-0.
37	Opening plats	976.
115	Vacation and dedication plats	14.
2,264	•	2.205.0

No. of plats

428

NT......

MISCELLANEOUS PLATS

Plat for Mayor Plat for Corporation Counsel Plats for Aldermen Plats for Bureau of Compensation Plats for City Comptroller Plats for City Clerk Plat for City Attorney Plat for Fire Attorney Plat for Building Department	1 7 22 3 1 1
TotalForward	40 2,264
Total number of plats	2,304
MAPS, CHARTS AND CERTIFICATES	
In court, 1 man City maps, ward maps and annexation maps, 1 man. In Recorder's, County Clerk's and County Treasurer's offices, 1 man Repairing atlases, 1 man. Coloring maps, 1 man. Signs and lettering, various departments, 1 man. Posting atlases, 1 man Health Department, 1 man. City Map Department, 1 man. City Map Department, reconstructing pages in Norwood Park, 1 man. Study Maps, 1 man.	65 35 91 3 1914 22214 6514 15914
PETITIONS AND ORDINANCES VERIFIED	
For street car franchises, 1 man, 4 days. For saloon licenses, 1 man, 36 days. For house moving, 1 man, 37 days.	. 54
For switch track, junk shop, hospital, garage, foundry, factory, sign board, ice plant, machine sho laundry, baseball park, sausage casings, bakery, supply building, blacksmith shop, slaughte ing and packing, woman's club, gasoline tank, lumber yard, frame building, livery stable as stucco building, I man, 140 days. Street and alley vacation and dedication ordinances.	p. d . 178

PLATS APPROVED FOR RECORD BY SUPERINTENDENT OF MAPS As (Ex Officio) Examiner of Subdivisions

Total.....

		NO. O
New subdivision plats	1	Plate
acation plats.		- 5
scation plats	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2
Dening and Widening plate		
iscellaneous plats		2
Total		21

MISCELLANEOUS WORK

Legal descriptions at 25 cents each, \$1,059.25	Number 4.237
Fees for witness in court. \$11.00	
Legal descriptions issued free, various departments	2,256 6,990
House number certificates for building permits. House numbers given without certificates.	8,596
Public requiring special attention	. 22.079
Public having access to atlases	110,395
House numbers changed (special cases on complaint). House numbers investigated and adjusted.	248
Entries in atlases.	1,145
Quit claim deeds	2
Correction deeds	. 2
Instruments from Recorder's office	. •

AREA OF LAND SUBDIVIDED

Resubdivision of land comprised	137.937 578.576
Total	716.513

MILEAGE OF STREETS AND ALLEYS

Total miles of streets, December 31, 1918. Total miles of streets opened in 1919. Total miles of streets vacated in 1919.	14.016 1.056	3,237.944
Increase	12.960	12.960
Total miles of streets December 31, 1919	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,250.904
Total miles of alleys, December 31, 1918	15.000	1,692.968
Increase	12.830	12.830
Total miles of alleys December 31, 1919		1,705.798

STREET NAMES CHANGED BY ORDINANCE

Old name of Street	New name of Street	From	To
South Blvd			
E. 12th St			
W. 12th St	. W. Roosevelt Road		S. Austin Ave.

AREA OF CITY

	pdrives
	miles
Area of city. December 31, 1919	199.372

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. D. RILEY,

Superintendent of Maps.

BUREAU of COMPENSATION

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith for your consideration the annual report of the Bureau of Compensation for the year ending December 31, 1919:

CLASSIFICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED.

Switch tracks	80
Canopies	
Scales	
Use of streets, alleys and docks	
Subsidewalk and alley space	
Vacation of streets and alleys	
Bridges over streets and alleys	
Bulkheads, platforms, etc.	
Miscellaneous	
Water pipe tunnel privileges	
Franchises providing for percentage of gross receipts	•
Total 10	66

All of the above accounts, with the exception of those providing for the vacation of streets and alleys, will require the payment of an annual compensation to the city. The annual revenue from these accounts will amount to approximately \$21,614.05.

CLASSIFICATION OF PERMITS ISSUED.

Merchandise stands	
Automatic weighing scales	
Switch track, canopy and other permits provided for by special ordinances	
Miscellaneous	
Total	8,118

STATEMENT OF PRIVILEGES AUTHORIZED

SWITCH TRACKS

Expira- tion	Nov. 22 '38 Dec. 1 '37 Feb. 2 '39	•••	March 2 39 April 1 39 Oct. 25 28			June 21 38 March 29 38 April 30 39 Dec. 16 37 April 30 39	June 2 37 March 17 39 July 13 39 June 17 31 Dec. 17 35	
Annual Com- pensetion	\$ 130.00 112.80 155.00		8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00			2,108.00 275.00 275.00 200.00	705.00 100.00 100.00 135.00 875.00	\$ 9,107.50
SWITCH TRACKS Name Location	Whitehead, Grace Lafin In Carroll avenue between N. Wells and N. LaSalle streets. Wolf, Anna A. Along and across Kingsbury street and across Rees street. Wilce Co., The T. Across W. 22nd street and alley north between Throop and Allport streets.	Calumet Company of Princeton avenue Peter Hand Brewery Company In and along Kingsbury street northwesterly of W. North avenue Jefferson Ice Company Across the north-south alley between N. Robey street, Fullerton avenue, N. Seeley	: :	Hunt Jarvis. Hunt Jarvis. Hunt Jarvis. Hunt Jarvis. Across Bastman street, southwesterly of Kingsbury street. Across West 48th street west of Aberdeen street.		Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. (Six) in Hickory, West Division and Haines streets. Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. Across Kingsbury street, south of West Eric street. Keelin & Co. T. W. In and along Carroll avenue and across North Haisted streets. Consumers Company. (Two) and along address Hooker and Bilss streets.	: ::::	Total

CANOPIES

Annual Com- Expira-	ao taon	200 Jan. 200	22 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	July 14	Sept.	00 March 21 50 Sept. 25	00 August 28 00 April 25	57.50 Oct. 26 28		April	30.00 July 5.30	Nov.	Mey	\$2.50 April 23 '20	į	8 1,246.50	Annual Com-	g	25.00 June 30.27 25.00 April 7.29 25.00 August 18.39 25.00 June 30.39 25.00 Jan. 12.39	8888 Light Light 1888	R An 8 1 8	
CANOPIES	Name Lookton Pe	Hammond, Oliver C			Tonneen, Bestrice. Covered ballony adjoining 2635 Hampden court. Covered Ballony adjoining 2635 Hampden court.				Canal st	:	: :	Whitestone Company Hotel La Salle Company Onth Madison streets adjoining northwest corner North	:	lore	Rear of 1322-32 West Harrison street,	Total.	SCALES	Name Location pe	Monarch Refrigerating Company of Chicago. Northeast corner Cass street and East Austin avenue. Donnelly & Sons Co., R. R. 1. In East 21st street, east of Calumet avenue. Gumbinsky Bros. Co. 2261 South Union avenue. Kirk & Company, James S. 1. 14 East North avenue. North-seast corner. North Sursemon and Div streets.			4

USE OF STREETS, ALLEYS AND DOCKS

Annuel	Com- Expira-	\$ 403.50 Nov. 10 '21	161.06 Nov. 24 '20 1,416.69 Dec. 31 '21 50.00 Nov. 21 '22	0 •	116.25 June 6 '21 888.50 April 30 '22 201.60 June 22 '22 440.00 Oct. 14 '20 74 40 April 30 '22	April March Nov.	42.50 Nov. 20 '22	\$ 6, 106. 79	Annual Expira- Com- Expira- penantion tion	\$ 140.80 Nov. 20 '24	150.00 March 3 '28 10.00 March 3 '20	200.00 May 81 '26 100.00 June 26 '29 100.00 Oct. 24 '28	956.20 Dec. 81 '25 50.00 July 28 '29 100.00 March 22 '28		8 1.808.00
USE OF STREETS, ALLEYS AND DOCKS		Jung Brewing Company Space in West Grand avenue between North Jefferson street and north branch of Chicago Tiver		Johnston & Jennings Company Space in Besley court between Wabansia avenue and Chicago, Milwaukee and See Fruil R. B. Adams Building Meterial Co	Plane & Organ Supply Co. The Space in Meet 48 street Norman are now, rest and parce, rest and the Cose Fraining Press Co., The Space in Kingsbury street south of Southport avenue. Sering Lumber & Supply Co. Space in alleys between 104th, Throop, 105th place. Central Commercial Co. Space in alleys between 104th, Throop, 105th press and C. R. I & P. R. R. Space in alleys avenue north of West Division street.	Whitman & Barnes Manufacturing Company, The. Portion of north-south alley between West 115th, South Halsted, West 116th and South Halsted afreets remains Company, N. K. Space in Blackwell street between 19th and 20th streets. Kewanee Boiler Company	names Distributing Company, I de E. H Space in north-south angy between west 3.1st, west 3.2d, general streets and M. S	Total SUB-SIDEWALK AND ALLEY SPACE	Name	Madison Building Company Vault under first north-south alley west of State street, rear of premises at south- Bauer & Black. Tunnel under Federal Street, south of West 25th street and vault under alley con-	Sinclair Refining Company Campany Gasoline tank in alley year 432 Sherman street	De Jougne Roter et restaurant Company. Streets and South Walbah avenue. Ilinois Vinegar Manufacturing Company, The Tunnel under West 48th street east of South Oakley avenue. Ilinois Vinegar Manufacturing Company, The Tunnel under West 19th street east of South Washtenaw avenue.	Congress flower Company Michigan and South Wabash avenue. Michigan and South Wabash avenue. Lewin, Frank C. Vault under alley rear of northwest corner North State and West Goethe streets. Kirk & Company, James S. Tunnel under and across East North Water street, east of North Michigan avenue.	and South Winchester avenue adjoining Lewis Institute	Total

VACATIONS OF STREETS AND ALLEYS

	VACATIONS OF STREETS AND ALLEYS	
Name	Location	Final Payment
any.	Alleys beween West 22d place, Alexander street, Princeton avenue, Archer and Stewart avenue	20.00
	. North-couth alley in block between West 58th street, West 58th street, South Kildare and South	8
Wolbech, Murray	East-west alley between East Ohio street, East Grand avenue, North Michigan avenue and Rush	8.8
Rohm, Clara J.	street. Alleys in blocks between West 25th street, West 26th street, South Washtenaw and South California	8,112.00
Indian Refining Company	South Artesian avenue between A. T. & Santa Fe R. R. and Canal Levee; West 32d street between	3,830.22
Ketcham & Commany. J. W.	A. I. & Datus, re S. I. S. and Could, we can a venue and aneys between west ozu street, Cans. Levee, South Artesian and South Campbell avenues. North-anith allev hetwan Montanav avanis. Wester street. However, and Hale avanise	5,650.81
Chicago Packing Company. Ehman Tire and Rubber Company.	East-west alley between Gross avenus, West 46th street and Loomis street. Alley in block between West 26th place, West 27th street, South La Salle street and Wentworth	905.28
Consumers Company.	avenue. East-west alley between Wrightwood avenue, Altgeld street, C. M. & St. P. R. R. and Ward street	1,557.00
Baker, Franklin B. Lotko, Joseph. Patthona Millian Commany	. Northerty-southerty alley beween Hillock avenue, Archer avenue, Throop and Farrell streets	73.60
	between North Kilpatrick and North Cicero avenues Alleys between East 97th, East 98th street, Arenee N and Chicage 98th Lines Railway. Alleys hetween C. M. & St. P. R. West Crand avenue North Kolmer avenue and North Kenton.	7,682.40
Lowell, Clara S. Whitbook, Ansell E. and Gustave A. Reuter	avenue Alley between Cuyler avenue, Irving Park Bivd. Milwaukee and La Porte avenuee West 63d street, West 63d place, South Union avenue and South Halsted street.	2,239.76 1,258.83 1,508.94
Atkins, Louis Freund a	nd North-couth alley between West 48th street, West 48th street, Justine street and South Ashland avenue Bernard street between Ayondale avenue and Henderson street.	649.20 833.58
Ascher, Nathan. Alwart, Frederick W.	East-west alley between west oard street, west Ofth street, South Ashland avenue and South Marsh- field avenue Binso street between Lister avenue and the C. & N. W. R. R. and alley between Lister avenue.	1,381.53
pany	C. & N. W. R. R., Webater avenue and Binso street. Wallsocs street between West 51st and West 153st and West 159st and West 159st and North East-west alley between C. M. & Bt. P. R. R. West Chicago avenue. North Kedsis and North	4,804.10 586.80
Calumet and Chicago Canal and Dock Company.	Sawyer avenues Calumet and Chicago Canal and Dock Company. Alleys between Anthony avenue, East 91st street, Colfax avenue and Anthony avenue, East 92nd attract. Manistes and Marcuette avenue	2,952.00
	G .	130.00
Paschen, Frank and Henry Paschen and the Commonwealth Varnish Company	Alleys between Diversey avenue, Parker avenue, North Karlov avenue and the C. M. & St. P. R. R. East-west alley between Bryn Mawr avenue, Catalpa avenue, C. M. & St. P. R. R. and north-south	1,188.38
Northwestern Terra Cotta Company Goes Printing Press Company, The Lund Hans and Ottorine Lund Hincis Mallan Li Fron Company	ance east or Drogadway. North Hermitage avenue between Diversey Parkway and Wrightwood avenue. West 15th place between Paulina and Wood streets. North-count alley between Bloomingdale, Wabansia, N. Fairfield and N. California avenues. Foot-word allow between Wollington avenue.	29,035.55 4,752.00 603.20
Noel Company, Theodore.	and Northwestern R. R. East-and-west alley between Alice place, West North avenue, North Leavitt street and North Hoyne avenue.	50.00 250.00

Vacations of Streets and Alleys-Continued

Final Payment	and South 728.72 East Sich 840.70 v avenues 1,066.53 avenue 640.00 S. R. R. 3,044.80 47th street, 1,074.78 4,037.51	Annual Com- Com- Fig. 6. 135.60 155.60 156.0
Vacations of Streets and Alleys—Continued Name Location	Spinian, Josephine Uhrig Houts, Robert S. Houts and Clyde Uhrig S. Houts and Clyde Uhrig North-south alley between Lincoln avenue. School street and North Paulina street. North-south alley between Lincoln avenue. School street, South Sacramento avenue and South Whipple street. Stein, Benjamin F. East-west alley between West 26th street, West 72th street, South Sacramento avenue. East-west alley between West North avenue. Lemoyne street, Reystone and North Karlov avenue. Folk Wibbur J. Alleys between West 66th street, West 76th street, Reystone and North Haisted and South Fring avenue. James C. C. 8th. L. R. S. Oth Haisted and South Fring avenue. Alleys between West 55rd street, West Garfield Boulevard, Federal street and L. S. & M. S. R. R. Alleys between West 55rd street, West Garfield Boulevard, Federal street and L. S. & M. S. R. R. Alleys between West 55rd street, West Garfield Boulevard, Federal street and L. S. & West 47th place between South Haisted and Junction Railway and alleys between West 30th and West 31st streets. Total. Total.	Name Union Liberty Furniture Company Northwestern Terra Cotta Company Northwestern Terra Northwestern Terra Cotta North Northwestern Company Northwestern Cerra Company Northwestern Cerra Company Northwestern Terra Cotta Company Northwestern Northwestern Terra Cotta Northwestern Cerra Cotta Northwestern Cerra Cerra Northwestern Cerra Cerra Cerra Northwestern Cerra Cerra Cerra Cerra Northwestern Cerra Cer

MISCELLANBOUS

						,			O.F			DAI.	M						2	49
Expira-	6 .38	7 6, 7 6	1 '28	11 '28	28 6 828 888	8	888 888	30 ,38						Expira- tion	March 27 '20	11 '29	7 '39	22 '38	22 '38	22 ,38
N 3	D 8	Jan.	Feb.	Jan.	Sell in	June	June June	July			о С			접→	March	April	Dec.	0	D	Dec.
Annual Com- pensation	\$ 51.25	80.00	25.00	150.00	25.00 150.00	100.00	80.13 80.88 88.88	125.00	8 827.25		\$ 39.31	6.91		a.l ation	.s; minimum	e; minimum m	s; minimum ım	s; minimum	s; minimum im	s; minimum im
	7,00	Joseph Ado street and nist	5132.0 West Tabe street	West Lake street	klev avenue	north of West Lake street.	West 28th street. South Karlov avenue linton street.	O. C. T. R. R.					the Gross Receipts	Annual Compensation		of West 3% gross receipts; minimum \$100.00 per annum				between 3% gross receipts; minimum \$100.00 per annum
Location	Conduit under rear of 612-20 Sherman street.	Dorth-south public alley east of South State street.	Source and across not alrests and sheldon streets. Conduit nines and fraveling mans and reserved Most Tales at the streets.			O.S.	Halsted street, West 26th street, Emerald avenue and West 28th street. Electric wires over and across West Kinzie street, east of South Karlov avenue. Electric cables over and across Dekoven street, east of Clinton street.	South Karlov avenue, South Keeler avenue and B. & O. C. T. R. R		WATER PIPE TUNNEL PRIVILEGES	Commonwealth Edison CompanyPipes (3) in West Division street water pipe tunnel		ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED Providing for an Annual Compensation of a Certain Percentage of the Gross Receipts	Location	Ice CompanyConduit under and across West 60th street, west of Grove street.	Pipe under and acorss South Dearborn street, south of West Washington street.	 Conduit (containing pipes) under north-south alley between Midnigan and Wabash avenues and under roadway of Adams, Madison and Monroe streets. 	Tunnel (containing pipes) under Adams street between South Clark and South La Salle streets	:	South State and South Dearborn streets
Name	Patten, James A.	West Woodworking Commany	Dunhar Manufacturing Company	Distasen Company, Eusena	Chase & Sanborn Illinois Vinegar Manufacturing Company, The	Sullivan Machinery Company South Halsted Street Iron Works	Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company Chicago Casket Company.	Cerumot Destrict Company	Total		Commonwealth Edison Company		Providing for	Name	Englewood Distilled Water Ice Company	Hoefeld, Inc., Albert	Illinois Mainvenance Company	Illinois Maintenance Company	Till The Table Company.	things of anticenance Company

RECAPITULATION Comparison of Annual Revenue under New Accounts Established During the Years 1919 and 1918

	1919	1918	Increase	Decrease
Bay windows. Bridges over streets and alleys. Bulkheads, platforms, etc. Canopies. Scales. Scales. Switch tracks. Use of streets, alleys, docks. Miscellaneous Vacation of streets and alleys Stands. Openings. Signs. Scales (automatic weighing). Water pipe tunnel privileges.	\$	\$ 25.00 1,368.32 1,531.35 1,434.00 2,596.73 15,236.00 7,389.51 709.25 233,138.06 23,546.88 2,269.00 306.20 3,953.76	\$ 100.00 201.87 293.00 309.00 .30 39.31	\$ 25.00 218.37 212.15 187.50 6,016.00 3,386.93 132,872.71 697.59
Total	\$ 150,869.13	\$ 293,679.06	\$ 943.48	\$ 143,753.41 943.48
Total Decrease				\$ 142,809.93

Comparison of Total Revenue under both Old and New Accounts During the Years 1919 and 1918

		1919		1918	Increase		Decrease
Bay windows. Bridges over streets and alleys. Bridges over streets and alleys. Bulkheads, platforms, etc. Canopies. Scales. Subsidewalk and alley space. Switch tracks. Use of streets, alleys, docks. Miscellaneous. Vacations of streets and alleys. Stands. Openings Signs. Scales (automatic weighing). Water pipe tunnel privileges. Heat and power franchises. Elevated railway mileage. Telegraph franchises.	\$	170.50 43,184.08 7,516.21 12,635.89 3,206.15 3,205.15 101,029.28 20,179.10 11,994.75 100,265.35 22,849.29 2,578.00 306.50 3,816.60 1,353.18 1,767.30 23,881.78	\$	11,783.26 41,970.85 5,980.75 12,817.00 3,126.00 27,666.93 86,758.30 23,468.28 15,204.75 233,138.06 2,269.00 306.20 3,953.76 1,227.20 4,643.27 1,767.30 2,991.58	\$ 1,213.23 1,535.46 80.15 5,184.31 14,270.98 309.00 30 125.98 2,385.87 20.890.20		3,289,18 3,210,00 132,872,71 697,59
Total	8	396,614.34	\$	502,619.37	\$ 45,995.48	8	152,000.51 45,995.48
Total Decrease	١		1.			8	106,005,03

The revenue derived from all sources for the year 1919 was \$396,614.84, a decrease of \$106,005.03 under the previous year. This entire amount is more than covered by the decrease in the revenue from the vacation of streets and alleys only, which decrease amounts to \$132,872.71. In concluding the annual report for the year 1918, it was stated that the revenue of the bureau was dependent to some extent upon industrial conditions and that there was a strong probability the unsettled conditions due to the sudden ending of the war would be reflected in the revenue of the bureau for the year 1919. The labor trouble, which resulted in the suspension of building operations in Chicago for a long period during the last year, was another reason for this decrease. Many industries were compelled to abandon plans for expansion because of the disputes between the contractors and the Building Trades Unions. Other accounts show a healthy increase. Particular attention is called to the increase of \$14,270.98 in the revenue from switch tracks, the total amount from this source for the year 1919 being \$101,029.28, the first time that it has reached the \$100,000 mark. It will also be noted that the revenue from telegraph franchises shows an increase of \$20,890.20—this is the result of a new ordinance passed by the City Council during the last year, increasing the rates for use of public space by such companies.

The largest matter which was handled by the bureau during 1919 was the new Illinois Central terminal ordinance. Although there was apparently no revenue to the city from this source, it is estimated that in the settlement of the disputes with the Illinois Central over the rights of the city in Lake Street, South Water Street and River Street, east of Beaubien Court, the company was required to assume the expense of several millions of dollars for various improvements which otherwise would have been paid for by the city. The largest transaction outside of the one just referred to was the vacation of Hermitage Avenue between Wrightwood Avenue and Diversey Parkway for the Northwestern Terra Cotta Company, which required the payment of \$29,035.55 to the city.

The following items, included in the list of accounts established, were the direct result of investigations made by this office; all the parties were illegally in occupation of public space and were required to apply to the City Council for authority to use the same.

VACATIONS.

Indian Refining Company	\$5,650.81
Frederick W. Alwart	
Florence B. Hauptman	2,289.76
Consumers Company	
Maggie DeVries	
Hans and Ottorine Lund	608.20
Theo. Noel Company	250.00

\$14,997.85

SWITCH TRACKS.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co	
Consumers Company	200.00 50.00
Robert E., Walter C. and Frank W. Peacock	50.00

Per annum.......\$2,408,00

USE OF STREETS AND ALLEYS.

Sterling Lumber & Supply Co	
Jung Brewing Company	
Piano & Organ Supply Co. Johnston & Jennings Company	
Columbia Western Mills	
Adams Building Material Company	
Central Commercial Co	74.40

In addition to the above, nine other concerns were required to secure authority for miscellaneous privileges, such as wires, bulkheads, etc., the total annual compensation from which will amount to \$525.

With the co-operation of the Bureau of Electrical Inspection, Department of Gas and Electricity, an investigation is being made over the entire city for the purpose of securing new revenue from concerns which have installed electrical work over public space without authority. A large number of ordinances have been introduced into the City Council legalizing these privileges, but owing to the late convening of the Council in the fall of 1919, very few have been passed. Negotiations are now pending with two concerns for the maintenance of privileges of this character in public streets and alleys, which will result in ordinances authorizing the same during the year 1920, the revenue from which will approximate \$10,000 per year.

This bureau also conducted negotiations with the Chicago Elevated Advertising Co. for the maintenance of advertising privileges on the portions of the elevated railway stations maintained over public space, which has resulted in an ordinance recommended by the Compensation Committee of the City Council providing for the payment of \$10,000 per annum. It is expected that this ordinance will be passed by the City Council in the near future.

The test suit which was brought by the Lockwood & Strickland Company for refund of the money paid for the vacation of streets and alleys was decided adversely to the city by the Supreme Court. Although a number of similar suits have been started, the city has not yet been required to refund any of the money. A recent case which was handed down by the Supreme Court—People vs. Corn Products Refining Company—has brought into question the validity of ordinances vacating streets and alleys for private benefit. This decision has unquestionably resulted in a change of sentiment on the part of parties who were contemplating action for the return of the money, as, in every instance, the beneficiaries in vacation ordinances have used the streets and alleys vacated for the construction of valuable improvements and they now hesitate to start any action which may bring into question the validity of their vacation ordinances and assume the risk of the streets and alleys being reopened, which would require them to remove the improvements. At least twenty suits which were started against the city for the return of money have been dismissed. The situation from the standpoint of the city has improved materially during the past year.

There has been a decided increase in the number of applications and inquiries concerning privileges in public space and the vacation of public streets and alleys during the early part of 1920, and the prospects for a decided increase in the revenue of the bureau for the coming year are very good.

Respectfully submitted,
HENRY V. McGURREN,
Superintendent.

BUREAU OF ARCHITECTURE AND BUREAU OF CITY HALL

HON. CHAS. R. FRANCIS, Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith annual report for year ending December 31, 1919:

The activities of the bureau embraced the preparation of plans and specifications and the supervision of construction work embodied in sixteen projects, on which twenty-four contracts were awarded in the total amount of \$79,999.32.

The work was divided among various departments and bureaus as follows:

Contract	s Department	Amount
8	Bureau of City Hall	\$ 5.848.00
1	Bureau of Architecture	
2	Bureau of Parks, Playgrounds and Beaches	12,918.50
2	Fire Department	2,048.00
8	Health Department	
2	Police Department	1,232.48
6	Department of Gas and Electricity	84,800.89
-		
24	Total value of work on which contracts were awarded in 1010	970 000 99

And the work under the foregoing contracts was distributed among the various trades as shown below:

18	Contracts for general work	64,216.07
1	Contract for plumbing work	1.558.00
2	Contracts for heating work	2.970.00
ī	Contract for mechanical work	
6	Contracts for equipment	
ĭ	Contract for elevator cables	
_	-	
24	•	79.999.82

The following open orders were also issued for work to be constructed on the above projects:

5	Orders for general work	4,455.52
4	Orders for plumbing work	2,550.48
4		
1	Order for mechanical work	488.00
7	Orders for electrical work	10,284.84
_		
21	Total value of work for which open orders were issued	219 929 78

Total value of work for which plans and specifications were completed during the year.....\$383,701.82

A detailed explanation of the preceding summary, with a short description of the work, follows:

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

MUNICIPAL CONTAGIOUS DISEASE HOSPITAL.

Ward Building No. 2-

This structure, similar in design and construction to Ward Building No. 3, is now completed at the approximate cost of \$575,000. Three passenger elevators were installed for the amount of \$16,983. Specifications were prepared and bids received for furnishing and installing the equipment for this building, the bids totaling \$63,772.72.

Ward Building No. 2-

Drawings and specifications were prepared, on which contract was awarded under date of August 14, 1919, for the installation of a glass-lined steel clothes chute, ventilator, doors, etc., in the amount of \$5,392, construction of which is now completed.

Administration Building-

Laboratory equipment in the amount of \$7,182.05 was installed in the laboratory rooms under a contract dated April 14, 1919, animal cages and racks in the amount of \$590 under a contract dated May 29, 1919, and furniture in the amount of \$782.20 under a contract dated April 14, 1919. This completes the furnishing of the laboratory.

Service Building-

The installation of two electric dumb waiters was completed August 1, 1919, for the sum of \$2,186.

Improvements to Hospital Site-

Drawings and specifications were prepared and contract dated August 14, 1919, awarded for the construction of concrete walks, steps, retaining walls, curbs, etc. This contract was completed September 30, 1919, at the cost of \$4,440. Contract was awarded under date of August 22, 1919, in the amount of \$4,044 for the erection of an iron and board fence on the hospital grounds, the work on which is progressing satisfactorily and will be finished early in the coming year.

Public Comfort Stations-

A comfort station located at Madison and Market Streets containing toilet facilities for men and women was completed January 29, 1919, for the sum of \$12,500. The station was maintained by the Department of Public Works until August 7, 1919, when same was taken over by the Health Department for operation.

Sketches were made for the proposed three underground comfort stations to be located at Clark and Division Streets, Ashland and Milwaukee Avenues, and 47th Street and Cottage Grove Avenue. The estimated cost of each station is placed at \$15,000.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Plans and specifications were prepared, on which contract was awarded August 21, 1919, in the amount of \$484 for the construction of concrete driveway, curbs, etc., at the new 24th District Police Station located at Chicago and Lorel Avenues.

DEPARTMENT OF GAS AND ELECTRICITY.

Southwest Electrical Substation-

10227-29 South Halsted Street—Plans and specifications were made and contracts awarded under date of May 20, 1919, for the construction of this substation in the amount of \$30,000. The building consists of two stories, is of fireproof construction and will be used for the purpose of housing electrical apparatus in connection with the operation of the street lighting system in its vicinity.

Northwest Electrical Substation-

4531-33 North Keokuk Avenue—A contract dated August 7, 1919, in the amount of \$795, was awarded for the construction of a one-story coal storage addition to this substation. Work was completed December 5, 1919. Additional driveways, walks, fences, etc., were installed during the year at the cost of \$1,890.

South Chicago Electrical Substation-

8645-49 Yates Avenue—Plans and specifications were prepared on which a contract was awarded August 7, 1919, in the amount of \$3,168 for the construction of a one-story coal storage brick addition. This building has been completed.

R. A. Waller Riectrical Substation-

6261 South Wentworth Avenue—Plans and specifications were made and contract awarded under date of October 16, 1919, in the amount of \$1,976 for the construction of a one-story storage platform in the interior of this building. The work was completed December 10, 1919.

Halsted Street Electrical Substation-

South Halsted Street and Blue Island Avenue—Drawings were prepared for the proposed platform addition inside of the present storage room, installation of new heating apparatus for entire building, construction of a one-story brick boiler room and exterior coal storage room, the cost of which is estimated at \$12,000. This work will proceed early in the coming year, if appropriation is made for same.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The contract for completion of the fire department buildings located at 430-32 West 104th Street, 712-14 North Kedzie Avenue, and 1713 North Springfield Avenue, was completed July 15, 1919, for the sum of \$10,589, and steel clothes lockers were installed under a contract dated June 23, 1919, in the amount of \$850. Watchmen's services were maintained on the above mentioned buildings by the Department of Public Works until same were taken over for occupancy by the Fire Department.

Pire Engine and Truck House-

5441-45 Lake Park Avenue—This two-story and basement building of fire-proof construction, designed for motor-driven apparatus, furnishes quarters for both engine and truck companies. An up-to-date handball court to provide for recreational activities of the men is included. The building was taken over by the Fire Department early in the year.

744 West 35th Street-

Plans and specifications were prepared and proposals received for the construction of a two-story and basement fire engine house, including handball court, fences, etc.; also the wrecking and removal of present buildings from site. As the balance in the Fire Department Building Bond Fund is not sufficient to meet the entire cost of this project, which is estimated at \$70,000, we are awaiting favorable action by the City Council to supplement the balance in the Building Fund from other sources, so that contracts may be entered into and construction started.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

House of Shelter for Women-

Numerous sketches were completed of the proposed House of Shelter for Women and forwarded to the Board of Inspectors of the House of Correction for approval. A committee is now engaged in the selection of a site, and when this is acquired the final drawings and specifications will be prepared. The building, as contemplated, will consist of two stories and basement of brick construction and the cost is estimated at \$50,000.

BUREAU OF PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS AND BATHING BRACHES.

Construction of a wading pool, typical sand court and shelter buildings at the Gary playground was completed June 30, 1919, for the sum of \$3,250. Drawings and specifications were prepared and contract awarded under date of October 1, 1919, in the amount of \$931.50 for the erection of iron and concrete fences at the John G. Whittier playground; this construction has now been completed.

Construction of typical office buildings, shelter and sand court buildings at the Thorpe, Budlong and Burroughs playgrounds was completed December 10, 1919, at the cost of \$11,105.50.

An iron and concrete fence was constructed at the William Hale Thompson playground adjoining the Clarendon Avenue bathing beach. The work was completed in February for the sum of \$4,892.

Specifications were prepared and contract awarded under date of October 16, 1919, for the painting of the buildings and equipment of 67 playgrounds for the sum of \$11,987. The painting of 34 playgrounds is now finished, and it is expected to proceed with the balance at an early date.

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING.

Chicago Avenue Pumping Station Additions-

Architectural drawings were prepared for the construction on the present foundations of a one-story pumproom addition, including transformer room, also drawings for stone fence with shelter. The estimated cost of this improvement is placed at \$150,000, and construction is progressing under the supervision of the Bureau of Engineering.

BUREAU OF ARCHITECTURE.

Chicago and Cook County School for Boys-

Specifications and drawings were prepared, on which contract was awarded under date of March 25, 1919, in the amount of \$3,000 for the installation of refrigeration machinery and equipment in the basement of the dining hall at the above mentioned institution. The work was completed December 1, 1919, and terminates the construction activities in connection with the above project until additional appropriations are made available for future buildings.

BUREAU OF CITY HALL.

Specifications were prepared on which contract dated October 16, 1919, was awarded in the amount of \$4,198 for the painting of the elevator shafts in the City Hall Building, and the balance of an appropriation of \$15,000 for redecorating the building was expended for that purpose in various offices throughout the building. An additional appropriation to continue this work has been requested in the budget estimates for the year 1920. Contract was awarded in the amount of \$630 for the installation of traction cables on No. 7 elevator of the building; also a contract was entered into under date of August 12, 1919, in the amount of \$695 for the installation of three flat, suspended fire tile arches under the boiler furnaces. Both contracts have been completed.

The flower boxes which are placed on the first floor window sills during the summer months were maintained by this bureau.

The Bureau of Architecture, in addition to preparing plans and specifications and supervising the construction of municipal buildings, is charged with the maintenance and operation of the City Hall Building, which involves the management of the janitor, mechanical and electrical divisions and the supervision of all accounts and records of the Bureau of City Hall.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. W. KALLAL, City Architect.

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

HON, CHAS, R. FRANCIS.

Commissioner of Public Works.

Dear Sir:—I have the honor to submit herewith the Annual Report of the Accounting Division of the Department of Public Works, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1919.

The contents comprise the following series of financial statements, which are self-explanatory:

Table No. 1. Statement of Appropriations and Expenditures for the year 1919—Corporate Fund.

Table No. 2. Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Streets for the year 1919.

Table No. 3. Detailed statement of Ward Expenditures of Bureau of Streets for the year 1919.

Table No. 4. Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Sewers for the year 1919.

Table No. 5. Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Parks, Public Playgrounds and Bathing Beaches for the year 1919.

Table No. 6. Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Waste Disposal for the year 1919.

Table No. 7. Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engineering Corporate Fund for the year 1919.

Table No. 8. Statement of Corporate Fund Revenue of Department of Public Works for the year 1919.

Table No. 9. Statement of Appropriations and Expenditures for the year 1919, Water Fund.

Table No. 10. Statement of Revenue for the year 1919, Water Fund.

Table No. 11. Statement of Free Water Service rendered by the Chicago Water Works during the year 1919.

Table No. 12. Comparative Statement of Ordinary Revenue and Ordinary Expense of Water System for the years 1902 to 1919, inclusive.

Table No. 13. Statement of Water Fund Collections during the year 1919.

Table No. 14. Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water System, including interest, during the year 1919.

Table No. 15. Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Works Property and Equipment during the year 1919.

Table No. 16. Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Water Works Property and Equipment during the year 1919.

- Table No. 17. Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water System, including interest, for the years 1912 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 18. Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Works Property and Equipment for the years 1912 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 19. Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Water Works Property and Equipment for the years 1912 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 20. Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Operation, Repairs and Renewals and Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Sewage Pumping Stations for the year 1919.
- Table No. 21. Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water Pumping Stations during the year 1919.
- Table No. 22. Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Pumping Stations during the year 1919.
- Table No. 23. Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Water Pumping Stations during the year 1919.
- Table No. 24. Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water Pumping Stations during the years 1910 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 25. Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Pumping Stations during the years 1910 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 26. Comparative Statement of Total Expenditures for Operation and Repairs and Renewals of Water Pumping Stations during the years 1910 to 1919, inclusive.
- Table No. 27. Classified Summary of Appraisements of Chicago Water Works Property and Equipment, December 31, 1919.
- Table No. 28. Appraisement of Chicago Water Works Property and Equipment, December 31, 1919.
 - Table No. 29. Trial Balance of Water Works General Ledger, December 31, 1919.
 - Table No. 30. Trial Balance of Water Works General Ledger, January 1, 1920.
- Table No. 31. Statement of Estimated Cost of and Revenue from Supplying Water to Consumers during the year 1919.
- Table No. 32. Bonds issued for benefit of Water Works Outstanding, January 1, 1920.

Very respectfully,

C. W. HIBBARD, Head Accountant.

TABLE No. 1 Statement of Appropriations and Expenditures for Year 1919—Corporate Funds

				EXPENDITURES	TRES	Theynanded
		Appropriation	Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Balance
COMMISSI 71A 71H 71L	COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS—OFFICE: 71A Salaries 71H Printing, stationery and office supplies 71L Impersonal services.	\$ 43,660.00 4,500.00 504.00	\$ 43,247.01 4,195.05 453.40		\$ 43,247.01 4,195.05 453.40	\$ 412.99 304.95 50.60
71E 71E	For services of engineers, accountants, investigators and such other employees as needed, and monthly audits Repairs to automobiles. For all other expenses of operation and administration.	4,796.00 300.00 700.00	4,637.71 114.99 585.01		4,637.71 114.99 585.01	158.29 185.01 114.99
	Totals	\$ 54,460.00	\$ 53,233.17		\$ 53,233.17	\$ 1,226.83
FOR EXPENSERV 71A2 71S2	FOR EXPENSES OF COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE UNDERGROUND SERVICE SYSTEMS: 71A2 Salaries 7182 For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 8,040.00 800.00	\$ 7,863.53 749.26		\$ 7,863.53 749.26	\$ 176.47 50.74
-	Totals	\$ 8,840.00	\$ 8,612.79		\$ 8,612.79	\$ 227.21
For Exp 71A3 71S3	For Expense of Operation of South Chicago Market: 71A3 Salaries 71S3 For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 3,720.00 1,500.00	\$ 3,706.85 1,244.31		\$ 3,706.85 1,244.31	\$ 13.15 255.69
	Totals	\$ 5,220.00	\$ 4,951.16		\$ 4,951.16	\$ 268.84
7184	For services of engineer in connection with Union Station development	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00		\$ 2,500.00	
	Totals.	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00		\$ 2,500.00	
Bureau o	Bureau of Compensation: 72A Salaries 72S For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 9,535.00 425.00	\$ 9,506.37		\$ 9,506.37 424.96	\$ 28.63
	Totals	\$ 9,960.00	\$ 9,931.33		\$ 9,931.33	\$ 28.67
73A 73L 73L 73E	Bureau of Maps and Plats: 73 Salaries. 73 Salaries. 73 For installation and maintenance of Sanborn Atlases. 73 For all other expenses of operation and administration. 733 For all other expenses of Division of Sanson.	\$ 42,120.00 650.00 1,280.00	\$ 42,106.03 555.25 1,114.42		\$ 42,106.03 555.25 1,114.42	\$ 13.97 94.75 165.58
-	done for the Commission on Local Industries.	6,504.19	6,504.19		6,504.19	
	Totals	\$ 50,554.19	\$ 50,279.89		\$ 50,279.89	\$ 274.30

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

TABLE No. 1-Continued

		н	EXPENDITURES	83	Unexpended
	Appropriation	Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Balance
BUREAU OF ARCHITECTURE: 74A Salaries. 748 For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 7,474.37 500.00		\$ 7,474.37	\$ 25.63
Totals	\$ 8,000.00	\$ 7,974.37		\$ 7,974.37	\$ 25.63
BUREAU OF CITY HALL: 75A Salaries and wages 75B Personal services 75C Material and supplies 75D Machinery and vehicles 75D Machinery and vehicles 75E Repairs by contract or open order 75F Fuel, light and power 75F Fuel, light and power 75F Fuel, light and factures 75F Fuel, light and order impersonal services 75F 75F Telephone and other impersonal services 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F 75F	\$213,486.00 22,000.00 290.00 13,300.00 51,900.00 3,500.00 22,200.00 15,000.00	\$211,436.17 75.71 21,993.97 875.81 12,466.32 40,045.31 2,813.63 2,813.63 2,813.63 147.97 21,968.76		\$211,436.17 755.71 21,993.97 876.81 12,466.32 40,046.31 2,813.63 147.97 21,968.76 14,875.37	\$ 2,049.83 44.29 6.03 74.19 833.68 11.854.69 686.37 2.03 2.31.24 124.63
Totals	\$343,286.00	\$327,379.02		\$327,379.02	\$ 15,906.98
BUREAU OF PARKS, PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS and BATHING BEACHES: Administration:					
76A Salaries.	\$ 15,360.00	\$ 14,610.70		\$ 14,610.70	\$ 749.30
Forestry: 76A10 Salaries and wages.	13,040.00	13,009.56		13,009.56	30.44
Bathing Beaches and Pools: 76A21 Salaries and wages	75,422.50	71,858.47		71,858.47	3,564.03
Extra Life Guards for Unprotected Street Ends: 76A22 Salaries and wages. 76B Personal service. 76B Material and supplies. 76B Repairs by contract or open order. 76F Real light and power. 76F Furniture and fixtures. 76H Printing, stationery and office supplies. 76H Printing, attainery and office supplies. 76H Printing, office supplies. 76H Printing, stationery and carts.	9,040,00 12,000,00 1,700,00 7,000,00 3,000,00 1,500,00 1,500,00 1,500,00 1,000,00 6,000,00	8,294,43 12,024,47 11,651,13 1,651,13 6,449,59 87,86,08 1,445,68 21,15 21,15 8,320,28		8,294,43 26,57 12,094,47 1,651,13 6,449,59 8,786,08 1,445,68 21,15 21,15 32,00 5,320,29	745.57 73.43 565.53 48.87 550.41 13.92 21.70 54.32 78.85 168.00 670.72

TABLE No. 1-Continued

		Appropriation	E	EXPENDITURES		Unexpended
			Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Вајапсе
BUREAU OF WASTE Administration: 77 A Salari 77 S For al	VASTE DISPOSAL Blarice For all other expenses of operation and administration	\$ 8,680.00 1,590.00	\$ 8,666.26 1,587.36		\$ 8,666.26 1,587.36	\$ 13.74
	Totals	\$ 10,270.00	\$ 10,253.62		\$ 10,253.62	\$ 16.38
Municipal Reduction 77.41 Salaries 77.01 Materia 77. El Repairs 77. Fl Repairs 77. Kl Hire of 77. Kl Imperso	eduction Plant: Salaries and wages Material and supplies: Repairs by contract or open order. Fuel, light and power. Hire of teams, horses and carts. Impersonal services.	\$310,640.00 67,400.00 36,300.00 113,825.00 4,625.00 16,185.00	\$310,344.77 67,315.82 36,299.85 113,745.95 4,613.50 16,184.72		\$310,344.77 67,315.82 36,299.85 113,745.95 4,613.50 16,184.72	\$ 295.23 84.18 84.16 79.05 11.50
	Totals.	\$548,975.00	\$548,504.61		\$548,504.61	\$ 470.39
Bridewell Incinerator 77 A4 Salarie 77 B4 Reimb 77 F4 Fuel, I 77 S4 For all	inerator: Salaries and wages Bainteen to House of Correction for labor Reimbursement to House of Correction for labor Fuel, light and power. For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 7,140.00 1,975.00 7,850.00 910.00	\$ 7,140.00 1,975.00 7,723.68 873.31		\$ 7,140.00 1,975.00 7,723.68 873.31	126.32
	Totals	\$ 17,875.00	\$ 17,711.99		\$ 17,711.99	\$ 163.01
Waste Dispos 477 X30 477 X93	Waste Disposal Building and Equipment Bond Funds: 477 X30 For the completion and rehabilitation program as approved by the City Council, June 17, 1918. 477 X93 For the completion of the Municipal Garbage Reduction Plant, 95th Street Incinerator.	\$141,178.33		\$105,906.04	\$105,906.04	\$ 35,272.29
		\$142,901.26		\$105,906.04	\$105,906.04	\$ 36,995.22
Municipal Reduction 477 X91 Conder	duction Plant Bond Funds: Condensers, Percolators, Evaporators, etc	\$ 12,123.30		\$ 2,960.00	\$ 2,960.00	\$ 9,163.30
		\$ 12,123.30	***************************************	\$ 2,960.00	\$ 2,960.00	\$ 9,163.30
95th Street Ir 477 X92	95th Street Incinerator Bond Funds: 477 X62 New Boiler	\$ 4,416.00			***************************************	\$ 4,416.00
	Totals	\$ 4,416.00		************	***********	\$ 4,416.00
	Total Bureau of Waste Disposal.	\$736,560.56	\$576,470.22	\$108,866.04	\$685,336.26	\$ 51,224.30

BUREAU OF A	BUREAU OF MUNICIPAL PIER:					
788 A 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Salaries—Administration. Salaries and wages—Operation Balaries and wages—Operation Personal services. Material and supplies. Repairs by contract or open order. Fuel, light and power. Furniture and fixtures. Frinting, stationery and office supplies. Impersonal service. For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 8,280.00 27,513.00 29,545.00 7,000.00 9,500.00 9,500.00 200.00 1,000.00 1,000.00	\$ 8,177.23 27,164.46 29,472.56 6,390.57 9,285.58 9,490.85 120.78 14,99 14,99 1,000.00		\$ 8,177.23 27,164.46 29,472.56 6,390.57 9,285.58 9,490.85 120.78 120.78 14,99 14,99 1,000.00	\$ 102.77 348,54 72.44 72.44 609,43 14.42 115 463.55 792.22 792.22 5.01
	Total.	\$ 97,765.00	\$ 96,059.29		\$ 96,059.29	\$ 1,705.71
Harbor Cons 478 X2 478 X3 478 X4 478 X4	Harbor Construction—Bond Funds: 478 X2 For installation of freight elevators and balance due on contract liabilities 478 X3 For construction of sheet piling jetties for shore protection between 75th and 79th streets 478 X4 For shore protection at 51st St. Based and East End Park 478 X6 For such other construction as may be ordered by the City	\$ 12,621.00 67,248.02 25,000.00 137,483.65		\$ 12,273.90 56,582.60 19,592.22 35,177.50	\$ 12,273.90 56,582.60 19,592.22 35,177.50	\$ 347.10 10,665.42 5,407.78 102,306.15
	Council.	\$242,352.67		\$123,626.22	\$123,626.22	\$118,726.45
	Total, Bureau of Municipal Pier	\$340,117.67	\$ 96,059.29	\$123,626.22	\$219,685.51	\$120,432.16
BUREAU OF STREETS:	TREETS:					
Superintendent's Office: 81 A Salaries. 81 H Printing, 81 J1 For main 81 L Impersor 81 L Impersor 81 S1 For all of	nt's Office: Salaries Salaries Printing, stationery and office supplies For maintenance of Supt's, personally owned automobiles For maintenance of Auto of 1st Assistant Supt, of Streets Impresent. For all other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 58,340.00 7,400.00 2,600.00 780.00 250.00 1,760.00	\$ 56,289.43 7,175.57 2,598.75 759.00 1,727.28		\$ 56,289.43 7,175.59 2,598.75 759.00 1,727.28	\$ 2,050.57 224.43 21.25 21.00 250.00 32.72
	Total	\$ 71,130.00	\$ 68,550.03		\$ 68,550.03	\$ 2,579.97
Public Utility I 81 A30 81 A31	Inspection: Salaries and wages. Salaries and wages (track elevation)	\$ 67,500.00	\$ 67,500.00		\$ 67,500.00 5,000.00	
	Totals	\$ 72,500.00	\$ 72,500.00		\$ 72,500.00	
	Carried forward					
-						

TABLE No. 1—Continued

			EXPENDITURES	RES	Unexpended
	Appropriation	Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Balance
BUREAU OF STREETS—Continued: Brought Forward	\$140,162.50	\$133,498.13		\$133,498.13	\$ 6,6647.373
Field Supervision: 81 A10 Salaries of Superintendents of wards, dumps, garbage collection, their foremen and clerks. 81 J10 Maintenance of Autos of Ward Superintendents.	\$175,020.00 25,040.00	\$170,474.15 24,487.63		\$170,474.15 24,487.63	\$ 4,545.85
Total	\$200,060.00	\$194,961.78		\$194,961.78	\$ 5,098.22
Cleaning of Streets and Alleys, Removal of Snow, Street Sweepings, Collection and Removal of Garbage, Ashes and Miscellaneous Waste: 81 L11 Telephone service. 81 L50 Removal of garbage by bosts—under contract. 81 L51 Removal of street sweepings—contract with I. C. R. R. Co. 81 L52 Maintenance of street signs. 81 S For eleaning of street signs.	\$ 3,500.00 43,000.00 6,200.00 11,000.00	\$ 3,248.52 37,672.00 5,600.50 3,985.37		\$ 3.248.52 37.672.00 5.600.50 3,985.37	\$ 251.48 5,328.00 599.50 7,014.63
Pur	3,598,900.00	3,598,524.50 888.03		3,598,524.50	375.50 1,111.97
82 C11 Material and supplies. 85 S41 For enabling the Commissioner's to carry out provisions of Section 25 D For purchase of new equipment.	9,500.00 1,000.00 43,000.00	9,499.58		9,499.58	1,000.00 2,500.00
Total	\$3,718,100.00	\$3,699,918.50		\$3,699,918.50	\$ 18,181.50
Waste Disposal Building and Equipment Bond Fund: 481 X50 For the purchase of land for dumps, loading stations and incinerators and for the construction of loading stations, incinerators and accessories as may be ordered by the City Council.	\$262,793.85				\$262,793.85
Total	\$262,793.85				\$262,993.85
Street or Alley Improvement or Repairs (To be paid from Vehicle Tax License) Administration and Superintendence: 280 Al Salaries and Wages. 280 H Printing stationery and office supplies. 280 J Rasenger transportation.	\$30,420.00 1,000.00 1,000.00	\$ 26,311.23 935,62 997.00		\$ 26,311,23 935,62 997,00	\$ 4,108.77 64.38 3.00
Carried forward	\$140,162.50	\$133,498.13		\$133,498.13	\$ 6,664.

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

BUREAU OF S	BUREAU OF STREETS-Continued:			_		_
280 J1 280 D 280 S41 280 S40 280 S40	Compensation for use of personally owned autos of 3rd Ass't Supt. of Sts., General Asphalt Foreman, etc. Machinery and vehicles (other than saphalt plant). For all other expenses of operation and administration. Maintenance of equipment. For repairing permanent pavements and oiling, screening, and repairing macedam pavements, including labor, the hire of	3,326.00 11,280.00 1,800.00 70,000.00	3,321.95 10,280.00 1,702.35 67,911.65		3,321.95 10,280.00 1,702.35 67,911.65	4.05 1,000.00 97.65 2,088.35
280 W	teams, horses and carts, repairs or replacements by contract or open order, material for repairs or replacements, purchase of equipment, etc. Additional eapiral expended under direction of the Committee Commissioner.	820,394.00	815,706.02		815,706.02	4,687.98
	Total	\$974,220.00	\$962,165.82		\$962,165.82	\$ 12,054.18
	Total Bureau of Streets	\$5,298,803.85	\$4,998,096.13		\$4,998,096.13	\$300,707.72
BUREAU OF SEWERS: Superintendence 90 A Salaries 90 C Materia 90 H Printing 90 J Passeng	SEWERS: Salaries Salaries Afaterial and supplies Printing, stationery and office supplies Passenger transportation. All other expenses of operation and administration.	\$ 26,140.00 10,000.00 1,003.50 2,846.50 8,500.00	\$ 26,089,28 9,934,20 1,002,75 2,835,56 8,009,72		\$ 26,089.28 9,934.20 1,002.75 2,835.56 8,009.72	50.72 65.80 .75 10.94 490.28
The state of the s	Total	\$ 48,490.00	\$ 47,871.51		\$ 47,871.51	\$ 618.49
House Drains 90 A10	Salaries	\$ 42,774.00	\$ 42,773.56		\$ 42,723.56	50.44
	Total	\$ 42,774.00	\$ 42,723.56		\$ 42,723.56	\$ 50.44
Repairing Sew 90 A30 90 C30 90 K30	Repairing Sewers: 90 A30 Salaries and wages 90 C30 Covers, lids and material for manholes and catch basins (\$12,000 reimbursed from vehicle tax) 90 K30 Hire of teams, horses and carts.	\$ 53,900.00 20,000.00 18,283.00	\$ 53,845.58 19,686.30 17,095.00		\$ 53,845.58 19,686.30 17,095.00	\$ 54.42 313.70 1,188.00
	Total	\$ 92,183.00	\$ 90,626.88		\$ 90,626.88	\$ 1,556.12
290 C30	To reimburse Corporate purposes for expenditures made during 1919, account 90 C 30 for repairs for manhole covers, catch basins, etc.	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 16,000.00		\$ 16,000.00	
Transcotton	Total.	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 16,000.00		\$ 16,000.00	
90 A31 90 A32	Mason inspection. Inspection and other services.	\$ 8,880.00 4,500.00	\$ 8,730.00 3,826.83		\$ 8,730.00 3,826.83	\$ 150.00 673.17
	Total.	\$ 13,380.00	\$ 12,556.83		\$ 12,556.83	\$ 823.17
-	Carried forward					

TABLE No. 1-Continued

				EXPENDITURES	22	Unexpended
		Appropriation	Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Balance
BUREAU OF SEWER	SEWERS-Continued. Brought forward					
Cleaning Sew 90 A40 90 A41	Cleaning Sewers: 90 A40 Salaries 90 A41 Salaries and wages of assistant foreman, laborers and motor truck	\$ 15,960.00	\$ 15,960.00		\$ 15,960.00	
90 K40 90 D40 90 F40	drivers. Hire of teams, horses and carts. Purchase of tractors and trucks. Fuel light and power.	186,460.00 48,000.00 4,757.00 6,300.00	186,021.04 47,889.75 42.57 5,593.85		186,021.04 47,889.75 42.57 5,593.85	438.96 110.25 4,714.43 706.15
	Total	\$261,477.00	\$255,507.21		\$255,507.21	\$ 5,969.79
90 E50	Restoration of streets by contract or open order	\$ 11,100.00	\$ 11,093.98		11,093.98	\$ 6.02
	Total.	\$ 11,100.00	\$ 11,093.98		\$ 11,093.98	\$ 6.02
Construction and Bett 90 S50 Sewer 90 S51 Bettern	and Betterments: Sever reconstruction and repairs, including sever outfalls, new catch basins and connecting severs. Betterment of sever yards, such as roads, walks, trees, etc.	\$ 6,000.00	\$ 5,098.00		\$ 5,098.00	\$ 902.00 5.55
	Total.	\$ 6,200.00	\$ 5,292.45		\$ 5,292.45	\$ 907.55
90 852	Surveys and bench monuments	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 942.57		\$ 942.57	57.43
	Total Bureau of sewers.	\$492,604.00	\$482,614.99		\$482,614.99	\$ 9,989.01
BUREAU OF I	BUREAU OF ENGINEERING:					
Division of B 91 A1 91 A5 91 J 91 E1 91 E	Division of Bridges and Viaducts Superintendence: 91.45 Salaries—office 91.45 Salaries, examination, inspection, maintenance and repair 91.4 Maintenance of autos personally owned 91.C1 Signals for bridges 91.E Repairs by confract, or open order 92.E For maintenance and renewal of bridges	\$ 11,360,00 19,440,00 1,200,00 2,500,00	\$ 11,253.83 17,995.38 1,113.30 37.00 249,157.46		\$ 11,253.83 17,995.38 1,113.30 37.00 249,157.46	\$ 106.17 1,444.62 86.70 2,463.00 842.54
91 E2 91 S	(to be reimbursed from vehicle tax fund). For painting of bridges For all other expenses of operation and administration.	50,000.00 25,000.00 5,800.00	49,952.33 24,999.01 4,871.62		49,952.33 24,999.01 4,871.62	47.67
	Totals	\$ 365,300.00	\$ 359,379.93		\$ 359,379.93	\$ 5,920.07

201 E	291 E To reimburse Corporate purposes funds for expenditures made during 1919 for repairs by contract or open order (for main-tenance and renewals of bridge and vaduot pavements)	8 50,000.00	8 50,000.00		8 50,000.00	
	Totals	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00		\$ 50,000.00	
ruetion	Construction of New Bridges, to be paid for out of the proceeds of the sale of Bridge Bonds:					
	For surveys and investigations. For paving approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Roams Street Bridge. For navious of 90nd Street Bridge.	2,500.00 17,500.00 50,000.00		\$ 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99	\$ 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99	\$ 148.07 49,119.01
		1,230,000.00		220,145.33	220,145.33	1,009,854.67
		830,000,00 830,000,00 1,000,00 1,000,00 1,000,00		148.08 61,383.37 26,517.11 8.51	61,383.37 26,517.11 8.51	868,616.63 3,482.89 991.49
19999999 19888888 198888888		284.500.00 28.500.00 740.000.00 75.000.00 1.000.00		2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,286.00	2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,286.00	268,260,00 276,29 276,29 276,29 276,29 2714,00 2714,00
	10 7 0 102	1,000.00 1,000.00 1,437,000.00 170,000.00		17.24 239,393.07 55,281.04 14,614.86	17.34 239,393.07 55,281.04 14,614.85	1,197,606,93 1,197,606,93 10,000,00 114,718,96
	Monroe Street Bridge	\$5,284,500.00		\$1,273,364.19	\$1,273,364.19	2,669.52 84,011,135.81
Street 1 91 X10	12th Street Visduct Bond Funds: 401 X100 For visduct on east and west 12th street from Canal street to Wabsah ave., including engineering inspection and incidentals	\$ 1,200,000.00		\$ 632,821.24	\$ 632,821.24	567,178.76
	Total Ruram of Engineering	\$ 1,200,000.00	£ 400 870 03	\$ 632,821.20 \$1 006 185 43	\$ 632,821.24 \$2.215.565.26	\$ 567,178.76 \$4 584 234 64

TABLE No. 1-Continued

			EXP	EXPENDITURES		Unexpended
		Appropriation	Ordinary	Extraordinary	Total	Balance
BUREAU OF RIVERS	ERS AND HARBORS:					
Harbor Master: 92.A1 92.A2 92.A3 92.C3 92.C5 NA 92.C7 92.C7 Pra 92.F7 92.C7 70.C3 92.C7 93.C7 94.C7 95.C7 95.C7	Salaries—office. Salaries—office. Salaries—bridgetenders, ferrymen and junior clerk Material and supplies. Printing stationery and office supplies. Prasenger transportation. Fuel light and power. Telephone service.	\$ 13,668.68 35,981.31 35,981.31 3,400.00 1,400.00 1,50.00 5,50.00 8,500.00 2,050.00 50.00	\$ 13,668,69 35,949,23 32,803,19 1,380,53 1,381,10 496,47 2,017,18 2,017,18		\$ 13.668.69 35.949.23 362.803.19 15.380.53 1.380.53 138.10 49.6.10 8.49.75 2,017.18 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.0	\$ 32.08 96.81 11.90 53.53 25.50 25.50 22.50 22.25 8.28 8.00 21.40
To	Total Bureau River and Harbors.	\$ 431,110.00	\$ 430,817.71		\$ 430,817.71	\$ 292.29
PPROPRIATION POSES NOTED	APPROPRIATION AND EXPENDITURES OF BOND FUNDS FOR PURPOSES NOTED BELOW:					
474 X1 Fo 474 X2 Co 474 X10 Fo	For construction and equipment of Contagious Diseases Hospital Construction and equipment of Contagious Disease Hospital as may be ordered by the City Council. For the purpose of renting or acquiring premises or sites and constructing and equipping Public Comfort stations as may be ordered by the City Council.	\$ 189,597.19 78,115.84 142,161.09		\$ 152,711.08	\$ 152,711.08	\$ 36,886.11 78,115.84 138,212.36
To	Total	\$ 409.874.12		\$ 156,659.81	\$ 156,659.81	\$ 253,214.31
To	Total Corporate Funds.	\$ 15,828,912.76	\$ 8,032,651.86		2,407,704.25 \$ 10,440,356.11 \$	\$ 5,388,556.65

TABLE No. 2 Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Streets for the Year 1919

General Superintendence:		
Office salaries and expenses	68,550.03	
foremen and clerks	170,474.15	
Maintenance of personally owned autos of ward superintendents	24,487.68	\$263,511.81
Street and Public Utility Inspection	••••••	. 72,500,00
Cleaning streets and alleys, removal of snow, collection and removal of garbage, sales and miscellaneous refuse, repair of unimproved streets and sidewalks and purchase of new equipment		3,699,918.50
Street or Alley Repairs Paid from Vehicle Tax Funds:		
Salaries	26,811.23	
Expenses. Machinery and vehicles	6,956.92 10,280.00	
Maintenance of equipment	67,911.65	
Repairing pavements, including ciling and screening macadam streets Addition to Capital account.	815,706.02 35,000.00	962,165.82
Total	-	\$4,998,096.13

TABLE No. 3
Detailed Statement of Ward Expenditures of Bureau of Streets for the Year 1919

Total		\$ 430,617.04 98.344.64 91.354.64 68.610.47 66.702.71 78.910.46 46.910.46 69.92.23 65.421.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 55.431.07 56.931.78 101.327 77.0037 102.331.33 103.331 103.337 103.331 103.337 103.331 103.337 103.331 103.331 104.431 104.338.90 107.438.90 107.438.90 107.438.90 107.438.90 107.438.90 107.903.80	\$33,845.30 \$ 88,442.39 \$3,427,610.85
Snow	Removal	\$ 54,092.26 600.00 938.15 344.80 575.71 201.83 386.05 433.05 11,126.33 11,12	\$ 88,442.39
Material	Tools	\$10,303.11 545.04 764.77 566.05 707.17 707.17 461.02 845.05 1,079.11 1,079.	
Streets,	Ditching	14.80 160.25 395.50	\$ 570.55
Repairing Unimproved Streets, Sidewalks and Miscellaneous Street Work	Hire of Teams, Carts and Trucks	\$ 650.00 24.00 9.00 8.85.00 8.86.00 160.00 209.00 12.00 50.00 1.301.75 902.00 716.00	\$ 5,434.25
Repairing Sidewalk	Salaries and Wages	\$ 992.00 15.00 28.80 28.80 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65	\$ 5,415.70
Removal of Garbage	Hire of Teams, Carts and Trucks	\$ 4,906.00 4,273.00 4,273.00 7,029.00 7,029.00 7,029.00 11,566.50 7,125.00 7,125.00 11,566.50 11,666.50 11	\$ 288,553.50
Removal	Salaries and Wages		\$103,699.01
pur	Paper Burning	2782.80 2768.280 1,130.360 1,583.91 139.93 531.624 5,678.94 5,678.95 1,618.97 1,619.75 1,226.33 1,226.53 1,226.	\$ 52,681.41
Removal of Ashes and Rubbish	Hire of Teams, Carts and Trucks	\$ 36,284.00 38,799.83 38,799.83 38,799.83 39,799.83 39,799.83 39,799.83 39,799.83 39,899.90 39,899.80	18182,132.21 \$1,278,369.80 \$ 52,681.41 \$103,699.01
Rem	Salaries and Wages	6 7 7 009 68 8 7 7 009 68 8 7 1 009 68 8 7 1 009 68 8 8 7 1 009 68 8 8 7 1 009 68 8 8 7 1 009 68 8 8 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$182,132.21
lleys	Flushing and Alley Cleaning	\$22.467.55 2.899.17 1,134.09 1,1353.98 947.90 585.63 1,070.25 4,590.37 4,590.37 4,590.38 4,590.38 1,217.87 1,21	\$72,987.56
Cleaning Streets and Alleys	Hire of Teams, Carts and Trucks	\$ 52,566.58 \$ 4,226.09 \$ 4,221.50 \$ 3,685.00 \$ 5,695.50 \$ 5,6	\$ 232,719.48
Cleaning	Salaries and Wages	834484	\$1,082,759.69 \$ 232,719.48 \$72,987.56
I	War	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	1

	TABLE No.	. 4	
Statement o	f Expenditures of For the Year	Bureau of 1919	Sewers

General Superintendence: Salaries and Expenses		\$ 47,871.51
House Drains: Salaries		42,723.56
Repairing Sewers: Salaries and Wages. Hire of Teams, Horses and Carts. Covers and lids for manholes and catch basins, \$12,000.00 reimbursed from vehicle tax funds. Reimbursing Corporate Funds.	\$ 53,845.58 17,095.00 19,686.30	90,626.88 16,000.00
Mason Inspection		12,556.83
Salaries and Wages. Hire of Teams, Horses and Carts. Expenses.	201,981.04 47,889.75 5,636.42	255,507.21
Restoration of Streets—By Deposit		11,093.98
Construction and Betterments		5,292.45
Surveys and Bench Monuments		942.57
TABLE No. 5 Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Parks, Publ and Bathing Beaches for the Year 19	ic Playgrounde	\$ 482,614.99
Superintendence:		
Salaries		\$ 14,610.70
Forestry: Salaries and Wages		13,009.56
Bathing Beaches and Pools: Salaries and Wages		71,858.47
Extra Life Guard Service: Salaries and Wages. Material and Supplies. Repairs.	\$ 12,084.47 6,449.59	8,294.43 ·
Fuel, Light and Power	3,186.08 9,375.11	31,045.2 5
Construction and Betterment—Beaches and Natatoriums		6,342.91
Division of Playgrounds: Salaries and Wages. Material and Supplies. Repairs. Fuel, Light and Power. All Other Expenses of Operation.	355,063.96 44,013.26 16,086.32 5,298.47 15,071.44	
Construction and Detterments	50,586.81	486,120.26
Bathing Beach Bond Funds: For Alterations and General Improvements at various Beaches		55,437.03
Total		\$ 686,718.61

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TABLE No. 6 Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Waste Disposal For the Year 1919

Superintendences		
Superintendence: Salarice and Expenses		\$ 10,253.62
·		
Municipal Reduction Plant:		
Salaries and Wages, Hire of Teams, Horses and Carts	\$314,958.27 26,200.95	
Repairs. Fuel, Light and Power	36,299.85 113,745.95	
Material, Supplies and all other Expenses of Operation	83,500.54	548,504.61
The Later of the L		
Bridewell Incinerator:	9.115.00	•
Salaries and Wages Fuel, Light and Power	7.723.68	
All other Expenses of Operation	873.31	17,711.99
Waste Disposal Building and Equipment Bond Fund For the Completion of Program Approved by the City Council		105,906,04
rot and completion of riogram represent by the city commit		100,000.01
Municipal Reduction Plant Bond Funds:		
Condensors, Percolators, Evaporators, etc		2,960.00
Total		\$ 685,236,26
4.000		• 000,000
TABLE No. 7		
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl	neering	
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919	neering	
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence:	neering	e 11 963 83
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919	incoring	\$ 11, 2 53.83
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries.	incering	\$ 11,253.8 3
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs:	-	\$ 11,253.83
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries.	\$ 17.995.38	\$ 11,253.83
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Renairs.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01	\$ 11,253.83
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repairs and Renewals of Payements.	8 17,995,38 249,157,46 24,999,01 49,952,33	
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01	\$ 11,253.83 348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation.	8 17,995,38 249,157,46 24,999,01 49,952,33	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repairs and Renewals of Payements.	8 17,995,38 249,157,46 24,999,01 49,952,33	
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures.	8 17,995,38 249,157,46 24,999,01 49,952,33	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engli Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations.	8 17,995,38 249,157,46 24,999,01 49,852,33 6,021,92	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engli Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engli Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engli Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,852.33 6,021.92 2.351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 249,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351,93 17,500.00 880,99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,617.11	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engli Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,617.11	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,617.11 8,51 2,130.98	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,852.33 6,021,92 2.351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 8.51 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Kimball Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,286.00	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Kimball Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,852.33 6,021.92 2.351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,266.00	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. La weence Avenue Bridge. Lawence Avenue Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Kimball Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351,93 17,500.00 880,99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,617.11 8,51 2,130,98 57,633.71 471,740.49 43,296.00 17,24 239,393,07	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Lat Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. Lawence Avenue Bridge. Lawence Avenue Bridge. Lawence Avenue Bridge. Frankin-Orleans Street Bridge. Lawence Avenue Bridge. Kimball Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 8,51 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,268.00 43,268.00 14,614.85	348,126.10 50,000.00
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Approaches to South California Avenue Bridge. Madison Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. 106th Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. Franklin-Orleans Street Bridge. Kimball Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Addison Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.48 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021.92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 20,145.33 21,130.98 57,032.71 471,740.49 43,236.00 17.24 239,393.07 55,281.04	348,126.10
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge. Addison Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 8,51 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,268.00 43,268.00 14,614.85	348,126.10 50,000.00
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Salaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. La Salle Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge. Addison Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge. Monroe Street Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 8,51 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,268.00 43,268.00 14,614.85	348,126.10 50,000.00
Statement of Expenditures of Bureau of Engl Corporate Fund for the Year 1919 Superintendence: Office Salaries. Bridges and Viaducts—For examination, inspection, maintenance and repairs: Balaries. Repairs. Painting. Repair and Renewals of Pavements. All Other Expenses of Operation. To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Expenditures. Construction from Proceeds of Sale of Bridge Bonds: For Surveys and Investigations. Approaches to Belmont Avenue Bridge. Adams Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. 12th Street Bridge. Clark Street Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Lawrence Avenue Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. Wells Street Bridge. Van Buren Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge. Addison Street Bridge. South Lawndale Avenue Bridge.	\$ 17,995.38 249,157.46 24,999.01 49,952.33 6,021,92 2,351.93 17,500.00 880.99 220,145.33 149.09 61,383.37 26,517.11 8,51 2,130.98 57,623.71 471,740.49 43,268.00 43,268.00 14,614.85	348,126.10 50,000.00 1,273,364.19

TABLE No. 8

Statement of Corporate Fund Revenue of Department of Public Works For the Year 1919

DINARY ACCOUNTS:		
Commissioner's Office:		
House Drain Layers' Licenses	8	1,84
Bureau of Compensation:		
Bridges over Streets and Alleys	1 240 05	
Bulkheads, Platforms, etc.	1,349.95 2,456.70	
Canonica	1.213.89	
Soales Sub-aidewalk and Alley Space Switch Tracks Use of Streets, Alleys and Docks Vacation of Streets and Alleys 1	275.00	
Switch Tracks	6,427.20 12,786.65	
Use of Streets, Alleys and Docks	4,203.33 00,265.35	
Vacation of Streets and Alleys	00,265.35	
Miscellaneous	1,002.25 23,185.29	
Sub-sidewalk Permits.	2,588.00	
Sub-sidewalk Permits	3,816.60	159,52
Bureau of Maps and Plats:		
Fees for Legal Descriptions		105
		1,05
Bureau of City Hall:		
Sale of Old Material		52
Bureau of Parks, Public:		
Clarendon Beach admissions	20,258,25	
51st Street Beach admissions	5,110.47	
51st Street Beach admissions. 76th Street Beach admissions. Rogers Park Beach admissions. Reimbursements of Current Expense.	7,645.65 157.20	
Reimbursements of Current Expense	81.28	
Sale of Farm Products	88.38	
Sale of Old Material	20.01	
Miscellaneous	14.50	33,37
Bureau of Waste Disposal:		
Reimbursements of Current Expenses.	8.63 04,831.73	
Garbage Grease. 2	0 5,347.94	
Tankage 1 Rags, Tin Cans, etc 1 Miscellaneous	11,406.48	
Miscellaneous	709.48	322,30
Municipal Pier:		
Docking Permits	6,054.99	
Leases. Reimbursements of Current Expense.	78,604.55	
Sale of Old Material.	7,774.94 50.00	
Miscellaneous	72.45	92,55
Dunnan of Streets.		
Bureau of Streets: Cement Walk Permits	2,475.00	
House Moving Permits Use of Streets from Special Deposits	1,272.00	
Use of Streets from Special Deposits	4,150.00	
Cleaning Right of Way of Traction Companies 2	10.00 69,250.80	
Public Utility Inspections.	61,510.50	
Rent of Garbage Boxes. Cleaning Right of Way of Traction Companies. 3 Public Utility Inspections. Sale of Old Material. Reimbursements of Current Expense.	718.40	
Reimbursements of Current Expense	16.50	439,40
Bureau of Sewers:		
Mouse Drain Permits	23,886.90	
Public Hillity Inspection	1,245.00 3,526.83	
House Drain Permits. Mason and Junction Setters Permits. Public Utility Inspection. Reimbursement of Current Expense.	300.00	
Sale of Uld Material	416.51	
Miscellaneous	2.20	29,37
Bureau of Engineering:		
Reimbursement of Current Expense	2.88	
Bridges and Viaducts	13,553.26 30.52	13,58
		20,00
Bureau of Rivers and Harbors:	4 024 60	
Harbor Permits Maintenance of Bridges and Viaducts	4,934.62 7,880.39	12,81
		,_,
South Chicago Municipal Market: Rant of Space		4,03
AVERT UL EXPROD		2,00

Totals....

\$1,110,404.05

TABLE No. 9 Statement of Appropriations and Expenditures for the Year 1919—Water Fund Accounts

Unexpended	Balancec		814.14 2,459.65 2,500.00	5,773.79		737.59	35.00	7,244.75 193.33 28.17	41,749.80	311,04	6,954.04	3,824.721	61,778.89
_			\$ 25.00 \$ 500	.21	-	42	00.	.67	50	96	980	29	11
	Totals		\$ 185,86 2,540.35 7,500.00	\$ 10,226.21		3,762.41	265.00	22,755.25 3,067.67 7,971.83	758,250.20	5,368.96	25,945.96	17,495.29	\$1,360,782.11
EXPENDITURES	Extraordinary Accounts							341.24				17,495.29	\$ 17,836.53
E	Ordinary Accounts		\$ 185.86 2,540.35 7,500.00	\$ 10,226.21		\$ 3,762.41	265.00	22,755.25 3,067.67 7,630.59	758,250.20	5,368.96	25,945.96 500,000,00		\$1,342,945.58
	Appropriation		1,000.00 5,000.00 10,000.00	\$ 16,000.00		4,500.00	00.009	30,000.00 3,261.00 8,000.00	800,000,00	5,680.00	32,900.00	21,320.00	\$1,422,561.00
		DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE—Interest:	Interest on Judgments Interest on Water Pipe Extension Certificates Interest on Water Certificates	Total Interest—Water	Department of Finance-Miscellaneous:	For payment of salaries of employes, absent on military leave when ordered reinstated by the City Council.	Fremium on Fidelity and City Employees Bonds. Fremium on Fidelity and City Employees Bonds. Water Fund from Unclaimed Wages Account, Suspense	account, and returning uppears payments and payments account, and returning uppears to Claims under Workmons Compensation Act. Rents. Real Estate and Buildings (Bureau of Engineering) Taxes and Special Assessments on Water Fund Property	expendences corporate rurposes rund for the percentage of expendentures in various departments having an expense common to both Corporate and Water Funds	purposes, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on Finance. For payment of Judgments For payment of Water Pipe Extension Certificates and the	redemption of such other Water Certificates as shall be ordered paid by the City Council. For payment of Water Certificates due July 1, 1919. For programment of On our captured of Second 1 Accounts	for water supply pipes and water service pipes	Total-Miscellaneous
		PARTMENT	121 P2 121 P4 121 P5		Department o	122 A2	122 L0 122 M1	122 M4 122 R 122 R1	122 S3	122 V 122 V1	122 V2 122 V3		

14,318.79	\$ 14,318.79	\$ 1,673.82 428.00 442.86 .67 .68	\$ 2,503.44	236.43 374.30	\$ 610.72	\$ 123.47 87.06 87.06 138.53 69.93 25.78	\$ 1,881.72	\$ 332.75 332.75 1,534.06 332.00 1,837.77 1,837.77 5,101.85 1,89.18 2,93.31 87.00 87.00 175.00 200.00	\$ 10,490.14
1,500.00	17,201.22	45,186.68 72.00 1,767.14 390.38 4,941.41	\$ 52,356.56	\$ 960.00 843.58 875.70	\$ 2,179.28	21,783.28 11,632.18 11,632.18 7,703.06 6,218.96 9,098.51 8,424.67	8 81,822.39	2 287.12 2 287.45 2 287.45 2 287.45 2 30.22 2 30.22 2 30.22 2 45.00 644.50	41,022.21
15,701.23	8 15,701.22	832.73	\$ 332.78						
1,500.00	1,500.00	45.186.68 72.00 1,757.14 396.33 4,608.68	62,023.83	960.00 843.58 375.70	2,179.28	21,783,28 21,661,78 21,661,78 7,703,06 6,218,96 9,098,51	81,822.39	2,297.15 2,297.45 2,297.45 2,697.45 2,697.23 2,6	41,022.21
1,500.00	31,520.01	46,760.00 2,200.00 4,00.00 5,000.00	\$ 54,860.00	1,080.00	\$ 2,790.00	21,906.75 22,472.60 11,720.09 7,841.59 6,288.89 9,124.29 4,350 00	83,704.11	25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00 25.00.00	\$ 51,512.85 \$
BOARD OF LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS: 180 A Junior Clerk to handle refund vouchers for laying water supply pipe 160 R Public Benefits including interest (Water Supply Pipes)	Totals	BUREAU OF ENGINEERING: City Engineer's Office: 1010 Al Salaries and Wages 1011 B. Personal services 101 H. Printing, stationery and office supplies 101 H. Printing, stationery and office supplies 101 B. For all other expenses of operation and administration 101 841 For priminary studies and preparation of plans and estimates for the extension of the water system.	Totals	Fullerton Avenue Pumping Station: 106 Bil Penonal services 106 Fil Puel light and power 106 Sil For all other expenses of operation and administration.	Totals	Sewage Pumping Stations—Salaries and Wages: 105 A12 Ninety-fifth Street. 106 A13 Stony Island Avenue. 106 A14 Kensington 106 A15 Pullman 106 A16 Hegwisch 106 A22 Rogers Park. 106 A22 Rogers Park. 106 A23 For one day relief in seven for Assistant Operating Engineers, Ollers and Firemen.	Totals	Sewage Pumping Stations—Miscellaneous: 105 A18 Laborers as required for cleaning suction wells 105 B10 Personal services Control of S10 Material and Supplies (Operation) 106 C12 Material and Supplies (Asintenance) 105 C10 Material and Supplies (Asintenance) 105 C10 Material and Supplies (Asintenance) 105 E10 Material and Supplies (Asintenance) 105 E10 Material and Supplies (Asintenance) 105 E10 Permitture and Fixtures 105 E10 Printing, stationery and office supplies 105 E10 Printing, stationery and Princks 105 E10 Printing, stationery and Chick Single Transportation 105 E10 Impersonal services 105 E10 Impersonal services 106 E11 Automobile services	Totals

TABLE No. 9—Continued

					H	EXPENDITURES	SS			
		Арры	Appropriation	V	Ordinary	Extraordinary Accounts		Totals	D	Unexpended Balances
BUREAU OF I Superintender 106 A1	BUREAU OF ENGINEERING: Superintendence of Pumping Stations and Cribs: 106 A1 Salaries and Wages	**	20,940.00	**	19,521.38	19,521.38	**	19,521.38	**	1,418.62
	Totals.	*	20,940.00	••	19,521.38		00	19,521.38	99	1,418.62
Pumping Stat 106 A11 106 A14 106 A14 106 A16 106 A16 106 A19 107 A23 106 A28	Pumping Stations—Salaries and Wages: 106 All Chicago Avenue. Chicago Avenue. 106 All Harrison Street. Twenty-second Street. 106 All Harrison Street. Twenty-second Street. 106 All Sixty-eighth Street. Sixty-eighth Street. 106 All Lake View. Central Park Avenue. 106 All Springfield Avenue. Springfield Avenue. 107 A23 Roseland. Roseland. 106 A24 Mayfair. Wayfair. 206 A25 For one day relief in seven for Assistant Engineer, ollers, firemen, water tenders and coal passers.	••	80,764.61 73,185.60 38,135.04 61,626.04 72,354.51 64,380.46 70,034.59 71,569.59 62,686.66 64,746.54	•	77,631,99 70,449,59 37,303,89 37,948,12 70,248,50 62,848,50 62,848,50 69,335,71 65,331,56 60,046,02 64,746,00			77,631.99 70,449.59 37,303.89 37,303.89 70,248.50 62,848.50 62,848.50 69,335.71 65,331.66 60,046.02 64,746.00	•	3,132.62 2,736.01 8,86.03 8,677.92 2,106.01 1,536.04 1,536.03 2,640.64 13,064.54
	Totals	50	689,698.57	00	653,031.26	653,031.26	99	653,031.26	00	36,667.31
Pumping State 106 Cl0 106 Cl0 106 Cl0 106 Cl1 106 Cl1 106 Cl1 106 Cl0 106 Cl0 106 Cl0 106 Cl0 106 J1 106 J1 106 L1 106 L1 106 L1 106 L1 106 L1 106 Cl	Ţ.	•	13,120,00 62,500.00 48,000.00 48,000.00 34,900.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00	•	12,537,74 55,800.20 47,801.32 13,844.9 13,844.9 13,844.9 13,64.62 19,176.48 10,64.05 2,206.60 2,206.60 2,206.60 2,206.60 2,206.60 2,206.60 2,206.60 3,627.52 2,1,906.72 7,280.82	25,261.46		12.527.74 55.900.20 47.861.32 47.861.32 247.941.22 799.596.81 1,064.05 2,206.60 4,639.20 4,639.20 3,627.52 7,380.82 7,380.82	**	592.26 6,339.88 16.45.51 8,241.97 32,058.78 82,672.52 235.95 193.40 1,626.48 8,063.28 6,719.18
	Totals	\$ 1,	477,513.00	**	\$ 1,477,513.00 \$ 1,288,967.95 \$		60	25,261.46 \$ 1,314,229.41	**	163,283,59

**
—Miscellaneous: Maintenance of tunnel plants and shafts.
90
Adalaries and wages Personal services Material and supplies Machinery and vehicles Repairs by contract or open order Furniture and fitting Printing, stationery and office supplies Printing stationery and benefits Impersonal services and benefits Machinery and benefits The service The service and benefits The service The service and benefits
Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant—For construction by city day labor of plant buildings, including power plant, equipment of buildings, connecting tunnels, fencing and improving of the grounds, including electrical feeder main to the Twenty-second Street Pumping Statton, including liabilities
and reserves on power plant. Mayfair Pumping Station—Construction by city day labor of station complete, including pumping machinery, boiler plant, chimney, coal storage and improvement of grounds, including
Wilson Avenue Tunnel System—Complete Chicago Avenue Pumping Station — Construction by city day labor of a new 7 foot water tunnel to connect shaft "D" with succeive medity may be a second of the state of the state of the second of the secon
Carried forward.

TABLE No. 9—Continued

Appropriation
Brought forward \$
Chicago Avenue Pumping Station—Construction by city day labor of new pump pit, removal of old compound pumping
Estimated cost \$320,000 to be expended in 1919. ngfield Avenue Pumping Station—Construction by city day above of boiler plant with appurtenances, including coal-
conveying machinery, steam piping and necessary building changes. Amount necessary to complete
coal-coarveyor, steam piping, and elvating of coal tracks, and necessary building changes to complete. 106 X15 Twenty-second Street Pumning Station—Installation of two
entrifugal pumps complete Sixty-eighth Street Pumping Station—One super-heater complete, with the necessary piping changes, damper and feed water
regulators, oil filler system, electrically driven auxiliary boosters for pumping units No. 1 and No. 2, new stoker drives for boilers 5, 6 and 7 and soot blowers for all boilers. 106 X162 Sixtv-eitht Street Pumning Station—Installation of two son.
trifugal pumps 106 X161 Sixty-eighth Street Pumping Station—Installation of new feed
water heaters, boller feed pumps, platform for boiler feed pump, etc. Roseland Funning Station—New water backs, soot blowers and
bafflers in boiler plant. For construction of chlorinating plants at various pumping stations Western Avenue Tunnel—For the construction by city day labor
or a water funner in Jora street from South State street to the proposed William Hale Thompson Pumping Station. Total estimated cost \$2,600,000.00, to be expended in 1919. The Hale Thompson Pumping Station—For the construction by thy day labor of station complete, including numning
machinery, boiler plant, chimney, coal storage and improvement of the grounds. Total estimated cost \$1,500,000.00, to be expended in 1919.
Carried forward \$1,836,500.00

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

6,640.57 3,601.32 2,200.00 7,448.70 4,998.75 8,000.00 \$ 955,993.71 \$ 2955,38	
3,601.32 2,200.00 7,448.70 4,998.75 8,000.00	3,601.32 2,200.00 7,448.70 4,998.75 8,000.00 \$ 955,993.71 \$
2,200.00 7,448.70 4,998.75 8,000.00	2,200.00 7,448.70 4,998.75 8,000.00 \$ 955,993.71
\$ 204,387,22 2,926,38	\$ 204,387,22 12,926,38 18,989,24 19,047,29 1,719,00 4,190,84 4,190,84 4,190,84 1,410,84 1,407,60 2,22,773,89 14,975,01 14,975,01
- 1 - 11	
\$ 204,387,22 2,926,38	\$ 204,387,22 12,926,38 18,989,24 19,047,29 1,719,00 4,190,84 4,190,84 4,190,84 1,410,84 1,406,75 1,465,75 1,465,75 1,467,60 1,497,60 14,975,01 14,975,01
\$ 204,387.22 2,926.38	\$ 204,387,22 2,926.38 18,989.24 19,047.29 1,719.00 4,190.84 7,877.45 10,131.51 12,465.75 3,455.12 1,407.60 \$ 287,133.00 \$ 14,975.01 14,975.01 14,975.01
\$ 204,387.22 2,926,38	\$ 204,387.22 2,926.38 12,992.24 19,047.29 1,719.00 4,190.84 7,877.45 10,131.51 12,466.75 3,495.12 1,407.60 \$ 287,133.00 \$ 22,773.89 14,975.01 14,975.01
	19,047.29 1,719.00 1,719.04 4,190.84 7,877.45 10,131.51 12,465.75 3,495.12 14,975.01 8,22,773.89 14,975.01 14,975.01 8,495.63
100 270 00	\$ 287,133.00 \$ 22,773.89 \$ \$ 14,497.601
13.047.29 17.19.00 4.190.84 7.877.45 10,131.51	\$ 287,133.00 \$ 877,133.00 \$ 14,975.01 \$ 14,495.63
1,014,7.29 1,719.00 4,190.84 7,877.45 10,131.51 12,465.75 3,495.12 1,407.60	\$ 22,773.89
1,719.00 495.60 4190.84 7,577.45 10,131.51 12,465.75 1,407.60 \$ 287,133.00	

TABLE No. 9-Continued

			A	EXPENDITURES	20			
		Appropriation	Ordinary Accounts	Extraordinary Accounts	Ţ	Totals	G	Unexpended Balances
BUREAU OF EN	BUREAU OF ENGINEERING—Continued:							
Repairs, Renews 110 A20 S 110 A21 C	Repairs, Renewals and Rehabilitation: 110 A20 Salaries and Wages. 110 A21 Cleaning of drinking fountains. 110 B20 Horse-shoeing.	\$ 577,500.00 5,000.00 500.00	\$ 574,505.62 4,959.31 297.70		69	574,505.62 4,959.31 297.70	60	2,994.38 40.69 202.30
C20 C21 K20 K21	Materials and supplies (only guch materials as enter into or become a part of the water distributing system). Materials and supplies (shop r pairs to hydrants and valves). Restoration of street openings e. Hire of trucks.	50,000.00 7,500.00 60,000.00 75,000.00 16,800.00	39,789.24 3,531.17 59,998.01 74,980.79 16,723.20		8 101-1	39,789.24 3,531.17 59,998.01 74,980.79 16,723.20		10,210,76 3,968.83 1.99 19.21 76.80
	Totals	\$ 792,300.00	\$ 774,785.04	60	60	774,785.04	60	17,514.96
Water Pipe Ext 110 DX /	Water Pipe Extension Division—Construction: 110 DX Additional trucks 110 X75 New discharge main at Chicago Avenue Pumping Station.	\$ 5,000.00		\$ 3,125.88 58,116.22		3,125.88 58,116.22	69	1,874.12
	Private work laying water mains, making special taps, etc., for which special deposit has been made. Extension of mains on approval and order of the City Council.	100,000.00		70,217.52		70,217.52 358,783.44		29,782.48 3,716.56
	Installing meter connections in accordance with the provisions of the new meter ordinance.	60,000.00		59,573.82	М	59,573.82		426.18
	Miscellanced instancion of nymence, varies etc., for become ment of system.	40,000.00		39,910.58		39,910.58		89.42
110 X103	110 X103 Installation of pressure regularing valves at Springfield Avenue	7,500.00		1,112.12		1,112.12		6,387.88
	Totals	\$ 655,000.00		\$ 595,656.19	88	595,656.19	09	59,343.81
Water Meter Si 115 A 115 B 115 B 115 C 115 C	Shops—Repairs, Purchase and Installation of Meters: Salaries and Wages Salaries and Wages Personal service Material and supplies Water meters for renewals and replacements	\$ 15,065.00 60,080.00 290.00 20,000.00 18,105.00	\$ 13,429.30 51,890.85 1411.42 8,491.23 16,949.00	\$ 1,596.21 5,534.86 3,063.04	**	15,025,51 57,425,71 141.42 11,554.27 16,949.00	60	39.49 2,654.29 148.58 8,445.73 1,156.00

ACCOUNTING DIVISION

2,278.25 650.00 702.84 2,568.91 71.17 128.83 307.67 192.33 2,181.80 16.065.25 134.75 682.97		\$ 71,036.55 \$ 54,640.42 \$5,248,826.42 \$ 1,652,107.73	8,640.00	28,907.19 \$ 222.81 58,609.18 250.82 82,425.22 54.78
92,921.75 9	103,115,86	\$1,680,384.95	40 40	
47.16 2,508.91 71.17 307.67 2,181.80 16,065.25 317.03	- :	\$ 71,036.55 \$3,568,441.47 \$1	\$ 8,640.00 \$ 8,640.00	\$ 28,907.19 58,609.18 82,425.22 25,250.42
95,200.00 650.00 750.00 3,565.00 200.00 2,350.00 18,200.00 1,000.00	\$ 23,252.97 18,584.00 1,460.00 5,000.00 73,500.00 73,500.00 25.00 1,000.00	\$ 125,676.97 \$ 6,900,934.15	\$ 8,640.00 \$ 8,640.00	\$ 29,130.00 58,860.00 82,480.00 25,290.00
DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING—Continued: 115 X Water meters for new installation. 115 D Apparatus, etc. 115 Begains by contract or open order. 115 F Ruel, light and power. 115 G Funiting, stationery and office supplies. 115 J Passenger transportation. 115 J Rich earts and trucks. 115 L Impersonal service.	al Pow eled to asse Ho Sisse of C C C C C C C I H H H H	116 K Totals. Totals Bureau of Engineering.	BUREAU OF WATER: Superintendent's Office: ITO A Salaries and Wages. Totals.	Collection Division—General 170 A1 Salaries and Wages Assessed Rates Section: 170 A2 Salaries and Wages. Meter Rates Section: 170 A2 Salaries and Wages. Shut-Off Section: 170 A4 Salaries and Wages

TABLE No. 9—Continued

					E	EXPENDITURES	38			
		Approl	Appropriation	OA	Ordinary Accounts	Extraordinary Accounts		Totals	D D	Unexpended Balances
BUREAU OF WATER:	WATER:									
Assessment I	Assessment Division—General:									
170 A5 Permit and I 170 A6	170 A5 Salaries and Wages. Permit and Map Section: 170 A6 Salaries and Wages.	\$ 130	\$ 130,900.00	60	\$ 130,599.87 16,869.99		* *	\$ 130,599.87 \$ 16,869.99	60	300.13
	Totals	00	147,770.00	60	147,469.86		99	147,469.86		300.14
Auditing Division:	ision:									
170 A7	Salaries and Wages	\$ 20	20,560.00	99	20,530.60		99	20,530.60	60	29.40
	Totals	00	20,560.00	69	20,530.60		00	20,530.60	00	29.40
Miscellaneous:	200									
170 A8	Overtime for annual balancing of the Assessed Rates Accounts		00 000 8		00 024 0		•	00 044 0	•	01 10
170A 9	and transcribing the assessed rates and meter rates reagers. Extra clerk hire for assisting on regular work and on transcribing		00.000,	•	20.011,0		٠	20.011,0	•	21.10
170 K5	of assessed and meter rates and meter mechanical ledgers Hir of teams, carts and trucks (Shut-Off Section). Hir of teams, carts and trucks (Meter Rates Secton).	21.4	11,214.00 41,296.00		6,000.00 11,214.00 41,296.00			6,000.00 11,214.00 41,296.00		
170 B	Personal services Material and supplies	- '	600.00		1,182.03			1,182.03		7.70
170 H	Furniture and fixtures. Printing, stationery and office supplies.	31	800		31,000.00			31,000.00	:	78.43
170 L 170 M	rassenger transportation. Impersonal services. Damages, refunds and miscellaneous claims.	35	35,000.00	1/	11.65			11.65		13.35
	Totals.	\$ 135	135,235.00	00	135,090.11			135,090.11	*	144.89
	Totals, Bureau of Water	\$ 507	507,965.00	09	506,922.58		*	506,922.58	60	1,042.42
	Totals, Water Fund.	\$8,878	91.086	\$5,	130,035.84	\$8,878,980.16 \$5,430,035.84 \$1,713,922.70		\$7,143,958.54	*	\$ 1,735,021.62

TABLE No. X

Statement of Water Fund Revenue of the Department of Public Works For the Year 1919

dinary Accounts:	
Assessed rates\$3,	
Meter rates	
Water permits	28,714.00
Meter mechanical receipts	1,798.48
Assessor's miscellaneous	17.341.23
Use of water by special deposits	1,387.39
Rent of Rookery site	35,000.04
Rent of real estate and buildings.	2.962.22
Rent of space in water pipe tunnels	1.256.51
Sale of old material.	2.464.03
Interest on deposits of City funds	10.648.91
Interest on investments of City funds	28.849.62
Reimbursement of current expense	82,461,46
Reimburgement of current expense Municipal Power Plant	59,208,68
Use of water from Fullerton Avenue conduit	2.500.00
Rebates on special assessments	16.95
Interest on deposit with Commonwealth Edison Company	530.49
Miscellaneous	723.79
m	

TABLE No. XI

Statement of Free Water Service Rendered by the Chicago Water Works During the Year 1919

Classification	Amount
(Fire hydrants, 31,556 at \$40.00 each, based on hydrant rentals	\$1,262,240.00
Public parks	100,000.00
(A) Street cleaning and sprinkling	60,000.00
Flushing sewers	11,270,00
Track elevation and street improvements.	5.000.00
Public schools	117.993.10
Police department	4.417.50
Fire department	
Public baths	3.110.50
Small parks and playgrounds	8.365.65
Hospitals	3.786.50
Pumping stations	30.811.50
(B) Miscellaneous City property.	
State and County institutions	
Churches and parsonages	
Parochial and private schools and colleges	
Hospitals	22,205.13
Homes	17,709,93
Miscellaneous religious, eductional and charitable institutions	11,299.64
Mana I	21 224 221 55

(A)—Estimated by City Engineer
(B)—Recorded as decreased upon the Records of the Bureau of Water—Assessed Rates \$323,514.42;
Meter Rates \$37,357.13.

Comparative Statement of Ordinary Revenue and Ordinary Expense of Water System for the Years 1902 to 1919 Inclusive TABLE No. XII

Per Cent of Ordinary Expense to Ordinary Revenue	262222222222222222 2622222222222222222
Per Cent In- crease of Excess- of Ordinary Beyense Over Ordinary Expense Over Preceding Yr.	24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 25.5 25
Ordinary Excess of Revenue over Ordinary Expense	\$1,717,548.08 2,020,740.77 2,020,740.77 2,100,726.80 2,260,718.10 2,260,888.80 2,809,509.54 2,809,509.54 2,809,288.80 2,495,288.80 3,495,288.80 8,562,284.41 8,562,284.41 8,562,284.41 8,562,284.41 8,562,284.41 8,562,284.41
Per Cent Increase Over Pre- ceding Year	######################################
Increase over Preceding Year	\$ 10, 218, 21 148, 004, 20 102, 477, 21 11, 584, 37 260, 688, 38 260, 688, 38 38, 569, 38 414, 563, 38 414, 563, 38 414, 569, 38 4124, 769, 97 4124, 769, 98 4124, 769, 97 4124, 769, 97 4124, 769, 98 4124, 769, 97 4124, 97
Ordinary Expense	\$1,787,925.13 1,798,143.34 1,798,143.34 2,048,644.75 2,040,249.13 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 2,702,211.40 3,886,640.40 8,386,640.70 8,386,786,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,386,70 8,38
Per Cent Increase Over Pre- ceding Year	2002 2002 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003
Increase over Preceding Year	\$313 410 96 288 062 24 124 456 20 227 444 67 227 484 67 443 370 88 36 27 996 47 443 370 88 396 164 17 286 048 10 286 389 382 389 38 382 389 38 382 389 38 382 389 38
Ordinary Revenue	\$3.505.473.16 \$818.884.11 4.206.535.4.20 4.200.301.55 4.420.367.27 4.420.367.27 4.953.640.30 6.885.77 6.885.77 6.885.77 6.885.71 6.885.70 6.805.70 6.805.70 6.805.70 6.805.70 6.805.70 6.805.70
Yes	1902 1903 1903 1906 1906 1910 1911 1914 1916 1916 1919 1919 1919

. Democratic

TABLE No. XIII

Statement of Water Fund Collections Duringthe Year 1919

Collection by Cashier of Bureau of Water:

Meter rates	4.303.025.01
Assessor's miscellaneous	
Permits	28.714.00
Meter mechanical	1.798.48
Suspense No. 1	58.23
Suspense No. 2	363,70
Total	
Use of water in construction of cement walks. Sale of old material of water works. Advances for laying water mains, etc. Services rendered City departments. Rent of Rookery property. Other rents. Use of water from Fullerton Avenue conduit. Compensation for running pipes and cables through water pipe tunnels under Chicago river. Rebate on duplicate express charges. Interest on deposit with Commonwealth Edison Co. Repairing damage to fence and wall at 22nd Street Pumping Station.	3 1,369.88 1,026.78 51,373.20 35,436.91 35,000.04 2,630.55 1,000.00 1,333.18 83.29 530.49 120.80
Reimbursement of expense	256.16
•	

Collections by City Comptroller:

Collec

	10,648.91
Interest on investments.	28,849.62 45.70
Payment of water taxes, 1872-73. Credits to expense, payroll accounts.	515.95
Pro rata share of taxes	16.95

40,077,13

In addition to the above earnings, warrants for collection for labor performed and material furnished were collected by the City Collector and City Treasurer and credited as follows: Municipal Shops Capital Account \$557,046.91; Water Works Suspense Stock Account \$707,705.44; City Engineer Designing Division Capital Account \$44,720.82; Water Pipe Extension Capital Account \$42,098.78; Construction Division Capital Account \$43,099.70.

In addition to the above, special deposits amounting to \$134,745.04 were collected by Cashier of Bureau of Water.

Refunds amounting to \$34,996.41 were disbursed by the Cashier of Bureau of Water on account of wrong property, overpayment and erroneous accessments paid.

TABLE No. XIV Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water System including Interest During the Year 1919

Classification		Amount	Per Cent
General Superintendence:			Cent
Salaries	27,203.80 . 8,186.47	\$ 35,390.27	1.1
Engineering Division:			
Salaries	45,186.68 2,228.47	47,415.15	1.6
Criba:			
Two-Mile Four-Mile Lake View Hyde Park Carter H. Harrison Wilson Avenue.	10,619.39 7,978.33 13,314.72 10,273.48	59,465.53 16,884.14	1.9
Water Pumping Stations:			
14th Street. 68th Street. 22nd Street. Chicago Avenue. Springfield Avenue. Central Park Avenue. Harrison Street. Lake View Roseland Mayfair. Jefferson Park	284,837.52 185,509.27 170,618.56 148,035.55 181,774.10 90,578.62 137,981.65 135,787.81 182,451.01	1,606,835.49	5 0.
Sewage Pumping Stations:			
95th Street. Stony Island Avenue. Kensington. Pullman. Hegewisch. Rogers Park.	30,230.75 17,907.56 13,315.14 8,565.10	112,254.18	3.5
Assessment and Collection of Water Rates:			
SalariesExpenses		477,295.13	14.9
Water Supply Investigation. Services of City Departments. Municipal Power Plant. Superintendence of Pumping Stations and Cribs. Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant. Municipal Shops Investigation Preliminary Studies for Extension of Water System. Taxes on City Property. Fullerton Avenue Pumping Station. Interest on Certificates and Judgments. Costs on Judgments. Total.		3,295.38 748,475.60 64,043.17 23,283.79 1,201.00 2,500.00 1,069.18 2.97 1,917.93 10,226.21 70.50	23.4
A V		Antes = 1000100	

TABLE No. XV Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Works Property and Equipment During the Year 1919

Cribe:	Amount	Per Cent
Two-Mile		Cent
Lake View 7.82 Hyde Park 42,623.68 Carter H. Harrison 1,014.85	8 48,227,94	2.9
Tunnels.	4,912.69	.8
Water Pumping Stations:		
14th Street. \$ 37,379.33 68th Street. 98,750.39		
22nd Street 25.054.44 Chicago Avenue 41,190.38 Springfield Avenue 18,795.93		
Central Park Avenue. 33.121.71 Harrison Street. 21,682.19 Lake View 94,426.74		
Roseland 19.813.70 Mayfair 13,107.80 Rogers Park 2.043.22	335,365,83	20.5
Sewage Pumping Stations:		
95th Street		
Stony Island Avenue. 3,715.23 Kensington 1,291.26 Pullman 248.96		
Hegewisch 2,700.54 Rogers Park 1,080.81	10,590.42	.6
Water Pipe Extension:		
Mains, Hydrants and Valves. \$1,064,040.71 Tapping and Retapping. 52,313.53	1,116,354.24	67.9
Municipal Power Plant	6,993.38 261.35	.4
Special Assessments on City Property	7,627.62 112,400.79	6.9
Total	\$1,642,734.26	100.

TABLE No. XVI

Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Water Works Property and Equipment During the Year 1919

Classification Land Tunnels:		Amount	Per Cent
Wilson Avenue Tunnel	126,233.04 82,126.66 38,436.64 25.00	\$ 246,821.34	14.4
Lake Tunnel:			
Auxiliary Crib and Lake Tunnel Extension		6,864.93	.4
Water Pipe Tunnel:			
Michigan Avenue Tunnel		3,601.32	.2
Water Pumping Stations:			
Springfield Avenue. Central Park Avenue. Roseland. Wm. H. Thompson.	955.00 89,641.45 48,117.50 148,449.41 83,331.71 42,151.01 2,200.00 2,370.45 234,707.17	651,923.70	38.1
Sewage Pumping Stations:			
95th Street\$ 108th Street (temporary)	7,448.70 4,998.75	12,447.45	.7
Water Pipe Extension:			
Mains, hydrants and valves	569,267.93 10.95	569,278.88	33.2
Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant		60,295.40 162,689.68	03.5 09.5
Total		\$1,713,922.70	100.

Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Operation of Water System including Interest for the Years 1912 to 1919 inclusive TABLE No. XVII

î

CLABSIFICATION	1012	1918	1014	1916	1916	1017	1918	1919
eral Superintendence	55	\$ 45,830.64	\$ 27,645.89 86,890.54		\$ 26,562.97	\$ 27,985.46 80,118.08	\$ 28,963.74 48,513.13	\$ 85,390.27 47.415.15
ion. urvoya Investicatio	888	22.414.87 1.747.98 5.887.16	2,301.42 437.90	2,788 28.98 28.58	7,252.30	2, 431.35 8, 437.03	1.829.11	3,295.38
Water Waste Surveys Oribe Tug Service	128.80 11.720.80	39, 237.43 42, 427.96 11, 115.66	45.661.81		7,006.45 44,127.49 6,125.85	21,020.08 45,504.70 9,870.04	46,814.00	
Pumping Stations Assessment and Collection of Water Rates Bervice of City Departments	8 28	2002, 852. 57 200, 900. 84 462, 860. 14	901,256.53 820,773.43 246,827.90	839,471.58 839,474.29 278,866.11	948, 156.96 383, 538.62 783, 642, 68	1,278,973.31 862,996.15 718,175.60	307,157.12 702,291.30	
49 : :	194,362.00	80,460.24 17.65	14,978.16	8,708.60	1,298.60	10,225.44	26,631.30	10,226.21
Fallerton Ave. Sewage Pumping Station. Other Sewage Pumping Stations. Independing Sewar Pumping Sta.	8,063.45	2,419.04	1,998.75	1,808.11 72,111.20	1,848.87 66,046.81	2,451.30 77,288.73	1,811.78	1,917.93
tions Works Shope General Salaries and Expenses	24,400.65	28,623.00	163.47					
Superintendence of Pumping Sta- tions, Repair Shops and Cribs. Milkeay Service.		17,682.10	14,019.89	16,923.79	16,491.30	15,731.94 10,004.65	15,176.66	23,283.79
						328.86	1,201.00	1,201.00
er Gystem. ity Property			1,200.00	1,200.00		215.54	1.671.25	1,069.15 2.97 2,500.00
Totals.	83,234,603.68	\$1,993,577.83	\$1,750,382.68	\$1,842,046.07	\$2,277,275.19	\$2,689,037.49	\$3,285,669.80	\$3,211,625.59

Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals of Water Works Property and Equipment for the Years 1912 to 1919 inclusive TABLE No. XVIII

61,643,734.26	81,386,371.96	81.247,295.21	11,262,763.06	81,335,108.90 81,443,546.23 31,445,802.11 31,263,753.06 31,947,295.21 31,336,271.36	\$1,443,540.23	\$1,316,103.90	61,364,067.73	Totale
7,627.63 6,993.38	17,727.17 2,838.21	412.18	13.40					frome Property postal Assessments City Property funicipal Power Plant
		37 08		10.00	876.00		98.9	E E
								Dredging North Branch of Chicago River
		119.60	23.33	430.15	80.83	18,652.01	16,707.81	Division
70°00'01	A . 10A	687.11	207.06	1,363.30		865.99	305.30	Asintenance of Intercepting Sewers Vater Works Shon and Renair
261.35	27.80		28.10	15.95	219.61	492.45	470.48	Fullerton Ave. Sewage Pumping
							119.46	Intercepting Sewer Pumping Stations
112,400.79	96,646.40	77,121.54	1,543.00 65,729.71	64,008.15	67,924.30	68,105.20	72,168.53	Pipe and District Yards
: :						60,685.00	72,188.29	Eto.
52,313.5	87.547.82	54,809.73	8	\$3	3	80,354.50	79,005.47	Tapping and Retapping
1.064.040.71	920.811.11	158,800,12 800,149,56	195,631,12	1.107.173.97	1.067.160.51	864 630 87	260.985.20	umping Stations.
4.912.6	1.970.39	14,946.34	ż	Š	S	9,697.10	3.380.44	Tunnels
40 997 0		\$ 506.74	228.56 121.24		3	10 360 31	18 400 78	Testing Division. Water Waste Burveys.
1919	1918	1917	1916	1915	1914	1913	1912	CLABSIFICATION

TABLE No. XIX

Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments of Water Works Property and Equipment for the Years 1912 to 1919 inclusive

1919	5. 6. 864 93 5.0.422 66 5.0.422 66 5.0.422 66 5.0.5 34 67. 68 561. 53 10.95 561. 53 10.95 562. 06 12,447 45 564. 09 514. 88 60,295.40
1918	* 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1917	2, 0077, 743, 356 1, 161, 834, 836 1, 197, 299, 94 107, 299, 94 2, 086, 24 4, 272, 80 544, 941, 52 14, 564, 80 14, 564, 80 7, 200, 00
1916	2 2.77. 48 836.781. 48 836.781. 116.567.46 836.781. 10.160.963. 51 10.470.79 82.406.13 82.406.37 82.406.37 82.406.37 82.406.37 82.406.37 83.406.37
1915	1.200, 100.76 2,062,460.58 2,062,460.58 136,897.82 136,897.82 1,700.66 692,416.49 72,620.21 4,500.00
1914	274 668 52 629, 931 74 1, 467, 383 25 1, 467, 383 25 4, 773 14 6, 693 67 276, 013 46 6, 772 78 6, 772 78 772
1913	2, 4, 49.3.70 106, 188.04 455, 687, 732 455, 600, 81 1,173, 945, 60 42, 103, 01 11, 538, 19 11, 538, 19 11, 538, 19 11, 538, 10 11, 538, 1
1912	8 86,538.07 1,719,222.60 1,719,222.60 1,719,222.60 1,512.44 53,288.89 6,657.31 6,657.31 12,667.08 115.00 9,760.00
CLASSIFICATION	Criba Tunnels Punda Tunnels Punda Tunnels Punda Tunnels Punda Bacions Mains, Hydrants and Valves Berrice Pipes, Tays, Shud-off Boxes, Refers Testing Laboratory General Ropers Boys Fullertes Ave. Sewage Pumping Chale Sewage Pumping Stations Rogers Park Water System Intercepting Sewage Pytes Intercepting Sewage System Marshall Boulevard Municipal Pullerton Ave. Intake Crib Purchase of Real Estate Ges Power Boat "Hillinds" Matteriume Pundete Repair Shops and Testing Plant Plant

TABLE No. XX-SEWAGE FUMPING STATIONS

Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Operation During the Year. 1919

PUMPING STATIONS	Balaries	Fuel and Power	Oil	Waste	Grease	Testing	Tools	Miscel- laneous	Total	Per Cent
96th Brreet Stony Island Avenue Regeration Pulman Rogers Park	\$22,421.52 22,682.72 12,200.20 6,574.92 8,213.09 9,410.07	\$ 5,674.15 6,436.62 5,066.98 1,464.76 4,535.01 3,332.88	2207.94 144.25 231.23 146.15 22.95 74.18	\$153.37 90.00 85.00 41.13	4.85 1.85 1.80 1.80 1.80	8 99.00 108.00 27.00 2.75	* 83.83 83.83 1.02 1.05 8.01 1.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8	461.88 700.95 285.26 316.65 543.04 329.73	829,051.54 30,230.75 17,907.56 8,565.10 13,315.14 13,184.09	25.9 26.9 15.9 7.7 11.8
Totals	\$81.502.52	\$26,510.40	\$828.70	\$400.93	\$ 43.21	\$239.50	\$ 93.41	\$2,637.51	\$112,254.18	100.

Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals During the Year 1919

PUMPING STATIONS	Buildings and Grounds	Engines and Pumps	Boilers and Furnaces	Piping and Steamfiting	Coal and Ash Ele Handling Lig Plant Sy	Electric Lighting System	Miscel- laneous	Total	Per Cent
90th Street. Stony Island Avenue. Egenstigon. Egenstigon. Pullman. Rogens Park.	\$ 93.08 1,308.56 24.47 156.94 236.04 289.15	\$ 242.28 1,409.50 557.62 2,522.54	\$ 944.78 243.31 614.68 2.20	\$ 269.55 495.24 93.51 16.70 9.12	\$ 944.78 \$ 269.55 \$144.51 71.00 614.68 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.50 93.51 93.	\$23.93 71.00	\$43.11 .98 4.36 1.60 8.98	\$ 1,573.62 8,716.23 1,201.26 2,700.54 248.96 1,060.81	14.8 35.1 25.2 25.5 10.4
Totals	\$2,108.24	\$5,499.62	\$1,804.97	\$884.12	\$144.51	\$64.93	\$64.03	\$10,590.42	100.

Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments During the Year 1919

PUMPING STATIONS	Buildings and Grounds	Engines and Pumps	Boilers and Furnaces	Piping and Steamfittin	Soal and As Handling Plant	Electric Lighting System	Miscel- lancous	Total	Per Cent
Temporary Pumping Station, 108th St. & Ave. F.	87,448.70				\$7,448.70		\$4,998.75	\$ 7,448.70 4,998.75	83
Totals.	87,448.70						84,998.75	84,998.75 \$12,447.45 1	100.

TABLE No. XXI—WATER PUMPING STATIONS
Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Operation During the Year 1919,

PUMPING STATIONS	Salaries	Fuel and Power	Oil	Waste	Grease	Chlorine	Tools	Testing	Miscel- laneous	Total	Per Cent
Fourteenth Street Sixy-eighth Street Twenty-second Street Chicago Avenue Contral Park Avenue Harrison Street Lake View Roseland Mayfair Jefferson Park (Booster)	\$ 71,322.06 71,074.13 58,384.80 78,917.89 71,311.37 38,442.43 64,608.73 61,848.90 66,784.83	\$ 98,202.00 140,409.74 114,084.79 72,709.95 65,226.46 90,905.99 44,905.99 57,704.65 58,422.65 58,422.65 58,422.65 58,422.65	\$ 1,787.09 2,429.10 801.87 1,619.53 850.40 1,730.61 389.41 2,300.04 5,073.58 3,197.81	\$ 465.12 832.98 1,383.30 828.58 1,187.07 276.55 899.45 589.45 589.45 1,309.86	\$ 52.69 80.79 165.33 269.67 102.56 196.86 32.79 32.79 32.65 59.68	\$ 5,266.47 5,038.92 5,538.92 4,086.61 4,721.52 2,281.66 4,682.90 3,676.03	\$ 642.52 648.47 442.72 742.92 24.67 404.92 250.20 278.87 1192.31 1,378.72	\$ 453.56 893.54 893.54 391.68 384.12 603.04 474.95 359.62 316.13	\$11,060,78 10,370,34 5,586,77 9,052,26 10,413,27 10,712,72 3,940,03 7,664,38 4,666,56 6,770,50 3,99	\$ 189,252.29 234,837.52 176,618.66 148,055.55 181,774.10 90,578.62 137,981.65 135,787.81 132,451.01	1114.6 101.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 1
Totals	\$648,290.29	\$790,787.66	\$20,179.44	\$8,380.40	\$1,084.69	\$47,512.72	\$5,226.32	\$5,192.37	\$80,181.60	\$1,606,835.49	100.

TABLE No. XXII—WATER PUMPING STATIONS
Detailed Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals During the Year 1919

PUMPING STATIONS	Buildings and Grounds	Engines and Pumps		Piping and Steamfitting	Coel and Ash Handling Plant	Electric Lighting System	Chlorin- sting Plant	Miscel- lancous	Total	Per Cont
Fourteenth Street Stay-gath Street Tweaty-second Street Chicago Avenue Gertal Avenue Central Fark Avenue Harrison Street	\$6,754,00 9,565,56 9,519,99 7,696,18 8,203,18 6,242,03 1,680,70	\$ 10,527.74 22,566.06 10,302.57 16,896.66 6,710.36 15,893.86 15,893.86 15,391.03	\$6,151.59 \$9,313.43 2,340.42 7,727.14 3,559.23 8,215.41 8,2178.35	8,7281.93 8,272.13 1,101.58 2,673.39 2,290.99 1,162.42	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2,645.04 773.43 277.89 241.73 202.61 7.28	\$ 2,068.43 6,327.45 775.86 602.16 947.88 421.02	8 617.95 1,191.99 201.08 1,518.97 440.52 152.94	\$ 27,379,33 98,760,39 25,054,44 41,190,38 18,795,93 83,121,71 21,582,19	12.7.25.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00
Roseland Mayfair Rogers Park	2,739.63 355.86 2,043.22	6,094.34	5,531.16 3,092.96	1,516.78	1,791.43	443.03	1,012.60	230.07	19,813.70 13,107.80 2,043.22	
Totals	\$62,709.71	\$117,018.26	\$98,489.47	\$27,786.33	\$19,825.96	\$5,694.82	\$13,876.16	\$6,006.12	\$335,365.83	100.

TABLE No. XXIII—WATER PUMPING STATIONS
Dentiled Statement of Expenditures for Additions, Extensions and Betterments During the Year 1919

PUMPING STATIONS	Buildings and Grounds	Engines and Pumps	Boilers and Furnaces	Piping and Steamfitting	Coal and Ash Handling Plant	Electric Lighting System	Chlorin- ating Plant	Miscel- laneous	Total	Per Cent
Fourteenth Street Bixty-eighth Street Twanty-escond Street Chicago Avenue Springfald Avenue Central Park Avenue Mæfair William Hale Thompson	2,008.62 1,470.76 71,639.16 34,924.41 4,001.89 2,200.00 49,088.05 842.59	60,414.97 43,263.99 75,215.99 1,964.65 35 95,895.33 552.86	\$15,473.16 26,297.78 561.53 28,666.88 624.78	\$10,610,04 156,87 77,81 8,430,41 6,807.10	\$ 460.00 2,896.19 16,909.41 8,360.22 316.64	2,875.39 2,875.39 342.73 2,724.15 3,914.64	\$ 955.00 966.07 27.67 2,113.80	\$ 20.62 322.82 713.72 7.094.12 13,870.73 13,560.04	\$ 955.00 48,117.50 148,449.41 42,131.71 42,200.00 234,707.17 2,370.45	27.488.68 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00
Totals	\$166,173.48	\$277,308.14	\$70,624.08	\$50,192.44	\$28,942.46	\$10,004.88	\$ 4,062.54	\$35,615.68	\$651,923.70	100

TABLE No. XXIV-WATER PUMPING STATIONS
Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Operation during the Years 1918 to 1919 inclusive

PUMPING STATIONS	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Chicago Avenue. Fourteenth Street. Lake View. Twenty-second Street. Sixy-eighth Street. Central Park Avenue. Springfield Avenue. Rogers Park Rogers Park Roseland Edison Park Morgan Park Margan Park	\$102,787.12 100,264.94 50,806.98 90,525.67 108,522.66 100,277.98 105,505.53 6,314.43 14,737.58 15,083.82	\$ 99,400.11 99,028.56 47,106.51 86,481.85 89,890.75 103,785.70 103,785.70 103,785.70 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51 112,674.51	\$108,716,67 106,957,73 53,638,93 94,444,41 141,048,42 105,154,79 112,136,06 112,136,06 112,136,06 112,136,06 12,710,72 851,76 2,688,48	\$ 96,023.82 100,522.16 48,008.36 96,621.27 136,621.27 112,515.52 105,164.70 10,0387.00 1,079.	\$102,072.32 108,945.20 108,945.20 123,534.16 138,720.56 120,006.82 123,845.96 124,364.83 3,501.69 10,149.59 15,606.54 54,435.73	\$102,596.96 113,136.17 59,53.20 113,613.64 110,255.10 106,837.78 118,404.06 1,015.47 141.95 128.13.52 128.	\$107,164.29 104,732.24 56,332.44 85,205.31 136,459.19 115,926.59 7,984.43 74,131.36	\$ 128,341.05 146,320.29 146,320.29 127,409.08 129,409.08 179,409.08 179,409.08 179,609.09 12,970.76 12,970.76 12,937.56 1,237.56 1,237.56 1,237.56 1,237.56 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1,237.56 1,230.29 1	\$ 234,739.62 \$ 212,889.72 212,889.72 216,72 245,410.43 226,609.28 183,014.66 140,385.27 11,228.94 88,910.00	\$ 170,618.56 189,252.29 90,578.62 137,981.65 185,699.27 181,774.10 148,035.55 135,787.81 135,787.81
Totals	\$836,854.69	\$808,326.04	\$941,360.48	\$902,832.57	\$991,255.53	\$995,471.53	\$948,156.95	\$1,278,973.31	1,812,603.15	\$1,606,835.49
Percentage of increase of expenditures over preceding year. Millions of gals, of water pumped Expenditures for operation of pumping stations per 1000 gals.	188,747 \$.00443	*34. 185,176 \$.00436	201,785 \$.00466	\$.00428	9.8 223,863 \$.00441	\$.00447	327,999 \$.00398	25.8 248,893	29.4 243,745 \$.00743	\$260,774 \$.00616

*Decrease.

TABLE No. XXV-WATER PUMPING STATIONS

Comparative Statement of Expenditures for Repairs and Renewals during the Years 1910 to 1919 inclusive

PUMPING STATIONS	1910	1911	1913	1913	1914	1918	1916	1917	1918	1919
	13,032,43 12,855,47 6,516,87 6,516,87 9,945,69 9,945,69 14,287,33 14,287,33 1,390,58 1,980,39 1,980,39		8 80.047.79 88.919.74 88.919.94 88.608.21 13.999.07 88.608.33 89.019.19 1.532.83 7,560.19 67.33 67.33	28 832 06 28 832 06 29 884 06 10, 811 0 10, 811 0 10, 812 0 20, 856 34 20, 85	·					•• :: :::: ·
Percentage of increase of expenditures over preceding year. Millions of gals, of water pumped the propositions for reports and represented of pumping stations per 1,000 gallons.	8.000301 8.000301	81.2 186,176	28.9 201,786	*13.8 210,919	228,868	\$170,002.02 223,412 \$.000786	11.8 237,399 \$.000634	•6.2 248,908	23.8 243,746 8.001001	\$445,900.38 27.1 260,774 \$.001286

The state of

Cribs:
Two-Mile
Four-Mile
Lake View
Hyde Park
Hyde Park Carter H. Harrison
Edward F. Dunne
Tunnels:
Lake Tunnels
Land Tunnels
Water Pipe Tunnels
Cribe and Tunnels—Unsegregated
Pumping Stations:
Fourteenth Street
Sixty-eighth Street
Twenty-second Street
Chicago Avenue
Springfield Avenue
Central Park Avenue
Harrison Street
Lake View
Norwood Park
Washington Heights
Englewood
Roseland
Rogers Park
Jefferson Park
Mayfair
MayfairWilliam Hale Thompson
Stock Yards (proposed)
Water Pipe Extension:
Mains, Hydrants and Valves
Service Pines
Service Pipes
Pine and District Vards
General Repair Shops:
Water Works Shops, Ashland Ave
ava worm onope, member ave
General Construction and Repair
Meter Repair Shop and Testing I
mon sohan mah dan semal
Marshall Boulevard Municipal Plant.
Testing Laboratory
Testing Laboratory
Grower Property-Southeast corner M
Grower Property—Southeast corner M Real Estate (sites including Rookery k
Office Equipment in City Hall
Public Baths and Natatoriums
Gas Power Boat "Illinois"
Sewage Pumping Stations:
Stoney Island Avenue
Pullman
Rogers Park
Ninety-fifth Street
Intercepting Sewer System
Totals
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TABLE No. XXVI-WATER PUMPING STATIONS

Comparative Statement of Total Expenditures for Operation and Repairs and Renewals during the Years 1919 to 1919 inclusive

PUMPING STATIONS	1910	1911	1913	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Chicago Avanue Fourteanth Street Farteon Street Farteon Street Farter Street Farty-agath Street Farty-agath Street Farty-agath Street Farty-agath Street Farty-agath Street Farty-agath Farter Farty-agath Farty Farty-agath Farty-a	113, 120, 64 113, 120, 64 113, 120, 64 17, 122, 85 161, 284, 7 17, 772, 28 17, 772, 28	11,1924.11 125,556-14 90,381-73 90,381-73 100,479-17 125,054-382 11,134-90 14,542-88 11,134-90 14,542-18 14,542-18 17,782-25 6,443-25 18,213-18	144,764 145,877 645 185,877 645 185,897 53 185,897 53 187,787 30 2,455,80 2,455,80 2,455,80	\$ 139,346,44 129,644.24 116,633.24 116,137.25 137,251.86 146,797.67 14,459.73 14,459.73 14,459.73 11,459.73 11,459.73 11,459.73 11,459.73 11,459.73 11,459.73	127,631.76 142,776.08 170,186.56 170,186.56 186,786.38 186,781.70 186,781.70 18,431.90 182,131.81	132,330,92 139,143,53 139,143,53 139,301,15 139,301,15 140,302,33 140,000,03 147,23,77 72,51,51 75,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 10,76,16 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201,438.07 201,438.07 264,599.09 264,798.76 103,3778.06	226,63162 226,63162 162,260,81 162,260,81 210,563,71 214,867,91 166,831,48 166,831,48 166,831,48 166,831,48 166,831,48
Totale	\$948,559.85	\$1,010,757.24	\$1,202,345.68	\$1,127,603.04	\$1,219,920.20	\$648,569.36 \$1,010,757.24 \$1,202,345.68 \$1,127,603.04 \$1,219,920.20 \$1,170,474.15 \$1,143,788.07 \$1,464,872.48 \$2,006,781.50 \$1,942,201.32	11,143,788.07	11,464,872.43	12,056,781.90	11,942,201.32
Percentage of increase of expenditures over pre- Millions of gals, of water pumped. Percentage of increase of pumped over pre- pumped over pre- pumping over pre- greeniture for operation and repairs and reservable of pumping stations per 1,000 gallons.	8.2 188,747 7.8 8.00603	6.6 185,176 -1.9	18.9 201,786 8.9 8.9	60.2 210,919 4.6 8.00634	8.2 223,863 6.1 8.00544	*4.0 222,412 *.6	e2.8 287,300 6.7 8.00481	21.9 248,893 4.6 6.00688	28.7 243,745 ~2.1 8.00643	•6.9 200,774 •.6

- Department

TABLE No. XXIX

Trial Balance Water Works General Ledger December 31, 1919

Cr.	Dr.	Account
7.143,958.5	\$ 8,387,250.65	Water fund (departmental)
3,428,962.9		Assessed rates receipts
4,303,025.0		Meter rates receipts
17,763.1		Meter rates receipts. Miscellaneous water sale receipts.
30,512.4		Miscellaneous receipts
	34,996.41	Refunds
226,623.4	334,312.16	Warrants for collection Warrants for collection (delinquent)
	122,046.81	Warrants for collection (delinquent)
	14,350.81	Judgment expense
19,293.8	14,733.62	Judgments
7.194.130.8	70.50	Costs on judgments
7,194,130.8	65,236.49 4,200.00	Water works, income
	100.00	Water works, income Cashier's petty cash fund Water pipe extension, petty cash fund
	15,000.00	Department of supplies, stock account
4,547,235.7	6,584,769.05	General assessment
7,987.4	11,669.86	General assessment suspense
6,588,110.2	4,546,894.56	We tor works general assessment
1,130,400.0	70,000.00	Water works general assessment
500,000.0	500,000.00	Water certificates
694,400.0	78,400.00	General corporate bonds
518,207.2	27,857.35	Water pipe extension certificates
010,000	11,534,222.69	Interest on bonds and certificates
17,484.3	17,484.34	Special assessments (mains)
10.9	10.95	Special assessments (service pipes)
	78,795,873.98	Water works property and equipment
25,261.4	3,226,590,34	Operation
	1,642,734.26	Repairs and renewals
37,129.7	69,715,326.84	Water works expense
71,501.4	143,006.47	Special deposit fund
143,006.4	71,501.47	Sundry deposits
	1,784,625.05	Free taxes
1,804,681.5		Free water service
1,784,625.0	1,804,681.55	Free public service
	16,853,968.76	Depreciation
5,828,666.1		Appreciation Water works depreciation
1,908,444.2	883,141.58	Water works depreciation
	686,173.01	Investment in special funds
0.000.0	192.69	Deposit with Commonwealth Edison Co
2,000.0	3,355.76	Bureau of Parks, capital account
1,355.7		Bureau of Parks, cash available
101,199.0		Bureau of Parks, revenue and expense
688,457.90	557,052.91	Municipal shops, cash available
557,278.5	626,059.57	Municipal shops, warrants for collection
564,640.8	728,463.77	Municipal shops, revenue and expense
20,000.00	120,100.11	Water pine extension capital account
403,197.7	326,266.78	Water pipe extension, cash available Water pipe extension, cash available Water pipe extension, warrant for collection Water pipe extension, revenue and expense City engineer's designing division, capital account
331,241.2	455,046.86	Water pipe extension, warrant for collection
421.611.1	394,736.51	Water pipe extension, revenue and expense
32,974.00		City engineer's designing division, capital account
44,851.1	71,254.97	Lity engineer's designing division, cash available
44,740.8	54,316.75	City engineer's designing division, warrants for collection
49,113.9	46,108.17	City engineer's designing division, revenue and expense
49,113.9 300,000.0		Water works suspense stock, capital account
820,848.3	710,328.81	Water works suspense stock, cash available!
710,846.6	938,322.13	Water works suspense stock, warrants for collection
800,316.7	983,360.82	Water works suspense stock, revenue and expense
200,000.0		Construction division, capital account
2,690,967.3	2,556,044.43	Construction division, cash available
2,575,116.8	3,036,520.39	Construction division, warrants for collection
2,716,933.1	2,590,452.48	Construction division, revenue and expense
15,000.0	10.000.70	Testing division, capital account
46,485.2	43,099.70	Testing division, cash available
43,108.50	47,074.53	Testing division, warrants for collection
44,510.23	58,929.77	Testing division, revenue and expense
2,198		Totals

TABLE No. XXX

Trial Balance Water Works General Ledger January 1, 1920

Account	Dr.	Cr.
Water fund (departmental)	8 1,243,292,11	
Warrants for collection	107.688.70	1
Warrants for collection	122,046,81	1
Judgments		8 4.560.24
		164,874,161.48
Cashier's netty cash fund	4.200.00	
Water pipe extension, petty cash fund	100.00	1
Department of supplies, stock account	15.000.00	
General assessment		l
General assessment suspense	3.682.41	1
Water works, general assessment		2,041,215.72
Water loan refunding bonds, 4 per cent	<b></b> .	1,060,400.00
General corporate bonds	<b></b>	616,000.00
Water pipe extension certificates	<b> </b>	490,349.86
Interest on bonds and certificates	11.534,222.69	I
Water works property and equipment	78,795,873.98	1
Water works expense	74,536,681.59	1
Special deposit fund	71,505.00	1
Sundry deposits		71,505.00
Depreciation	16,853,968.76	1
Appreciation		5,828,666.12
Water works depreciation		11,025,302.64
Investments in special funds	686.173.01	l
Deposit with Commonwealth Edison Company	192.69	l
Deposit with Commonwealth Edison Company Bureau of Parks, capital account		2,000.00
Bureau of Parks, cash available Bureau of Parks, revenue and expense.	3,355.76	1
Bureau of Parks, revenue and expense		1,355.76
Municipal shops, capital account		101,199.01
Municipal shops cash available		181,404.99
Municipal shops, warrants for collection	68,781.03	
Municipal shops, revenue and expense	163,822.97	
Municipal shops, warrants for collection.  Municipal shops, revenue and expense.  Water pipe extension, capital account.		20,000.00
Water pipe extension, cash available		76,930.93
Water pipe extension, warrants for collection	1 <b>23,80</b> 5.59	
Water pipe extension, revenue and expense		26,874.66
City engineer's designing division capital account		82,974.00
City engineer's designing division, cash available	26,403.82	
City engineer's designing division, cash available City engineer's designing division, warrants for collection City engineer's designing division, revenue and expense	9,575.93	
City engineer's designing division, revenue and expense	<b>. </b>	3,005.75
Water works suspense stock, capital account		300,000.00
Water works suspense stock, cash available		110,519.58
Water works suspense stock, warrants for collection.	227,475.52	
Water works suspense stock, revenue and expense	183,044.06	
Water works suspense stock, warrants for collection.  Water works suspense stock, revenue and expense		200,000.00
Construction division cash available		134,922.94
Construction division, warrants for collection	451,408.59	····
Construction division, revenue and expense		126,480.65
Construction division, warrants for collection.  Construction division, revenue and expense.  Testing division, capital account.		15,000.00
Testing division cash available		3,385.57
Testing division, warrants for collection	3,966.03	
Testing division, revenue and expense	14,419.54	<b>]</b>
Totals	<b>3</b> 187,298,214,90	\$187,298,214.90

## TABLE No. XXXI

Statement of Estimated Cost of and Revenue from Supplying Water to Consumers during the Year 1919

Coer		
Expenditures for operation (see Table No. XIV)	3,201,399.38 10,226.21 1,642,734.26 34,996.41	
Total or ordinary expenditures during the year 1919		\$4,889,356.3
Sinking fund for bonds issued for benefit of water works, provided by annual corporate tax levy for 1919	148,400.00	
Interest on bonds issued for benefit of water works paid from corporate fund	75,472.00	
less net appreciation of water works property and equipment during the year 1919 over amount expended for repairs	883,141.58	
nterest on invested capital less net depreciation and bonds outstanding assumed at rate of 3 per cent	1,982,825.14	1,323,555.5
Total estimated cost of supplying water consumed during the year 1919, including allowance for such sinking fund, depreciation and interest.		6,212,911.8
Total number of gallons of water pumped during the year 1919	26,077,462,000	
Cost per 1,000 gallons of water pumped, based on total ordinary expend-		
itures.  Stateming 50 per cent of total pumpage for free water service, *leakage and wastage, the cost rate to paying consumers per 1,000 gallons actually delivered to paying consumers, based on total ordinary expenditures would be twice the cost per 1,000 gallons of water pumped based on	.0187	
total ordinary expenditures and would amount to Setimated cost per 1,000 gallons of water pumped, including allowance for sinking fund, depreciation and interest on net invested capital as-	.0374	
sumed at rate of 3 per cent.  assuming 50 per cent of total pumpage for free water service, "leakage and wastage, the estimated cost rate to paying consumers per 1,000 gallons actually delivered to paying consumers, including allowance for sinking fund, depreciation and interest on net invested capital at assumed rate of 3 per cent, would be twice the estimated cost per 1,000 gallons of water pumped, including allowance for sinking fund, depreciation and interest on net invested capital at rate of 3 per cent and would amount	.0238	
to	.0476	
Revenue		
Revenue from assessed rates (see Table No. X)	3,428.962.98 4,303,025.01 275,863.80	
Total ordinary revenue during the year 1919		8,007,851.76
Revenue per 1,000 gallons of water pumped		.03071
actually delivered to paying consumers would be twice the revenue from 1,000 gallons pumped and would amount to		.06142

^{*}Note—See Table No. XI for estimated total amount of free water service during the year 1919.

## TABLE No. XXXII

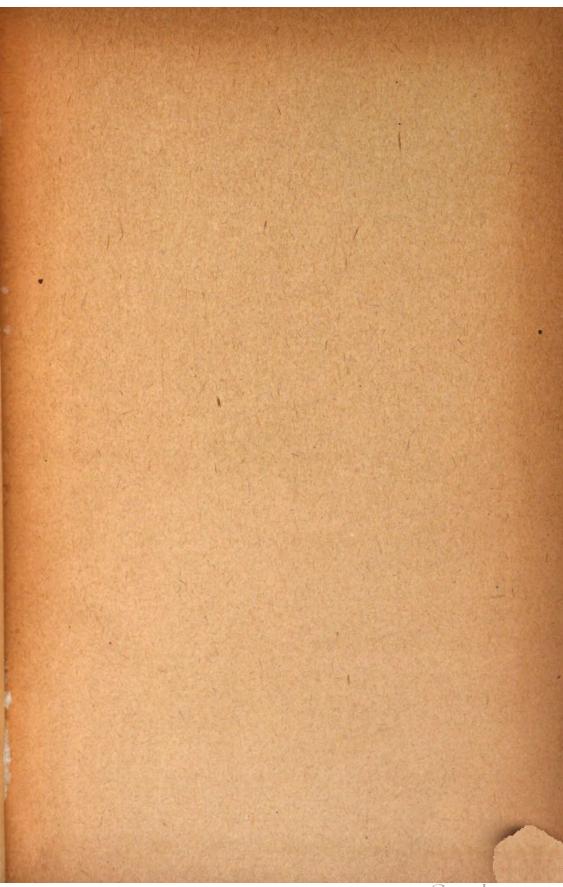
Certificates and Bonds Issued for Benefit of Water Works Outstanding January 1, 1930

Water loan refunding bonds, due serially, bearing 4 per cent interest	\$1,060,400.00
	616,000.00
	\$1,676,400.00

Note: In addition to the above water pipe extension, certificates amounting to \$490,349.86 were outstanding December 31, 1919.

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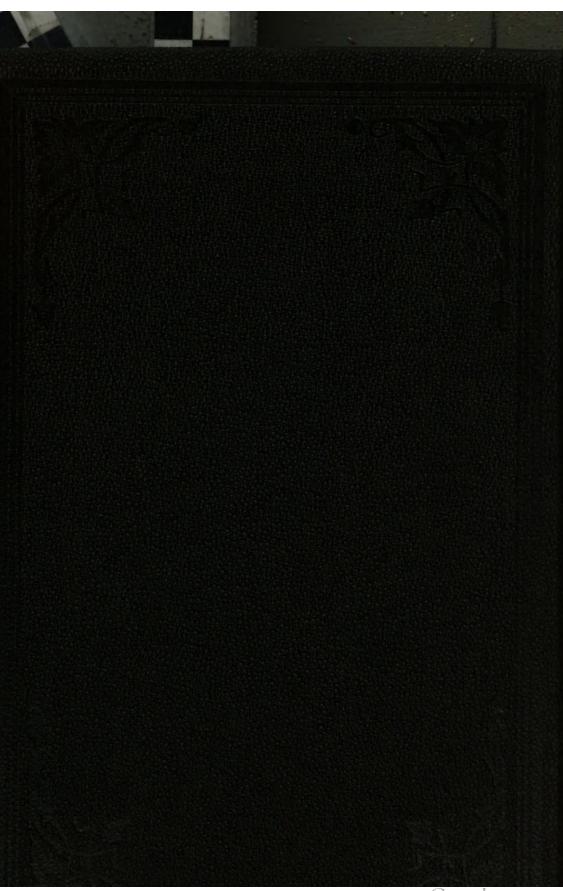


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