Historic American Engineering Record Documentation for

Pratt Through Metal Truss Bridge over Clear Creek at Rector Road

Denton County, Texas

Prepared for: Environmental Affairs Division Texas Department of Transportation Austin, Texas

Submitted by: Knight and Associates, Inc. Lila Knight, principal investigator P.O. Box 31 Buda, Texas 78610 Structure Identification Number: AA01-65-001

Location: Rector Road at Clear Creek, 1.7 miles west of FM 2164 and 2.5 miles southeast of Sanger and .35 miles north of Nicholson Road in Denton County, Texas

Bridge Type: Pratt Through Metal Truss

Date: 1907-1908

Bridge Company/Contractor: Austin Brothers, Contractors, Dallas, Texas

Significance:

The Rector Road bridge at Clear Creek is representative of the bridges constructed by Denton County during a massive bridge construction campaign in the first decade of the 20th century. In addition, it represents the work of Austin Brothers, Contractors, the only bridge fabricator in Texas at that time. The bridge was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 2003.

Project Information: This HAER Level III document was prepared for the Texas Department of Transportation by Knight and Associates, Inc. in 2002 and 2003. Research and documentation was performed by Lila Knight, with the assistance of David Wilson.

Physical Description

This Pratt Through truss bridge crosses Clear Creek along Rector Road, located southeast of Sanger in northern Denton County. The total length of the bridge is 112 feet, comprised of three spans with a span 86 feet in length. The bridge is a five panel, pinned truss with an I-beam approach seated on braced metal caisson piers and abutments with metal backing. The endposts and top-chord members were fabricated from a pair of channels, cover plate and battens riveted together. Two pairs of laced angles provide the verticals. An adjustable round rod serves as a counter-brace in one of the central panels. The width of the roadway is 11.9 feet. The bridge is located 2.5 miles southeast of Sanger and .35 miles north of Nicholson Road in northern Denton County.

History

Roads became increasingly crucial for shipping avenues to railroad depots, as well as routes between farms or ranches and local agricultural markets, by the late 19th century. The 1876 Texas Constitution stipulated that counties would be responsible for all road and bridge improvements. But counties were often unable to afford the cost of building permanent, durable bridges until the Texas Legislature passed a number of bills in the 1870s that allowed counties to levy road taxes and issue limited bonds for the construction of roads and bridges. The construction of metal truss bridges, however, remained limited as the cost of shipping heavy metal components prohibited the use of iron and steel bridges by Texas counties.

The last two decades of the 19th century finally witnessed the construction of permanent bridges. The rapid population growth in the state from 1880 to 1900 demanded the construction of additional roads and bridges. It was not until the late 1800s, however, when railroad lines finally provided linkages across most of the state, that counties began erecting bridges capable of sustaining adequate loads. Adequate financing of these bridges was finally addressed during this period. In 1885, a constitutional amendment allowed counties to levy ad valorem property taxes to fund road and bridge projects. By 1887, the Texas Legislature permitted counties to issue bonds (for up to 20 years) specifically for the purpose of erecting bridges. In 1893, the bonding period was increased from 20 to 40 years, stimulating a building boom in bridge construction as it allowed counties to construct multiple bridges with the issuance of one bond. As a result, hundreds of metal truss bridges were erected across the state, particularly in rural areas.

Between 1880 and 1910, Denton County constructed numerous bridges across the county to serve the burgeoning economy prompted by the dramatic increase in population during the period. In 1882, Denton County built the first of its many metal truss bridges with an appropriation of \$10,000 from the county's permanent school fund. The source of this initial funding underscores the importance of bridges in the development of schools and educational opportunities during this period. A series of referendum elections between 1880 and 1895 provided the funding for additional bridges throughout the county. By 1890, the county had constructed 17 "iron and wire bridges."

Clear Creek rises north of State Highway 59 in eastern Montague County and runs southeast 47 miles through Cooke and Denton counties to its mouth on Lewisville Lake. As one of the major streams in Denton County, the provision of an adequate bridge was crucial for travel connecting the town of Sanger with the rich agricultural lands and ranching enterprises located to the west. The town of Sanger was established in 1886 by the Santa Fe Railroad and for one of the railroad's most important companies in the area, Sanger Brothers Stores of

Denton County Historical Commission, "Denton County Iron Bridges," unpublished manuscript.

² Denton County Historical Commission, "Denton County Iron Bridges," unpublished manuscript.

³ Denton Board of Trade, *The Best County in North Texas is Denton*, (Denton: Chronicle Book and Job Printing House, 1890) p. 7.

Dallas. The first train arrived in 1887⁴ Thereafter, Sanger served as a major railroad head for the marketing of cattle and agricultural products in north Denton County. The importance of this particular bridge is evidenced by the citizens of the area providing \$1,200 of the total cost of the bridge.⁵

On August 26, 1907 the Denton County Commissioners Court accepted the bid of \$1,664 by Charles R. Moore, agent for the Austin Brothers Company for the construction of a bridge across Clear Creek. In addition to this metal truss bridge, the commissioners also authorized the construction of a bridge across a slough near the creek for \$230.6 Bids by any other contractors are not listed in the minutes of the court. The bridge was accepted by the court on February 19, 1908 for the original contract price.

Austin Brothers, Contractors, of Dallas were the only major bridge fabricator in Texas. Most bridges during this period were purchased from out-of-state companies, who employed local agents to sell bridges. Only a handful of Texas bridge companies operated in Texas, but these companies merely purchased steel trusses from out-of-state companies and sold them in Texas under their own name. George L. Austin and his brother, Frank, opened a fabrication plant for bridge components in 1910. Previously, George Austin had served as an agent for the George E. King Bridge Company of Des Moines, Iowa. Austin used his contacts from serving as an agent to establish a thriving bridge business in the state, including Denton County who previously had contracted with the King Bridge Company for the construction of bridges. The Austin Brothers firm supplied Warren pony trusses as well as Pratt and Warren polygonal chord pony trusses. By developing a book of standard plans and stocking a large variety of steel products, the Austin Brothers company could provide bridges at a lower cost and in a more timely fashion. By World War I, the company had become the largest bridge builder in Texas. The firm was sold to Charles R. Moore, one of their agents, in 1918 who changed the name to the Austin Bridge Company.8 The company expanded its operations to oil pipelines, railroad bridges and other steel products after the Texas Highway Department began building concrete and steel bridges in the mid-1930s. More than 200 of the company's bridges are still in existence on Texas roads.9

⁴ Eunice S. Gray, "Sanger, Texas," in the New Handbook of Texas (Austin: Texas State Historical Association,

⁵ Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes, (February 19, 1908) vol. G, p. 53.

⁶ Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes, (August 26, 1907) vol. F, p. 620.

⁷ Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes, (February 19, 1908) vol. G, p. 53.

⁸ Shannon Miller, Austin Bridge Company and Associated Companies: The First Fifty Years, 1918-1968, (Dallas: Taylor Publishing Company, 1974) pp. 1-14

⁹ National Register Nomination. "Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek." (2003) section 8, p. 5. Nomination on file at the Texas Historical Commission and the National Park Service.

Background History of Metal Truss Bridge Construction

The metal truss bridge developed from the timber truss bridge first used during the late 18th century. First utilized by the railroad companies, the metal truss bridge became popular even in more isolated parts of the country along rural roads. Providing a lightweight, durable, and easily erected bridge, these bridges could be broken down and moved to other locations allowing greater flexibility in their use.

This type of bridge is composed of iron and steel members in a geometric arrangement forming a rigid structural framework. Each bridge consists of two trusses, one on either side of the roadway, attached to one another through transverse beams below the deck. The truss acts like a perforated beam, with the top chord handling compressive forces and the bottom chord carrying tensile forces. The upper and lower chords are connected by a series of diagonal members, supplemented by verticals, with inclined posts placed on either end of the two trusses. The diagonal and vertical members connect the two chords and are placed either in compression or tension. Individual truss members of thin, flexible rods or bars can only withstand tension, whereas stiff, heavy posts carry both tensile and compressive forces. The individual truss members are made up of various iron or steel shapes, such as angles, channels, I-beams and rods. Depending on the width of the span, multiple segments, or panels, were utilized. Pins were first used to connect the structural components of bridges in the 1860s. This assemblage inserted large metal pins through reinforced holes in the ends of adjoining truss members. This type of connection allowed trusses to be manufactured and shipped in small pieces. But this type was prone to wear and tear around the connections and produced vibrations. Field riveting replaced pinning by the second decade of the 20th century after development of portable pneumatic riveting systems. 10

Wrought iron was first employed in bridge trusses in the 1840s, replacing the more brittle cast iron. Its use continued and became the most common material for bridges by 1870. With the increase in steel production after the Civil War, steel became available at a lower cost, becoming increasingly popular as steel mills began producing structural shapes in the strong, durable material. Both wrought iron and steel members were used in bridges during the last decade of the 19th century. By the beginning of the 20th century, however, steel replaced wrought iron as the preferred material for truss bridges.¹¹

Patented in 1844 by Thomas and Caleb Pratt, this type of metal truss bridge first became popular with the railroad companies. This bridge type consisted of parallel upper and lower chords joined by vertical and diagonal posts. Unlike the Howe Truss, the Pratt Truss used vertical members in compression and diagonal members in tensions. ¹² The Pratt truss became the most popular type of bridge system by the late 1880s. Available in a variety of shapes and

National Register of Historic Places multiple property nomination, "Historic Bridges of Texas, 1866-1945," Section E, p. 14 (on file at the Texas Historical Commission, the Texas Department of Transportation, and the National Park Service).

¹¹ Edwards, *A Record of Early American Bridges*, (_______) 103.

¹² "The Developments of the Nineteenth Century in Bridge Design and Construction," *Engineering News* vol. 44 (December 13, 1900) pp. 409-410.

sizes, it was east to erect and provided for a strong, durable bridge. It was used primarily for short to intermediate span lengths (30 to 50 feet). The Pratt Truss bridge became the most popular type of bridge system in Texas between 1895 and 1910.

After World War II, metal trusses became obsolete except for very long spans, such as the Pecos River Bridge (1957) and the Corpus Christi High Bridge (1959). Continuous girder and I-beams of concrete became the most widely accepted bridge type after the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1944 set new standards for bridge construction.

Current Status

In 2002, Denton County worked with the Texas Department of Transportation to preserve its historic bridges through relocation to municipalities across the county. The bridge is scheduled to be removed from its location as it is functionally obsolete. The bridge will be reused in another location in Denton County.

Bibliography

Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes (August 26, 1907) Volume F, p. 620.

Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes (February 19, 1908) Volume G, pp. 53-54.

National Register Nomination. "Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek." (2003). Nomination on file at the Texas Historical Commission and the National Park Service.

National Register Multiple Property Nomination. "Historic Bridges of Texas, 1866-1945." (1995). Nomination on file at the Texas Historical Commission and the National Park Service.

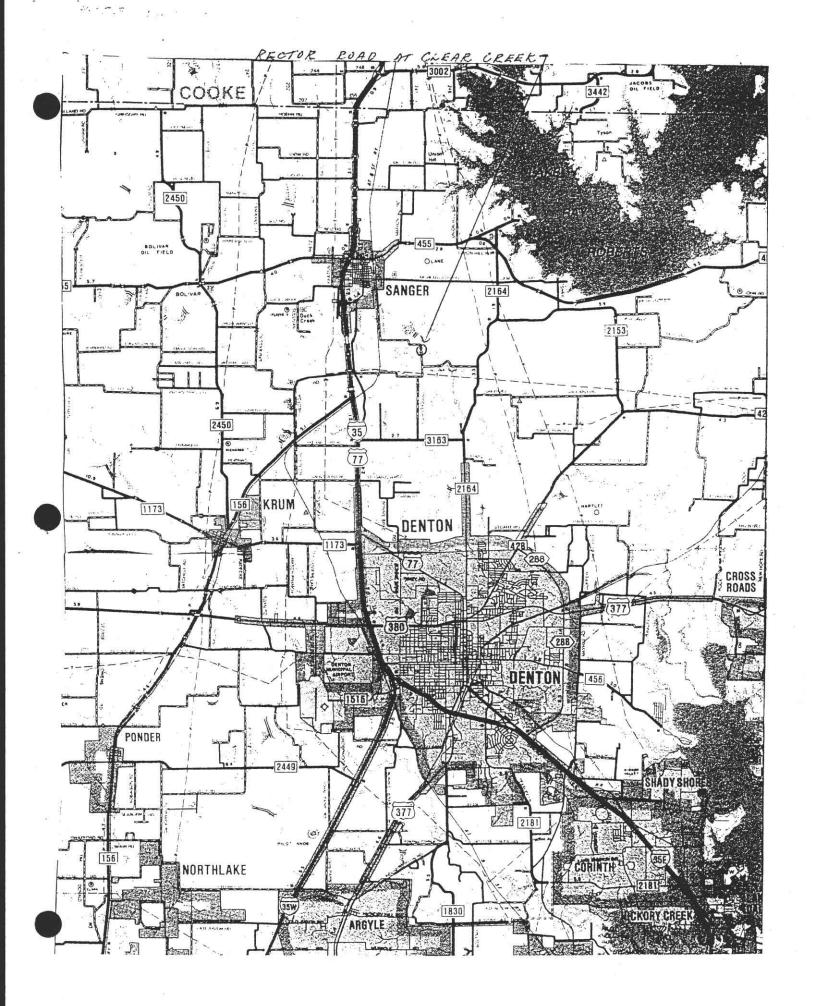
Denton County Historical Commission. "Historic Iron Bridges of Denton County, Texas," unpublished manuscript.

Denton Board of Trade. The Best County in North Texas is Denton. Denton: Chronicle Book and Job Printing House, 1890.

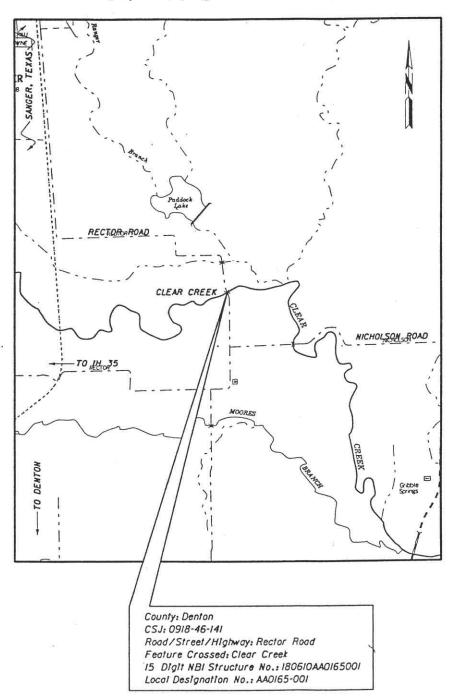
Miller, Shannon. Austin Bridge Company and Associated Companies: The First Fifty Years, 1918-1968. Dallas: Taylor Publishing Company, 1974.

Odom, E. Dale. An Illustrated History of Denton County. Denton: privately published, 1996.

Gray, Eunice Sullivan. "Sanger, Texas," in *The New Handbook of Texas*. Austin: Texas State Historical Association, 1995 vol. 5, p. 852.



ATTACHMENT B PROJECT LOCATION MAP



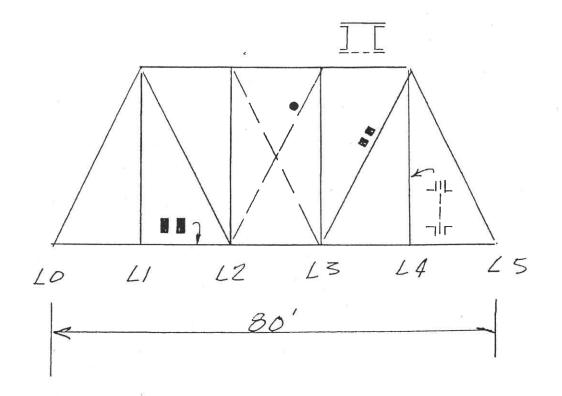
Bridge Division 3-2002-LPAFA.1

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Austin Bros

1907-8

Rector Rd Clear Cr.



JAMES E. M. STEWART, P. E.

(Oct. 1990)
United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

1. NAME OF PROPERTY	
HISTORIC NAME: Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek OTHER NAME/SITE NUMBER: CSJ 0918-46-141; Local designation	AA0165-001
2. LOCATION	
STREET & NUMBER: Approximately 2.5 miles SE of Sanger CITY OR TOWN: Sanger STATE: Texas CODE: TX COUNTY: Denton CODE:	NOT FOR PUBLICATION: N/A VICINITY: X O61 ZIP CODE: 76266
3. STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I determination of eligibility) meets the documentation standards for registering propertie procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant (_ nationally for additional comments.) Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation Officer, Texas Historical Commission State or Federal agency and bureau	s in the National Register of Phistoria and Property (x meets) (does not meet) the National
In my opinion, the propertymeetsdoes not meet the National Register criteria.	(See continuation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau	Date
4. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE CERTIFICATION	
I hereby certify that this property is: Signature of the	Keeper Date of Action
entered in the National Register See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register	
See continuation sheet determined not eligible for the National Register	
removed from the National Register	
other (explain):	

8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

APPLICABLE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

- A PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH EVENTS THAT HAVE MADE A SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTION TO THE BROAD PATTERNS OF OUR HISTORY.
- B PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH THE LIVES OF PERSONS SIGNIFICANT IN OUR PAST.
- X C PROPERTY EMBODIES THE DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF A TYPE, PERIOD, OR METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION OR REPRESENTS THE WORK OF A MASTER, OR POSSESSES HIGH ARTISTIC VALUE, OR REPRESENTS A SIGNIFICANT AND DISTINGUISHABLE ENTITY WHOSE COMPONENTS LACK INDIVIDUAL DISTINCTION.
 - D PROPERTY HAS YIELDED, OR IS LIKELY TO YIELD, INFORMATION IMPORTANT IN PREHISTORY OR HISTORY.

CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS: N/A

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE: Engineering

PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE: 1907-1908

SIGNIFICANT DATES: 1907-1908

SIGNIFICANT PERSON: N/A

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: N/A

ARCHITECT/BUILDER: Austin Brothers (Dallas, Texas)

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (see continuation sheet 8-6).

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES

BIBLIOGRAPHY (see continuation sheet 9-7).

PREVIOUS DOCUMENTATION ON FILE (NPS): N/A

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- _ previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- _ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

PRIMARY LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL DATA:

- x State historic preservation office (Texas Historical Commission)
- x Other state agency (Texas Department of Transportation)
- Federal agency
- x Local government (Denton County Commissioner Court minutes)
- University
- Other -- Specify Repository:

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 5

Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek Sanger vicinity, Denton County, Texas

The Rector Road Bridge over Clear Creek is a 5-panel, pinned Pratt through-truss with an I-beam approach seated on braced metal-caisson piers and abutments with metal backing. The structural members are light which would facilitate transportation from the source of fabrication to the site and make erection easy with modest equipment. When erected, it had the capacity to carry rural wagon loads, but it currently carries automobile traffic.

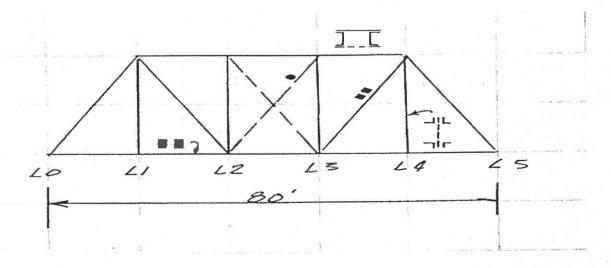
The Rector Road Bridge is located 2.5 miles southeast of the town of Sanger in northern Denton County and .35 miles north of Nicholson Road.

The bridge features 3 spans (including 2 short approach spans), with a primary span length of 80 feet and a total length of 112 feet. The roadway occupies the full width of the 11.9-foot-wide deck. The endposts and top-chord members were fabricated from a pair of channels, with cover plate and battens riveted together. Two pairs of laced angles provide the verticals. A pair of eyebars supply each set of diagonals. An adjustable round rod serves as a counter-brace in one of the more-central panels. The trusses carry braced-A portal struts. Rolled-I floor-beams hang from the lower pins. Adjustable, round-rods provide the lower and the upper lateral braces. The floor-beams carry runs of I-beam stringers which, in turn, support the concrete riding surface.

The Rector Road Bridge over Clear Creek was built in 1907-1908 by the Austin Brothers Company of Dallas, Texas. Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes from August 26, 1907 (Book F, 620) recorded the action of awarding the contract to Austin Brothers for the bridge, to be built 2½ miles southeast of the town of Sanger. The cost was \$1,664, with \$1,200 of the cost donated by the citizens of "Sanger and vicinity."

Although only one lane, the road is still used by postal and school vehicles, and others going or coming from the town of Sanger.

Figure: Cross-section of Rector Road Bridge (James E. M. Stewart, P.E., Churchville, NY). No scale.



United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 9, Photo Page 7

Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek Sanger vicinity, Denton County, Texas

Bibliography

Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes, Book F, 620, August 26, 1907 (page 8-6)

Denton County Commissioners Court Minutes, Book G, 53-54, February 19, 1908 (page 8-7,8)

Historic Bridges of Texas, 1866-1945

Informal Contacts with several noted bridge historians, including Dr. James Cooper, Greencastle, IN; Eric DeLony, HAER, Washington, DC; Allan King Sloan, Lexington, MA,; S. Patrick Sparks, P.E., Pflugerville, TX; and James E. M. Stewart, P.E., Churchville, NY.

Photo Log

Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek
Approximately 2.5 miles southeast of Sanger, 0.35 mi. north of Nicholson Road.
Vicinity of Sanger, Texas
Photographed 2003 by Rynell Novak
Camera facing Northeast
Photo 1 of 1

Minutes Commissioners' Court, Denton County.

Special TERM, Chy 27th A. D. 1907

out of the General Fund to each, as follows!

Lee Gumwalt County Judge 1 day \$300

F. & Jobin Commissioner of Precinet no one 2" \$600

Sol Higgins Commissioner of Precinet no Iwo 2" \$600

Sol Coleman Commissioner of Precinet no Three 2" \$600

IM Sury Commissioner of Precinct no Four

\$600

2 "

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Minutes Commissioners' Court, Denton County.

Special TERM, Cleg 27th A. D. 1907.

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aug 26th 1907. Elhis day the Court proceeded to receive bild for the construction and completion of two bridges in Commissioners Brecinet no Four one bridge to be built across clear creek about 22 mi South East of Songer in Dinton County Jefas the other to be built across Slough near said clear creek bridge, and it oppearing to the court that the hid of austin Bros by Chas R Moore agent, to be the lowest hid offered tiz: To Furnish the material for and to build, faint and make complete) and have ready for use by the 26th day of December 1907 the said bridge across Clear Crock for the sum of \$1664.00, and the said lividge across slough near said Clear Creek Bridge for the sum of Dinton County upon completion according to plans and specifications and contract this day adopted by said Court, and upon the inspection and acceptance of said bridged by said Court: It is therefore ordered by the court that the said hid of austin Brow be and is hereby accepted and said contract awarded said austin Brown in accordance with the above conditions, and it is further ordered by the Court that the said austin Brothers be and they are hereby required to give bond in the seem of \$000.00 payable to the County Judge of Denton County and conditioned for their faithful performance of this contract said bond to be approved by this

G.

I EKM, Jul Mappearing to the court that the office of and for Presinch no One County, defas), has been by and order of This court having full confidence in & Brown It is therefore ordered J. C. Brownlow a citizen of said Or e is hereby appointed pub Donton One to fill out the unexpired term of of whose resignation had been accepte is further ordered by The That the Bond of & Brownlow Weigher be fixed in the sum of \$3000.00 ditioned as the law requires! File 19th 1908. This day the Court having completed the unation and checking with Monthly (Reports) of xed collected months of november 1 10 --Denton C The off 5861 all Marsoll

54 BOOK G

Minutes Commissioners' Court, Denton County.

Special TERM, Feb 19th A.D. 1908

be accepted and that said austin Brothers be allowed the send of \$189400 the contract fried, and it appearing to the court that of this amount there had been paid said auch Brothers of \$1200.000. Just and client of the citizens of Sunger and vacinity to wint on Job 17th 1908, leaving a lalance dust said austin Brothers in the sum of \$69400 which shall be paid out of BYB June Many worked to issue we warrant for the sum of \$69400 in accordance winth this crack.

Commissioners' Court Minute Denton County, Texas The foregoing minuted biginning on page 50 and ending on this page 54 read over approved and signed in open lower, and ordered that court stand adjourned on feet to call, this the 19th ctay of February und 1908 attest MJ Bailey Collert. If Junevolt

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	D.M.Beauchamp, Justice of the Peac	e, Precinct Ne. 7.		
	R.H.Leve, Justice of the Peace, Pr			6
	J.A. Young, Constable, Precinct. No	.1. J.H. Wilsen, Co	nstable, Precinct Ne. 4.	
	J.M. Smith, Constable, Precinc No.			
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Minutes Commissioners' Court, Denton County.

TERM,

TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF		TERM,	A.D. 190
Dulmo	on Foruary 15th, 1909, 1	It is ordered by the Court that t	he County Clerk of Denton County
1098	issue scrip te be paid	out of R. & B. find No. 4 to said	Austin Brthers payable on February
	15th; 1909.		
	Nev. 18th, 1908.		
	This day there was reser	nted to the Court the new bond of	the Exchange National Bank of
or a larger has pro-	Denton, Texas as the Der	pository of all the funds of Dent	en County, required by the Com.
	missioners Court of said	d county upon the death of S.F.Re	ynelds, ene efthe sureties en
×.	fermer bend herein, said	d new bend being for the sum of \$	180,000.00. And the Court
	having examined said ber	nd and finding the same to be in	preper and legal form and that
	te sureties thereen area	goed and solvent for the amount n	amed in daid bend, the Court,
	is of the epinion that	the cand sould be, and the same i	s hereby appreved, and erdered
	by the Court that said t	pend be recorded by the Clerk of	the County Court of Denton
	County in the official t	pend record kept'in the county cl	erks effice.
	And ardered further that	t the former bond herein be and the	a same is heneby cancelled and
	Ordered that Court stand	adjourned until 8 o'clock temor	rew merning.
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	Thursday Nevember 19th,	1908.	
	Court met And spened at	Setcleck A.M., present-all-memb	ers as en-y esterday, presiding
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	Nev. 19th, 1908.	J	,
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Bridge NRHP Eligibility Report

Structure ID: Year Built: 1907 Year Renst: Disposition: In Service 1960 180610AA0165001 District: **Dallas** Simple Span Span Type: County: Denton Roadway Type: Through Pratt Truss, Parallel Chord Location: 0.35 MI N OF NICHOLSON RD Member Type: Facility Carried: RECTOR RD Main Span Length: 0080 Feature Crossed: **CLEAR CREEK** 000112 Structure Length: NRHP Det. Date: Evaluator:

NKHP Det. Date:

Historical Significance:

1 NR Listed

NRHP Eligibility Determination Statement:

NRHP Listed as per THC website, 07/28/2005. Known as Rector Road Bridge at Clear Creek. Reference #3001418

Texas Bridges Data	abase	Find Structure No.:	Close Form
Structure ID: 180610AA0165001	40230		
Dist. Name: Dallas		Service: In Service	Print Screen
County: Denton		Disposition: In Service	
Fac. Carried: RECTOR RD		Significance: 1 NR Listed	View Report
Feat. Crossed: CLEAR CREEK		Year Built: 1907	Structural Dimensions
Location: 0.35 MI N OF NICHOLSON	NRD Code:	Yr Reconst.: 1960 Widening: No widening or N/A	Historic Significance
Main Span: Simple Span	1		Odeles
Roadway: Through	2	Culv. Span: N/A	Original Ownership
Member: Pratt Truss, Parallel Chor Struct. Length: 000112	rd 61	Culv. Member: N/A	Special Features

Structural Dimens	sions Find Structure N	lo.:	<u> </u>	Close Form
Structure ID: 180610AA0165001	40230			
Structural Background:		Configurations:		Print Screen
Year Built: 1907	Culv. Span:	N/A		
Yr Reconst: 1960	Culv. Member:	N/A		Main Screen
Widening: No widening or N/A		Concrete Cast-in-Place		
<u>Dimensions:</u>	Main Rdwy:	Through	2	
Struct. Length: 000112	Main Span:	Simple Span	1	
No. Main Spans: 001	Main Member:	Pratt Truss, Parallel Chord	61	
Max. Span Length: 0080	Stnd. Plan:			
Deck Width: 0119	Major Member:	Steel I-Beam		
Roadway Width: 0119	Minor Member:	N/A		

	rind Structure No.:	Close Form
Structure ID: 180610AA0165001 4	10230	
Project CSJ:	RTHL: Unknown	Print Screen
District Let Date:	SAL: Unknown	
Mitigation:	Marker: Unknown	View Report
Disposition: In Service	Criterion A: Unknown	Main Screen
Significance: 1 NR Listed	Criterion B: Not Eligible	
NRHP Det. Date:	Criterion C: Unknown	
Evaluator:	Add. Signif:	
Year Built 1907	Estimated Cost:	
Significance Statement	NRHP Eligibility Boile	rplate

Ownership, Builders	Close Form	
Structure ID: 180610AA0165001 40230		
Current Owner: County Highway Agency		Print Screen
Original Owner: State Highway Agency		Main Screen
Designer: ABC (Austin Brothers Company)		Mail Screen
Fabricator:		
Contractor: ABC (Austin Brothers Company)		
Work Relief Prg:		
Orig. Highway:		
Year Built: 1907		

TEXAS HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY

BRIDGE I.D. #: A A 01-65-00) DIST.: 18 COUNTY: Den+on GEOGRAPHICAL DATA Location: 1,7 M; W of FM 2164 Hwy./Rd./St. Name: Rector Road	DESCRIPTION Number of spans:
Feature Crossed: Clear Creek	Main span type: Pratt Through Pinned Length: 56
	Other span types:
UTM Coordinates: Zone:	Length:
Easting:	Length:
Northing:	Length:
☐ On-System ☑ Off-System ☑ In Use	(Use back for additional spans)
HISTORICA	LDATA J.M Gary, Commiss ioner
Construction Date: <u>\907</u> Builder/Contraction Builder plate □ Date plate Local name of	ctor: Austin Bros.
Form 1709-1	





